Observing the difference between memory access and experience swapping

Submitted by: Md Ishtiaq Ahmed

Abstract

This experiment's objective is to observe the effects of extensive physical memory consumption and swapping during program execution time. A 'C' program is designed which incrementally consumes all available physical memory and eventually forces the system to utilize swap space. The experiment is performed across three different platforms to understand the behavior of each platform as memory management is done differently in different platforms.

1. Introduction

SWAP memory or swap space is a section of a computer's hard disk or SSD that the OS uses to store data from RAM. This allows the OS to run a program even if the RAM is full [1]. If a process is too large for the available physical memory or if there are multiple processes that require more than the physical memory, the OS will utilize the swap space to allow the process to run. The OS does this by moving some segments of the memory which are not actively in use to swap space. This is called swapping out. When the process needs to access that data, the OS will swap out some data to swap space and swap in the needed data back into RAM. This is called swapping in. In this experiment I used a C program that grows by 500 MB in each iteration. Eventually the program consumes all the physical memory and when the physical memory is full then the swapping starts to give space to this program to run. Usually accessing swap space is more time consuming than accessing the physical memory. So, when swapping starts, the program execution experiences delay. By this experiment we will observe when swapping start and what is the execution time difference between when swapping is involved.

2. Methodology

I used a program that will allocate a memory for an array and fill up the array with integer '1'. The program runs in an infinite loop and in each loop, it allocates memory and fills up the array. In each iteration it consumes 500 MB of memory. Also, before creating and filling up a new array, the program revisited the older arrays to ensure all allocated memories are actively in use. Execution time is measured for creating the latest array. When the physical memory is free, there should not be any impact on the execution time but when the RAM is full and swapping starts, the time measured will include the delays caused by swapping. So, by measuring this time we can differentiate between the execution time before and after swapping starts.

3. Platforms & Experiment Design

The program is run on three different platforms to observe the difference of memory management by each platform.

Platforms used in this experiment:

i. Poobah.nmsu.edu

Processor: Intel® Core™ i7-2600 CPU @ 3.40GHz

Operating System: Linux Number of Cores: 4

Total Physical Memory: 16 GB Total SWAP Space: 4 GB

Available space is determined by running 'top' command

ii. Acer Nitro 5

Processor: 12th Gen Intel® Core™ i7-12650 Operating System: Windows 11 Home, 64 bit

Number of Cores: 10

Total Physical Memory: 16 GB

Total SWAP Space/Virtual memory: 48 GB

Available space is determined by running 'systeminfo' command

iii. MacBook pro

Processor: M1 Operating System: OSX

Number of Cores: 8

Total Physical Memory: 16 GB Total SWAP Space: 4 GB

Available space is from the system monitor tool

The C program used in this experiment; size of each array is configured as 131072000. The array is to be filled with integers and the size of an integer is 4 bytes. So, memory allocation for each array is 131072000 * 4 /1024 /1024 which is 500 MB. Before running the program, available physical memory and swap space is noted. Then I ran the program and observed the memory consumption as the program was being executed. In Linux it is possible to observe the live consumption of memory but in the Windows and Mac machine, we cannot observe the memory consumption from the command prompt live, instead we need to look at resource monitor which does not provide a pleasant view like what Linux system does.

4. Results

See Appendices for program output.

5. Data Analysis

The result demonstrates how the execution time for creating and filling up the latest array differs when swapping is involved. Ideally, when physical memory is free, the execution time is the same for each iteration. But when swapping starts, the execution time increases. I got the expected behavior from the program execution in Linux. In windows initially unable to get expected result but later found a way to get expected result. However, the behavior in Mac OS is different. As I have limited access to a Mac OS, I was unable to troubleshoot or analysis performance behavior extensively.

5.1 Performance on Linux Machine

Poobah.cs.nmsu.edu is used to conduct this experiment as a Linux platform. As soon as the program started running, the available physical memory started to reduce by the size around 500 MB which is like the space the program supposed to be consume in each iteration. During this time, the execution time to fill up the latest array is the same. Once the physical memory does not have enough space to accommodate the program, swapping started. And from this time, I observed significant delay is started and execution time is also higher. Once the swap space is full, the program was killed. The scenario is as expected as described in the article titled "Swap Memory: What It Is, How It Works, and How to Manage It" [1].

Available system resource before execution the program: Command: top

```
top - 02:41:10 up 22 min, 2 users, load average: 0.11, 0.04, 0.01
Tasks: 189 total, 1 running, 188 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%Cpu(s): 2.0 us, 0.7 sy, 0.0 ni, 97.1 id, 0.2 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.0 si, 0.0 st
MiB Mem : 15949.04+total, 14873.63+free, 755.434 used, 592.445 buff/cache
MiB Swap: 4096.457 total, 4096.457 free, 0.000 used. 15193.61+avail Mem
```

Figure 1: Available Memory in Linux Machine

From the chart below, we can see that when the total consumption of memory reached the limit of physical memory, execution time increased. When the total memory was full, the program was killed.

