

```

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sea
import numpy as np

df=pd.read_excel("C:\\Users\\ishav\\Downloads\\Papollo-Healthcare-Dataset.xlsx")

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 7157 entries, 0 to 7156
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Patient_ID                            7157 non-null   int64
1   Admit_Date                            7157 non-null   datetime64[ns]
2   Discharge_Date                        7157 non-null   datetime64[ns]
3   Diagnosis                             7157 non-null   object
4   Bed_Occupancy                         7157 non-null   object
5   Test                                  7157 non-null   object
6   Doctor                                7157 non-null   object
7   Followup Date                         7157 non-null   object
8   Feedback                              7157 non-null   float64
9   Billing Amount                        7157 non-null   int64
10  Health Insurance Amount              7157 non-null   float64
11  month                                7157 non-null   int32
12  year                                 7157 non-null   int32
dtypes: datetime64[ns](2), float64(2), int32(2), int64(2), object(5)
memory usage: 671.1+ KB

```

```
print(df.describe())
```

	Patient_ID	Admit_Date \
count	7157.000000	7157
mean	27149.000000	2023-07-24 09:14:42.772111360
min	23571.000000	2022-12-05 00:00:00
25%	25360.000000	2023-04-03 00:00:00
50%	27149.000000	2023-07-22 00:00:00
75%	28938.000000	2023-11-11 00:00:00
max	30727.000000	2024-03-06 00:00:00
std	2066.192271	NaN

	Discharge_Date	Feedback	Billing Amount \
count	7157	7157.000000	7157.000000
mean	2023-08-01 15:14:27.681989376	4.723543	26607.891854
min	2023-01-12 00:00:00	3.500000	1223.000000
25%	2023-04-11 00:00:00	4.500000	5454.000000
50%	2023-07-31 00:00:00	5.000000	12348.000000
75%	2023-11-20 00:00:00	5.000000	43522.000000

max	2024-03-07 00:00:00	5.000000	95867.000000
std	NaN	0.479901	25791.931009

	Health Insurance Amount	month	year
count	7157.000000	7157.000000	7157.000000
mean	23947.102669	5.754227	2023.125192
min	1100.700000	1.000000	2022.000000
25%	4908.600000	2.000000	2023.000000
50%	11113.200000	5.000000	2023.000000
75%	39169.800000	9.000000	2023.000000
max	86280.300000	12.000000	2024.000000
std	23212.737908	3.689429	0.355785

df

	Patient_ID	Admit_Date	Discharge_Date	Diagnosis
Bed_Occupancy \				
0	23571	2022-12-31	2023-01-12	Viral Infection
General				
1	27781	2023-01-04	2023-01-12	Typhoid
ICU				
2	24413	2023-01-05	2023-01-12	Malaria
General				
3	27360	2023-01-05	2023-01-12	Flu
Private				
4	26097	2023-01-06	2023-01-12	Viral Infection
General				
...
...				
7152	29885	2024-03-03	2024-03-07	Typhoid
Private				
7153	26517	2024-03-04	2024-03-07	Pneumonia
Private				
7154	28201	2024-03-05	2024-03-07	Flu
General				
7155	24833	2024-03-06	2024-03-07	Typhoid
Private				
7156	30727	2024-03-06	2024-03-07	Viral Infection
Private				

	Test	Doctor	Followup Date	Feedback	Billing
Amount \					
0	MRI	Jay Sinha	2023-01-20 00:00:00	5.0	
13234					
1	MRI	Jaya Yaadav	2023-01-16 00:00:00	4.0	
12241					
2	CT Scan	Jay Sinha	2023-01-15 00:00:00	5.0	
35255					
3	X-Ray	Jaya Yaadav	2023-01-19 00:00:00	5.0	
6582					

