



2-Channel Equalizer Amplifier with ALC

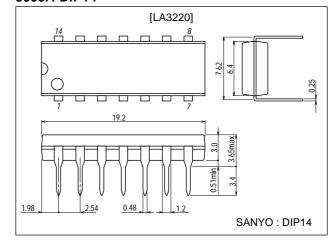
Features

- Dual pre-amp with built-in ALC (pre-amp \times 2 + ALC \times 2).
- Due to high gain, recording amp can be formed separately (variable monitor possible).
- ALC and direct motor drive obtained through SEPP output stage.
- Good ALC response balance between channels.
- Good reduced voltage characteristic.
- Excellent channel separation.
- Quick stabilization during power supply input.

Package Dimensions

unit:mm

3003A-DIP14



Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum power supply voltage	V _{CC} max		14	V
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta≤40°C	600	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-20 to +75	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C
ALC Tr. allowable current			3.5	mA

Operating Conditions at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended power supply voltage	VCC		5 to 13	V
Load resistance	RL		not less than 680	Ω

Operating Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, $V_{CC}=5V$, f=1kHz, $R_L=10k\Omega$ (PB), $Rg=680\Omega$ (REC),

See specified Test Circuit.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings		
Farameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent current	Icco			4.5	10	mA
Open voltage gain	VGO			85		dB
Voltage gain	VG	РВ		40		dB
Voltage gain		REC		58		dB
Maximum output voltage	V _O max	THD=1%, PB	0.9	1.2		V

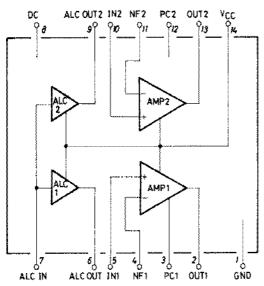
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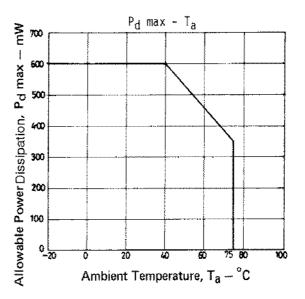
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings		
Falanielei	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Total harmonic distortion	THD	V _O =0.5V, PB		0.1	1.0	%
Input resistance	rį		21	30		kΩ
Channel separation	SEP	Rg=2.2k Ω , V $_{O}$ =0dB, PB	40	50		dB
Noise voltage converted to input	V _{NI}	Rg=2.2kΩ, B.P.F.=20Hz to 20kHz, PB		1.0	2.0	μV
ALC width		V _i =-60dBm, REC	35	45		dB
ALC balance		V _i =-20dBm, REC		0	2.0	dB
ALC distortion		V _i =-60dBm, REC		0.5	2.0	%

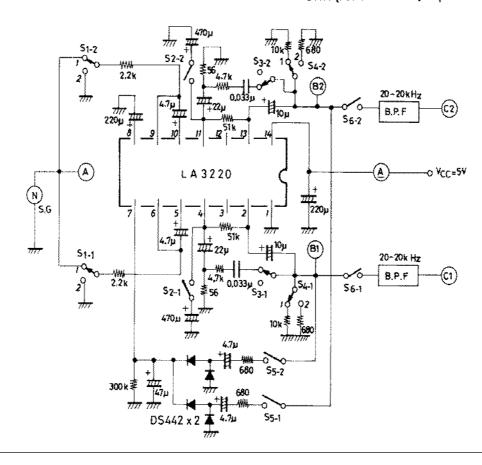
Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram





Test Circuit

Unit (resistance: Ω, capacitance: F)

