Item class GeodeticCRS

Name SIRGAS-CON DGF02P01 - XYZ

Item statusVALIDIdentifier283AliasSIRGAS

Alias SIRGAS Multi-Year Solution 2002

Alias SIRGAS-CON
Alias DGF02P01

Alias Geocentric Reference System for the Americas

Alias Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las Americas

Alias DGFI02P01

Information source Title Deutsches Geodätisches Forschungsinstitut

(DGFI) Jahresbericht 2001/2002

Author Deutsches Geodaetisches Forschungsinstitut

(DGFI)

Publisher Deutsches Geodaetisches Forschungsinstitut,

Munich, Germany

Publication date 2002

Series/Journal name Deutsches Geodätisches Forschungsinstitut

(DGFI) Jahresbericht 2001/2002

Information source Title Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las

Americas (SIRGAS)

Author Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publisher Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publication date 2018
Other citation details Website

Information source Title Deformation of the South American crust

estimated from finite element and collocation

methods

Author H. Drewes, O. Heidbach
Publisher Springer Berlin Heidelberg

Publication date 2005

Series/Journal name International Association of Geodesy Symposia

Issue identification 128.0 Page 544-549

Other citation details In Sanso F. (eds) A Window on the Future of

Geodesy. International Association of Geodesy Symposia, Vol 128. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Scope Spatial referencing

Datum SIRGAS Continuously Operating Network DGF02P01

Coordinate System Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS. Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z.

Orientation: Z to North Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the Prime Meridian]. UoM:

m

#### Extent

South America - onshore and offshore. Central America - onshore and offshore. Mexico - onshore and offshore.

Geographic Bounding Box	West-bound longitude	-122.19
	North-bound latitude	32.72
	East-bound longitude	-25.28
	South-bound latitude	-59.87

Item class GeodeticDatum

Name SIRGAS Continuously Operating Network

**DGF02P01** 

Item statusVALIDIdentifier171AliasSIRGAS

Alias SIRGAS Multi-Year Solution 2002

Alias SIRGAS-CON
Alias DGF02P01

Alias Geocentric Reference System for the Americas

Alias Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las Americas

Alias DGFI02P01

Information source Title Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las

Americas (SIRGAS)

Author Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publisher Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publication date 2018
Other citation details Website

Information source Title Deutsches Geodätisches Forschungsinstitut

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Publisher Deutsches Geodaetisches Forschungsinstitut,

Munich, Germany

Publication date 2002

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Issue identification 128.0 Page 544-549

Other citation details In Sanso F. (eds) A Window on the Future of

Geodesy. International Association of Geodesy Symposia, Vol 128. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Replaces DGF01P02. Replaced by DGF04P01.

Anchor definition Realized by a frame of 53 continuously operating stations using GPS

observations from June 1996 to July 2002 and aligned to ITRF2000 at epoch 2000.0. Velocity model VEMOS2003 used to propagate coordinates from an arbitrary epoch to the 2000.0 reference epoch.

Release date 2002

Coordinate Reference Epoch 2000.0

Scope Spatial referencing

Ellipsoid GRS 1980
Prime Meridian Greenwich

### Extent

Description	South America - onshore and offshore. Centra America - onshore and offshore. Mexico - onshore and offshore.	
Geographic Bounding Box	West-bound longitude	-122.19
	North-bound latitude	32.72
	East-bound longitude	-25.28
	South-bound latitude	-59.87

Item class Ellipsoid

Name GRS 1980

Item status VALID Identifier 27

Alias Geodetic Reference System 1980

Alias GRS1980
Alias IAG GRS80

Alias International 1979

Alias GRS80

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2003-03

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 74, No. 1

Page 128–162

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher International Association of Geodesy

Publication date 1984

Series/Journal name Bulletin Geodesique Issue identification Volume 58, No. 3

Page 395-405

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from

geocentric gravitational constant GM = 3986005e8 m\*m\*m/s/s, dynamic form factor J2 = 108263e-8 and Earth's angular velocity =

7292115e-11 rad/s.

Semi-major axis 6378137.0 m
Inverse flattening 298.257222101 m

Item class PrimeMeridian

Name Greenwich

Item status VALID
Identifier 25

Alias Zero meridian

Information source Title Why the Greenwich meridian moved

Author S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K.

Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2015-12

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 89, No. 12

Page 1263–1272

Information source Title IERS Conventions (2010)

Author G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)

Publisher Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und

Geodasie

Publication date 2010

Edition date

Series/Journal name IERS Technical Notes

Issue identification 36.0

Other citation details ISSN: 1019-4568

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Greenwich longitude 0.0 °

CartesianCS Item class

Name Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS.

Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z. Orientation: Z to North

Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at

Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the

Prime Meridian]. UoM: m.

Item status **VALID** Identifier 45

Alias Earth centred, earth fixed, right-handed 3D coordinate system,

> consisting of 3 orthogonal axes with X and Y axes in the equatorial plane, positive Z-axis parallel to mean earth rotation axis and pointing

towards North Pole. UoM: m.

Alias **ECEF** 

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

International Organization for Standardization Author

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

2007-07-01 Publication date Second Edition Edition Series/Journal name International Standard Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Used in geocentric coordinate reference systems. Remarks

#### Axes

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis Name **Geocentric X** Item status **VALID** Identifier 33 Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates

International Organization for Standardization

International Organization for Standardization (ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01 Edition Second Edition Series/Journal name International Standard Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Author

Publisher

Abbreviation Χ

Direction Geocentre > equator/0°E

Unit metre

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis

Name **Geocentric Y** 

**VALID** Item status Identifier 37

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Abbreviation Y

Direction Geocentre > equator/90°E

Unit metre

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis

Name Geocentric Z

Item statusVALIDIdentifier39

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

ISO Geodetic Registry

Abbreviation Z

Data source

Direction Geocentre > north pole

Unit metre