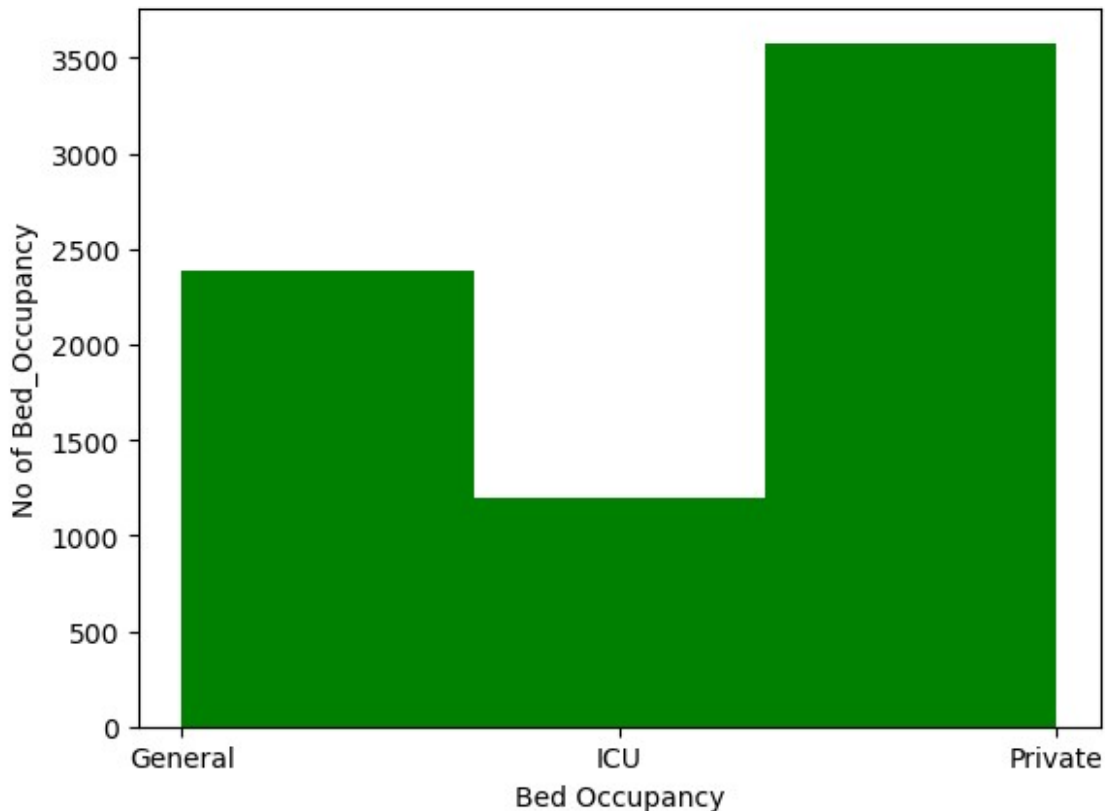
4	Blood Test	Jaya Yaadav	2023-02-06 00:00:00	4.9
4567				
...
...				
7152	Blood Test	Jay Sinha	2024-03-10 00:00:00	5.0
2342				
7153	CT Scan	Jaya Yaadav	2024-03-14 00:00:00	5.0
24943				
7154	Blood Test	Jay Sinha	00:00:00	3.5
2343				
7155	X-Ray	Mark Joy	2024-03-15 00:00:00	4.9
3475				
7156	Ultrasound	Jaya Yaadav	2024-03-11 00:00:00	5.0
66537				

	Health Insurance	Amount	month	year	Patinets_stay_duration
0		11910.6	12	2022	12 days
1		11016.9	1	2023	8 days
2		31729.5	1	2023	7 days
3		5923.8	1	2023	7 days
4		4110.3	1	2023	6 days
...	
7152		2107.8	3	2024	4 days
7153		22448.7	3	2024	3 days
7154		2108.7	3	2024	2 days
7155		3127.5	3	2024	1 days
7156		59883.3	3	2024	1 days

[7157 rows x 14 columns]

```
df["Patinets_stay_duration"]=df["Discharge_Date"]-df["Admit_Date"]

plt.hist(df["Bed_Occupancy"],bins=3,color=["green"])
plt.xlabel("Bed_Occupancy")
plt.ylabel("No of Bed_Occupancy")
plt.show()
```



```
df=df.drop(columns=["Unnamed: 11","Unnamed: 12"])
```

