## **Experiment 9**

```
Code:
import java.lang.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class dsss {
       public static void main(String args[]) {
               Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
               System.out.print("Enter input string: "); String
               inputString = scanner.next();
               String barcaCode = "10110111000";
               // Encryption
               String eOutput = "";
               for(int i=0; i<inputString.length(); i++) {</pre>
                      String a = getString(inputString.charAt(i));
                      eOutput = eOutput + getEXOR(a, barcaCode);
               }
               System.out.println("\nEncrypted message: "+eOutput+"\n");
               // Decryption
               ArrayList<String> enStrings = new ArrayList();
               for(int i=0; i<eOutput.length(); i=i+11) {
                      enStrings.add(eOutput.substring(i,i+11));
               String dOutput = "";
               for(int i=0; i<enStrings.size(); i++) {
                      String a = getEXOR(enStrings.get(i),barcaCode);
                      if(getNoOfOnes(a)>7) {
                              dOutput = dOutput + "1";
                      } else if(getNoOfOnes(a)<3) {
                              dOutput = dOutput + "0";
                      }
               System.out.println("Decrypted message: "+dOutput+"\n\n"); }
       // Method for getting 1111111111 or 00000000000
       public static String getString(char a) {
               if(a=='1') {
                      return "11111111111";
               } else {
                      return "0000000000"; }
       // Method for performing ex-or
```

```
public static String getEXOR(String x, String y) {
                String z = "";
                for(int i = 0; i < x.length(); i++) {
                        if((x.charAt(i)=='1' \&\& y.charAt(i)=='1') || (x.charAt(i)=='0' \&\&
y.charAt(i)=='0')) {
                                z = z + "0":
                        } else if ((x.charAt(i)=='0' && y.charAt(i)=='1') || (x.charAt(i)=='1' &&
y.charAt(i)=='0')) {
                                z = z + "1";
                        }
                }
                return z:
   /* Method for getting number of one's in string */
        public static int getNoOfOnes(String a) {
                int count = 0;
                  for(int i=0; i<a.length();i++) {
                           if(a.charAt(i) == '1') {
                                count = count + 1;
                        }
                }
        return count;
        }
}
```

## Output 01:

PS D:\Engineering\sem 6\lshita\_Sem\_6\MCC\Experiments\DSSS> java dsss Enter input string: 100101

Encrypted message:

Decrypted message: 100101

## Output 02:

PS D:\Engineering\sem 6\lshita\_Sem\_6\MCC\Experiments\DSSS> java dsss Enter input string: 1110101

Encrypted message:

Decrypted message: 1110101