

University of Washington Bothell

CSS 340: Applied Algorithmics

Program 3: Algorithm Analysis

Purpose

This assignment will focus on algorithm analysis (Big O). It will have both a written part as well as a programming part. The goal is to clearly show the impact of algorithms with different complexity.

Written Problems:

1. What is the Big O upper bound of the func() below as a function of n assuming that the Func1(n) is $O(n)$? Show your work by first finding a function $g(n)$ which quantifies the number of operations as a function of n.

```
def func(n):  
    j = n  
    while j >= 1:  
        for i in range(j):  
            val = func1(n)  
        j = j // 3
```

2. Determine the BigO complexity of func2() as a function of n assuming the task(a,b) is $O(1)$.

```
def func2(n):  
    for i in range(1, n+1):  
        for j in range(i, 1 + (i*n)):  
            task(i+1,j)
```

Programming Problem:

Create a module called `bigo` which has four functions, `find1(list, val)`, `find2(list, val)`, `find3(list, val)`, and `find4(list, val)`. Each of the functions will take as arguments a list followed by a value. The functions will return a boolean as to whether the `val` is a member of the list.

The specification for each of the functions is as follows:

`find1(list, val)`: The unsorted list is searched linearly to see if the `val` is in the list

`find2(list, val)`: A deep copy is made of the list; the copied list is then sorted using the `sort` built-in function and then a binary search is performed on the list to find if the `val` is in the list

`find3(list, val)`: The `in` built-in is used to determine if the `val` is in the unsorted list

`find4(list, val)`: This function requires the list to be sorted before it is called. A binary search is performed on the pre-sorted list to find `val`.

Code the four functions in module as described above.

Write a report which:

- 1) Determines the BigO complexity for each function
- 2) Graphically depicts the running time of each of the functions as the size of the list increases. Do this using the Timer in the python TimeIt module. Note: the graphs do not need to be generated programmatically; you can just graph these collecting the data and using something like excel.

Turn In

A **.zip file** with

- A module names `bigo.py` which has the four functions above implemented
- Driver code which shows how you tested the functions to illustrate their complexity
- A doc, docx or .pdf with the report and graphs for functions