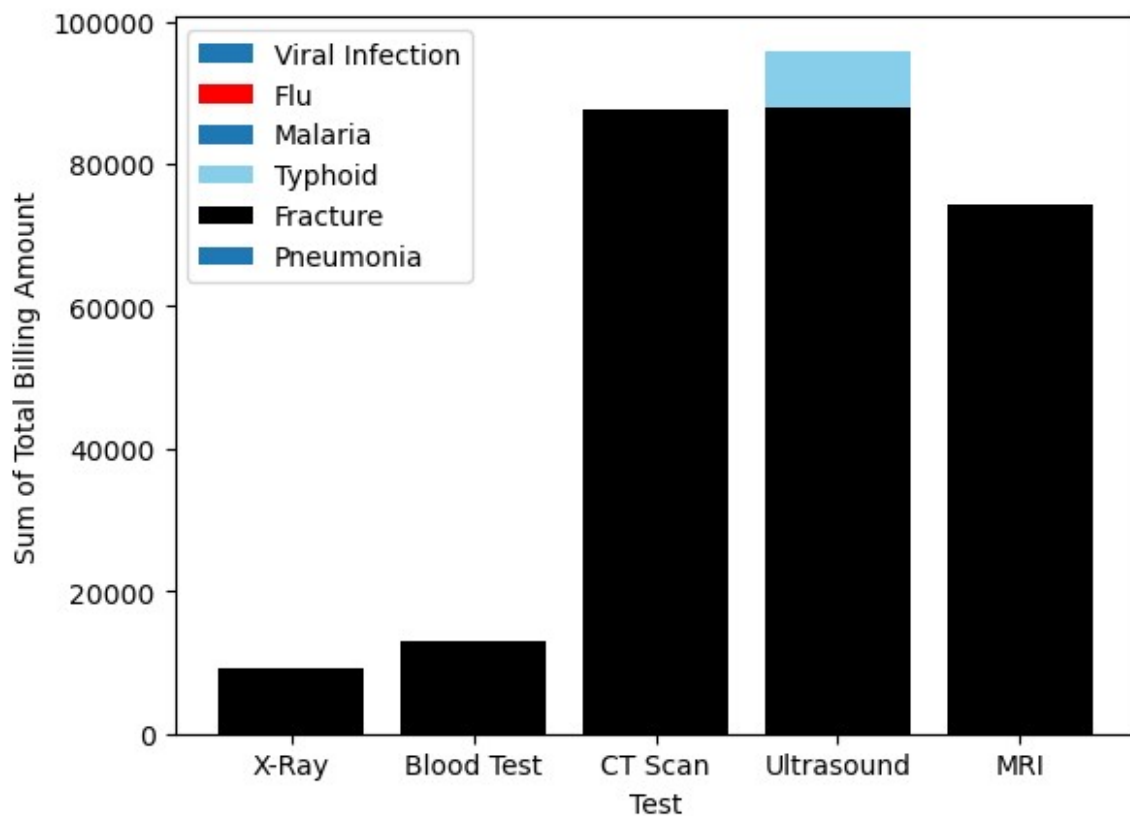
```
df_group_by=df.groupby("Bed_Occupancy")["Billing  
Amount"].sum().reset_index()  
print(df_group_by)
```

	Bed_Occupancy	Billing Amount
0	General	63164925
1	ICU	40447981
2	Private	86819776

