

# Problem 134

Iñaki Silanes

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## 1 Definition

Given the positive integers,  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$ , are consecutive terms of an arithmetic progression, the least value of the positive integer,  $n$ , for which the equation,  $x^2 - y^2 - z^2 = n$ , has exactly two solutions is  $n = 27$ :

$$34^2 - 27^2 - 20^2 = 12^2 - 9^2 - 6^2 = 27 \tag{1}$$

It turns out that  $n = 1155$  is the least value which has exactly ten solutions.

How many values of  $n$  less than one million have exactly ten distinct solutions?

## 2 Solution(s) and proof

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