

```
// The input facNum's name is short for factorial number.
function factorial(facNum) {
  // The let variable toRe will be used in the for loop used to calculate facNum's
  // factorial. To do this, it will be multiplied by decrementing values of
  // facNum. Since it is will be multiplied, it was initialized with the initial value
  // of 1.
  let toRe = 1;
  // By the end of this for loop, toRe will have been reassigned facNum's factorial.
  // Here is how it works:
  // 1.Check the current value of facNum and see if that value is >= 1
  // 2.Run code to reassign toRe itself multiplied by the current value
  //   of facNum if facNum is >= 1
  // 3.Decrement facNum then repeat steps 1 and 2
  // 4.The for loop stops running when facNum is decremented to 0
  for (let i = facNum; facNum >= 1; facNum--) {
    toRe *= facNum;
  }
  // returns toRe, which now holds the value of facNum's factorial
  return toRe;
}

console.log(factorial(3)); // 6
console.log(factorial(4)); // 24
console.log(factorial(5)); // 120
```