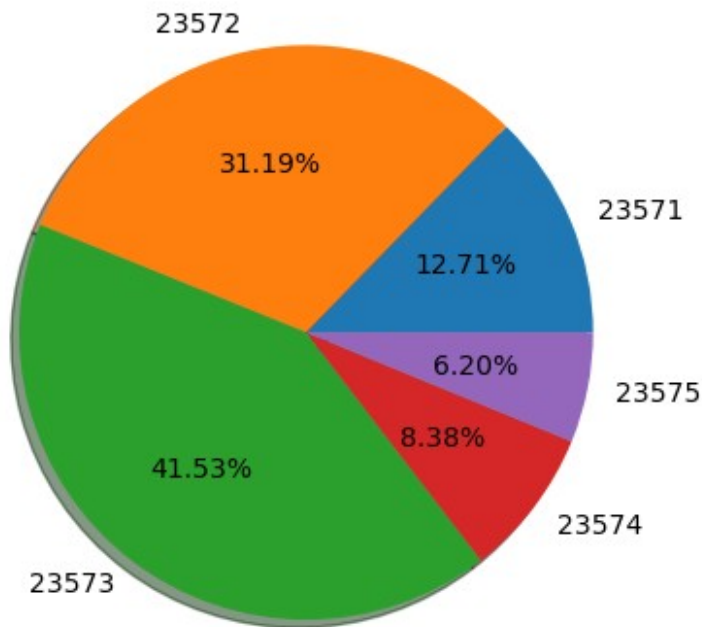
```
df_group_by=df.groupby("Test")["Billing Amount"].sum().reset_index()
```

```
color_map={  
    "Viral Infection": "green",  
    "Flu": "red",  
    "Malaria": "white",  
    "Typhoid": "skyblue",  
    "Fracture": "black",  
    "Pneumonia": "yellow"  
}  
for Diagnosis,col in color_map.items():  
    df_dia=df[df["Diagnosis"]==Diagnosis]  
    plt.bar(df_dia["Test"],df_dia["Billing  
Amount"],label=Diagnosis,color=col)
```

```
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel("Test")
df_group_by=df_group_by.sort_values(by="Billing
Amount",ascending=False)
plt.ylabel("Sum of Total Billing Amount")
plt.show()
```



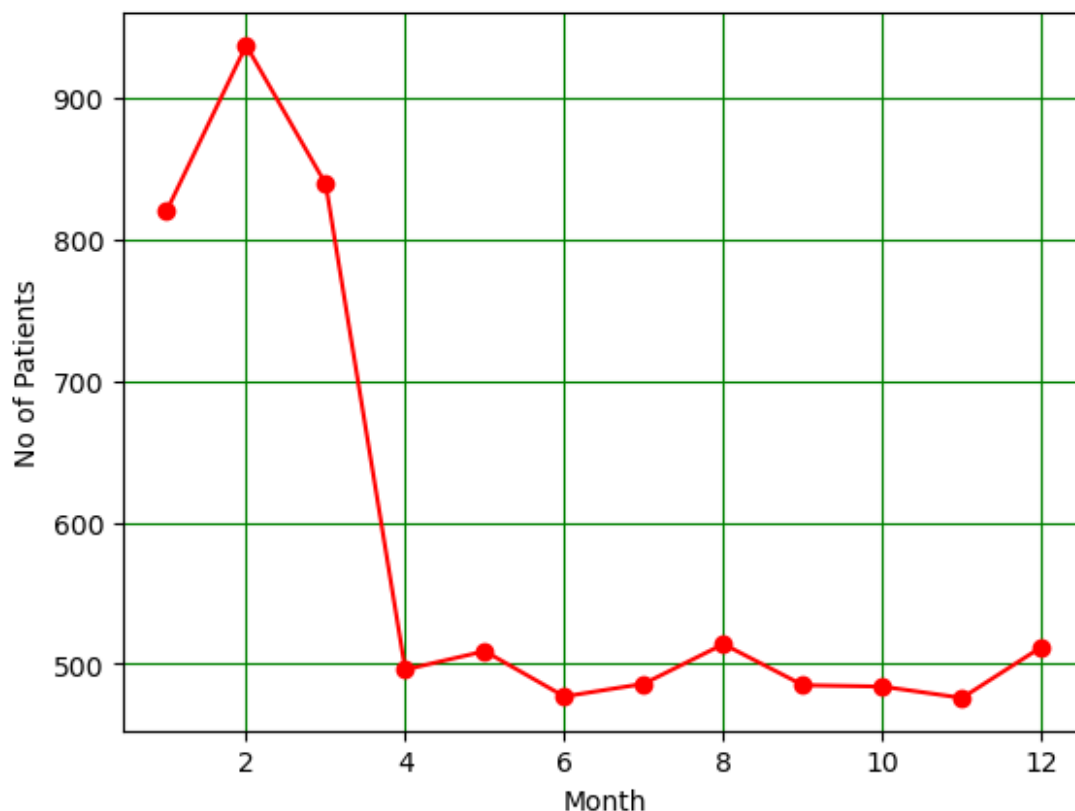
```
df_group_by_Patient_ID=(
    df.groupby("Patient_ID")["Health Insurance
Amount"].sum().reset_index())
top3=df_group_by_Patient_ID.head(5)
plt.pie(top3["Health Insurance
Amount"],labels=top3["Patient_ID"],autopct="%1.2f%%",shadow=True)
plt.show()
```



```
df["month"]=month=pd.to_datetime(df["Admit_Date"]).dt.month
df["year"]=month=pd.to_datetime(df["Admit_Date"]).dt.year

number_of_patients_month=df.groupby("month")
["Patient_ID"].count().reset_index()
plt.plot(

number_of_patients_month["month"],number_of_patients_month["Patient_ID
"],
    marker="o",color="red")
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.ylabel("No of Patients")
plt.grid(color="green")
plt.show()
```