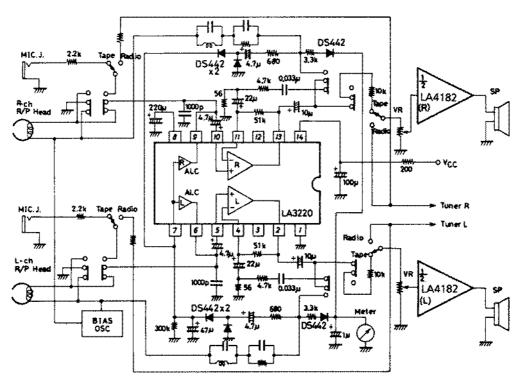


Test Procedure

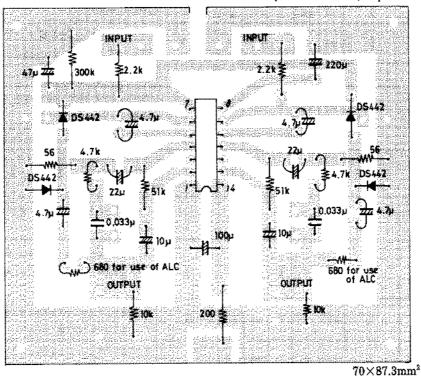
Item	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	Measurement location	Procedure
Icco	2	off	off	1	off	off	_	Read ammeter.
VGO	1	on	off	1	off	off	A, B	Measure at $VG_O=20log\ V_O/V_I\ (dB)$ with input voltage at V_I ; output voltage at V_O .
VG	1	off	on	1	off	off	A, B	VG=20log V _O /V _I (dB)
V _O max	1	off	on	1	off	off	В	Measure output voltage V _O at THD=1%.
THD	1	off	on	1	off	off	В	Measure distortion factor at V _O =0.5V.
CH sep	S ₁₋₁ S ₁₋₂ 1 2 2 1	off	on	1	off	off	В	Measure crosstaik of amp 1, 2 at output voltage V _O =0dBm.
V _{NI}	2	off	on	1	off	on	С	Obtain output nois voltage in 1kHz gain equivalent when Rg=2.2kΩ.
ALC width	1	off	off	2	on	off	В	Input voltage renge from when input voltage V _I =–60dBm until output voltage V _O goes up 3dB.
ALC balance	1	off	off	2	on	off	В	Output voltage V _O level differnce between amp 1, 2 when input voltage V _I =–20dBm is applied.
ALC distortion	1	off	off	2	on	off	В	Measure distortion factor when input voltage VI=–20Bm is applied.

Sample Application Circuit: Variable Moniter System

Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)



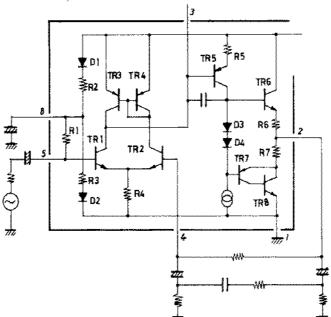
Unit (resistance: 12, capacitance: +)



Example of Print Pattern (copper foil side)

1. Circuit Construction

1) This is a dual pre-amp composed of AMP \times 2, ACL \times 2. Input is obtained from NPN differntial TR1, TR2; and differntial load uses active element TR3 to obtain high voltage gain. The output stage is push-pull system with drive for low load impedance, and can be directly connected to ALC circuit and meter circuit. Also, because the amp open loop gain is sufficiently high, it can be used for recording amp and variable monitor is possible. Input impedance is determined by built-in resistor R1, and is $30k\Omega$.



2) ALC Circuit

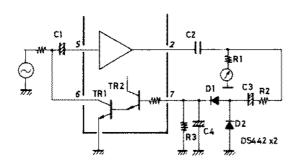
The ALC circuit is composed of TR1, TR2, and due to DC voltage applied to the 7 control terminals, allows variable impedance between TR1 collector and emitter and controls pre-amp input level.

* Attack Time and Recovery Time

Attack time is between when input signal is applied until ALC begins to operate. Rcover time is between justed by R2, C3 time constant. Recovery time is between when input signal disappears to when amp level returns to the original level. Attack time can be adjusted by C4, R3 time constant.

continued on next page.

