ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	GeodeticCRS	
Name	**NAD 83 (PACP00) - LatLon**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	357	
Information source	*Title*	Notice to Adopt Standard Method for Horizontal Datum Transformation
	Author	US Government
	Publisher	Office of Federal Register, NARA
	Publication date	1990-08-10
	Edition date	1990-08-10
	Series/Journal name	Federal Register Notice
	Issue identification	Volume 55, No. 155, Document: 00-18809
	Page	32681.0
	Other citation details	Mandates use of NADCON for official transformations between datums
Information source	*Title*	NADCON 5.0: Geometric Transformation Tool for points in the National Spatial Reference System
	Author	D. Smith, A. Bilich
	Publisher	NOAA's National Geodetic Survey
	Publication date	2017-03-27
	Edition date	2017-03-27
	Series/Journal name	NGS Technical Report
	Other citation details	Replaces version 4.2 and all earlier. Provides gridding algorithm, datum transformations, and extents of covnversion grids.
Information source	*Title*	Introducing Two Spatial Reference Frames for Regions of the Pacific Ocean
	Author	R.A. Snay
	Publisher	American Cobgress on Surveying and Mapping
	Publication date	2003-01-01
	Edition date	2003-01-01
	Series/Journal name	Surveying and Land Information Systems
	Issue identification	Volume 63, No. 1
	Page	5-12
	Other citation details	MARP00, PACP00
Information source	*Title*	CORS Coordinates
	Author	National Geodetic Survey
	Publisher	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Geodetic Survey (NGS)
	Revision date	2017-05-16
	Series/Journal name	NGS Online listing of transformation parameters
	Other citation details	webpage
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Scope	Spatial referencing	
Datum	North American Datum of 1983 (PACP00)	
Coordinate System	Ellipsoidal 2D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude. Orientations: north, east. UoM: degree	

Extent

Description	**American Samoa - onshore and offshore. Marshall Islands - onshore and offshore. United States (USA) - onshore and offshore - Hawaii. United States Minor Outlying Islands - onshore and offshore.**

Geographic Bounding Box	*West-bound longitude*	157.47
	North-bound latitude	31.8
	East-bound longitude	-151.27
	South-bound latitude	-17.56

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	GeodeticDatum	
Name	**North American Datum of 1983 (PACP00)**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	113	
Alias	NAD83 (PACP00)	
Information source	*Title*	NGS No Longer Updates Published CORS Coordinates in the Following Reference Frames
	Author	National Geodetic Survey
	Publisher	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) National Geodetic Survey (NGS)
	Revision date	2017-03-16
	Edition date	2017-03-16
	Series/Journal name	NGS Online listing of transformation parameters
	Other citation details	webpage
Information source	*Title*	Introducing HTDP 3.1 to transform coordinates across time and spatial reference frames
	Author	C. Pearson, R.A. Snay
	Publisher	Springer-Verlag
	Publication date	2013-01-01
	Edition date	2013-01-01
	Series/Journal name	GPS Solutions
	Issue identification	Volume 17, No. 1
	Page	1-15
	Other citation details	NAD83 (2011), NAD83 (MA11), NAD83 (PA11) transformation from IGb08
Information source	*Title*	Introducing Two Spatial Reference Frames for Regions of the Pacific Ocean
	Author	R.A. Snay
	Publisher	American Cobgress on Surveying and Mapping
	Publication date	2003-01-01
	Edition date	2003-01-01
	Series/Journal name	Surveying and Land Information Systems
	Issue identification	Volume 63, No. 1
	Page	5-12
	Other citation details	MARP00, PACP00
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Replaces NAD83 (HARN). Replaced by NAD83(PA11) from 2011-09-06.	
Anchor definition	Realization of the NAD83. The frame is defined by a time-dependent seven parameter transformation of ITRF2000 3D geocentric Cartesian coordinates and velocities at reference epoch 1993.62. The frame is kept aligned to the Pacific plate at other epochs based on an Euler pole calculated from 16 sites located on the North American, Mariana, and Pacific plates. The original web listing erroneously showed values for this frame as being identical to NAD83 (CORS96) Epoch 2002. However, the original HTDP (version 2.7) implementation used the transformation given in the reference.	
Release date	2003	
Coordinate Reference Epoch	1993.6	
Scope	Spatial referencing	
Ellipsoid	GRS 1980	
Prime Meridian	Greenwich	

Extent

Description	**American Samoa - onshore and offshore. Marshall Islands - onshore and offshore. United States (USA) - onshore and offshore - Hawaii. United States Minor Outlying Islands - onshore and offshore.**	
Geographic Bounding Box	*West-bound longitude*	157.47
	North-bound latitude	31.8
	East-bound longitude	-151.27
	South-bound latitude	-17.56

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	Ellipsoid	
Name	**GRS 1980**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	27	
Alias	Geodetic Reference System 1980	
Alias	GRS1980	
Alias	IAG GRS80	
Alias	International 1979	
Alias	GRS80	
Information source	*Title*	Geodetic Reference System 1980
	Author	H. Moritz
	Publisher	Springer International Publishing
	Publication date	2003-03
	Series/Journal name	Journal of Geodesy
	Issue identification	Volume 74, No. 1
	Page	128–162
Information source	*Title*	Geodetic Reference System 1980
	Author	H. Moritz
	Publisher	International Association of Geodesy
	Publication date	1984
	Series/Journal name	Bulletin Geodesique
	Issue identification	Volume 58, No. 3
	Page	395-405
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from geocentric gravitational constant GM = 3986005e8 m*m*m/s/s, dynamic form factor J2 = 108263e-8 and Earth's angular velocity = 7292115e-11 rad/s.	
Semi-major axis	6378137.0 m	
Inverse flattening	298.257222101 m	

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	PrimeMeridian	
Name	**Greenwich**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	25	
Alias	Zero meridian	
Information source	*Title*	Why the Greenwich meridian moved
	Author	S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K. Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan
	Publisher	Springer International Publishing
	Publication date	2015-12
	Series/Journal name	Journal of Geodesy
	Issue identification	Volume 89, No. 12
	Page	1263–1272
Information source	*Title*	IERS Conventions (2010)
	Author	G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)
	Publisher	Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und Geodasie
	Publication date	2010
	Edition date	
	Series/Journal name	IERS Technical Notes
	Issue identification	36.0
	Other citation details	ISSN: 1019-4568
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Greenwich longitude	0.0 °	

ISO Geodetic Registry

Item class	EllipsoidalCS	
Name	**Ellipsoidal 2D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude. Orientations: north, east. UoM: degree**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	43	
Information source	*Title*	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Used in geographic 2D coordinate reference systems. Coordinates referenced to this CS are in degrees. Any degree representation (e.g. DMSH, decimal, etc.) may be used but that used must be declared for the user by the supplier of data.	

Axes

Item class	CoordinateSystemAxis	
Name	**Geodetic latitude**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	38	
Information source	*Title*	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference systems.	
Abbreviation	Lat	
Direction	north	
Unit	degree (supplier to define representation)	

Item class	CoordinateSystemAxis	
Name	**Geodetic longitude**	
Item status	VALID	
Identifier	34	
Information source	*Title*	ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates
	Author	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)

	Publisher	International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
	Publication date	2007-07-01
	Edition	Second Edition
	Series/Journal name	International Standard
	Issue identification	ISO 19111:2007
Data source	ISO Geodetic Registry	
Remarks	Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference systems.	
Abbreviation	Lon	
Direction	east	
Unit	degree (supplier to define representation)	