### ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class Transformation

Name ITRF2000 to SIRGAS-CON DGF02P01 [SIRv1]

Item statusVALIDIdentifier634

Information source Title Deformation of the South American crust

estimated from finite element and collocation

methods

Author H. Drewes, O. Heidbach Publisher Springer Berlin Heidelberg

Publication date 2005

Series/Journal name International Association of Geodesy Symposia

Issue identification 128.0 Page 544-549

Other citation details In Sanso F. (eds) A Window on the Future of

Geodesy. International Association of Geodesy Symposia, Vol 128. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg

Information source Title Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las

Americas (SIRGAS)

Author Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publisher Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publication date 2018
Other citation details Website

Information source Title Deutsches Geodätisches Forschungsinstitut

(DGFI) Jahresbericht 2001/2002

Author Deutsches Geodaetisches Forschungsinstitut

(DGFI)

Publisher Deutsches Geodaetisches Forschungsinstitut,

Munich, Germany

Publication date 2002

Series/Journal name Deutsches Geodätisches Forschungsinstitut

(DGFI) Jahresbericht 2001/2002

Information source Title Use of velocities in the processing of GNSS data

Author Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publisher Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publication date 2017 Other citation details Website

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Null reference frame transformation between ITRF2000 and SIRGAS-

CON DGF02P01.

Operation version SIRv1

Scope Spatial referencing

Operation accuracy 0.01 m

Source CRS ITRF2000 - LatLon

Target CRS SIRGAS-CON DGF02P01 - LatLon

Operation method Time-Dependent Position Vector Transformation (geocentric Cartesian

domain)

#### Extent

Description	South America - onshore and offshore. Central America - onshore and offshore. Mexico - onshore and offshore.	
Geographic Bounding Box	West-bound longitude	-122.19
	North-bound latitude	32.72
	East-bound longitude	-25.28
	South-bound latitude	-59.87

# Operation parameter values

Time reference	2000.0 year
Rate of change of scale difference	0.0 parts per billion per year
Rate of change of Z-axis rotation	0.0 milliarc-second per year
Rate of change of Y-axis rotation	0.0 milliarc-second per year
Rate of change of X-axis rotation	0.0 milliarc-second per year
Rate of change of Z-axis translation	0.0 millimetre per year
Rate of change of Y-axis translation	0.0 millimetre per year
Rate of change of X-axis translation	0.0 millimetre per year
Scale difference	0.0 parts per billion
Z-axis rotation	0.0 milliarc-second
Y-axis rotation	0.0 milliarc-second
X-axis rotation	0.0 milliarc-second
Z-axis translation	0.0 millimetre
Y-axis translation	0.0 millimetre
X-axis translation	0.0 millimetre

# **ISO Geodetic Registry**

Item class OperationMethod

Name Time-Dependent Position Vector

**Transformation (geocentric Cartesian domain)** 

Item statusVALIDIdentifier82

Alias Time-Dependent 7-Parameter Transformation

Alias 14-Parameter Transformation

Alias Time-Dependent Position Vector Transformation

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Note the analogy with the rotation for the Time-dependent Coordinate

Frame Transformation but beware of the differences! The Position

Vector Transformation convention is used by IAG.

Geomatics Guidance Note No 7, part 2: Coordinate Conversions and

Transformations including Formulas

#### Operation parameters

X-axis translation

Formula

Y-axis translation

Z-axis translation

X-axis rotation

Y-axis rotation

Z-axis rotation

Scale difference

Rate of change of X-axis translation

Rate of change of Y-axis translation

Rate of change of Z-axis translation

Rate of change of X-axis rotation

Rate of change of Y-axis rotation

Rate of change of Z-axis rotation

Rate of change of scale difference

Time reference