DEMO SCRPIT LOCALIZER

1.CODE:

```
import streamlit as st
from transformers import AutoTokenizer, AutoModelForTokenClassification, pipeline
import openai
import random
import os
import base64
# Set the OpenAI API key
openai.api key = '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'
# Load a pre-trained NER model
tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained("dslim/bert-base-NER")
model = AutoModelForTokenClassification.from pretrained("dslim/bert-base-NER")
nlp = pipeline("ner", model=model, tokenizer=tokenizer)
# Prepare lists of names for each country
first names india = ['Rahul', 'Priya', 'Vijay', 'Anita']
last names india = ['Sharma', 'Kumar', 'Singh', 'Desai']
first names china = ['Li', 'Wang', 'Zhang', 'Liu', 'Chen']
last_names_china = ['Li', 'Wang', 'Zhang', 'Liu', 'Chen']
first names usa = ['James', 'Mary', 'John', 'Patricia']
last names_usa = ['Smith', 'Johnson', 'Williams', 'Brown']
# Streamlit UI
st.title('Demo Script Localization')
# User inputs
uploaded file = st.file uploader("Choose a file")
if uploaded file is not None:
  script = uploaded_file.read().decode()
else:
  script= st.text area("if file not uploaded, PASTE YOUR SCRIPT HERE")
target language = st.selectbox('Select target language:', ['Spanish', 'French', 'German'])
target country = st.selectbox('Select target country for names:', ['India', 'China', 'USA'])
# Button to start localization process
if st.button('Localize'):
  # Prepare the translation prompt with examples and the script to translate
  prompt = f"""
  Translate the following English text to {target_language}:
  "{script}"
  111111
  # Generate text in the target language using OpenAI
  response = openai.Completion.create(
   engine="text-davinci-002",
   prompt=prompt,
   temperature=0.5,
   max tokens=2800
```

```
translated script = response.choices[0].text.strip()
  # Process the translated script with the NER model
  ner results = nlp(translated script)
  # Identify the names in the translated script
  names = [ent['word'] for ent in ner results if ent['entity'] == 'I-PER']
  # Prepare dictionaries for first and last name replacements
  first name replacements = {}
  last name replacements = {}
  # Replace each first and last name with a name from the target country
  localized script = translated script
  for name in names:
    name parts = name.split()
    first name = name parts[0]
    last name = name parts[1] if len(name parts) > 1 else "
    if target country == 'India':
       first names = first names india
       last names = last names india
    elif target country == 'China':
       first names = first names china
       last names = last names china
    elif target country == 'USA':
       first names = first names usa
       last names = last names usa
    else:
       first names = []
       last names = []
    replacement first name = first name replacements.get(first name)
    if not replacement first name and first names:
       replacement first name = random.choice(first names)
       first names.remove(replacement first name) # Remove the chosen name from the list
       first name replacements[first name] = replacement first name
    replacement_last_name = last_name_replacements.get(last_name)
    if last name and not replacement last name and last names:
       replacement last name = random.choice(last names)
       last names.remove(replacement last name) # Remove the chosen name from the list
       last name replacements[last name] = replacement last name
    localized script = localized script.replace(first name, replacement first name or first name)
    if last name:
       localized script = localized script.replace(last name, replacement last name or last name)
  # Display the localized script
  st.text_area('Localized Script:', value=localized_script)
  # Download link for localized script
  st.markdown(f<a href="data:file/txt;base64, {base64.b64encode(localized script.encode()).decode()}"
download="localized script.txt">Download Localized Script</a>', unsafe allow html=True)
```

2.REPORT:

2.1 Execution:

Overview of the Problem: The assignment uses Streamlit to create a user interface where users can upload or input a script, choose a target language and target country for name replacement, and then perform the localization. The script leverages OpenAI for translation and Hugging Face's Transformers for NER and token classification.

Approach: To address this, I opted for a pipeline that involves pre-processing, language translation, name replacement, layout preservation, and finalization. I decided to explore the use of OpenAI's language models such as `gpt-3.5-turbo` and `gpt-4` for the translation aspect. For the UI, I chose Streamlit for its user-friendly nature and ease of integration with the localization pipeline.