The rectification circuit, which obtaines ALC control voltage, should be a voltage doubler with superior compression ratio. Also, for low voltage 6V sets, etc., a germanium diode is recommended for D1, D2.



Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)

2. Closed loop gain VG (f=1kHz)

Closed loop voltage gain is gotten at (f=1kHz) VG ≈ 20log Z1/Z3

If Z1=7.2k
$$\Omega$$

$$Z3=56\Omega$$

VG=
$$20\log 7.2 \times 10^3 / 56 \text{ becomes} = 42 \text{dB}.$$

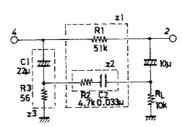
Therefore, equalizer response is determined by these constants. So, playback amp gain is:

a. 20log R1/R3 in low frequency regions

b. 20log Z2/Z3 in high frequency regions

Recording amp gain is

VG=20log R1/R3



3. External constants

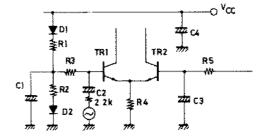
External constants are related to the operation starting time of the amp.

The operation starting time is designed to be within 0.2s, but in this case it is necessary that the differential TR1 and TR2 is the same in time constant. The condition is:

 $C1 (R1//R2) = R5 \cdot C3$

Example : If C1=220
$$\mu$$
, R1//R2=5 $k\Omega$, R5=51 $k\Omega$

then C3 is 22µF



- · C1 is a decoupling capacitor, and its capacity changes the ripple rejection rate. (If capacity is large, ripple rejection rate is large.) It is also related to the amp operation starting time, and when R5, C3 time constant is large, C1 must also be made large. The recommended value is 220µF.
- · C2 is an input capacitor, and more than 4.7µF is recommended.
- · C3 is an NF capacitor, and determines the low region cut-off frequency. If C3 is increased, operation starting time lengthens. 10µF is recommended. The recommended constants therefore are :

R5 (RF)	C1 (CD)	C2 (IN)	C3 (NF)
51k to100kΩ	220μF	4.7μF	22μF
200 k Ω	330uF	10uF	10uF

We do not recommended more than $200k\Omega$ for R5 which lengthens amp operation starting time.

4. Notes on Use

1) Oscillation

When the amp closed loop gain is lowered, oscillation will occur, so when using it with under 40dB gain, connect 10pF between pin 3 and pin 2, and $0.033\mu F$ (mylar) + 10Ω to the load end. When closed loop gain is below VG=30dB, it should not be used.

2) Radio Interference Prevention

Connect about 1000pF between input pin (pin 5) and the ground.

Unit (resistance: Ω, capacitance: F)

