

Question-1: Let,  $|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$ . Then, find an unitary matrix  $M$  such that,  $M|\psi\rangle = |0\rangle$  and  $M|\psi^\perp\rangle = |1\rangle$ , where  $|\psi^\perp\rangle = \beta^*|0\rangle - \alpha^*|1\rangle$ .

Soln:-

Let,  $M = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$  be an unitary matrix which

Satisfy all the condition.

$$\text{Now, } M|\psi\rangle = |0\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow |\psi\rangle = M^\dagger|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} a^* & c^* \\ b^* & d^* \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a^* \\ b^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha^* \\ \beta^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Also, } M|\psi^\perp\rangle = |1\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow |\psi^\perp\rangle = M^\dagger \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a^* & c^* \\ b^* & d^* \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \beta^* \\ -\alpha^* \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c^* \\ d^* \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \beta \\ -\alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore M = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha^* & \beta^* \\ \beta & -\alpha \end{pmatrix}$$