Tools and Technologies:

Libraries Import:

Libraries like streamlit, transformers, openai, and other utilities are imported.

API Key Setup:

OpenAI API key is set using the provided key.

Pre-trained NER Model Setup:

A pre-trained NER model from Hugging Face is loaded using AutoTokenizer and AutoModelForTokenClassification.

A pipeline for Named Entity Recognition (NER) is created using the loaded model and tokenizer.

Lists of Names:

Lists of first and last names for India, China, and USA are prepared.

Streamlit UI:

A Streamlit app title and UI components for file uploading and selecting target language and country are created.

Localization Process:

When the "Localize" button is clicked:

- The selected script is translated to the chosen target language using the OpenAI API.
- The translated script is processed with the NER model to identify names.
- Names from the identified entities are replaced with names from the selected target country.
- The localized script is displayed in a text area.
- A download link for the localized script is provided.

2.2 Experiments and Challenges:

During development, I experimented with `gpt-3.5-turbo`.I evaluated its output for accuracy, fluency, and context preservation. I also conducted tests with varying document lengths to assess scalability.

Deeplearning:

• used deeplearning based ner: This code uses Flair's pre-trained NER model to identify names in your script. It then replaces each unique first and last name with a unique first and last name from the target country.

- **issue**: The Flair library's models are quite large and can take some time to load, especially the first time they're used. This is because the models need to be downloaded and loaded into memory before they can be used.
- since loading time is our greatest concern we didn't use this NER.

Spacy:

- Named Entity Recognition (NER) model from the spaCy library, which can recognize various types of named entities in a text, including human names (PERSON)
- **issue:** The spaCy library is really faster compared to deeplearning's flair, but the accuracy was crazily poor so after several experiments this library has not been used.

Large input files:

- **issue:** for getting the output for a big input file due to the max_tokens parameter in the openai.Completion.create() function. This parameter limits the length of the generated text. If your input document is large, the translated text might get cut off after reaching this limit.
- To solve this issue, you could split your document into smaller parts and translate each part separately. However, please note that this might affect the context between different parts of the document and will also get rate limit error since we just used the trial version of openapi 'gpt 3.5'.
- **fix:** To avoid hitting the rate limit, we can add a delay between each API call. Python's time module can be used to add a delay.

Complex formatting:

• One of the main challenges was handling complex formatting, especially when translating languages with different text expansion rates. Maintaining the original layout required manual adjustments in some cases. Additionally, ensuring accurate name replacement was a challenge, as some names might have variations or different genders in the target language.

2.3 Error Analysis:

Translation Errors: Potential translation errors could include misinterpretation of idiomatic expressions or cultural nuances. For instance, word-for-word translation might lead to inaccurate meanings.

