This doc will help me to remind how to use the command of linux. I site where I am learning is https://overthewire.org/wargames/bandit.

### **LEVEL 0:**

To start we have to connect via ssh to the host -> ssh bandit0@bandit.labs.overthewire.org -p 2220 the psw is bandit0

# **LEVEL 1:**

Now we have to read the readme and to repeat our connect but this time to -> ssh bandit1@bandit.labs.overthewire.org -p 2220 with this psw that we had find before NH2SXQwcBdpmTEzi3bvBHMM9H66vVXjL

#### LEVEL 2:

Now you have to read in a file named "-", that is not a normal file because you have to read it with this command "cat <"

rRGizSaX8Mk1RTb1CNQoXTcYZWU6lgzi

### **LEVEL 3:**

Now you have a file named "space in this filename", thus you have a file that has spaces. To read it you have to digit cat "spaces in this filename"

aBZ0W5EmUfAf7kHTQeOwd8bauFJ2lAiG

# LEVEL 4:

We have a file that is hidden. To find it we use the command "ls -a" 2EW7BBsr6aMMoJ2HjW067dm8EgX26xNe

# **LEVEL 5:**

In this directory we have all the file that start with — so like this format "-file00" to read it you have to specific "cat ./-file00" the command "./" specific that we are now in the current directory. lrlWWI6bB37kxfiCQZqUdOIYfr6eEeqR

# **LEVEL 6:**

Now we have to find a file that is of 1033 bytes in size and not executable. We use the find command "find . -type f -size 1033c! -executable"

P4L4vucdmLnm8I7VI7jG1ApGSfjYKqJU

### **LEVEL 6:**

You have to search a file with this caratteristics -> owned by user bandit7 owned by group bandit 6 and with 33bytes in size.

The command syntax is: find / -type f -user bandit7 -group bandit6 -size 33c z7WtoNQU2XfjmMtWA8u5rN4vzqu4v99S

# LEVEL 7:

You have to search a word in a file.txt grep 'millionth' data.txt
TESKZCOXvTetKOS9xNwm25STk5iWrBvP

### **LEVEL 8:**

You have to search a word that is the only line of the text that occurs only once sort data.txt | uniq -u

The uniq -u command only shows lines that appear once, but requires the lines to be consecutive to determine whether or not they repeat. If the lines are not sorted, some non-consecutive duplicate lines may not be correctly identified as such.

EN632PlfYiZbn3PhVK3XOGSlNInNE00t

#### LEVEL 9:

In a file not legible you have to find the legible character strings data.txt | grep '^=' G7w8Lli6J3kTb8A7j9LgrywtEUlyyp6s

#### **LEVEL 10**

The psw now is stored in a file which contains base64 encoded data base64 -d data.txt 6zPeziLdR2RKNdNYFNb6nVCKzphlXHBM

### **LEVEL 11**

You have to rotate the letter of 13 positions cat data.txt | tr 'A-Za-z' 'N-ZA-Mn-za-m' JVNBBFSmZwKKOP0XbFXOoW8chDz5yVRv

# **LEVEL 12**

You have to do a lot of passage. mkdir tmp/Giacomo cp data.txt ./tmp/Giacomo mv data.txt new\_data.txt xxd -r new\_data.txt > data file data (.gz) gzip -d file.gz (.bz2) bzip2 -d file.bz2 (.tar) tar xf file.tar

# **LEVEL 13**

this level is just a connection to the next level. You have a secret rsa key and to connect to the next level ssh -i sshkey.private -p 2220 bandit14@bandit.labs.overthewire.org

### **LEVEL 14**

You have to send your password "fGrHPx402xGC7U7rXKDaxiWFTOiF0ENq" to you localhost and at the 30000 port

echo "fGrHPx402xGC7U7rXKDaxiWFTOiF0ENq" | nc localhost 30000 jN2kgmlXJ6fShzhT2avhotn4Zcka6tnt

# **LEVEL 15**

Here you have to stabilize a ssh connection and then as you can see the prompt is waiting for you. Type the password "jN2kgmlXJ6fShzhT2avhotn4Zcka6tnt".

openssl s\_client -connect localhost:30001 JQttfApK4SeyHwDlI9SXGR50qclOAil1

### **LEVEL 16**

I initially used nmap to look for open ports in the 31000-3200 range

nmap -p 31000-32000 localhost

openssl s\_client -connect localhost:31790

chmod 700 private.key

(in /tmp) ssh -i key.private -p 2220 bandit17@bandit.labs.overthewire.org

### LEVEL 17

diff passwords.new passwords.old hga5tuuCLF6fFzUpnagiMN8ssu9LFrdg

# **LEVEL 18**

ssh bandit18@bandit.labs.overthewire.org -p 2220 cat readme awhqfNnAbc1naukrpqDYcF95h7HoMTrC

# **LEVEL 19**

./bandit20-do cat /etc/bandit\_pass/bandit20 VxCazJaVykI6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT

### LEVEL 20

**TERMINAL 2** 

ssh bandit20@bandit.labs.overthewire.org -p 2220

nc -lvp 9999

**TERMINAL 1** 

./suconnect 9999

**TERMINAL 2** 

VxCazJaVykI6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT

**TERMINAL 1** 

NvEJF7oVjkddltPSrdKEFOllh9V1IBcq

### LEVEL 21

you have to read the exercise cat /tmp/t7O6lds9S0RqQh9aMcz6ShpAoZKF7fgv WdDozAdTM2z9DiFEQ2mGlwngMfj4EZff

# LEVEL 22

echo I am user bandit23 | md5sum | cut -d ' ' -f 1 cat tmp/8ca319486bfbbc3663ea0fbe81326349 QYw0Y2aiA672PsMmh9puTQuhoz8SyR2G

# LEVEL 23

echo "cat /etc/bandit\_pass/bandit24 > /tmp/giacomo/pass.txt" > pass.sh chmod 777 pass.sh cat /tmp/giacomo/pass.txt VAfGXJ1PBSsPSnvsjl8p759leLZ9GGar

### LEVEL 24

You have to go brute force a nc connection putting firstly the psw and after a digit composed by 4-digit from 0000 to 9999

So you write a code that:

echo "VAfGXJ1PBSsPSnvsjl8p759leLZ9GGar i\_loop" | nc localhost 30002 | grep -v "Wrong" Remember to specify #!/bin/bash uNG9058gUE7snukf3bvZOrxhtnjzSGzG