## ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class GeodeticDatum

Name IGb08
Item status VALID
Identifier 159

Alias International GNSS Service 2008 (v2)

Information source Title Chronology of IGS Reference Frame Usage

Author International GNSS Service Analysis Centre

Coordinator

Publisher National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

(NOAA), National Geodetic Survey (NGS)

Publication date 2012-10-04
Other citation details Website

Information source Title IGb08: an update on IGS08

Author P. Rebischung

Publisher International GNSS Service (IGS)

Publication date 2012-09-24

Edition date

Series/Journal name IGSMAIL Issue identification 6663.0

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Replaces IGS08. Replaced by IGS14. Used by IGS products within the

period 2012-10-07 thru 2017-01-28.

Anchor definition Derived from and aligned to a subset of 232 stable, well-performing

IGS station coordinates and velocities in ITRF2008 at epoch 2005.0. An update to IGS08, designed mostly to recover unuseable reference frame sites, accompanied by an update to ground and satellite antenna

calibrations, including new estimates for Block IIF satellites.

Release date 2012-10-07

Coordinate Reference Epoch 2005.0

Scope Spatial Referencing

Ellipsoid GRS 1980
Prime Meridian Greenwich

## Extent

Description

World.

Geographic Bounding Box

West-bound longitude
North-bound latitude
East-bound longitude
South-bound latitude
-90.0

## ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class Ellipsoid

Name GRS 1980

Item statusVALIDIdentifier27

Alias Geodetic Reference System 1980

Alias GRS1980
Alias IAG GRS80

Alias International 1979

Alias GRS80

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2003-03

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 74, No. 1

Page 128–162

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher International Association of Geodesy

Publication date 1984

Series/Journal name Bulletin Geodesique Issue identification Volume 58, No. 3

Page 395-405

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from

geocentric gravitational constant GM = 3986005e8 m\*m\*m/s/s, dynamic form factor J2 = 108263e-8 and Earth's angular velocity =

7292115e-11 rad/s.

Semi-major axis 6378137.0 m
Inverse flattening 298.257222101 m

## **ISO Geodetic Registry**

Item class PrimeMeridian

Name Greenwich

Item statusVALIDIdentifier25

Alias Zero meridian

Information source Title Why the Greenwich meridian moved

Author S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K.

Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2015-12

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 89, No. 12

Page 1263–1272

Information source Title IERS Conventions (2010)

Author G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)

Publisher Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und

Geodasie

Publication date 2010

Edition date

Series/Journal name IERS Technical Notes

Issue identification 36.0

Other citation details ISSN: 1019-4568

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Greenwich longitude 0.0 °