



# HTML5

## SESSION 4



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SESSION 4

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TEST YOURSELF

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## Form

The `<form>` tag is a container for various input elements that allow users to enter and submit data to a server. It's one of the most important elements in HTML for creating interactive web pages.

### form tag `<form></form>`

- Block element
- Opening & Closing Tag

#### Main attributes Form

- action : Specifies the URL (server endpoint) where the form data will be sent. [`<form action="/submit.php"> </form>`]
- method : Defines the HTTP method used to send form data. [`<form method="post"> </form>`]
  - `GET` → data is appended to the URL (visible in the address bar).
  - `POST` → data is sent in the body (more secure, used for login/registration).
- novalidate : Disables HTML5 form validation. [`<form novalidate></form>`]

### Login Here

Username:

Password:

Not yet a Member? [Register](#)

## Input & Label

### Input :

The `<input>` element in HTML is used to create interactive controls in web forms to accept data from the user.

- Self Closing Tag
- Inline element

Input has a several attributes :

- type : Specifies the **type** of input (e.g., text, password, email, number, checkbox, radio).
- `<input type="text">`
- you can add attributes like **class** or **id**

type = "text"	Name : <input type="text"/>
type = "password"	Password : <input type="password"/>
type = "email"	Email : <input type="email"/>
type = "number"	Age : <input type="number"/>
type = "checkbox"	<input type="checkbox"/> HTML
type = "radio"	<input type="radio"/> Male
type = "button"	<input type="button" value="login"/>
type = "color"	<input type="color"/>
type = "date"	Bithe-date : <input type="text" value="mm/dd/yyyy"/>

### label :

In HTML, the `<label>` element is used to define a label for an input element, helping users understand what the input is for. It also improves accessibility and usability, especially for screen readers.

- for** : to associate the label with a specific form control (like `<input>`, `<select>`, etc.). This improves accessibility and usability.
- for linked with input id -> `for="username"` → matches the `id="username"` of the input element.
- Opening and Closing Tag
- Inline element

User Name:

password:

```
1 <label for="user-name"> User Name:
2 <input type="text" name="name" id="user-name" />
3 </label>
4 <label for="pass-w"> password :
5 <input type="password" name="password" id="pass-w" />
6 </label>
```

## Input Attributes

**Placeholder - Hidden - Disabled - Value - Required - Autofocus - Maxlength - Minlength:**

**Placeholder** : to display a short hint or example text inside the field.

**Hidden** : used to hide an element from the page.

**Disabled** : used to make form elements uneditable and unclickable.

**Value** : used to specify the initial value of a form element like `<input>`, `<button>`.

**Required** : used to make form fields mandatory.

**Autofocus** : used to automatically place the cursor inside a specific form field as soon as the page loads.

**Maxlength** : used to set the maximum number of characters a user can enter in an `<input>` or `<textarea>` field.

**Minlength** : used to set the minimum number of characters that the user must enter in an `<input>` or `<textarea>` field before the form can be submitted.

**readonly** : you can add to most input types to make them non-editable while still allowing the user to focus and copy the text.

<code>&lt;input type="text" placeholder="Add Your UserName"&gt;</code>	<input type="text" value="Add Your UserName"/>
<code>&lt;input type="text" name="" id="" hidden &gt;</code>	
<code>&lt;input type="text" value="xxxxxxx" name="" id="" disabled &gt;</code>	<input type="text" value="xxxxxxx"/>
<code>&lt;input type="text" name="" id="" required &gt;</code>	<input type="text"/>
<code>&lt;input type="text" name="" id="" autofocus &gt;</code>	<input type="text"/>
<code>&lt;input type="text" name="" id="" maxlength="10"&gt;</code>	<input type="text"/>
<code>&lt;input type="text" name="" id="" minlength="8"&gt;</code>	<input type="text"/>
<code>&lt;input type="text" name="" id="" value="46S7WE%&amp;FG" readonly &gt;</code>	<input type="text" value="46S7WE%&amp;FG"/>

## Submit - Reset - button

The submit type is used with the `<input>` element to send the form data to the server.

A reset type is used to clear all the input fields in a form and return them to their default values.

button :

- Opening and Closing Tag
- Inline Element
- The onclick attribute is used to run JavaScript code when the user clicks an element, like a button.

<input type="submit" name = "" id ="">	Submit
<input type="reset" name="" id="">	Reset
<button onclick="alert('Hello!')>Click Me</button>	Click Me

## Hidden & disabel

Feature	hidden	disabel
Visible?	✗ No	✓ Yes (but grayed out)
User interaction	✗ Not possible	✗ Not possible
In the DOM?	✓ Yes	✓ Yes
Sent in form?	✓ Yes (if shown later)	✗ No

## Example

Username :

Password :

```
1 <form action method="post">
2   <label for="username">Username : </label>
3   <input type="text" name="username" id="username" required
4     placeholder="Add Your Name" maxlength="30">
5   <br>
6   <br>
7   <label for="password">Password :</label>
8   <input type="password" name="password" id="password" required
9     placeholder="Add Your Password" maxlength="15" minlength="8">
10  <br>
11  <br>
12  <button>Login</button>
13 </form>
```

Note : Chang Methode to get and see URL

## Assignment

### Student Registration Form

Fill in this form to register

First Name

Last Name

E-mail

Date of Birth

Set Username

Set Password