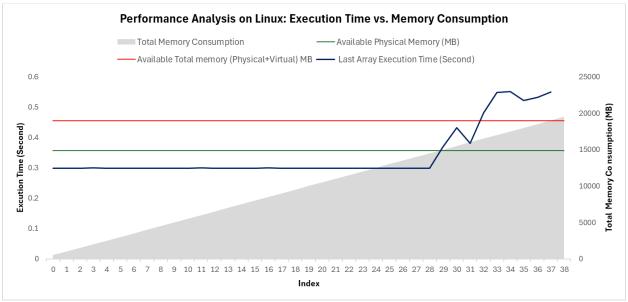


Figure 2: Performance Analysis on Linux

5.2 Performance on Windows

I observed a completely different outcome when running the program on my windows machine. Although my laptop has 16 GB of main memory and 64 GB of total memory (including physical memory), when the program consumed 2 GB of available memory it suddenly stopped. I tried with a different array size from smaller to larger, but the output was the same. I could not be able to use the rest of the physical memory or the swap space using the program. After some research I found the reason behind this is that the C compiler I was using is '32-bit gcc' which is compiling the program as a 32-bit process. As per the windows documentation [2], a single 32-bit process is limited to 2 GB space. In total max 4 GB can be allocated where 2 GB is reserved for user space and 2 GB for kernel space [2][3].

Below figure shows that the program was terminated after consuming around 2GB of memory while there was plenty of memory available.

```
Total Physical Memory: 16,070 MB
Available Physical Memory: 5,809 MB
Virtual Memory: Max Size: 64,948 MB
Virtual Memory: Available: 50,304 MB
Virtual Memory: In Use: 14,644 MB
Page File Location(s): C:\pagefil
```

Figure 3: Available Memory

```
Total Used Memory: 1400 MB
Index 13, Time: 0.028000 seconds
Total Used Memory: 1500 MB
Index 14, Time: 0.034000 seconds
Total Used Memory: 1600 MB
Index 15, Time: 0.029000 seconds
Total Used Memory: 1700 MB
Index 16, Time: 0.027000 seconds
Total Used Memory: 1800 MB
Index 17, Time: 0.025000 seconds
Total Used Memory: 1800 MB
Index 17, Time: 0.025000 seconds
Total Used Memory: 1900 MB
Index 18, Time: 0.030000 seconds
Program Exited, Memory allocation failed at index 19
```

Figure 4: program Terminated after consuming 1900 MB of Memory

Later I used a 64-bit compiler, and I got the expected result which is like the result I obtained from Linux platform.

Available system resource before execution the program: Command: systeminfo

```
intelo4 family o model 154 Stepping
BIOS Version:
                            Insyde Corp. V2.10, 7/7/2023
Windows Directory:
                           C:\Windows
System Directory:
                            C:\Windows\system32
Boot Device:
                            \Device\HarddiskVolume1
                            en-us;English (United States)
System Locale:
                            en-us; English (United States)
Input Locale:
Time Zone:
                            (UTC-07:00) Mountain Time (US & Canada)
Total Physical Memory:
                            16,070 MB
Available Physical Memory: 11,229 MB
Virtual Memory: Max Size:
                            64.950 MB
Virtual Memory: Available: 52,977 MB
Virtual Memory: In Use:
                            11,973 MB
```

Figure 5: Available memory in Windows machine

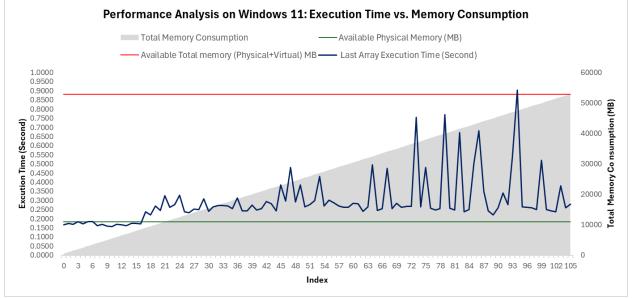


Figure 6: Performance analysis on Windows 11

From the above chart, we can see that just before the memory consumption hit the total physical memory line, the execution time increased sharply. This is the time when swapping started. Swapping started a little bit earlier because some other background program consumed some memory after the program execution started. During, there are many ups and downs in the execution time, but it always remains higher than the time before swapping. From my observations from live memory monitoring, it is that, during swapping if more memory freed from the physical memory, then the execution time is lower if available physical memory is less, execution time is higher. When the total consumption reached the total available memory line, the program terminated.

5.3 Performance on Mac OS

I used one of my friend's computers to conduct the experiments in a Mac OS. My access to the system was limited hence I could not do much analysis using the Mac platform.

Available system resource before execution the program:

System monitor was used to see available memory

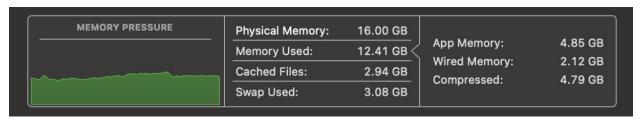


Figure 7: Available memory in Mac OS

Before starting the program, available physical memory was around 2.8 GB. When the available physical memory was consumed, it started to access the swap memory but no significant change was observed in the execution time. Most probable reason is that memory management in Mac OS is more efficient than Linux and Windows. According to one of the apple forums, Mac OS preemptively copies data from memory to swap, so if it needs more RAM, it can access the physical memory more quickly [4].

