

ISO Geodetic Registry

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| <i>Item class</i> | GeodeticCRS | |
| <i>Name</i> | ITRF89 - LatLonEHt | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 361 | |
| <i>Alias</i> | International Terrestrial Reference Frame 1989 | |
| <i>Alias</i> | IERS Terrestrial Reference Frame 1989 | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | ITRF 89 and other realizations of the IERS Terrestrial Reference System for 1989 |
| | <i>Author</i> | C. Boucher, Z. Altamimi |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | Central Bureau of IERS - Observatoire de Paris, 61 avenue de l'Observatoire, 75014 Paris, France |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 1991-04-01 |
| | <i>Edition date</i> | |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | IERS Technical Notes |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | 6.0 |
| <i>Data source</i> | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Remarks</i> | Replaces ITRF88 - LatLonEHt. Replaced by ITRF90 - LatLonEHt. | |
| <i>Scope</i> | Spatial referencing | |
| <i>Datum</i> | International Terrestrial Reference Frame 1989 | |
| <i>Coordinate System</i> | Ellipsoidal 3D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude, ellipsoidal height. Orientations: north, east, up. UoM: degree, degree, metre. | |

Extent

| | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| <i>Description</i> | World. | |
| <i>Geographic Bounding Box</i> | <i>West-bound longitude</i> | -180.0 |
| | <i>North-bound latitude</i> | 90.0 |
| | <i>East-bound longitude</i> | 180.0 |
| | <i>South-bound latitude</i> | -90.0 |

ISO Geodetic Registry

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| <i>Item class</i> | GeodeticDatum | |
| <i>Name</i> | International Terrestrial Reference Frame 1989 | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 192 | |
| <i>Alias</i> | ITRF 89 | |
| <i>Alias</i> | IERS Terrestrial Reference Frame 1989 | |
| <i>Alias</i> | ITRF89 | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | ITRF 89 and other realizations of the IERS Terrestrial Reference System for 1989 |
| | <i>Author</i> | C. Boucher, Z. Altamimi |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | Central Bureau of IERS - Observatoire de Paris, 61 avenue de l'Observatoire, 75014 Paris, France |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 1991-04-01 |
| | <i>Edition date</i> | |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | IERS Technical Notes |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | 6.0 |
| | <i>Title</i> | IERS Conventions (2010) |
| | <i>Author</i> | G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds) |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und Geodasie |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Publication date</i> | 2010 |
| | <i>Edition date</i> | |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | IERS Technical Notes |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | 36.0 |
| | <i>Other citation details</i> | ISSN: 1019-4568 |
| <i>Data source</i> | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Remarks</i> | Replaces ITRF88. Replaced by ITRF90. This is a purely Cartesian reference frame with no ellipsoid defined. GRS80 is the ellipsoid recommended by the IAG and IERS. | |
| <i>Anchor definition</i> | Realisation of the IERS Terrestrial Reference System (ITRS) at reference epoch 1988.0. Origin and scale are defined by an average of selected SLR solutions. Orientation is defined such that no global rotation exists with respect to ITRF88. Time evolution is defined by the AMO-2 plate motion model of Minster and Jordan (1978); no global velocity field was estimated for ITRF88. The AMO-2 model is used to estimate positions at other epochs. Datum defined by a set of 3 dimensional Cartesian station coordinates given by the citations. | |
| <i>Release date</i> | 1991-04-01 | |
| <i>Coordinate Reference Epoch</i> | 1988.0 | |
| <i>Scope</i> | Spatial referencing | |
| <i>Ellipsoid</i> | GRS 1980 | |
| <i>Prime Meridian</i> | Greenwich | |

Extent

| | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| <i>Description</i> | World. | |
| <i>Geographic Bounding Box</i> | <i>West-bound longitude</i> | -180.0 |
| | <i>North-bound latitude</i> | 90.0 |
| | <i>East-bound longitude</i> | 180.0 |
| | <i>South-bound latitude</i> | -90.0 |