df

	Patient_ID	Admit_Date	Discharge_Date	Diagnosis
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Private				
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General				
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[7157 rows x 14 columns]

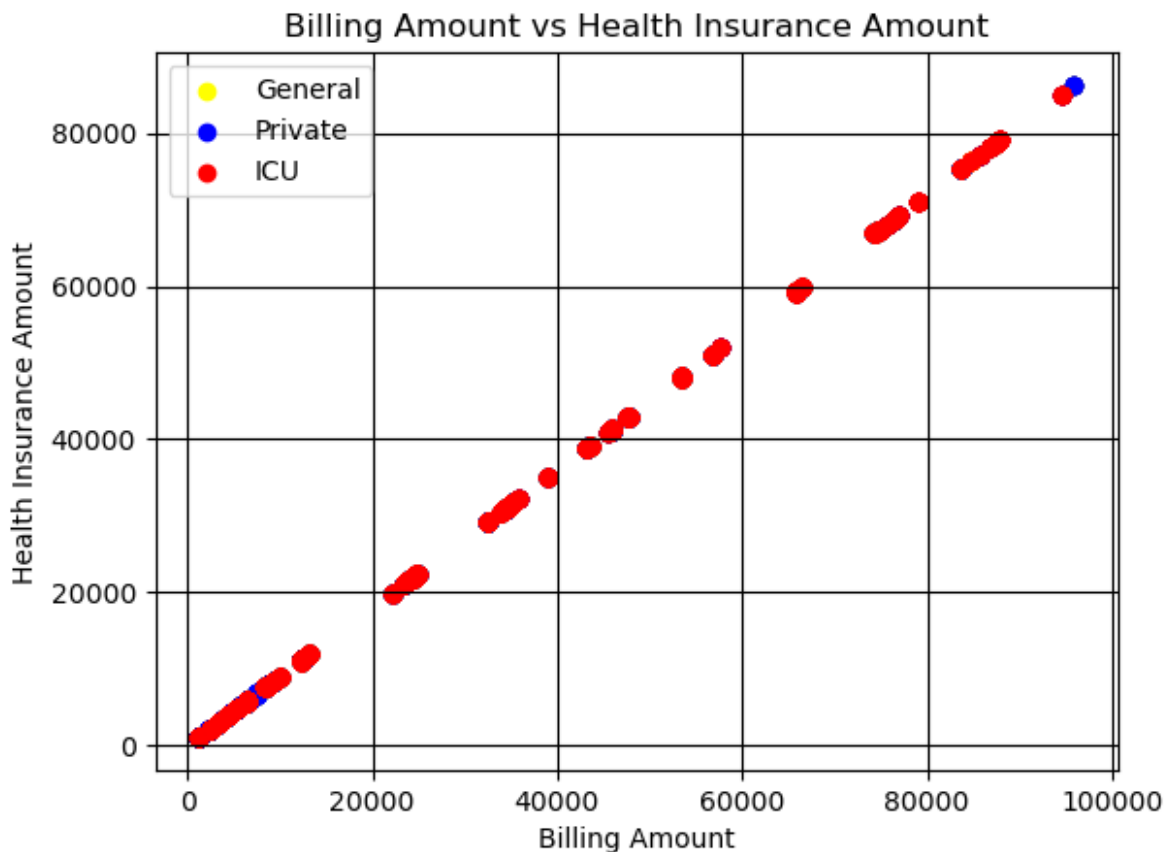
```
try:
    color={"General":"yellow","Private":"Blue","ICU":"Red"}
    for bad_occupancy,color in color.items():
        df_deft=df[df["Bed_Occupancy"]==bad_occupancy]
        plt.scatter(df_deft["Billing Amount"],df_deft["Health
Insurance Amount"],c=color,label=bad_occupancy)
    plt.legend()
```



```

plt.xlabel("Billing Amount")
plt.ylabel("Health Insurance Amount")
plt.title("Billing Amount vs Health Insurance Amount")
plt.grid(color="black")
plt.show()
except:
    print(" ")

