Adv.DevOps Exp 04

Name- Ishika Devare RollNo- 14 Batch- A

	Adv. Devops
	Experiment No. 4
	Alm- To install kubectl and execute
	kubectl commands to manage the
	kubernetes cluster and deploy
	your first kubernetes application.
	Theory - Originally developed by Google,
1	Kubernetes is an open-source contain-
	er orchestration platform designed to automate the deployment, scaling and
	management of containerized applica-
	tions. Infact kubernetes has established
1	itself the defacto standard for
	container orchestration and is flagship
	project of cloud Native .compatting
	Foundation (CNCF), backed by key players
	like Google, AWS.
6	steps to deployment-
	create EC2 instances (Master worker)
	worker 2)
3)	Deploy our nginor server on cluster and
	apply deployment file.
3)	create a service named nainre through
4)	NodePort.
7)	Display summary of service and ports
5)	using - Kubectl get services command.
	verify if Nginn page is reachable from
	all nodes using curl command.

Implementation:

Note: As we have created master and worker nodes and created a kubernetes cluster as well in our previous experiment 3 so will use that only.

Running An Application on the Cluster

Step 1: As the cluster is up and running, we can deploy our nginx server on this cluster. Apply this deployment file using this command to create a deployment.

kubernetes-master:~\$kubectl create deployment nginx --image=nginx

```
ubuntu@master-node:~$ sudo apt-get update
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates InRelease [114 kB]
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease [108 kB]
Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-security InRelease [114 kB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates/multiverse amd64 Packages [24.5 kB]
Hit:4 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-xenial InRelease
Fetched 360 kB in 1s (612 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl create deployment nginx --image=nginx
```

Step 2: Next, run the following command to create a service named nginx that will expose the app publicly. It will do so through a NodePort, a scheme that will make the pod accessible through an arbitrary port opened on each node of the cluster with this service-type, Kubernetes will assign this service on ports on the 30000+ range.

kubernetes-master:~\$kubectl expose deploy nginx --port 80 --target-port 80 --type NodePort

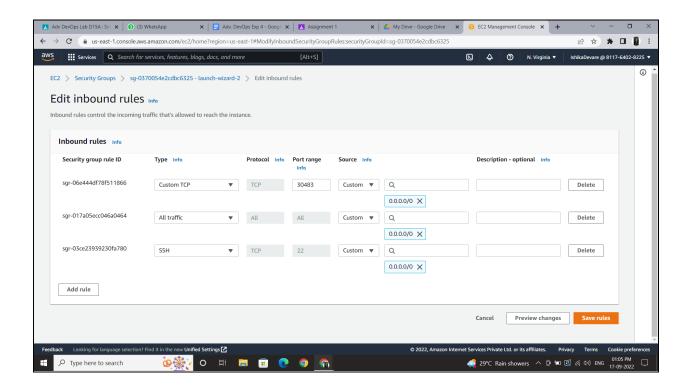
```
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl expose deploy nginx --port 80 --target-port 80 --type NodePort service/nginx exposed ubuntu@master-node:~$
```

Step 3: Run this command to see a summary of the service and the ports exposed.

kubernetes-master:~\$kubectl get services

```
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get services
NAME
                         CLUSTER-IP
                                           EXTERNAL-IP
                                                          PORT (S)
                                                                          AGE
                          10.96.0.1
                                                                          163m
kubernetes
             ClusterIP
                                           <none>
                                                          443/TCP
                         10.109.208.201
             NodePort
                                           <none>
                                                          80:30483/TCP
                                                                          58ន
nginx
ubuntu@master-node:~$
```

Step 4: Add the port which is displayed i.e. 30483 (in my case) in the inbound rules of the security group.



Step 5: Now you can verify that the Nginx page is reachable on all nodes using the curl command.