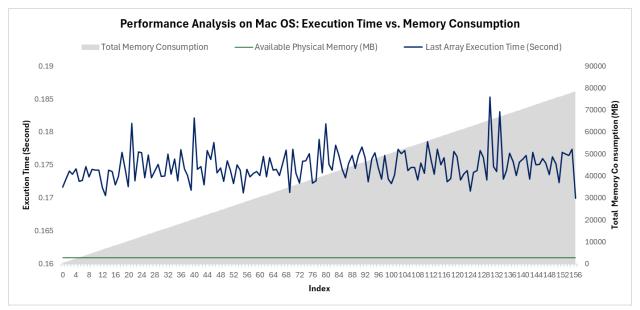


Figure 8: Performance analysis on Mac OS X

From the above plot we can also see that the total memory consumption by the program is around 80 GB which is confusing because total available memory from the system was much less than that. According to apple documentation Mac OS X uses a portion of the hard disk to hold data that are not currently in use, this is called backing store. OS X does not use a pre-allocated disk partition for the backing store. Instead, it uses all the available space on the machine's boot partition [5]. It might be the reason why the program can access such a high volume of memory.

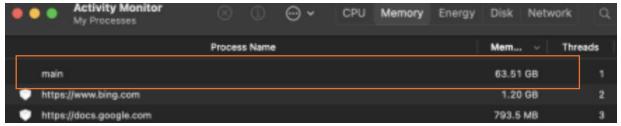


Figure 9: From The activity monitor, program consumed more than 50 GB memory.

5.4 Performance Degradation

Another finding is that, when swapping started there was not only a delay in the execution time of filling up the last array but also results in an overall performance degradation when physical memory was almost full. To prove this, I edited the program to measure total execution time of each iteration which includes filling both the previous and current array with integers. I ran this program in my windows machine and below is the change in execution time:

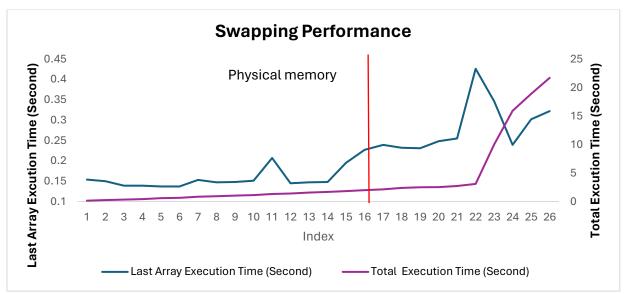


Figure 10: Total Execution time of Each Iteration

We can see from the chart, when physical memory is full, execution time increased for filling up the last array, as well as the total execution time of each iteration increased significantly.

Although swapping cause a delay in program execution it allows program to run which needs significant memory that is more than the physical memory. One of the advantages of swapping as per the article "Swapping: A Guide To Memory Management In Computer Operating Systems" [6] is that swapping allows handling of large workload. That is exactly what we observed here.

6. Conclusion

From the above observation we can see that the different platforms displayed different behavior. All three-systems started consuming physical memory and when physical memory was finished it started

swapping. However, there was a change in the execution time between the systems as different OS managed their memory differently. For Linux and Windows, when the swapping started the program started to experience a significant delay. It is because when the swapping started, a chunk of data was transferred to the swap space to free up memory. Usually, the swap space is in the hard disk/SSD and read/write operation in hard disk takes significantly longer time than the read/write operation of ram. So, when the system starts swapping, it involves read/write operation in the disk which is slower than accessing RAN. This delay was added to the time measurement which was used to measure execution time. At the end, the program terminates when it has fully consumed all the available physical and swap memory and the OS can no longer allocate additional memory for the growing array. This condition arises when the MMU cannot find any more space to allocate which leads to a failure in the memory allocation (malloc) request.

References

- [1] Swap Memory: What It Is & How It Works (phoenixnap.com)
- [2] Memory Limits for Windows and Windows Server Releases Win32 apps | Microsoft Learn
- [3] What is the maximum memory available to a C++ application on 32-bit Windows? Stack Overflow
- [4] macbook pro is this swap memory use normal? Ask Different (stackexchange.com)
- [5] About the Virtual Memory System (apple.com)
- [6] Swapping: A Guide to Memory Management in Computer Operating Systems Linux Bierwanderung

Appendices

A. [C code]

/*

Assignment 2: Observing the difference between memory access and experience swapping

Submitted by: Md Ishtiaq Ahmed

Objective: Run a program to observe the effects of extensive physical memory consumption and swapping during program execution time.

A C program is designed which incrementally consumes all available physical memory and eventually forces the system to utilize swap space.

