# **Apex College**

### **BCIS Program**

Affiliated to Pokhara University



Data Structure & Algorithms

Lab Report

11

Doubly Linked Lish

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## #Lab 11 Objectives

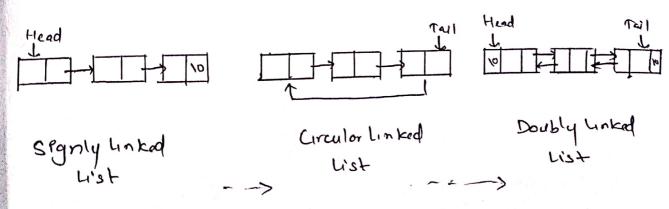
- To understand about doubly linked list To implement the various operations of doubly linked list.

### # Introduction

Doubly Linked list is a Data Structure, which is a variation of the linked list, in which the traversal is possible in the both directions,

As we realized the circular Linked list just solved the more time taken process of travelsel of singly linked but by connecting bot node with first node. But, the It does not solve the problem of accessing the second last node on we expect.

So, the Doubly Laked List Introduced to travese back from both derections.



```
#A " program to perform deflerent operations in
  Doubly Unkellist
#Include (stalio.h)
#includo (stalib. h)
Struct brode &
   int data!
    struct brode * next;
   Struct brode * prev,
 $;
typedof struct brode brode
 street brode *tail NULL;
 brode thead = NULL;
 vord_ in sert-from-bog (int item) }
  brode *temp;
  temp: (bnode *) malloc (size of (bnode));
   temp -> data = item,
   temp -> preu = NULL;
  If (head == NULL) {
     temp-snext = NULL;
     head = temp;
     tail = temp;
  Jelse }
     temp -> next = head;
      head -> prev = temp;
      head = temp;
```

```
void insert-from- end (int item) j
  brode *temp;
   temp = (bnode *) malloc (size of brode));
   temp -> data = item;
   temp -> next = NUIL;
    If (head = = NULL) {
        temp-sprev = NULL.
        head = temp;
        tail = temp;
    else {
       temp -> prev = tail !
       tail -> next = temp;
       tail = temp;
vord insert-from-sp-pos (int item. int pos) &
 brode Hemp *tempi;
 1n+ 1;
 temp = (modex) malloc (size of (brode)).
  temp -> data = item;
  tempi = head;
  for (1=1; 1<pos-1; 3++).
     temp1 = temp1 -> rext;
  temp -> next = temp 1 -> noxt;
  temp >> prev = temp 1;
  tempt -> next => preu = temp;
  temp1 -> next = temp;
 B
```

```
void del-from beg ())
    int Item = -1;
   brode themp;
    if (head = MULL)
       printf("List is empty in");
   else if ( head = = tail) 4
      temp = head ;
      head = NULL;
      tail = NULL,
      item = temp -> data;
      free (temp);
      printf (" do is deleted n' , item);
gray else f
      temp = head;
      head = temp -> dext;
      head -> prev = NULL;
      item = temp -> data;
      free (temp);
      prontf. (" hod is deleted from bot. In", item);
vord del-from-end ()?
   int item = -1;
   node *temp;
   of (head = = NULL)
      printf ("LIDT is emply in");
```

```
else of ( head == tail )?
     temp = head;
     head = NULL;
     tail = NULL;
      item = temp-data;
     free (temp);
     proff (" yid is deleted ", "item);
   else
     temp = tail;
     tail = temp -> prev;
      teil sneet : NVW;
      item = temp -> date:
      free (temp);
      printf (4. & d is addeted. In "Stem);
ß
vold del-from-sp-pos (int post)
  brode *temp;
  10+1, item = -1;
  temp = head;
  for (1=1; ix pos-1; i++)
      pemp = temp-snext;
  temp-next -> prev = temp -> prev;
  temp -> prev -> next = temp -> next.
  item = temp -> data;
  free (temp);
  print ( " %d is deleted in ; I tem);
```

```
void search (int item) &
  brode + temp;
  mt 9 = 0, Hag;
  temp = head;
  if (temp = = NULL) &
       printf. ("in Eat is empty in");
   else à
      while (temp! = NULL) &
         If (temp ->data == item) }
            printf ("mak found et %d position in', item, i+1);
             flag = 0;
             break;
        else.
flag=1;
         temp = temp -> next;
     If (flag = = 1)
          printf(" % is not found in", "Hem);
vord display () &
 bnode * temp ;
  temp = fall of head ;
  if - (temp = = > > 020).
      printf ("List is empty. In");
```

```
else 1
      printf ("Nodes of Doubly linked but
      While (temp! = NUZW)?
          printfil"s d It", tempodata);
          temp = temp->nokt;
main () $
   int n, pos, ch;
   while (1)}
      printf("Enter your Choice: (t");
      proof ("1. Insert from beginning in 2. Insert from end
      in 3. Insert from specifie position. in 4. Delete from beginning
      In S. Delete from end In6. Delete from specific position
      17. Search, In 8. Dioplay ing. Futing;
      Sconf ("/d', & ch);
       switch (ch)
            printf ("In Foter number: ");
            Scanflond', bn);
Insert from beg (n);
break;
            printf. ("In Fater number:");
            sconf ("%d', bn);
            insert-from-end(n);
            break:
           case 3:
             printf ("/n Enter number : ");
             sconf ("ofd", &n);
```

```
printf ("In Enter the position: ");
  scent (" * kd " , &pos);
  break;
cape 4!
  del-from-bag ();
   break;
case 5
   del from-end();
   break:
case 6:
    printf ("In Enter the position to detete: ");
    sconf ("hd", a pos);
     del-from-sp-pos (pos);
    break !
 case 7.
     printfil'in Enter the elevent to sead i's;
     Scanf ("bd", an);
     search (n);
      break;
 Case 8:
     display ();
      break;
  Croeg
      Feet Col;
 default:
     printf "Invalid choice. In");
```

#### # Activities

In this lab, we performed vanous operations of Doubly linked but.

- D Insertion Operations
- @ Delehon Operations
- 3 Display / Traversal Operation
- @ Search operation

## # Conclusion

I learned about the implementation of Doubly Linked Cot & it, conour operations.