```



```

df_group_by=df.groupby("Patient_ID")
["Patinets_stay_duration"].sum().reset_index()
Top_5=df_group_by.head(40)
fig,axs=plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(20,7))
df_group_by=df_group_by.sort_values(by="Patient_ID",ascending=False)
axs[0].bar(Top_5["Patient_ID"],Top_5["Patinets_stay_duration"])
axs[0].plot(Top_5["Patient_ID"],Top_5["Patinets_stay_duration"],marker="o",color="Red")
axs[0].set_title("Patinets Stay Duration In Hospital ")
axs[0].set_xlabel("Patinet_id")
axs[0].set_ylabel("Total stay duartion")
axs[0].grid(color="black")

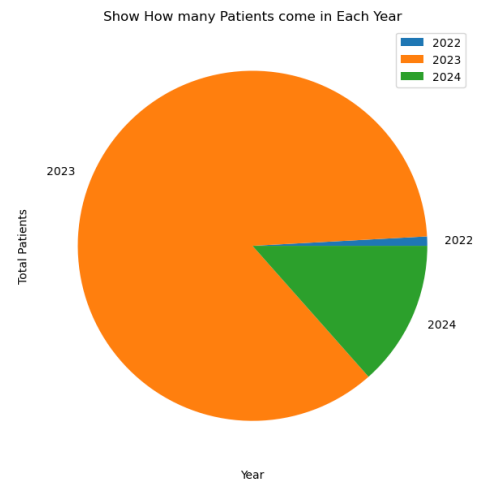
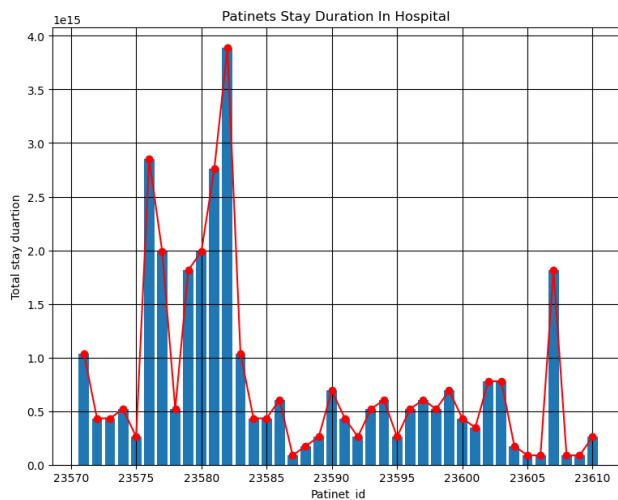
df_group_by_date=df.groupby("year")["Patient_ID"].sum().reset_index()

```

```

axs[1].pie(df_group_by_date["Patient_ID"],labels=df_group_by_date["year"],autopct="%1.2f%%",)
axs[1].legend()
axs[1].set_title("Show How many Patients come in Each Year")
axs[1].set_xlabel("Year")
axs[1].set_ylabel("Total Patients")
axs[1].grid()
plt.show()