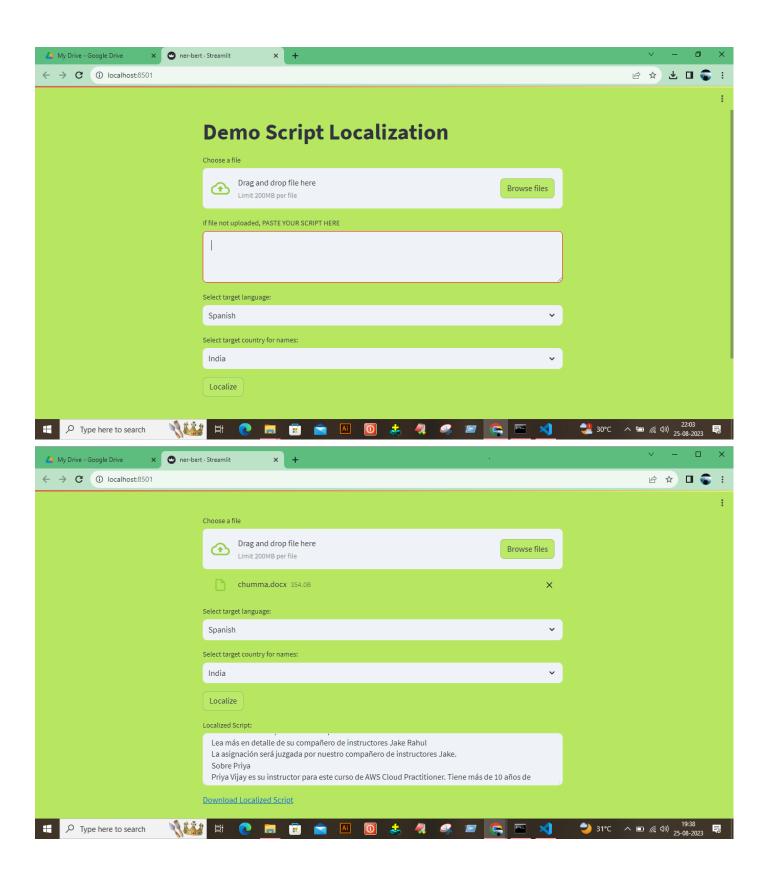
Name Replacement Challenges: In languages where names have gender-specific forms, ensuring proper gender agreement can be challenging. Also, names with phonetic similarities might be replaced incorrectly.

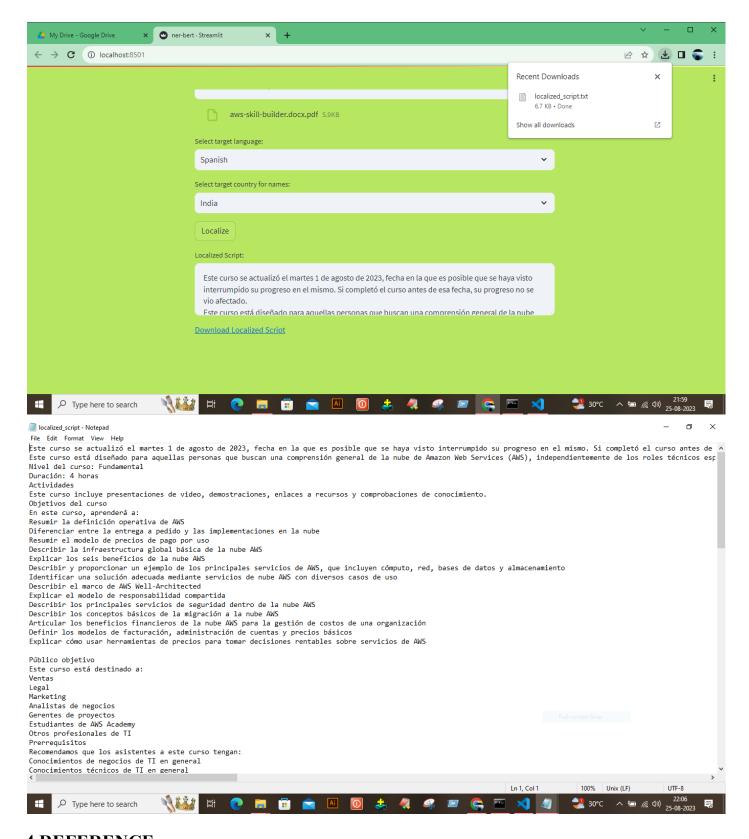
Formatting Issues: Maintaining complex formatting elements like tables, columns, or text boxes while translating is challenging. Text expansion can disrupt the layout.

Handling Rare Words: Technical jargon or domain-specific terms might not be accurately translated by the models, leading to context loss.

User Feedback: User feedback revealed cases where humor or wordplay in the original script didn't translate well. Adjustments were needed to ensure a culturally appropriate tone.

3.UI APP:





4.REFERENCE:

- 1. Streamlit documentation https://docs.streamlit.io/
- 2. Openai documentation https://platform.openai.com/docs/
- 3.Deeplearning.AI courses https://www.deeplearning.ai/short-courses/
- 4. Bert-base-NER-doc https://huggingface.co/dslim/bert-base-NER#bert-base-ner