Item class GeodeticCRS

Name SIRGAS-CON DGF07P01 - XYZ

Item statusVALIDIdentifier324AliasSIRGASAliasDGFI07P01AliasSIRGAS-CON

Alias Geocentric Reference System for the Americas

Alias Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las Americas

Alias SIRGAS Multi-Year Solution 2007

Alias DGF07P01

Information source Title The new position and velocity solution DGF07P01

of the IGS Regional Network Associate Analysis

Center for SIRGAS (IGS RNAAC SIR)

Author W. Seemueller, M. Kruegel, H. Drewes, A.

Abolghasem

Publisher American Geophysical Union

Publication date 2007

Series/Journal name Eos Transactions, Fall Meeting Supplement Issue identification Volume 88, No. 52, Abstract G43C-1471 Other citation details AGU Fall Meeting. San Francisco, USA,

December 10 - 14, 2007, Abstract G43C-1471

Information source Title Deformation of the South American crust

estimated from finite element and collocation

methods

Author H. Drewes, O. Heidbach
Publisher Springer Berlin Heidelberg

Publication date 2005

Series/Journal name International Association of Geodesy Symposia

Issue identification 128.0 Page 544-549

Other citation details In Sanso F. (eds) A Window on the Future of

Geodesy. International Association of Geodesy Symposia, Vol 128. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg

Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las

Americas (SIRGAS)

Author Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publisher Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publication date 2018
Other citation details Website

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry
Scope Spatial referencing

Datum SIRGAS Continuously Operating Network DGF07P01

Coordinate System Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS. Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z.

Orientation: Z to North Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the Prime Meridian]. UoM:

m.

Title

#### Extent

Information source

Description	South America - onshore and offshore. Central America - onshore and offshore. Mexico - onshore and offshore.	
Geographic Bounding Box	West-bound longitude North-bound latitude East-bound longitude South-bound latitude	-122.19 32.72 -25.28 -59.87

Item class GeodeticDatum

Name SIRGAS Continuously Operating Network

**DGF07P01** 

ltem status **VALID** Identifier 98

Alias **SIRGAS** Alias **DGFI07P01** Alias SIRGAS-CON

Alias Geocentric Reference System for the Americas

Alias Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las Americas

Alias SIRGAS Multi-Year Solution 2007

Alias **DGF07P01** 

Information source Title Sistema de Referencia Geocentrico para las

Americas (SIRGAS)

Author Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publisher Sistema de Referencia Geocéntrico para las

Américas (SIRGAS)

Publication date 2018 Other citation details Website

Information source Title The new position and velocity solution DGF07P01

of the IGS Regional Network Associate Analysis

Center for SIRGAS (IGS RNAAC SIR)

**Author** W. Seemueller, M. Kruegel, H. Drewes, A.

Abolghasem

Publisher American Geophysical Union

Publication date 2007

Series/Journal name Eos Transactions, Fall Meeting Supplement Issue identification Volume 88, No. 52, Abstract G43C-1471 Other citation details AGU Fall Meeting. San Francisco, USA,

December 10 - 14, 2007, Abstract G43C-1471

Information source Title Deformation of the South American crust

estimated from finite element and collocation

methods

Author H. Drewes, O. Heidbach Publisher Springer Berlin Heidelberg

Publication date 2005

Series/Journal name International Association of Geodesy Symposia

Issue identification 128.0 Page 544-549

Other citation details In Sanso F. (eds) A Window on the Future of

Geodesy. International Association of Geodesy Symposia, Vol 128. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Replaces DGF06P01. Replaced by DGF08P01.

Anchor definition Realized by a frame of 106 continuously operating stations using GPS

> observations from December 2001 to December 2002, January to May 2005 and January 2006 to October 2007, and aligned to IGS05 at epoch 2004.5. Based on reprocessed weekly normal equations using the first reprocessing campaign products (IG1) of the International GNSS Service and absolute phase centre calibrations referring to the IGS05/IGb05 reference frame. Velocity model VEMOS2003 used to propagate coordinates from an arbitrary epoch to the 2004.5 reference

epoch.

Release date 2007 Coordinate Reference Epoch 2004.5

Scope Spatial referencing

Ellipsoid GRS 1980
Prime Meridian Greenwich

### Extent

Description	South America - onshore and offshore. Central America - onshore and offshore. Mexico - onshore and offshore.	
Geographic Bounding Box	West-bound longitude North-bound latitude East-bound longitude South-bound latitude	-122.19 32.72 -25.28 -59.87

Item class Ellipsoid

Name GRS 1980

Item status VALID
Identifier 27

Alias Geodetic Reference System 1980

Alias GRS1980
Alias IAG GRS80

Alias International 1979

Alias GRS80

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2003-03

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 74, No. 1

Page 128–162

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher International Association of Geodesy

Publication date 1984

Series/Journal name Bulletin Geodesique Issue identification Volume 58, No. 3

Page 395-405

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from

geocentric gravitational constant GM = 3986005e8 m\*m\*m/s/s, dynamic form factor J2 = 108263e-8 and Earth's angular velocity =

7292115e-11 rad/s.

Semi-major axis 6378137.0 m
Inverse flattening 298.257222101 m

Item class PrimeMeridian

Name Greenwich

Item status VALID
Identifier 25

Alias Zero meridian

Information source Title Why the Greenwich meridian moved

Author S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K.

Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2015-12

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 89, No. 12

Page 1263–1272

Information source Title IERS Conventions (2010)

Author G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)

Publisher Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und

Geodasie

Publication date 2010

Edition date

Series/Journal name IERS Technical Notes

Issue identification 36.0

Other citation details ISSN: 1019-4568

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Greenwich longitude 0.0 °

Item class CartesianCS

Name Geocentric 3D right-handed Cartesian CS.

Axes: Geocentric X,Y,Z. Orientation: Z to North

Pole, [X and Y in the equatorial plane, X at

Prime Meridian | X in the equatorial plane at the

Prime Meridian]. UoM: m.

Item status VALID
Identifier 45

Alias Earth centred, earth fixed, right-handed 3D coordinate system,

consisting of 3 orthogonal axes with X and Y axes in the equatorial plane, positive Z-axis parallel to mean earth rotation axis and pointing

towards North Pole. UoM: m.

Alias ECEF

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Used in geocentric coordinate reference systems.

#### Axes

Data source

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis Name **Geocentric X** Item status **VALID** Identifier 33 Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial referencing by coordinates Author International Organization for Standardization Publisher International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Publication date 2007-07-01 Edition Second Edition Series/Journal name International Standard Issue identification ISO 19111:2007 Data source ISO Geodetic Registry Abbreviation Χ Direction Geocentre > equator/0°E Unit metre

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis

Name Geocentric Y

Item statusVALIDIdentifier37

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

*Abbreviation* Y

Direction Geocentre > equator/90°E

Unit metre

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis

Name Geocentric Z

Item statusVALIDIdentifier39

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Abbreviation Z

Direction Geocentre > north pole

Unit metre