

ISO Geodetic Registry

<i>Item class</i>	GeodeticCRS	
<i>Name</i>	AGD84 - LatLon	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	350	
<i>Alias</i>	AGD84	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	The Australian Geodetic Datum Technical Manual
	<i>Author</i>	Working Party of the National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publisher</i>	National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publication date</i>	1985-12-01
	<i>Edition date</i>	
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Scope</i>	Spatial referencing.	
<i>Datum</i>	Australian Geodetic Datum 1984	
<i>Coordinate System</i>	Ellipsoidal 2D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude. Orientations: north, east. UoM: degree	

Extent

<i>Description</i>	Australia - onshore and offshore.	
<i>Geographic Bounding Box</i>	<i>West-bound longitude</i>	111.0
	<i>North-bound latitude</i>	-8.0
	<i>East-bound longitude</i>	157.5
	<i>South-bound latitude</i>	-45.0

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<i>Item class</i>	GeodeticDatum	
<i>Name</i>	Australian Geodetic Datum 1984	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	198	
<i>Alias</i>	AGD84	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	The Australian Geodetic Datum Technical Manual
	<i>Author</i>	Working Party of the National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publisher</i>	National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publication date</i>	1985-12-01
	<i>Edition date</i>	
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Remarks</i>	Replaced AGD66 in Australia except in the States of New South Wales and Tasmania and the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory.	
<i>Anchor definition</i>	Defined through coordinates and observations used to derive the previous AGD66 coordinates with the addition of point-position and multi-station Doppler, SLR and VLBI observations. The final coordinates were obtained from a single national least squares adjustment of all observations holding the coordinate of the Johnston Origin fixed.	
<i>Release date</i>	1985-12-01	
<i>Coordinate Reference Epoch</i>	1962.0	
<i>Scope</i>	Spatial referencing	
<i>Ellipsoid</i>	Australian National Spheroid	
<i>Prime Meridian</i>	Greenwich	

Extent

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<i>Item class</i>	Ellipsoid	
<i>Name</i>	Australian National Spheroid	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	29	
<i>Alias</i>	ANS	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	The Australian Map Grid Technical Manual
	<i>Author</i>	Technical Sub-Committee of the National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publisher</i>	National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publication date</i>	1968-01-01
	<i>Edition date</i>	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	The Australian Geodetic Datum Technical Manual
	<i>Author</i>	Working Party of the National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publisher</i>	National Mapping Council of Australia
	<i>Publication date</i>	1985-12-01
	<i>Edition date</i>	
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Remarks</i>	Based on the spheroid used by the International Astronomical Union in 1965 and adopted by the National Mapping Council of Australia in April 1965.	
<i>Semi-major axis</i>	6378160.0 m	
<i>Inverse flattening</i>	298.25 m	

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<i>Item class</i>	PrimeMeridian	
<i>Name</i>	Greenwich	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	25	
<i>Alias</i>	Zero meridian	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	Why the Greenwich meridian moved
	<i>Author</i>	S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K. Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan
	<i>Publisher</i>	Springer International Publishing
	<i>Publication date</i>	2015-12
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	Journal of Geodesy
	<i>Issue identification</i>	Volume 89, No. 12
	<i>Page</i>	1263–1272
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	IERS Conventions (2010)
	<i>Author</i>	G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)
	<i>Publisher</i>	Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und Geodasie
	<i>Publication date</i>	2010
	<i>Edition date</i>	
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	IERS Technical Notes
	<i>Issue identification</i>	36.0
<i>Data source</i>	<i>Other citation details</i>	ISSN: 1019-4568
	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Greenwich longitude</i>	0.0 °	

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<i>Item class</i>	EllipsoidalCS	
<i>Name</i>	Ellipsoidal 2D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude. Orientations: north, east. UoM: degree	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	43	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	<i>Author</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publisher</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publication date</i>	2007-07-01
	<i>Edition</i>	Second Edition
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	International Standard
	<i>Issue identification</i>	ISO 19111:2007
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Remarks</i>	Used in geographic 2D coordinate reference systems. Coordinates referenced to this CS are in degrees. Any degree representation (e.g. DMSH, decimal, etc.) may be used but that used must be declared for the user by the supplier of data.	

Axes

<i>Item class</i>	CoordinateSystemAxis	
<i>Name</i>	Geodetic latitude	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	38	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	<i>Author</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publisher</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publication date</i>	2007-07-01
	<i>Edition</i>	Second Edition
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	International Standard
	<i>Issue identification</i>	ISO 19111:2007
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Remarks</i>	Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference systems.	
<i>Abbreviation</i>	Lat	
<i>Direction</i>	north	
<i>Unit</i>	degree (supplier to define representation)	

<i>Item class</i>	CoordinateSystemAxis	
<i>Name</i>	Geodetic longitude	
<i>Item status</i>	VALID	
<i>Identifier</i>	34	
<i>Information source</i>	<i>Title</i>	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	<i>Author</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)

	<i>Publisher</i>	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	<i>Publication date</i>	2007-07-01
	<i>Edition</i>	Second Edition
	<i>Series/Journal name</i>	International Standard
	<i>Issue identification</i>	ISO 19111:2007
<i>Data source</i>	ISO Geodetic Registry	
<i>Remarks</i>	Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference systems.	
<i>Abbreviation</i>	Lon	
<i>Direction</i>	east	
<i>Unit</i>	degree (supplier to define representation)	