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|-----------------------------|--|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------|
| <i>Item class</i> | Ellipsoid | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Name</i> | GRS 1980 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 27 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Alias</i> | Geodetic Reference System 1980 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Alias</i> | GRS1980 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Alias</i> | IAG GRS80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Alias</i> | International 1979 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Alias</i> | GRS80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <table> <tr> <td><i>Title</i></td><td>Geodetic Reference System 1980</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Author</i></td><td>H. Moritz</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Publisher</i></td><td>Springer International Publishing</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Publication date</i></td><td>2003-03</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Series/Journal name</i></td><td>Journal of Geodesy</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Issue identification</i></td><td>Volume 74, No. 1</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Page</i></td><td>128–162</td></tr> </table> | <i>Title</i> | Geodetic Reference System 1980 | <i>Author</i> | H. Moritz | <i>Publisher</i> | Springer International Publishing | <i>Publication date</i> | 2003-03 | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | Journal of Geodesy | <i>Issue identification</i> | Volume 74, No. 1 | <i>Page</i> | 128–162 |
| <i>Title</i> | Geodetic Reference System 1980 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Author</i> | H. Moritz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Publisher</i> | Springer International Publishing | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Publication date</i> | 2003-03 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Series/Journal name</i> | Journal of Geodesy | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Issue identification</i> | Volume 74, No. 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Page</i> | 128–162 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <table> <tr> <td><i>Title</i></td><td>Geodetic Reference System 1980</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Author</i></td><td>H. Moritz</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Publisher</i></td><td>International Association of Geodesy</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Publication date</i></td><td>1984</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Series/Journal name</i></td><td>Bulletin Geodesique</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Issue identification</i></td><td>Volume 58, No. 3</td></tr> <tr> <td><i>Page</i></td><td>395-405</td></tr> </table> | <i>Title</i> | Geodetic Reference System 1980 | <i>Author</i> | H. Moritz | <i>Publisher</i> | International Association of Geodesy | <i>Publication date</i> | 1984 | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | Bulletin Geodesique | <i>Issue identification</i> | Volume 58, No. 3 | <i>Page</i> | 395-405 |
| <i>Title</i> | Geodetic Reference System 1980 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Author</i> | H. Moritz | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Publisher</i> | International Association of Geodesy | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Publication date</i> | 1984 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Series/Journal name</i> | Bulletin Geodesique | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Issue identification</i> | Volume 58, No. 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Page</i> | 395-405 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Data source</i> | ISO Geodetic Registry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Remarks</i> | Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from geocentric gravitational constant $GM = 3986005e8 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}^2$, dynamic form factor $J_2 = 108263e-8$ and Earth's angular velocity = $7292115e-11 \text{ rad/s}$. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Semi-major axis</i> | 6378137.0 m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Inverse flattening</i> | 298.257222101 m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ISO Geodetic Registry

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|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| <i>Item class</i> | PrimeMeridian | |
| <i>Name</i> | Greenwich | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 25 | |
| <i>Alias</i> | Zero meridian | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | Why the Greenwich meridian moved |
| | <i>Author</i> | S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K. Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | Springer International Publishing |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 2015-12 |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | Journal of Geodesy |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | Volume 89, No. 12 |
| | <i>Page</i> | 1263–1272 |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | IERS Conventions (2010) |
| | <i>Author</i> | G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds) |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | Verlag des Bundesamts für Kartographie und Geodäsie |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 2010 |
| | <i>Edition date</i> | |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | IERS Technical Notes |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | 36.0 |
| <i>Data source</i> | <i>Other citation details</i> | ISSN: 1019-4568 |
| | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Greenwich longitude</i> | 0.0 ° | |

ISO Geodetic Registry

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| <i>Item class</i> | EllipsoidalCS | |
| <i>Name</i> | Ellipsoidal 3D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude, ellipsoidal height. Orientations: north, east, up. UoM: degree, degree, metre. | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 46 | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates |
| | <i>Author</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 2007-07-01 |
| | <i>Edition</i> | Second Edition |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | International Standard |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | ISO 19111:2007 |
| <i>Data source</i> | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Remarks</i> | Used in geographic 3D coordinate reference systems. Horizontal coordinates referenced to this CS are in degrees. Any degree representation (e.g. DMSH, decimal, etc.) may be used but that used must be declared for the user. | |

Axes

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| <i>Item class</i> | CoordinateSystemAxis | |
| <i>Name</i> | Geodetic latitude | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 38 | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates |
| | <i>Author</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 2007-07-01 |
| | <i>Edition</i> | Second Edition |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | International Standard |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | ISO 19111:2007 |
| <i>Data source</i> | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Remarks</i> | Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference systems. | |
| <i>Abbreviation</i> | Lat | |
| <i>Direction</i> | north | |
| <i>Unit</i> | degree (supplier to define representation) | |

| | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| <i>Item class</i> | CoordinateSystemAxis | |
| <i>Name</i> | Geodetic longitude | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 34 | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates |
| | <i>Author</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |

| | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | <i>Publisher</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 2007-07-01 |
| | <i>Edition</i> | Second Edition |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | International Standard |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | ISO 19111:2007 |
| <i>Data source</i> | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Remarks</i> | Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference systems. | |
| <i>Abbreviation</i> | Lon | |
| <i>Direction</i> | east | |
| <i>Unit</i> | degree (supplier to define representation) | |

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| <i>Item class</i> | CoordinateSystemAxis | |
| <i>Name</i> | Ellipsoidal height | |
| <i>Item status</i> | VALID | |
| <i>Identifier</i> | 36 | |
| <i>Information source</i> | <i>Title</i> | ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates |
| | <i>Author</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |
| | <i>Publisher</i> | International Organization for Standardization (ISO) |
| | <i>Publication date</i> | 2007-07-01 |
| | <i>Edition</i> | Second Edition |
| | <i>Series/Journal name</i> | International Standard |
| | <i>Issue identification</i> | ISO 19111:2007 |
| | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Data source</i> | ISO Geodetic Registry | |
| <i>Remarks</i> | Used only as part of an ellipsoidal 3D coordinate system in a geographic 3D coordinate reference system, never on its own. | |
| <i>Abbreviation</i> | h | |
| <i>Direction</i> | up | |
| <i>Unit</i> | metre | |