ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class OperationParameter

Name False northing

Item statusVALIDIdentifier829

Information source Title Geomatics Guidance Note No 7, part 2:

Coordinate Conversions and Transformations

including Formulas

Author International Association of Oil and Gas

Producers (IOGP)

Publisher International Association of Oil and Gas

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Revision date 2021-11 Edition 61

Series/Journal name IOGP Publication

Issue identification 373-7-2

Other citation details https://epsg.org/guidance-notes.html (accessed

2022-01-19)

Information source Title The Universal Grids and the Transverse Mercator

and Polar Stereographic Map Projections

Author National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA)
Publisher National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA)

Revision date 2014-03-25

Series/Journal name National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency

Standardization Document

Issue identification NGA.SIG.0012_2.0.0_UTMUPS Version 2.0.0

Other citation details https://nsgreg.nga.mil/doc/view?

i=4056&month=3&day=28&year=2022 (accessed

2022-04-20)

Information source Title Map Projections – A Working Manual

Author J.P. Snyder

Publisher United States Government Printing Office,

Washington, D.C.

Publication date 1987

Series/Journal name U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper

Issue identification 1395

Other citation details https://doi.org/10.3133/pp1395 (accessed

2022-01-19)

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks EPSG DEFINITION Since the natural origin may be at or near the

centre of the projection and under normal coordinate circumstances would thus give rise to negative coordinates over parts of the mapped area, this origin is usually given false coordinates which are large enough to avoid this inconvenience. The False Northing, FN, is the value assigned to the ordinate (north or south) axis of the projection grid at the natural origin. SIMPLIFIED DEFINITION Constant value that is added to the northing coordinates of a projected coordinate system

to avoid negative values.