*/

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
//#define SIZE 26214400 // size of each array (100*1024*1024) , when filled with
integer of size 4 byte total consumption will be 100 MB
#define SIZE 131072000 // size of each array, when filled with integer of size 4
byte total consumption will be 500 MB
int *A[1000]; // Max Number of array
// Pre Condition: Define a size which will be used for memory allocation of each
array, also define the array
// Post COndition: Program will run until it consumes all of the available memory
int main() {
   long long memoryAllocated = 0; // To keep track of the total allocated memory
   int index = 0; // initial index of array set as 0
    clock t start, end; // To calculate execution time
    double cpu time used; // Variable to store execution time
   while (1) {
       A[index] = malloc(SIZE * sizeof(int)); // memory allocation for each array,
each array will have a size of 26214400 and filled by integer of 4 byte, total 100
```

```
if (A[index] == NULL) { // If out of memory, program will be exited
           printf("Program Exited, Memory allocation failed at index %d\n",
index);
           break; // Exit if we can't allocate more memory
       // Fill previous arrays with 1
       for (int i = 0; i < index; i++) {</pre>
           for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
               A[i][j] = 1;
       memoryAllocated += (SIZE * sizeof(int))/(1024*1024); // total memory
allocated after each iteration
       printf("Total Used Memory: %11d MB\n", memoryAllocated);
       // Measure time to fill the latest array
       start = clock(); // Start time
       for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) { // Fill up the last array
           A[index][j] = 1;
       } // end for
       end = clock(); // End time
       cpu_time_used = ((double) (end - start)) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
       printf("Index %d, Time: %f seconds\n", index, cpu_time_used);
       index++;
   } // end while
   // Free allocated memory
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < index; i++) {
    free(A[i]);
} // end for