Master

```
oot@master-node:~# curl master-node:30483
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
(head>
title>Welcome to nginx!</title>
ntml { color-scheme: light dark; }
oody { width: 35em; margin: 0 auto;
font-family: Tahoma, Verdana, Arial, sans-serif; }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to nginx!</h1>
If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and
working. Further configuration is required.
For online documentation and support please refer to
<a href="http://nginx.org/">nginx.org</a>.<br/>
commercial support is available at
a href="http://nginx.com/">nginx.com</a>.
Last login: Fri Sep 16 16:52:38 2022 from 18.206.107.28
ubuntu@master-node:~$ kubectl get svc
NAME
             TYPE
                          CLUSTER-IP
                                            EXTERNAL-IP
                                                           PORT(S)
                                                                           AGE
kubernetes
             ClusterIP
                          10.96.0.1
                                            <none>
                                                           443/TCP
                                                                           3h34m
nginx
             NodePort
                          10.109.208.201
                                            <none>
                                                           80:30483/TCP
                                                                           52m
ubuntu@master-node:~$
```

Ip a

```
ubuntu@master-node:~$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
      valid lft forever preferred lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
      valid lft forever preferred lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 9001 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 0a:06:92:7d:67:09 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 172.31.19.105/20 brd 172.31.31.255 scope global dynamic eth0
       valid_lft 3569sec preferred_lft 3569sec
    inet6 fe80::806:92ff:fe7d:6709/64 scope link
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
3: docker0: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state DOWN group default
    link/ether 02:42:f1:24:85:3a brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 172.17.0.1/16 brd 172.17.255.255 scope global docker0
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
4: flannel.1: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 8951 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default
    link/ether 16:23:8d:26:15:93 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.244.0.0/32 scope global flannel.1
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

Worker 1

```
ubuntu@worker1:~$ curl Worker1:30483
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Welcome to nginx!</title>
<style>
html { color-scheme: light dark; }
body { width: 35em; margin: 0 auto;
font-family: Tahoma, Verdana, Arial, sans-serif; }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to nginx!</h1>
If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and
working. Further configuration is required.
For online documentation and support please refer to
<a href="http://nginx.org/">nginx.org</a>.<br/>
Commercial support is available at
<a href="http://nginx.com/">nginx.com</a>.
```

Ip a

```
inbuntu@worker1:~$ ip a

1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

2: eth0: <BROADCAST,WULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 9001 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 0a:75:af:fe:7a:2b brd ff:ff:ff:ff;
    inet 172.31.23.127/20 brd 172.31.31.255 scope global dynamic eth0
        valid_lft 2625sec preferred_lft forever

valid_lft 2625sec preferred_lft forever

3: docker0: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state DOWN group default
    link/ether 02:42:bf:35:45:2f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 172.17.0.1/16 brd 172.17.255.255 scope global docker0
    valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

4: flannel.1: <BROADCAST,WULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 8951 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default
    link/ether 7a:dd:f2:6f:2f:c7 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 10.244.1.0/32 scope global flannel.1
    valid_lft forever_preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80:78dd:f2ff:fe6f:2fc7/64 scope link
```

Worker 2

```
ubuntu@worker2:~$ curl Worker2:30483
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Welcome to nginx!</title>
html { color-scheme: light dark; }
body { width: 35em; margin: 0 auto;
font-family: Tahoma, Verdana, Arial, sans-serif; }
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to nginx!</h1>
If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and
vorking. Further configuration is required.
For online documentation and support please refer to
<a href="http://nginx.org/">nginx.org</a>.<br/>
Commercial support is available at
ka href="http://nginx.com/">nginx.com</a>.
```

Ip a

```
ubuntu@worker2:~$ ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 9001 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 12:ff:49:6c:fe:bf brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 172.31.92.197/20 brd 172.31.95.255 scope global dynamic eth0
        valid_lft 2559sec preferred_lft 2559sec
    inet6 fe80::10ff:49ff:fe6c:febf/64 scope link
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
3: docker0: <NO-CARRIER, BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state DOWN group default
    link/ether 02:42:d3:98:73:c3 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:
    inet 172.17.0.1/16 brd 172.17.255.255 scope global docker0
```

As you can see, the "WELCOME TO NGINX!" page can be reached.

Step 6: To test that everything is working, visit

http://worker 1 ip:nginx port

or

http://worker 2 ip:nginx port

through a browser on your local machine. You will see Nginx's familiar welcome page.

Worker 1: http://54.167.99.21:30483



Worker 1: http://18.205.243.51:30483



Note: IPs of the machines will change again and again as soon as you stop the instance and start it again.

	A A JU DEVENS
	Experiment to u
	conclusion - We successfully installed kubectl
	and managed kubernetes cluster and
todt 9	also deployed it using various commands.
1 3 100	Ruberrietes cluster and der
Lacito	gour first kubernedes sport