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1.

$$\begin{aligned} \langle (0, 1, 0, 1), (0, 1, 1, 1) \rangle &= (0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1) (0, 1, 1, 1)^T \\ &= (0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 2. \end{aligned}$$

⑥ we know that

[illegible]

and $|0111\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}_{16\times 1}$

then the inner product is defined as —

$$\langle 0101 | 0111 \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \dots 0 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \dots 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \dots 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \dots 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0.$$

② We know that $H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$H|0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$H|1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Now, we know that $|0\rangle \otimes |1\rangle$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ 0 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\otimes H \otimes H = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} & 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} & -1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

So, $H|0\rangle \otimes H|1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ 1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\phi (H \otimes H) (|10\rangle \otimes |11\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore H|10\rangle \otimes H|11\rangle = (H \otimes H) (|10\rangle \otimes |11\rangle).$$

③ We know that $H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $X = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $Z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Now, ~~the~~ $|10\rangle$ & $|11\rangle$ form a basis so,

$$H X H (|10\rangle) = H X \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |10\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |11\rangle \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} H (X |10\rangle + X |11\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} H (|11\rangle + |10\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} |10\rangle \right) = |10\rangle.$$

$$\phi H X H (|11\rangle) = H X \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle - |11\rangle) \right)$$

$$= \cancel{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle)} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle - |11\rangle) \right)$$

$$= \cancel{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} H (|11\rangle - |10\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle - |11\rangle) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (-2 |11\rangle) = -|11\rangle.$$

So, $H X H (|10\rangle) = Z (|10\rangle)$ & $H X H (|11\rangle) = Z (|11\rangle)$

~~of~~ AS HXH & Z are equal on basis
element S_u , they are same linear transform

$$\therefore HXH = Z$$

④ Note $H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ & $CNOT = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

As $X = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$= \begin{pmatrix} I_2 & 0 \\ 0 & X \end{pmatrix}$

& $H \otimes H = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} H & H \\ H & -H \end{pmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow (H \otimes H) CNOT (H \otimes H)$

$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} H & H \\ H & -H \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} I_2 & 0 \\ 0 & X \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} H & H \\ H & -H \end{pmatrix}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} H & H \\ H & -H \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} H & H \\ XH & -XH \end{pmatrix}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} H^2 HXH & H^2 - HXH \\ H^2 HXH & H^2 + HXH \end{pmatrix}$

~~we know that~~ (we know that $H^2 = I_2$ & $HXH = Z$)

$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} I_2 + Z & I_2 - Z \\ I_2 - Z & I_2 + Z \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = A(\text{say})$

~~$(H \otimes H) CNOT (H \otimes H) |00\rangle =$~~

$A |00\rangle = A \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = |00\rangle$

$A |01\rangle = A \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = |11\rangle$

$A |10\rangle = A \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = |20\rangle$

$A |11\rangle = A \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = |01\rangle$

The A is a 2-qubit gate where the 2nd bit controls ~~whether~~ the operation whether the first bit is negated.

i.e., when 2nd bit is 0 there is no change but when 2nd bit is 1 then first bit flips.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \textcircled{5} \left(\langle 0 | \otimes I \right) \left(\alpha_{00} | 00 \rangle + \alpha_{01} | 01 \rangle + \alpha_{10} | 10 \rangle + \alpha_{11} | 11 \rangle \right) \\
 &= \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^* \right)^T \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ \alpha_{01} \\ \alpha_{10} \\ \alpha_{11} \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ \alpha_{01} \\ \alpha_{10} \\ \alpha_{11} \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ \alpha_{01} \\ \alpha_{10} \\ \alpha_{11} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{00} \\ \alpha_{01} \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \underline{\alpha_{00} | 0 \rangle + \alpha_{01} | 1 \rangle}
 \end{aligned}$$