```



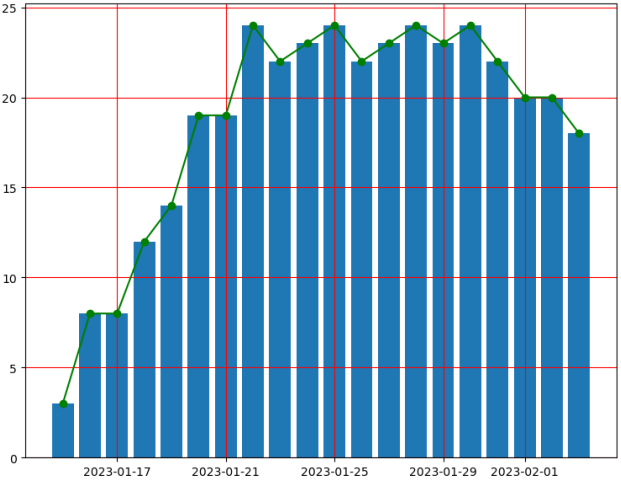
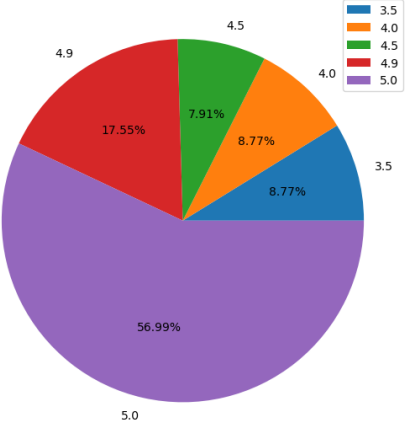
```

fig,axis=plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(20,7))
df_group_by_date=df.groupby("Feedback")
["Doctor"].count().reset_index()

axis[0].pie(df_group_by_date["Doctor"],labels=df_group_by_date["Feedback"],autopct="%1.2f%%")
axis[0].legend()
axs[0].set_title("Top Doctors")
axs[0].set_xlabel("Rating")

df_group_by_followup_date=df.groupby("Follow_up_date")
["Patient_ID"].count().reset_index()
top_5=df_group_by_followup_date.head(20)
axis[1].bar(top_5["Follow_up_date"],top_5["Patient_ID"])
axis[1].plot(top_5["Follow_up_date"],top_5["Patient_ID"],marker="o",color="green")
axis[1].grid(color="red")
axs[1].set_title("Patinetns Stay Duration In Hospital ")
axs[1].set_xlabel("Patinet_id")
plt.show()

```



```
select count(*) from healthcare_dateset where `Followup Date` is null;
```

```
update healthcare_dateset set `Followup Date`="2025-05-11" where `Followup Date` is null;
```

```
select * from healthcare_dateset where year(`Followup Date`)=2025;
```

```
-- 1 ☐ Write a query to count total number of patients in the hospital.
```

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(*) AS total_number_patients  
FROM  
    healthcare_dateset;
```

```
-- Q-2 Display total billing amount collected per diagnosis type.
```

```
select * from healthcare_dateset;  
select diagnosis,sum(`billing amount`) as total_billing_amount from healthcare_dateset  
group by diagnosis;
```

```
-- Q-3 Find the average feedback rating for each doctor.
```

```
select doctor,round(avg(Feedback),1) from healthcare_dateset  
group by doctor;
```

```
-- Q-4 Show all patients admitted in the ICU only.
```

```
select count(Patient_ID) as all_patients,Bed_Occupancy from healthcare_dateset where  
Bed_Occupancy="ICU"  
group by Bed_Occupancy;
```

```
-- Q-5 Get patients whose discharge date is later than '2023-01-10'.
```

```
select * from healthcare_dateset where date(`Followup Date`)>'2023-01-10';
```

```
-- Q-6 List the top 5 highest billing patients.
```

```
select Patient_ID,sum(`billing amount`) as highest_billing from healthcare_dateset  
group by Patient_ID order by highest_billing desc limit 5;
```

