



## Why use fselect?

While it doesn't tend to fully replace traditional find and 1s, fselect has these nice features:

- SQL-like (not real SQL, but highly relaxed!) grammar easily understandable by humans
- complex queries
- aggregate, statistics, date, and other functions
- search within archives
- .gitignore , .hgignore , and .dockerignore support (experimental)
- · search by width and height of images, EXIF metadata
- search by MP3 info
- search by extended file attributes
- search by file hashes
- search by MIME type
- shortcuts to common file types
- interactive mode
- various output formatting (CSV, JSON, and others)

More is under way!

## Installation

#### Latest release from source

- Install Rust with Cargo and its dependencies to build a binary
- Run cargo install fselect

## **Arch Linux**

AUR package, thanks to @asm0dey

#### **NixOS**

fselect in nixpkgs, thanks to @filalex77

#### Other Linux

Static build with musl.

#### Windows 64bit

A statically precompiled <u>binary</u> is available at Github downloads.

## Windows via winget

- Install <u>winget</u>
- Run winget install -e --id fselect.fselect

## Windows via Chocolatey

- Install Chocolatey
- Run choco install fselect

#### Windows via Scoop

- Install Scoop
- Run scoop install fselect

#### Mac via Homebrew

- Install brew
- Run brew install fselect

#### Mac via MacPorts

- Install MacPorts
- Run:

```
sudo port selfupdate
sudo port install fselect
```

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# Usage

```
fselect [ARGS] COLUMN[, COLUMN...] [from ROOT[, ROOT...]] [where EXPR] [group by COLUMNS] [order by COLUMNS] [limit N] [into FORMAT]
```

## Interactive mode

```
fselect -i
```

### **Documentation**

More detailed description. Look at examples first.

## **Examples**

Find temporary or config files (full path and size):

```
fselect size, path from /home/user where name = '*.cfg' or name = '*.tmp'
```

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Windows users may omit the quotes:

```
fselect size, path from C:\Users\user where name = *.cfg or name = *.tmp
```

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Or put all the arguments into the quotes like this:

```
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  fselect "name from /home/user/tmp where size > 0"
Search within a directory name with spaces (backticks are also supported):
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  fselect "name from '/home/user/dir with spaces' where size > 0"
  fselect "name from `/home/user/dir with spaces` where size > 0"
Or simply escape the single quotes:
                                                                                                        ſĊ
  fselect name from \'/home/user/dir with spaces\' where size gt 0
Specify file size, get absolute path, and add it to the results:
                                                                                                        ſΩ
  cd /home/user
  fselect size, abspath from ./tmp where size gt 2g
  fselect fsize, abspath from ./tmp where size = 5m
  fselect hsize, abspath from ./tmp where size lt 8k
  fselect name, size from ./tmp where size between 5mb and 6mb
More complex query:
                                                                                                        ſĊ
  fselect "name from /tmp where (name = *.tmp and size = 0) or (name = *.cfg and size > 1000000)"
Aggregate functions (you can use curly braces if you want, and even combine them with the regular
parentheses):
                                                                                                        СŌ
  fselect "MIN(size), MAX{size}, AVG(size), SUM{size}, COUNT(*) from /home/user/Downloads"
Formatting functions:
                                                                                                        Ç
  fselect "LOWER(name), UPPER(name), LENGTH(name), YEAR(modified) from /home/user/Downloads"
Get the year of an oldest file:
                                                                                                        ĊЪ
  fselect "MIN(YEAR(modified)) from /home/user"
Use single quotes if you need to address files with spaces:
                                                                                                        ſÜ
  fselect "path from '/home/user/Misc stuff' where name != 'Some file'"
Regular expressions of Rust flavor are supported:
                                                                                                        Q
  fselect name from /home/user where path =~ '.*Rust.*'
```

