Item class GeodeticCRS

Name NZGD2000 - XYZ

Item statusVALIDIdentifier222

Information source Title Standard for New Zealand Geodetic Datum 2000

Author Office of the Surveyor General Publisher Land Information New Zealand

Publication date 2007-11-16

Edition date

Issue identification LINZS25000

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry Scope Spatial referencing.

Datum New Zealand Geodetic Datum 2000

Coordinate System Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS. Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z.

Orientation: Z to North Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the Prime Meridian]. UoM:

m.

#### Extent

Description	New Zealand - onshore and offshore - Antipodes Islands, Auckland Islands, Bounty Islands, Campbell Island Chatham Islands, Kermadec Islands, North Island, Raoul Island, Snares Islands, South Island, Stewart Island.	
Geographic Bounding Box	West-bound longitude	160.0
	North-bound latitude	-25.0
	East-bound longitude	-170.0
	South-bound latitude	-60.0

Item class GeodeticDatum

New Zealand Geodetic Datum 2000

Item status VALID
Identifier 199

Alias NZGD2000

Information source Title Standard for New Zealand Geodetic Datum 2000

Author Office of the Surveyor General Publisher Land Information New Zealand

Publication date 2007-11-16

Edition date

Issue identification LINZS25000

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Replaces New Zealand Geodetic Datum 1949 and Chatham Islands

Datum 1979 from March 2000.

Anchor definition Based on ITRF96 at epoch 2000.0.

Release date 2000 Coordinate Reference Epoch 2000.0

Scope Spatial referencing

Ellipsoid GRS 1980
Prime Meridian Greenwich

#### Extent

New Zealand - onshore and offshore Antipodes Islands, Auckland Islands, Bounty
Islands, Campbell Island Chatham Islands,
Kermadec Islands, North Island, Raoul Island,
Snares Islands, South Island, Stewart Island.

Geographic Bounding Box
West-bound longitude
160.0

North-bound latitude -25.0
East-bound longitude -170.0
South-bound latitude -60.0

Item class Ellipsoid

Name GRS 1980

Item status VALID Identifier 27

Alias Geodetic Reference System 1980

Alias GRS1980
Alias IAG GRS80

Alias International 1979

Alias GRS80

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2003-03

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 74, No. 1

Page 128–162

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher International Association of Geodesy

Publication date 1984

Series/Journal name Bulletin Geodesique Issue identification Volume 58, No. 3

Page 395-405

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from

geocentric gravitational constant GM = 3986005e8 m\*m\*m/s/s, dynamic form factor J2 = 108263e-8 and Earth's angular velocity =

7292115e-11 rad/s.

Semi-major axis 6378137.0 m
Inverse flattening 298.257222101 m

Item class PrimeMeridian

Name Greenwich

Item status VALID
Identifier 25

Alias Zero meridian

Information source Title Why the Greenwich meridian moved

Author S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K.

Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2015-12

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 89, No. 12

Page 1263–1272

Information source Title IERS Conventions (2010)

Author G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)

Publisher Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und

Geodasie

Publication date 2010

Edition date

Series/Journal name IERS Technical Notes

Issue identification 36.0

Other citation details ISSN: 1019-4568

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Greenwich longitude 0.0 °

CartesianCS Item class

Name Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS.

Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z. Orientation: Z to North

Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at

Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the

Prime Meridian]. UoM: m.

Item status **VALID** Identifier 45

Alias Earth centred, earth fixed, right-handed 3D coordinate system,

> consisting of 3 orthogonal axes with X and Y axes in the equatorial plane, positive Z-axis parallel to mean earth rotation axis and pointing

towards North Pole. UoM: m.

Alias **ECEF** 

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

International Organization for Standardization **Author** 

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

2007-07-01 Publication date Second Edition Edition Series/Journal name International Standard Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Used in geocentric coordinate reference systems. Remarks

#### Axes

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis Name **Geocentric X** Item status **VALID** Identifier 33 Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates Author International Organization for Standardization Publisher International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Publication date 2007-07-01 Edition Second Edition Series/Journal name International Standard Issue identification ISO 19111:2007 Data source ISO Geodetic Registry Abbreviation Χ Direction Geocentre > equator/0°E Unit metre

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis

Name **Geocentric Y** 

**VALID** Item status Identifier 37

Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial Information source

referencing by coordinates

**Author** International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

2007-07-01 Publication date Edition Second Edition Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Abbreviation

Direction Geocentre > equator/90°E

Unit metre

CoordinateSystemAxis Item class

Name **Geocentric Z** 

**VALID** Item status Identifier 39

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

**Author** International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

2007-07-01 Publication date Edition Second Edition Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Abbreviation Ζ

Direction Geocentre > north pole

Unit metre