ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	GeodeticCRS	
Name	**NAD 83 (CORS96) Epoch 2002.0 - XYZ**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	294	
Alias	North American Datum of 1983 (CORS96) Epoch 2002.0	
Information source	*Title*	NGS No Longer Updates Published CORS Coordinates in the Following Reference Frames
	Author	National Geodetic Survey
	Publisher	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Geodetic Survey (NGS)
	Revision date	2017-03-16
	Edition date	2017-03-16
	Series/Journal name	NGS Online listing of transformation parameters
	Other citation details	webpage
Information source	*Title*	Continuously Operating Reference Station (CORS): History, Applications, and Future Enhancements
	Author	R.A. Snay, T. Soler
	Publisher	ASCE
	Publication date	2008-04-01
	Edition date	2008-04-01
	Series/Journal name	Journal of Surveying Engineering
	Issue identification	Volume 134, No. 4
	Page	95-104
	Other citation details	NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 1996.0,NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 1997.0,NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 2002.0
Information source	*Title*	Introducing HTDP 3.1 to transform coordinates across time and spatial reference frames
	Author	C. Pearson, R.A. Snay
	Publisher	Springer-Verlag
	Publication date	2013-01-01
	Edition date	2013-01-01
	Series/Journal name	GPS Solutions
	Issue identification	Volume 17, No. 1
	Page	1-15
	Other citation details	NAD83 (2011), NAD83 (MA11), NAD83 (PA11) transformation from IGb08
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Scope	Spatial referencing	
Datum	North American Datum of 1983 (CORS96) Epoch 2002.0	
Coordinate System	Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS. Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z. Orientation: Z to North Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the Prime Meridian]. UoM: m.	

Extent

Description	**United States and Territories - onshore and offshore: Puerto Rico. United States (USA) - Alaska, CONUS (Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois,**

	Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming). Virgin Islands (US).	
Geographic Bounding Box	*West-bound longitude*	167.65
	North-bound latitude	74.71
	East-bound longitude	-63.88
	South-bound latitude	14.92

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	GeodeticDatum	
Name	**North American Datum of 1983 (CORS96) Epoch 2002.0**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	112	
Alias	NAD83(CORS96)	
Information source	*Title*	Continuously Operating Reference Station (CORS): History, Applications, and Future Enhancements
	Author	R.A. Snay, T. Soler
	Publisher	ASCE
	Publication date	2008-04-01
	Edition date	2008-04-01
	Series/Journal name	Journal of Surveying Engineering
	Issue identification	Volume 134, No. 4
	Page	95-104
	Other citation details	NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 1996.0,NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 1997.0,NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 2002.0
Information source	*Title*	NGS No Longer Updates Published CORS Coordinates in the Following Reference Frames
	Author	National Geodetic Survey
	Publisher	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Geodetic Survey (NGS)
	Revision date	2017-03-16
	Edition date	2017-03-16
	Series/Journal name	NGS Online listing of transformation parameters
	Other citation details	webpage
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Replaces NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 1997.0. Replaced by NAD83(2011), NAD83 (MA11) and NAD83 (PA11) from 2011-09-06.	
Anchor definition	Realization of the NAD83. The frame is defined by a time-dependent seven parameter transformation of ITRF2000 3D geocentric Cartesian coordinates and velocities at reference epoch 2002.0. The frame is kept aligned to North America at other epochs using the NNR-NUVEL-1A estimate of three Cartesian rotation rates of change representing the tectonic plate motion of North America. The origin, scale and orientation of the frame are nominally defined to be that for the BIH Terrestrial System 1984 (BTS84). Passive control network from NAD83 (2007) was a densification of the NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 2002 for the active control network, but that they are functionally equivalent.	
Release date	2002	
Coordinate Reference Epoch	2002.0	
Scope	Spatial referencing	
Ellipsoid	GRS 1980	
Prime Meridian	Greenwich	

Extent

Description	**United States and Territories - onshore and offshore: Puerto Rico. United States (USA) - Alaska, CONUS (Alabama, Arizona,**

	Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming). Virgin Islands (US).	
Geographic Bounding Box	*West-bound longitude*	167.65
	North-bound latitude	74.71
	East-bound longitude	-63.88
	South-bound latitude	14.92

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	Ellipsoid	
Name	**GRS 1980**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	27	
Alias	Geodetic Reference System 1980	
Alias	GRS1980	
Alias	IAG GRS80	
Alias	International 1979	
Alias	GRS80	
Information source	*Title*	Geodetic Reference System 1980
	Author	H. Moritz
	Publisher	Springer International Publishing
	Publication date	2003-03
	Series/Journal name	Journal of Geodesy
	Issue identification	Volume 74, No. 1
	Page	128–162
Information source	*Title*	Geodetic Reference System 1980
	Author	H. Moritz
	Publisher	International Association of Geodesy
	Publication date	1984
	Series/Journal name	Bulletin Geodesique
	Issue identification	Volume 58, No. 3
	Page	395-405
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from geocentric gravitational constant GM = 3986005e8 m*m*m/s/s, dynamic form factor J2 = 108263e-8 and Earth's angular velocity = 7292115e-11 rad/s.	
Semi-major axis	6378137.0 m	
Inverse flattening	298.257222101 m	

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	PrimeMeridian	
Name	**Greenwich**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	25	
Alias	Zero meridian	
Information source	*Title*	Why the Greenwich meridian moved
	Author	S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K. Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan
	Publisher	Springer International Publishing
	Publication date	2015-12
	Series/Journal name	Journal of Geodesy
	Issue identification	Volume 89, No. 12
	Page	1263–1272
Information source	*Title*	IERS Conventions (2010)
	Author	G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)
	Publisher	Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und Geodasie
	Publication date	2010
	Edition date	
	Series/Journal name	IERS Technical Notes
	Issue identification	36.0
	Other citation details	ISSN: 1019-4568
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Greenwich longitude	0.0 °	

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	CartesianCS	
Name	**Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS. Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z. Orientation: Z to North Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the Prime Meridian]. UoM: m.**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	45	
Alias	Earth centred, earth fixed, right-handed 3D coordinate system, consisting of 3 orthogonal axes with X and Y axes in the equatorial plane, positive Z-axis parallel to mean earth rotation axis and pointing towards North Pole. UoM: m.	
Alias	ECEF	
Information source	*Title*	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Used in geocentric coordinate reference systems.	

Axes

Item class	CoordinateSystemAxis	
Name	**Geocentric X**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	33	
Information source	*Title*	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Abbreviation	X	
Direction	Geocentre > equator/0°E	
Unit	metre	

Item class	CoordinateSystemAxis
Name	**Geocentric Y**
Item status	VALID
Identifier	37

Information source	*Title*	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Abbreviation	Y	
Direction	Geocentre > equator/90°E	
Unit	metre	

Item class	CoordinateSystemAxis	
Name	**Geocentric Z**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	39	
Information source	*Title*	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Abbreviation	Z	
Direction	Geocentre > north pole	
Unit	metre	