

# Apex College

## BCIS Program

Affiliated to Pokhara University



Data Structure & Algorithms  
Lab Report

10.

Circular Linked List

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## # Lab 10 Circular Linked List | Objectives

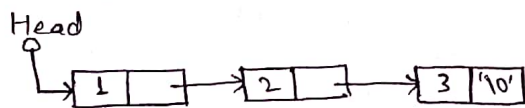
- To understand about Circular Linked List
- To implement various operations of Circular Linked List.

## # Introduction

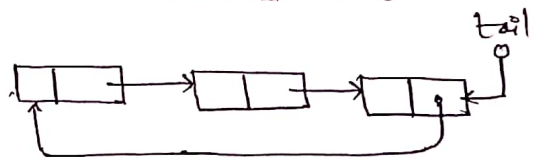
Circular linked list is a linked list where all nodes are connected to form a circle. There is no NULL at end.

In singly linked list, we can traverse whole list to the end, if we need to go back to first or starting node, then we need to repeat the process from start. But by using circular linked list we can link first node to the first node of list, which made easy to traverse list and perform other operations.

Singly linked list



Circular Linked List



## # A program to perform ~~add~~ different operations in Circular Linked List.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h> #include <stdbool.h>
```

```
struct list {
```

```
    int data; struct list *next; };
```

```
typedef struct list node;
```

```
void insert-from-beg (node **tail, int item) {  
    node *temp;  
    temp = (node *) malloc (sizeof (node));  
    temp->data = item;  
    if (*tail == NULL) {  
        temp->next = temp;  
        *tail = temp;  
    }  
    else {  
        temp->next = (*tail)->next;  
        (*tail)->next = temp;  
    }  
}
```

```
void insert-from-end (node **tail, int item) {  
    node *temp;  
    temp = (node *) malloc (sizeof (node));  
    temp->data = item;  
    if (*tail == NULL) {  
        temp->next = (*tail)->next; temp;  
        *tail = temp;  
    }  
    else {  
        temp->next = (*tail)->next;  
        (*tail)->next = temp;  
        *tail = temp;  
    }  
}
```

```
void insert-from-sp-pos (node **tail, int item, int pos) {  
    int i;  
    node *temp, *temp1;  
    temp = (node *) malloc (sizeof (node));  
    temp->data = item;  
    temp1 = (*tail)->next;
```

```

for (i = 1; i < pos-1; i++) {
    temp1 = temp1->next;
    ?
temp->next = temp1->next;
temp1->next = temp;
}

```

```

int del-from-beg (node **tail);
node *temp;
int item = -1;
if (*tail == NULL)
    printf("List is empty.\n");
else {
    temp = (*tail)->next;
    (*tail)->next = temp->next;
    item = temp->data;
    free(temp);
}
return item;
}

```

```

int del-from-end (node **tail) {
    node *temp, *temp1;
    int item = -1;
    if (*tail == NULL)
        printf("List is empty.\n");
    else if ((*tail)->next == *tail) {
        temp = *tail;
        item = temp->data;
        free(temp);
        *tail = NULL;
    }
    else {
        temp1 = (*tail)->next;

```

```
while (temp->next != *tail)
    temp1 = temp->next;
```

```
temp1->next = (*tail)->next;
```

```
temp = *tail;
```

```
*tail = temp1;
```

```
item = temp->data;
```

```
free (temp);
```

```
}  
return item;
```

```
int del_from_sp_pos (node **tail, int pos) {
```

```
int i, item; item = -1;
```

```
node *temp, **temp1;
```

```
temp = (*tail)->next;
```

```
for (i = 1; i < pos; i++) {
```

```
    temp1 = temp;
```

```
    temp = temp->next; }  
}
```

```
temp1->next = temp->next;
```

```
item = temp->data;
```

```
free (temp);
```

```
return item;
```

```
}
```

```
void display (node **tail) {
```

```
node *temp;
```

```
temp = (*tail)->next;
```

```
printf ("The elements in the list: \n");
```

```
do {
```

```
    printf ("%d", temp->data);
```

```
    temp = temp->next;
```

```

    } while (temp != *tail);
    print(n);
}
}

```

```

bool search (node **tail, int item) {
    node *current;
    current = (*tail) -> next;
    printf ("%d", *current);
    return if (*tail != NULL) {
        do {
            if (current -> data == item)
                return true;

            current = current current -> next;
        } while (current != *tail);

        return false;
    }
}

```

```

int main() {
    node *tail = NULL;
    int item, choice, pos, item;

    while (1) {
        print ("1. Insert from Beginning. -

```

```

        printf ("Enter your choice: \n");

```

```

        scanf ("%d", &choice);

```

```

        switch (choice) {

```

```

            case 1:

```

```

                printf ("Enter the data: \n");

```

```

                scanf ("%d", &item);

```



```
insert-from-bag (&tail, item);  
scanf ("%d", &item); break;
```

Case 2:

```
printf ("Enter the data:");  
scanf ("%d", &item);  
insert-from-end (&tail, item);  
break;
```

Case 3:

```
printf ("Enter the data: \n");  
scanf ("%d", &item);  
printf ("Enter the position: \n");  
scanf ("%d", &pos);  
insert-from-sp-pos (&del, item, pos);  
break;
```

Case 4:

```
item = del-from-bag (&tail);  
printf ("%d is deleted \n", item);  
break;
```

Case 5:

```
item = del-from-end (&tail);  
printf ("%d is deleted \n", item);  
break;
```

Case 6:

```
printf ("Enter the position to be deleted");  
scanf ("%d", &pos);  
del-from-sp-pos (&tail, pos);  
printf ("%d is deleted \n", item);  
break;
```

```
case 7:  
    display (btail);  
    break;
```

```
case 8:  
    printf("Enter value for search: \n");  
    scanf("%d", &item);  
    if (search (btail; item))  
        printf("The value %d has been found. \n", item);  
    else {  
        printf("The value is not found. \n");  
        break;
```

```
case 9:  
    exit(0);
```

```
default:  
    printf("Invalid choice");
```

```
}  
return 0  
}
```

### # Activation

We performed different operations in this lab like insert, delete, search, display etc.

### # Conclusion

I learned about the implementation of circular linked list with its different operations.