```
-- Q-7 Display total health insurance claim amount per bed type.
```

```
select Bed_Occupancy,sum(`Health Insurance Amount`) as total_health_amount from healthcare_dateset  
group by Bed_Occupancy;
```

```
-- Q-8 Get the patient ID, doctor, and billing amount for viral infection diagnosis.
```

```
select Patient_ID,Doctor,`Billing Amount`,Diagnosis from healthcare_dateset where Diagnosis="viral  
infection";
```

```
-- Q-9 Count how many follow-ups are scheduled for each month.
```

```
select count(`Followup Date`) as follow_ups ,month(`Followup Date`) as month from healthcare_dateset  
group by month(`Followup Date`);
```

```
-- Q-10 Calculate the total days each patient stayed in the hospital.
```

```
select Patient_ID,datediff(discharge_date,admit_date) as patient_stayed_total_days from  
healthcare_dateset;
```

```
-- Q-11 Retrieve the top 3 doctors whose average billing amount per patient is the highest.
```

```
select Patient_ID,doctor,avg(`Billing Amount`) as avg_billing from healthcare_dateset  
group by Patient_ID,doctor order by doctor desc limit 3;
```

-- Q-12 Find the percentage of total patients in each diagnosis category.
 select round((COUNT(*) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM healthcare_dateset)),1) AS
 Percentage_of_Patients,Diagnosis from healthcare_dateset
 group by diagnosis;

-- Q-13 Identify patients who stayed longer than the average stay duration of the hospital.
 with stayed_longer as
 (select Patient_ID,datediff(discharge_date,admit_date)as stayed_longer_duration from healthcare_dateset
 order by stayed_longer_duration desc)

select Patient_ID,stayed_longer_duration from stayed_longer where stayed_longer_duration>(select
 avg(stayed_longer_duration) from stayed_longer) limit 1 ;

-- Q-14 Get patients with more than one follow-up scheduled and show count of follow-ups.
 select Patient_ID,count(' Followup Date') as follow_up from healthcare_dateset
 group by Patient_ID having follow_up>1;

-- Q-15 Retrieve the patients admitted on a weekend and calculate their average feedback rating.
 select dayofweek(admit_date) as week_days,Patient_ID,avg(Feedback) as avg_feedback_rating from
 healthcare_dateset where dayofweek(admit_date)=7
 group by Patient_ID,week_days;

-- Q-16 Find the longest continuous sequence of bed occupancy days per patient.

select * from
 (
 select Patient_ID,Bed_Occupancy,datediff(discharge_date,admit_date) as day_diff,
 row_number() over (partition by Bed_Occupancy order by datediff(discharge_date,admit_date) desc)
 as sequence_of_bed
 from healthcare_dateset order by day_diff desc
)
 as e where e.sequence_of_bed=1;

-- Q-17 Display only those doctors whose total insurance claim amount from patients is greater than 80%
 of total billing.
 with total_billing as

(
 select doctor,round(sum('health insurance amount'),1)
 as total_claim_amount,
 round(sum('billing amount')*0.80,1) as '80% of total billing' from healthcare_dateset group by Doctor)
 select * from total_billing where total_claim_amount>'80% of total billing' ;

-- Q-18 Rank doctors based on total number of patients handled per month using RANK() window
 function.

select doctor,count(Patient_ID) as total_number_of_patients
 ,month(admit_date) as month,
 dense_rank() over(partition by month(admit_date) order by count(doctor) desc)
 as rank_dotor from healthcare_dateset
 group by month(admit_date),doctor;

-- Q-19 Create a pivot-style output: Count of patients by Diagnosis (rows) and Bed Type (columns).

SELECT

```
Diagnosis,  
SUM(CASE WHEN Bed_Occupancy = 'General' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS General,  
SUM(CASE WHEN Bed_Occupancy = 'ICU' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS ICU,  
SUM(CASE WHEN Bed_Occupancy = 'Private' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Private  
FROM healthcare_dateset  
GROUP BY Diagnosis  
ORDER BY Diagnosis;
```

