## Injeção de falhas

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## Falhas assumidas

- Perda aleatória de pacotes;
- Corrupção aleatória de dados.

## Modelagem de falhas

- Inicialmente considerou-se modelar as falhas na parte do envio, porém em broadcast de rede, a falha ocorreria para todos os nós;
- Optou-se por injetar as falhas no nó destinatário das mensagens, onde cada nó pode aleatoriamente corromper ou perder um pacote de maneira individualizada;
- Com isso, para o mesmo pacote em um broadcast, um nó pode sofrer uma falha, enquanto outro nó não é afetado.

```
. .
 bool Protocol::readDatagramSocket(Datagram *datagramBuff, int socketfd, sockaddr_in *senderAddr,
                                   std::vector<unsigned char> *buff, int dropChance, int corruptChance) {
     socklen t senderAddrLen = sizeof(senderAddr);
     ssize_t bytes_received = recvfrom(fd:socketfd, buf:buff->data(), n:buff->size(), flags:0,
                                       reinterpret_cast<struct sockaddr *>(senderAddr), &senderAddrLen);
     if (bytes_received < 0)
         return false;
     buff->resize(bytes_received);
     // Generate fault returns true if the package should be dropped.
     if (generateFault(buff, dropChance, corruptChance))
         return false; // Package dropped
     unsigned int checkSum = TypeUtils::buffToUnsignedInt(*buff, 1:20);
     unsigned int computedCheckSum = computeChecksum(buff);
     if (checkSum != computedCheckSum) {
         Logqer::loq(message: & "Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.", LogLevel::FAULT);
         // Package corrupted
         return false;
     bufferToDatagram([&]*datagramBuff, *buff);
     const std::vector dataVec(first:buff->beqin() + 24, last:buff->beqin() + 24 + dataqramBuff->getDataLength());
     datagramBuff->setData( n dataVec);
     return true;
 }
```

```
// Will return true if the packet should be dropped.
bool Protocol::generateFault(std::vector<unsigned char>* data, int dropChance, int corruptChance) {
    // Return true if package should be dropped.
    if (FaultInjector::returnTrueByChance(dropChance)) {
        Logger::log(message: 4 "Packet received will be dropped and ignored.", LogLevel::FAULT);
        return true;
    // If the package is not dropped, verify if the package should be corrupted.
    if (FaultInjector::returnTrueByChance(corruptChance)) {
        FaultInjector::corruptVector(data);
    return false;
```

```
void FaultInjector::corruptVector(std::vector<unsigned char>* data) {
    if (!data || data->empty()) {
        return;
    std::random_device rd;
    std::mt19937 gen(sd:rd());
    // Select some indexes of the datagram data.
    std::uniform_int_distribution<> indexDis(a:0, b:data->size() - 1);
    // Select a number of corruptions between 1 and half of the data.
    std::uniform_int_distribution<> numCorruptions(a:1, b:data->size()/2);
    int corruptionCount = numCorruptions([&]gen);
    // Iterate over the selected corrupted bytes, inverting them.
    for (int i = 0; i < corruptionCount; ++i) {</pre>
        int index = indexDis([&]qen);
        unsigned char originalValue = (*data)[index];
        unsigned char corruptedValue = ~originalValue;
        (*data)[index] = corruptedValue;
```

# Testes

## Código de teste

- Para testar as implementações realizadas nas últimas etapas, um código de teste foi implementado, o qual envia 100 mensagens sendo ela unicasts ou broadcasts;
- Os testes foram executados 5 vezes para cada perfil, para aumentar a confiança dos mesmos;
- Foi definido um grupo de **três nós** para os testes.

## Unicast

```
. .
 if (type == "1") {
     std::string idString = std::string();
     std::cout << "Choose which node you want to send the message:" << std::endl;
     std::cin >> idString;
     std::cin.ignore(); // Remove this if necessary
     int success = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {
         std::string message = "Node: " + std::to_string(strtol(argv[1], nullptr, 10)) + " | Message: " + std::to_string(i);
         std::vector<unsigned char> messageBytes(message.begin(), message.end());
         bool sent = rb.send(strtol(arqv[1], nullptr, 10), messageBytes);
         if (sent)
             success++;
     std::cout << "Success in " + std::to_string(success) + " of 100 messages." << std::endl;
     std::cout << "Messages contents:" << std::endl;</pre>
     if (idString == std::to_string(strtol(argv[1], nullptr, 10))){
         for (int i = 0; i < success; i++) {
             auto receivedMessage = rb.receive();
             std::string str(receivedMessage.second.begin(), receivedMessage.second.end());
             std::cout << str << std::endl;</pre>
```