return 0;
} // end main</pre>
```

B. Program Output in Windows Platform

Total Used Memory: 500 MB Index 0, Time: 0.168000 seconds Total Used Memory: 1000 MB Index 1, Time: 0.174000 seconds Total Used Memory: 1500 MB Index 2, Time: 0.170000 seconds Total Used Memory: 2000 MB Index 3, Time: 0.183000 seconds Total Used Memory: 2500 MB Index 4, Time: 0.172000 seconds Total Used Memory: 3000 MB Index 5, Time: 0.183000 seconds Total Used Memory: 3500 MB Index 6, Time: 0.184000 seconds Total Used Memory: 4000 MB Index 7, Time: 0.162000 seconds Total Used Memory: 4500 MB Index 8, Time: 0.170000 seconds Total Used Memory: 5000 MB Index 9, Time: 0.160000 seconds Total Used Memory: 5500 MB Index 10, Time: 0.158000 seconds Total Used Memory: 6000 MB Index 11, Time: 0.170000 seconds Total Used Memory: 6500 MB Index 12, Time: 0.166000 seconds Total Used Memory: 7000 MB Index 13, Time: 0.162000 seconds Total Used Memory: 7500 MB Index 14, Time: 0.175000 seconds Total Used Memory: 8000 MB Index 15, Time: 0.174000 seconds Total Used Memory: 8500 MB Index 16, Time: 0.173000 seconds Total Used Memory: 9000 MB Index 17, Time: 0.239000 seconds Total Used Memory: 9500 MB Index 18, Time: 0.221000 seconds Total Used Memory: 10000 MB Index 19, Time: 0.270000 seconds Total Used Memory: 10500 MB

Index 20, Time: 0.245000 seconds Total Used Memory: 11000 MB Index 21, Time: 0.327000 seconds Total Used Memory: 11500 MB Index 22, Time: 0.262000 seconds Total Used Memory: 12000 MB Index 23, Time: 0.278000 seconds Total Used Memory: 12500 MB Index 24, Time: 0.328000 seconds Total Used Memory: 13000 MB Index 25, Time: 0.239000 seconds Total Used Memory: 13500 MB Index 26, Time: 0.233000 seconds Total Used Memory: 14000 MB Index 27, Time: 0.253000 seconds Total Used Memory: 14500 MB Index 28, Time: 0.251000 seconds Total Used Memory: 15000 MB Index 29, Time: 0.308000 seconds Total Used Memory: 15500 MB Index 30, Time: 0.240000 seconds Total Used Memory: 16000 MB Index 31, Time: 0.266000 seconds Total Used Memory: 16500 MB Index 32, Time: 0.272000 seconds Total Used Memory: 17000 MB Index 33, Time: 0.272000 seconds Total Used Memory: 17500 MB Index 34, Time: 0.270000 seconds Total Used Memory: 18000 MB Index 35, Time: 0.256000 seconds Total Used Memory: 18500 MB Index 36, Time: 0.313000 seconds Total Used Memory: 19000 MB Index 37, Time: 0.242000 seconds Total Used Memory: 19500 MB Index 38, Time: 0.243000 seconds Total Used Memory: 20000 MB Index 39, Time: 0.275000 seconds Total Used Memory: 20500 MB Index 40, Time: 0.249000 seconds Total Used Memory: 21000 MB Index 41, Time: 0.255000 seconds Total Used Memory: 21500 MB Index 42, Time: 0.294000 seconds Total Used Memory: 22000 MB Index 43, Time: 0.282000 seconds Total Used Memory: 22500 MB Index 44, Time: 0.242000 seconds Total Used Memory: 23000 MB Index 45, Time: 0.386000 seconds Total Used Memory: 23500 MB Index 46, Time: 0.296000 seconds Total Used Memory: 24000 MB Index 47, Time: 0.481000 seconds Total Used Memory: 24500 MB Index 48, Time: 0.291000 seconds

Total Used Memory: 25000 MB

Index 50, Time: 0.264000 seconds Total Used Memory: 26000 MB Index 51, Time: 0.278000 seconds Total Used Memory: 26500 MB Index 52, Time: 0.299000 seconds Total Used Memory: 27000 MB Index 53, Time: 0.431000 seconds Total Used Memory: 27500 MB Index 54, Time: 0.270000 seconds Total Used Memory: 28000 MB Index 55, Time: 0.301000 seconds Total Used Memory: 28500 MB Index 56, Time: 0.286000 seconds Total Used Memory: 29000 MB Index 57, Time: 0.269000 seconds Total Used Memory: 29500 MB Index 58, Time: 0.262000 seconds Total Used Memory: 30000 MB Index 59, Time: 0.262000 seconds Total Used Memory: 30500 MB Index 60, Time: 0.284000 seconds Total Used Memory: 31000 MB Index 61, Time: 0.283000 seconds Total Used Memory: 31500 MB Index 62, Time: 0.240000 seconds Total Used Memory: 32000 MB Index 63, Time: 0.264000 seconds Total Used Memory: 32500 MB Index 64, Time: 0.495000 seconds Total Used Memory: 33000 MB Index 65, Time: 0.245000 seconds Total Used Memory: 33500 MB Index 66, Time: 0.254000 seconds Total Used Memory: 34000 MB Index 67, Time: 0.476000 seconds Total Used Memory: 34500 MB Index 68, Time: 0.254000 seconds Total Used Memory: 35000 MB Index 69, Time: 0.284000 seconds Total Used Memory: 35500 MB Index 70, Time: 0.263000 seconds Total Used Memory: 36000 MB Index 71, Time: 0.267000 seconds Total Used Memory: 36500 MB Index 72, Time: 0.267000 seconds Total Used Memory: 37000 MB Index 73, Time: 0.756000 seconds Total Used Memory: 37500 MB Index 74, Time: 0.266000 seconds Total Used Memory: 38000 MB Index 75, Time: 0.480000 seconds Total Used Memory: 38500 MB Index 76, Time: 0.257000 seconds Total Used Memory: 39000 MB Index 77, Time: 0.248000 seconds Total Used Memory: 39500 MB

