

ISO Geodetic Registry

<i>Item class</i>	GeodeticCRS	
<i>Name</i>	WGS 84 (G1150) - XYZ	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	210	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	Addendum to NIMA TR 8350.2: Implementation of the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84) Reference Frame G1150
	<i>Author</i>	National Imagery and Mapping Agency
	<i>Publisher</i>	National Imagery and Mapping Agency
	<i>Publication date</i>	2003
	<i>Edition date</i>	
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	Technical Report
	<i>Issue identification</i>	TR8350.2
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	A Refinement to the World Geodetic System 1984 Reference Frame
	<i>Author</i>	M. J. Merrigan, E.R. Swift, R.F. Wong, Saffel J.T.
	<i>Publisher</i>	Institute of Navigation
	<i>Publication date</i>	2002-09
	<i>Edition date</i>	
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	Proceedings of the 15th International Technical Meeting of the Satellite Division of The Institute of Navigation (ION-GPS-2002), Portland, OR, September 2002
	<i>Page</i>	1519-1529
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Remarks</i>	Replaces WGS 84 (G873) - XYZ. Replaced by WGS 84 (G1674) - XYZ.	
<i>Scope</i>	Spatial Referencing and GPS satellite navigation.	
<i>Datum</i>	World Geodetic System 1984 (G1150)	
<i>Coordinate System</i>	Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS. Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z. Orientation: Z to North Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at Prime Meridian X in the equatorial plane at the Prime Meridian]. UoM: m.	

Extent

<i>Description</i>	World.	
<i>Geographic Bounding Box</i>	<i>West-bound longitude</i>	-180.0
	<i>North-bound latitude</i>	90.0
	<i>East-bound longitude</i>	180.0
	<i>South-bound latitude</i>	-90.0

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<i>Item class</i>	GeodeticDatum
<i>Name</i>	World Geodetic System 1984 (G1150)
<i>Item status</i>	VALID
<i>Identifier</i>	114
<i>Alias</i>	WGS 84 (G1150)
<i>Information source</i>	<p><i>Title</i> Affirmation of Vertical Datum for Surveying and Mapping Activities for the Islands of Rota, Saipan and Tinian of the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (CNMI)</p> <p><i>Author</i> US Government</p> <p><i>Publisher</i> Office of Federal Register, NARA</p> <p><i>Publication date</i> 2009-01-22</p> <p><i>Edition date</i> 2009-01-22</p> <p><i>Series/Journal name</i> Federal Register Notice</p> <p><i>Issue identification</i> Volume 74, No. 13, Document: E9-1180, Citation: 74 FR 3990</p> <p><i>Page</i> 3990-3991</p> <p><i>Other citation details</i> Mandates use of NMVD03</p>
<i>Information source</i>	<p><i>Title</i> A Refinement to the World Geodetic System 1984 Reference Frame</p> <p><i>Author</i> M. J. Merrigan, E.R. Swift, R.F. Wong, Saffel J.T.</p> <p><i>Publisher</i> Institute of Navigation</p> <p><i>Publication date</i> 2002-09</p> <p><i>Edition date</i></p> <p><i>Series/Journal name</i> Proceedings of the 15th International Technical Meeting of the Satellite Division of The Institute of Navigation (ION-GPS-2002), Portland, OR, September 2002</p> <p><i>Page</i> 1519-1529</p>
<i>Information source</i>	<p><i>Title</i> Addendum to NIMA TR 8350.2: Implementation of the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84) Reference Frame G1150</p> <p><i>Author</i> National Imagery and Mapping Agency</p> <p><i>Publisher</i> National Imagery and Mapping Agency</p> <p><i>Publication date</i> 2003</p> <p><i>Edition date</i></p> <p><i>Series/Journal name</i> Technical Report</p> <p><i>Issue identification</i> TR8350.2</p>
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry
<i>Remarks</i>	<p>Replaces World Geodetic System 1984 (G873) from 2002-01-20.</p> <p>Replaced by World Geodetic System 1984 (G1674) from 2012-02-08.</p> <p>Used in broadcast ephemeris from 2002-01-20 to 2012-02-07 and in precise ephemeris from 2002-01-20 to 2012-05-06.</p>
<i>Anchor definition</i>	Defined through coordinates of 17 GPS tracking stations adjusted to a subset of 49 IGS stations. Observations made in February 2001. The reference epoch for ITRF2000 is 1997.0; the station coordinates were propagated to 2001.0 using IERS station velocities.
<i>Release date</i>	2002-01-20
<i>Coordinate Reference Epoch</i>	2001.0
<i>Scope</i>	Spatial Referencing and GPS satellite navigation
<i>Ellipsoid</i>	WGS 84
<i>Prime Meridian</i>	Greenwich

