8-Queens Problem Solved Using Genetic Algorithm

1. Problem Description

The 8-Queens problem is a classic AI challenge: - Place 8 queens on a standard 8x8 chessboard - No two queens may attack each other (no same row, column, or diagonal)

2. Why Genetic Algorithm?

Genetic Algorithm (GA) is a metaheuristic inspired by natural selection. It's useful when: - The search space is large - An optimal or near-optimal solution is acceptable - Traditional methods (e.g., backtracking) are too slow or memory-intensive

3. How GA Works Here

Each solution is encoded as a chromosome: - Example: [4, 6, 1, 5, 2, 0, 3, 7] - Index = column, Value = row position of the queen

The algorithm includes: - Fitness Function \rightarrow max score = 28 (no attacking pairs) - Selection \rightarrow Tournament Selection - Crossover \rightarrow Single Point - Mutation \rightarrow Random swap with small probability

4. Implementation Overview

Main files:

- genetic.py: Defines all core GA logic (generation, fitness, selection, crossover, mutation)
- main.py: Runs the simulation and visualizes results
- visualize.py: Draws the chessboard with queens and fitness graph

Technologies used: - Python - matplotlib - .venv for environment isolation - requirements.txt & .gitignore

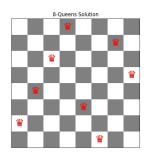
5. Outputs

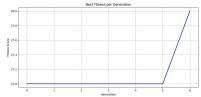
Sample Final Sdution

Solution (queens): [4, 6, 1, 5, 2, 0, 3, 7]

 $\label{thm:chessboard} Chessboard \ \mbox{\sc Vsualization:} \\ \mbox{solution.png}$

Fitness Progress: fitness_progress.png





6. Conclusion

GA successfully finds non-attacking queen placements. - Efficient for small N - May need tuning for large N (mutation/crossover rates)

7. GitHub Repository

https://github.com/ismailzohari/The-8-Queens

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