## Broadcast

```
. .
 else if (type == "2") {
     int success = 0:
     for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {
         std::string message = "Node: " + std::to_string(strtol(argv[1], nullptr, 10)) + " | Message: " + std::to_string(i);
         std::vector<unsigned char> messageBytes(message.begin(), message.end());
         bool sent = rb.sendBroadcast(messageBytes);
         if (sent){
             success++;
         } else {
             std::cout << "Message failed." << std::endl;</pre>
     std::cout << "Success in " + std::to_string(success) + " of 100 messages." << std::endl;
     std::cout << "Messages contents:" << std::endl;</pre>
     for (int i = 0; i < success; i++) {
         auto receivedMessage = rb.receive();
         std::string str(receivedMessage.second.begin(), receivedMessage.second.end());
         std::cout<<str<<std::endl;</pre>
```

### Perfis de teste

- Considerando os diversos perfis de rede, foi realizada uma pesquisa para definir perfis de rede, e assim foram decididos os perfis:
  - 1% de perda de pacote com 0% de corrupção;
  - 1% de perda de pacote com 1% de corrupção;

## Logs

Sistema de log implementado, com o tipo de log FAULT.

#### Drop:

```
[2024-11-11 10:29:50] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
```

#### **Corrupted:**

[2024-11-11 10:29:50] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.

## Resultados

## Teste perfil 1% de perda com 0% de corrupção

```
Message type: 1 for unicast test and 2 for broadcast test
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:21] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:22] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:22] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:22] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:22] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:22] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:23] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:23] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:23] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:23] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:24] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:24] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:12:24] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
```

## Teste perfil 1% de perda com 0% de corrupção

```
Success in 100 of 100 messages.
Messages contents:
Node: 0 | Message: 0
        | Message: 1
Node: 0
Node: 0
        Message: 2
         Message: 3
Node: 0
Node: 0
        Message: 4
Node: 0
         Message: 5
Node: 0
         Message: 6
         Message: 7
Node: 0
Node: 0
          Message: 8
Node: 0
         Message: 9
Node: 0
         Message: 10
         Message: 11
Node: 0
Node: 0 | Message: 12
```

## Teste perfil 1% de perda com 1% de corrupção

```
Message type: 1 for unicast test and 2 for broadcast test
[2024-11-11 10:15:24] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded,
[2024-11-11 10:15:26] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:26] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.
[2024-11-11 10:15:26] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.
[2024-11-11 10:15:26] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:26] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:27] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.
[2024-11-11 10:15:27] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:27] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.
[2024-11-11 10:15:27] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.
[2024-11-11 10:15:28] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:28] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:28] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:28] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.
[2024-11-11 10:15:28] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:28] [FAULT] Packet received is now corrupted and will not be responded.
[2024-11-11 10:15:29] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
[2024-11-11 10:15:29] [FAULT] Packet received will be dropped and ignored.
```

## Teste perfil 1% de perda com 1% de corrupção

```
Success in 100 of 100 messages.
Messages contents:
Node: 0 | Message: 0
Node: 0 | Message: 1
Node: 0 | Message: 2
Node: 0 | Message: 3
Node: 0 | Message: 4
Node: 0 | Message: 5
Node: 0 | Message: 6
Node: 0 | Message: 7
Node: 0 | Message: 8
Node: 0 | Message: 9
Node: 0 | Message: 10
Node: 0 | Message: 11
Node: 0 | Message: 12
Node: 0 | Message: 13
Node: 0 | Message: 14
Node: 0 | Message: 15
Node: 0 | Message: 16
Node: 0 | Message: 17
Node: 0 | Message: 18
```

### **Demais resultados**

Com objetivo de testar a biblioteca, foram realizados testes também com:

- 3% de perda de pacote e 1% de corrupção
- 3% de perda de pacote com 2% de corrupção

com resultados similares aos anteriores.

### Teste de ordem

• Utilizando o teste de 1% de perda de pacotes com 1% de corrupção, foi realizado um teste onde dois realizam o teste de broadcast ao mesmo tempo, a fim de testar a ordem das mensagens.

#### Teste de ordem

```
Message content: Node: 0
Message content: Node: 0
lessage content: Node: 0
lessage type: 1 for unicast and 2 for broadcast
Message content: Node: 1
Message content: Node: 1
```

```
Message type: 1 for unicast and 2 for broadcast
```

### Conclusão

- A biblioteca em seu estado atual possui tolerância a falhas por perda de pacote e corrupção de dados;
- Um caso excepcional foi identificado onde o fluxo do remetente é interrompido em casos com maior número de falhas foi identificado e será investigado.