Index 49, Time: 0.386000 seconds Total Used Memory: 25500 MB Index 78, Time: 0.255000 seconds Total Used Memory: 40000 MB Index 79, Time: 0.770000 seconds Total Used Memory: 40500 MB Index 80, Time: 0.257000 seconds Total Used Memory: 41000 MB Index 81, Time: 0.247000 seconds Total Used Memory: 41500 MB Index 82, Time: 0.672000 seconds Total Used Memory: 42000 MB Index 83, Time: 0.237000 seconds Total Used Memory: 42500 MB Index 84, Time: 0.251000 seconds Total Used Memory: 43000 MB Index 85, Time: 0.504000 seconds Total Used Memory: 43500 MB Index 86, Time: 0.681000 seconds Total Used Memory: 44000 MB Index 87, Time: 0.350000 seconds Total Used Memory: 44500 MB Index 88, Time: 0.244000 seconds Total Used Memory: 45000 MB Index 89, Time: 0.222000 seconds Total Used Memory: 45500 MB Index 90, Time: 0.260000 seconds Total Used Memory: 46000 MB Index 91, Time: 0.342000 seconds Total Used Memory: 46500 MB Index 92, Time: 0.277000 seconds Total Used Memory: 47000 MB Index 93, Time: 0.540000 seconds Total Used Memory: 47500 MB Index 94, Time: 0.905000 seconds Total Used Memory: 48000 MB Index 95, Time: 0.265000 seconds Total Used Memory: 48500 MB Index 96, Time: 0.262000 seconds Total Used Memory: 49000 MB Index 97, Time: 0.260000 seconds Total Used Memory: 49500 MB Index 98, Time: 0.250000 seconds Total Used Memory: 50000 MB Index 99, Time: 0.519000 seconds Total Used Memory: 50500 MB Index 100, Time: 0.250000 seconds Total Used Memory: 51000 MB Index 101, Time: 0.243000 seconds Total Used Memory: 51500 MB Index 102, Time: 0.238000 seconds Total Used Memory: 52000 MB Index 103, Time: 0.379000 seconds Total Used Memory: 52500 MB Index 104, Time: 0.261000 seconds Total Used Memory: 53000 MB

Program Exited, Memory allocation failed at index 106

Index 105, Time: 0.280000 seconds

PS C:\Users\ishti\OneDrive\OS_II\Assignment2\Final Submission>

C. Program Output in Linux Platform

iahmed@poobah:~/os/Assignment2>./memory

Total Used Memory: 500 MB Index 0, Time: 0.298820 seconds Total Used Memory: 1000 MB Index 1, Time: 0.298883 seconds Total Used Memory: 1500 MB Index 2, Time: 0.298740 seconds Total Used Memory: 2000 MB Index 3, Time: 0.299594 seconds Total Used Memory: 2500 MB Index 4, Time: 0.298952 seconds Total Used Memory: 3000 MB Index 5, Time: 0.298484 seconds Total Used Memory: 3500 MB Index 6, Time: 0.298535 seconds Total Used Memory: 4000 MB Index 7, Time: 0.297956 seconds Total Used Memory: 4500 MB Index 8, Time: 0.298039 seconds Total Used Memory: 5000 MB Index 9, Time: 0.299376 seconds Total Used Memory: 5500 MB Index 10, Time: 0.298735 seconds Total Used Memory: 6000 MB Index 11, Time: 0.299491 seconds Total Used Memory: 6500 MB Index 12, Time: 0.299170 seconds Total Used Memory: 7000 MB Index 13, Time: 0.298490 seconds Total Used Memory: 7500 MB Index 14, Time: 0.298993 seconds Total Used Memory: 8000 MB Index 15, Time: 0.298457 seconds Total Used Memory: 8500 MB Index 16, Time: 0.299477 seconds Total Used Memory: 9000 MB Index 17, Time: 0.299356 seconds Total Used Memory: 9500 MB Index 18, Time: 0.298916 seconds Total Used Memory: 10000 MB Index 19, Time: 0.298703 seconds Total Used Memory: 10500 MB Index 20, Time: 0.298003 seconds Total Used Memory: 11000 MB Index 21, Time: 0.298855 seconds Total Used Memory: 11500 MB Index 22, Time: 0.298139 seconds Total Used Memory: 12000 MB Index 23, Time: 0.298038 seconds Total Used Memory: 12500 MB Index 24, Time: 0.298302 seconds Total Used Memory: 13000 MB Index 25, Time: 0.298731 seconds Total Used Memory: 13500 MB Index 26, Time: 0.298732 seconds

Total Used Memory: 14000 MB

Index 27, Time: 0.298729 seconds Total Used Memory: 14500 MB Index 28, Time: 0.299292 seconds Total Used Memory: 15000 MB Index 29, Time: 0.369831 seconds Total Used Memory: 15500 MB Index 30, Time: 0.433066 seconds Total Used Memory: 16000 MB Index 31, Time: 0.381503 seconds Total Used Memory: 16500 MB Index 32, Time: 0.480835 seconds Total Used Memory: 17000 MB Index 33, Time: 0.548557 seconds Total Used Memory: 17500 MB Index 34, Time: 0.551454 seconds Total Used Memory: 18000 MB Index 35, Time: 0.521973 seconds Total Used Memory: 18500 MB Index 36, Time: 0.532757 seconds Total Used Memory: 19000 MB Index 37, Time: 0.550760 seconds Total Used Memory: 19500 MB Killed

iahmed@poobah:~/os/Assignment2>

D. Program Output in Mac Platform