Extent

<i>Description</i>	World.		
<i>Geographic Bounding Box</i>	<i>West-bound longitude</i>		-180.0
	<i>North-bound latitude</i>		90.0
	<i>East-bound longitude</i>		180.0
	<i>South-bound latitude</i>		-90.0

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<i>Item class</i>	Ellipsoid
<i>Name</i>	WGS 84
<i>Item status</i>	VALID
<i>Identifier</i>	30
<i>Alias</i>	WGS84
<i>Information source</i>	<p><i>Title</i> Department of Defense World Geodetic System 1984: Its Definition and Relationships with Local Geodetic Systems, Version 1.0.0</p> <p><i>Author</i> National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency</p> <p><i>Publisher</i> National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency</p> <p><i>Publication date</i> 2014-07-08</p> <p><i>Series/Journal name</i> Standardization Document</p> <p><i>Issue identification</i> NGA.STND.0036_1.0.0_WGS84</p>
<i>Information source</i>	<p><i>Title</i> World Geodetic System 1984</p> <p><i>Author</i> L.B. Decker, Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center</p> <p><i>Publisher</i> Defense Mapping Agency Aerospace Center</p> <p><i>Publication date</i> 1986-04</p> <p><i>Edition date</i></p>
<i>Information source</i>	<p><i>Title</i> Refinements to The World Geodetic System 1984</p> <p><i>Author</i> S. Malys, J.A. Slater, R.W. Smith, L.E. Kunz, S.C. Kenyon</p> <p><i>Publisher</i> Institute of Navigation</p> <p><i>Publication date</i> 1997-09</p> <p><i>Edition date</i></p> <p><i>Series/Journal name</i> Proceedings of the 10th International Technical Meeting of the Satellite Division of The Institute of Navigation (ION-GPS-1997), Kansas City, MO, September 1997</p> <p><i>Page</i> 841-850</p>
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry
<i>Remarks</i>	The World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84) contains four defining physical parameters for the Earth: the semi-major axis (a), the reciprocal of flattening (1/f) of an oblate spheroid of revolution, the geocentric gravitational constant ($GM = 3.986004418 \times 10^{14} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}^2$) includes the mass of the atmosphere, and the Earth's angular rotational velocity about its spin axis ($\omega = 7.2921150 \times 10^{-5} \text{ rad/s}$).
<i>Semi-major axis</i>	6378137.0 m
<i>Inverse flattening</i>	298.2572236 m

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<i>Item class</i>	PrimeMeridian	
<i>Name</i>	Greenwich	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	25	
<i>Alias</i>	Zero meridian	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	Why the Greenwich meridian moved
	<i>Author</i>	S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K. Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan
	<i>Publisher</i>	Springer International Publishing
	<i>Publication date</i>	2015-12
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	Journal of Geodesy
	<i>Issue identification</i>	Volume 89, No. 12
	<i>Page</i>	1263–1272
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	IERS Conventions (2010)
	<i>Author</i>	G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)
	<i>Publisher</i>	Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und Geodasie
	<i>Publication date</i>	2010
	<i>Edition date</i>	
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	IERS Technical Notes
	<i>Issue identification</i>	36.0
<i>Data source</i>	<i>Other citation details</i>	ISSN: 1019-4568
	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Greenwich longitude</i>	0.0 °	

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Item class	CartesianCS	
Name	Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS. Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z. Orientation: Z to North Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at Prime Meridian X in the equatorial plane at the Prime Meridian]. UoM: m.	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	45	
Alias	Earth centred, earth fixed, right-handed 3D coordinate system, consisting of 3 orthogonal axes with X and Y axes in the equatorial plane, positive Z-axis parallel to mean earth rotation axis and pointing towards North Pole. UoM: m.	
Alias	ECEF	
Information source	Title	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Used in geocentric coordinate reference systems.	

Axes

Item class	CoordinateSystemAxis	
Name	Geocentric X	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	33	
Information source	Title	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Abbreviation	X	
Direction	Geocentre > equator/0°E	
Unit	metre	

Item class	CoordinateSystemAxis	
Name	Geocentric Y	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	37	

<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	<i>Author</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publisher</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publication date</i>	2007-07-01
	<i>Edition</i>	Second Edition
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	International Standard
	<i>Issue identification</i>	ISO 19111:2007
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Abbreviation</i>	Y	
<i>Direction</i>	Geocentre > equator/90°E	
<i>Unit</i>	metre	

<i>Item class</i>	CoordinateSystemAxis	
<i>Name</i>	Geocentric Z	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	39	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	<i>Author</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publisher</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publication date</i>	2007-07-01
	<i>Edition</i>	Second Edition
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	International Standard
	<i>Issue identification</i>	ISO 19111:2007
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Abbreviation</i>	Z	
<i>Direction</i>	Geocentre > north pole	
<i>Unit</i>	metre	