Negate regular expressions: ſĠ fselect "name from . where path !=~ '^\./config'" Simple globs expand automatically and work with = and != operators: ſĊ fselect name from /home/user where path = '\*Rust\*' Classic LIKE: ſĊ fselect "path from /home/user where name like '%report-2018-\_\_-\_???'" Exact match operators to search with regexps disabled: ĊЭ fselect "path from /home/user where name === 'some\_\*\_weird\_\*\_name'" Find files by date: Q fselect path from /home/user where created = 2017-05-01 fselect path from /home/user where modified = today fselect path from /home/user where accessed = yesterday fselect "path from /home/user where modified = 'apr 1'" fselect "path from /home/user where modified = 'last fri'" Be more specific to match all files created at interval between 3PM and 4PM: Q fselect path from /home/user where created = '2017-05-01 15' And even more specific: ſĊ fselect path from /home/user where created = '2017-05-01 15:10' fselect path from /home/user where created = '2017-05-01 15:10:30' Date and time intervals possible (find everything updated since May 1st): ſĊ fselect path from /home/user where modified gte 2017-05-01 Default is current directory: ſĠ fselect path, size where name = '\*.jpg' Search within multiple locations: ſĊ fselect path from /home/user/oldstuff, /home/user/newstuff where name = '\*.jpg'

With minimum and/or maximum depth specified ( depth is a synonym for maxdepth ): ſĠ fselect path from /home/user/oldstuff depth 5 where name = '\*.jpg' fselect path from /home/user/oldstuff mindepth 2 maxdepth 5, /home/user/newstuff depth 10 where name = '\*.jpg' Optionally follow symlinks: Q fselect path, size from /home/user symlinks where name = '\*.jpg' Search within archives (currently only zip-archives are supported): Q fselect path, size from /home/user archives where name = '\*.jpg' Or in combination: Q fselect size, path from /home/user depth 5 archives symlinks where name = '\*.jpg' limit 100 Enable .gitignore or .hgignore support: ſĊ fselect size, path from /home/user/projects gitignore where name = '\*.cpp' fselect size, path from /home/user/projects hgignore where name = '\*.py' Search by image dimensions: Ç fselect CONCAT(width, 'x', height), path from /home/user/photos where width gte 2000 or height gte 2000 Find square images: ſĊ fselect path from /home/user/Photos where width = height Find images with a known name part but unknown extension: Q fselect path from /home/user/projects where name = "\*RDS\*" and width gte 1 Find old-school rap MP3 files: Q fselect duration, path from /home/user/music where genre = Rap and bitrate = 320 and mp3 year lt 2000 Shortcuts to common file extensions: ſĠ fselect path from /home/user where is\_archive = true fselect path, mime from /home/user where is\_audio = 1

fselect path, mime from /home/user where is book != false Even simpler way of using boolean columns: Q fselect path from /home/user where is\_doc fselect path from /home/user where is\_image fselect path from /home/user where is\_video Find files with dangerous permissions: <del>إ</del>ي fselect mode, path from /home/user where other\_write or other\_exec fselect mode, path from /home/user where other all Simple glob-like expressions or even regular expressions on file mode are possible: ſĊ fselect mode, path from /home/user where mode = '\*rwx' fselect mode, path from /home/user where mode =~ '.\*rwx\$' Find files by owner's uid or gid: Q fselect uid, gid, path from /home/user where uid != 1000 or gid != 1000 Or by owner's or group's name: ſĠ fselect user, group, path from /home/user where user = mike or group = mike Find special files: ĊЭ fselect name from /usr/bin where suid fselect path from /tmp where is\_pipe fselect path from /tmp where is\_socket Find files with xattrs, check if particular xattr exists, or get its value: Q fselect "path, has\_xattrs, has\_xattr(user.test), xattr(user.test) from /home/user" Include arbitrary text as columns: Q fselect "name, ' has size of ', size, ' bytes'" Group results: ſĠ fselect "ext, count(\*) from /tmp group by ext" Order results:

fselect path from /tmp order by size desc, name fselect modified, fsize, path from ~ order by 1 desc, 3 Finally limit the results: fselect name from /home/user/samples limit 5

## Format output:

fselect size, path from /home/user limit 5 into json fselect size, path from /home/user limit 5 into csv fselect size, path from /home/user limit 5 into html

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### License

MIT/Apache-2.0

#### Releases 33

0.8.6 (Latest) on May 3

+ 32 releases

## **Packages**

No packages published

### Contributors 21



































### + 7 contributors

## Deployments 157

**github-pages** last week

+ 156 deployments

## Languages

Rust 100.0%