Total Used Memory: 500 MB Index 0, Time: 0.171658 seconds Total Used Memory: 1000 MB Index 1, Time: 0.172784 seconds Total Used Memory: 1500 MB Index 2, Time: 0.174106 seconds Total Used Memory: 2000 MB Index 3, Time: 0.173579 seconds Total Used Memory: 2500 MB Index 4, Time: 0.174451 seconds Total Used Memory: 3000 MB Index 5, Time: 0.172561 seconds Total Used Memory: 3500 MB Index 6, Time: 0.172678 seconds Total Used Memory: 4000 MB Index 7, Time: 0.174778 seconds Total Used Memory: 4500 MB Index 8, Time: 0.173188 seconds Total Used Memory: 5000 MB Index 9, Time: 0.174362 seconds Total Used Memory: 5500 MB Index 10, Time: 0.174239 seconds Total Used Memory: 6000 MB Index 11, Time: 0.174202 seconds Total Used Memory: 6500 MB Index 12, Time: 0.171583 seconds Total Used Memory: 7000 MB Index 13, Time: 0.170393 seconds Total Used Memory: 7500 MB Index 14, Time: 0.174218 seconds Total Used Memory: 8000 MB

Index 15, Time: 0.174000 seconds Total Used Memory: 8500 MB Index 16, Time: 0.171997 seconds Total Used Memory: 9000 MB Index 17, Time: 0.173253 seconds Total Used Memory: 9500 MB Index 18, Time: 0.176898 seconds Total Used Memory: 10000 MB Index 19, Time: 0.174413 seconds Total Used Memory: 10500 MB Index 20, Time: 0.171708 seconds Total Used Memory: 11000 MB Index 21, Time: 0.181336 seconds Total Used Memory: 11500 MB Index 22, Time: 0.172615 seconds Total Used Memory: 12000 MB Index 23, Time: 0.176956 seconds Total Used Memory: 12500 MB Index 24, Time: 0.176880 seconds Total Used Memory: 13000 MB Index 25, Time: 0.173075 seconds Total Used Memory: 13500 MB Index 26, Time: 0.176512 seconds Total Used Memory: 14000 MB Index 27, Time: 0.173090 seconds Total Used Memory: 14500 MB Index 28, Time: 0.173999 seconds Total Used Memory: 15000 MB Index 29, Time: 0.175087 seconds Total Used Memory: 15500 MB Index 30, Time: 0.173264 seconds Total Used Memory: 16000 MB Index 31, Time: 0.173360 seconds Total Used Memory: 16500 MB Index 32, Time: 0.176635 seconds Total Used Memory: 17000 MB Index 33, Time: 0.173634 seconds Total Used Memory: 17500 MB Index 34, Time: 0.175884 seconds Total Used Memory: 18000 MB Index 35, Time: 0.172585 seconds Total Used Memory: 18500 MB Index 36, Time: 0.177318 seconds Total Used Memory: 19000 MB Index 37, Time: 0.174446 seconds Total Used Memory: 19500 MB Index 38, Time: 0.173436 seconds Total Used Memory: 20000 MB Index 39, Time: 0.171188 seconds Total Used Memory: 20500 MB Index 40, Time: 0.182107 seconds Total Used Memory: 21000 MB Index 41, Time: 0.174331 seconds Total Used Memory: 21500 MB Index 42, Time: 0.174750 seconds Total Used Memory: 22000 MB Index 43, Time: 0.171967 seconds

Total Used Memory: 22500 MB

Index 44, Time: 0.177188 seconds Total Used Memory: 23000 MB Index 45, Time: 0.175867 seconds Total Used Memory: 23500 MB Index 46, Time: 0.178385 seconds Total Used Memory: 24000 MB Index 47, Time: 0.173834 seconds Total Used Memory: 24500 MB Index 48, Time: 0.174535 seconds Total Used Memory: 25000 MB Index 49, Time: 0.172547 seconds Total Used Memory: 25500 MB Index 50, Time: 0.175645 seconds Total Used Memory: 26000 MB Index 51, Time: 0.174218 seconds Total Used Memory: 26500 MB Index 52, Time: 0.172190 seconds Total Used Memory: 27000 MB Index 53, Time: 0.175055 seconds Total Used Memory: 27500 MB Index 54, Time: 0.174206 seconds Total Used Memory: 28000 MB Index 55, Time: 0.170772 seconds Total Used Memory: 28500 MB Index 56, Time: 0.174347 seconds Total Used Memory: 29000 MB Index 57, Time: 0.173183 seconds Total Used Memory: 29500 MB Index 58, Time: 0.173769 seconds Total Used Memory: 30000 MB Index 59, Time: 0.174022 seconds Total Used Memory: 30500 MB Index 60, Time: 0.173404 seconds Total Used Memory: 31000 MB Index 61, Time: 0.176316 seconds Total Used Memory: 31500 MB Index 62, Time: 0.173196 seconds Total Used Memory: 32000 MB Index 63, Time: 0.176119 seconds Total Used Memory: 32500 MB Index 64, Time: 0.174241 seconds Total Used Memory: 33000 MB Index 65, Time: 0.174380 seconds Total Used Memory: 33500 MB Index 66, Time: 0.173407 seconds Total Used Memory: 34000 MB Index 67, Time: 0.175420 seconds Total Used Memory: 34500 MB Index 68, Time: 0.177287 seconds Total Used Memory: 35000 MB Index 69, Time: 0.170812 seconds Total Used Memory: 35500 MB Index 70, Time: 0.177389 seconds Total Used Memory: 36000 MB Index 71, Time: 0.173736 seconds Total Used Memory: 36500 MB Index 72, Time: 0.172273 seconds

Total Used Memory: 37000 MB

