实训五实训题目参考代码

1. 任意输入一行字符,分别统计字母、数字、空格和其它字符的个数。

```
任意输入一行字符,分别统计字母、数字、空格和其它字符的个数。
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool is_alphabet(char ch)
   return ('a' <= ch && ch <= 'z') || ('A' <= ch && ch <= 'Z');
}
bool is_digital(char ch)
   return '0' <= ch && ch <= '9';
}
bool is_space(char ch)
   return ' ' == ch;
}
int main()
   char str[65535];
   int alphabet, digital, space, other;
   gets(str);
   alphabet = 0;
   digital = 0;
    space = 0;
   other = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < strlen(str); i++)
       if (is_alphabet(str[i]))
       {
           ++alphabet;
       }
       else if (is_digital(str[i]))
       {
           ++digital;
       }
       else if (is_space(str[i]))
           ++space;
       }
       else
```

```
++other;
}

printf("字母个数: %d\n", alphabet);
printf("数字个数: %d\n", digital);
printf("空格个数: %d\n", space);
printf("其他个数: %d\n", other);
return 0;
}
```

2. 打印1000 之内的所有完数。一个数如果正好等于它的因子之和,这个数 就称之为完数。

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool is_perfect_number(int n)
   int sum = 0;
   for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
       if (n \% i == 0)
        {
           sum += i;
       }
   }
   return sum == n;
}
int main()
    for (int val = 1; val <= 1000; val++)
       if(is_perfect_number(val))
           printf("%d\n", val);
        }
   }
   return 0;
}
```

3. 实现菜单功能, 当输入为"退出"的控制时结束。

```
#include <stdio.h>
void menu_help()
   printf("* 1---input
   printf("* 2---search
                                            *\n");
   printf("* 3---sort
                                            *\n");
   printf("* 4---delete
                                            *\n");
   printf("* 0---exit
                                            *\n");
   printf("********************************
n");
   printf("please input your choice(0---4): ");
}
int main()
{
   int choose;
   while (menu_help(), scanf("%d", &choose), choose)
       switch(choose)
          case 1:
              printf("Input\n");
              break;
          case 2:
              printf("Search\n");
              break;
          case 3:
              printf("Sort\n");
              break;
          case 4:
              printf("Delete\n");
              break;
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
```

4. 编程实现10 道+、-、*、/的运算。

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>

#define TIMES(id, size) for(int id = 0; id < (size); id++)

void welcome_msg()
{
    printf("calculator 1.0.0\n");
    printf("Type Simple formula, e.g. 1 + 2\n");
}

int main()
{
    int a, b, ans;</pre>
```

```
char op;
   welcome_msg();
   TIMES(time_id, 10)
       printf(">>> ");
       scanf("%d %c %d",&a, &op, &b);
       switch(op)
       {
           case '+':
              ans = a + b; break;
           case '-':
               ans = a - b; break;
           case '*':
               ans = a * b; break;
           case '/':
               ans = a / b; break;
           default:
               printf("error\n");
               continue;
       }
       printf("%d\n", ans);
   }
   return 0;
}
```