



Data Science Intern at Data Glacier

Project: Hate Speech Detection using Transformers (Deep Learning)

Week 8: Deliverables

Name: Ishwarya Arulvel

Email: ish351994@gmail.com

Country: Canada

Specialization: Data Analyst

Batch Code: LISUM14

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1. Project Plan

Weeks	Date	plan
Weeks 07	Nov 16, 2022	Problem Statement, Data Collection, Data Report
Weeks 08	Nov 23, 2022	Data Preprocessing (Text Cleaning)
Weeks 09	Nov 30, 2022	Data Preprocessing (Preprocessing Operation + Feature Extraction)
Weeks 10	Dec 7, 2022	Building the Model
Weeks 11	Dec 14, 2022	Model Result Evaluation
Weeks 12	Dec 21, 2022	Flask Development + Heroku
Weeks 13	Dec 28, 2022	Final Submission (Report + Code + Presentation)

2. Problem Statement

The term hate speech is understood as any type of verbal, written or behavioral communication that attacks or uses derogatory or discriminatory language against a person or group based on what they are, in other words, based on their religion, ethnicity, nationality, race, color, ancestry, sex or another identity factor. In this problem, we will take you through a hate speech detection model with Machine Learning and Python.

Hate Speech Detection is a task of sentiment classification. So, for training, a model that can classify hate speech from a certain piece of text can be achieved by training it on data that is used to classify sentiments. So, for the task of hate speech detection model, we will use the Twitter tweets to identify tweets containing Hate speech.

3. Data Collection

The Data is about Twitter hate Speech taken from Kaggle [1] which contains the 3 number of features and 31962 number of observations. Dataset using Twitter data, it was used to research hate-speech detection. The text is classified as: hate-speech, offensive language, and neither. Due to the nature of the study, it is important to note that this dataset contains text that can be considered racist, sexist, homophobic, or offensive.

Table 1: Data Information

Total number of observations	31962
Total number of files	1
Total number of features	3
Base format of the file	csv
Size of the data	2.95 MB

4. Data Preprocessing

In part, we explain the data preprocessing approach that we apply in the text data.

4.1 Text Cleaning

First, we cleaned our text because it was so messy data.

4.1.1 Lowercase

Converting a word to lower case (NLP -> nlp). Words like Racism and racism mean the same but when not converted to the lower case those two are represented as two different words in the vector space model (resulting in more dimensions). Therefore, we convert all text words into lower case letters.

4.1.2 Remove Punctuation

It is important to remove the Punctuation because is not important. Therefore, we remove that Punctuation to do that we use regular expression.

4.1.3 Remove URLs

In this part, we remove URLs because we are working on hate speech application which detect the hate and free speech and to get the output, we need to give only text not URLs therefore, we remove the URLs because we need only clean text input.

4.1.4 Remove @tags

In this part, we remove @tags which basically used when we mentioned someone So, it's doesn't concern to our application therefore, we remove @tags by using regular expressions.

4.1.5 Remove Special Characters

Remove Special Characters is essentially the following set of symbols [!'"\$%&'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[^_`{|}~] which basically doesn't have meaning. Therefore, we remove that kind of symbol because we don't need that. To remove it we use the python isalnum method.

Reference

- [1] https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/vkrahul/twitter-hate-speech?select=train_E6oV3lV.csv