Index 73, Time: 0.175564 seconds Total Used Memory: 37500 MB Index 74, Time: 0.175631 seconds Total Used Memory: 38000 MB Index 75, Time: 0.176721 seconds Total Used Memory: 38500 MB Index 76, Time: 0.172290 seconds Total Used Memory: 39000 MB Index 77, Time: 0.172589 seconds Total Used Memory: 39500 MB Index 78, Time: 0.178910 seconds Total Used Memory: 40000 MB Index 79, Time: 0.173815 seconds Total Used Memory: 40500 MB Index 80, Time: 0.181248 seconds Total Used Memory: 41000 MB Index 81, Time: 0.175128 seconds Total Used Memory: 41500 MB Index 82, Time: 0.174242 seconds Total Used Memory: 42000 MB Index 83, Time: 0.177970 seconds Total Used Memory: 42500 MB Index 84, Time: 0.176530 seconds Total Used Memory: 43000 MB Index 85, Time: 0.174265 seconds Total Used Memory: 43500 MB Index 86, Time: 0.173095 seconds Total Used Memory: 44000 MB Index 87, Time: 0.175220 seconds Total Used Memory: 44500 MB Index 88, Time: 0.176470 seconds Total Used Memory: 45000 MB Index 89, Time: 0.174457 seconds Total Used Memory: 45500 MB Index 90, Time: 0.176449 seconds Total Used Memory: 46000 MB Index 91, Time: 0.177722 seconds Total Used Memory: 46500 MB Index 92, Time: 0.176096 seconds Total Used Memory: 47000 MB Index 93, Time: 0.172445 seconds Total Used Memory: 47500 MB Index 94, Time: 0.175890 seconds Total Used Memory: 48000 MB Index 95, Time: 0.176872 seconds Total Used Memory: 48500 MB Index 96, Time: 0.174486 seconds Total Used Memory: 49000 MB Index 97, Time: 0.172851 seconds Total Used Memory: 49500 MB Index 98, Time: 0.176455 seconds Total Used Memory: 50000 MB Index 99, Time: 0.172899 seconds Total Used Memory: 50500 MB Index 100, Time: 0.172168 seconds Total Used Memory: 51000 MB Index 101, Time: 0.173479 seconds

Total Used Memory: 51500 MB

Index 102, Time: 0.177390 seconds Total Used Memory: 52000 MB Index 103, Time: 0.176702 seconds Total Used Memory: 52500 MB Index 104, Time: 0.177215 seconds Total Used Memory: 53000 MB Index 105, Time: 0.174141 seconds Total Used Memory: 53500 MB Index 106, Time: 0.174625 seconds Total Used Memory: 54000 MB Index 107, Time: 0.174601 seconds Total Used Memory: 54500 MB Index 108, Time: 0.172739 seconds Total Used Memory: 55000 MB Index 109, Time: 0.175319 seconds Total Used Memory: 55500 MB Index 110, Time: 0.173766 seconds Total Used Memory: 56000 MB Index 111, Time: 0.178514 seconds Total Used Memory: 56500 MB Index 112, Time: 0.175787 seconds Total Used Memory: 57000 MB Index 113, Time: 0.173594 seconds Total Used Memory: 57500 MB Index 114, Time: 0.177416 seconds Total Used Memory: 58000 MB Index 115, Time: 0.175024 seconds Total Used Memory: 58500 MB Index 116, Time: 0.176143 seconds Total Used Memory: 59000 MB Index 117, Time: 0.172488 seconds Total Used Memory: 59500 MB Index 118, Time: 0.172919 seconds Total Used Memory: 60000 MB Index 119, Time: 0.177025 seconds Total Used Memory: 60500 MB Index 120, Time: 0.176280 seconds Total Used Memory: 61000 MB Index 121, Time: 0.172747 seconds Total Used Memory: 61500 MB Index 122, Time: 0.173589 seconds Total Used Memory: 62000 MB Index 123, Time: 0.174168 seconds Total Used Memory: 62500 MB Index 124, Time: 0.171060 seconds Total Used Memory: 63000 MB Index 125, Time: 0.173855 seconds Total Used Memory: 63500 MB Index 126, Time: 0.174120 seconds Total Used Memory: 64000 MB Index 127, Time: 0.177171 seconds Total Used Memory: 64500 MB Index 128, Time: 0.176185 seconds Total Used Memory: 65000 MB Index 129, Time: 0.172757 seconds Total Used Memory: 65500 MB Index 130, Time: 0.185332 seconds

Total Used Memory: 66000 MB

Index 131, Time: 0.174728 seconds Total Used Memory: 66500 MB Index 132, Time: 0.174002 seconds Total Used Memory: 67000 MB Index 133, Time: 0.183042 seconds Total Used Memory: 67500 MB Index 134, Time: 0.172863 seconds Total Used Memory: 68000 MB Index 135, Time: 0.174153 seconds Total Used Memory: 68500 MB Index 136, Time: 0.176774 seconds Total Used Memory: 69000 MB Index 137, Time: 0.175489 seconds Total Used Memory: 69500 MB Index 138, Time: 0.173435 seconds Total Used Memory: 70000 MB Index 139, Time: 0.175408 seconds Total Used Memory: 70500 MB Index 140, Time: 0.175891 seconds Total Used Memory: 71000 MB Index 141, Time: 0.176429 seconds Total Used Memory: 71500 MB Index 142, Time: 0.172872 seconds Total Used Memory: 72000 MB Index 143, Time: 0.176914 seconds Total Used Memory: 72500 MB Index 144, Time: 0.175018 seconds Total Used Memory: 73000 MB Index 145, Time: 0.175068 seconds Total Used Memory: 73500 MB Index 146, Time: 0.175989 seconds Total Used Memory: 74000 MB Index 147, Time: 0.175278 seconds Total Used Memory: 74500 MB Index 148, Time: 0.173573 seconds Total Used Memory: 75000 MB Index 149, Time: 0.176249 seconds Total Used Memory: 75500 MB Index 150, Time: 0.175195 seconds Total Used Memory: 76000 MB Index 151, Time: 0.172313 seconds Total Used Memory: 76500 MB Index 152, Time: 0.176951 seconds Total Used Memory: 77000 MB Index 153, Time: 0.176663 seconds Total Used Memory: 77500 MB Index 154, Time: 0.176420 seconds Total Used Memory: 78000 MB Index 155, Time: 0.177399 seconds Total Used Memory: 78500 MB Index 156, Time: 0.169965 seconds

zsh: killed ./main