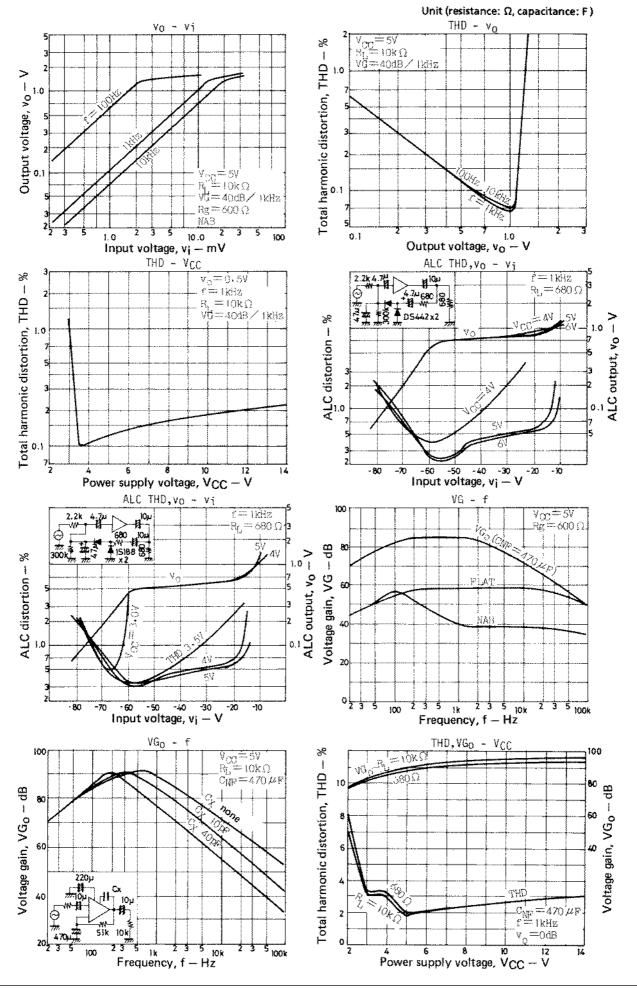
3) Maximu Rating

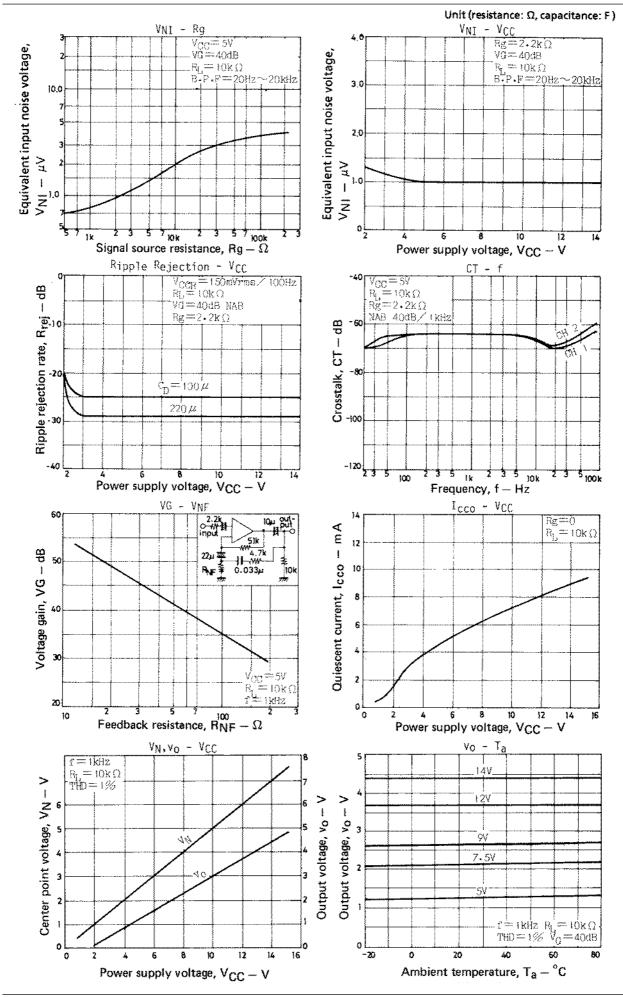
 V_{CC} max is V_{CC} =14V, and it should not go over this. The recommended power supply voltage is 5V to 13V.

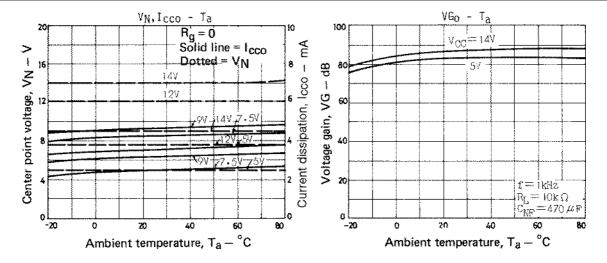
4) Load Impedance

The total load impedance as seen from the output terminal should not be less than 680Ω .

- 5) A shrt between pins will cause breakdown or deterioration.
- 6) A load short will cause breakdown or deterioration.







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