Item class GeodeticCRS

Name IGb00 - LatLon

Item statusVALIDIdentifier336

Alias IGS 2000 (v2)

Alias International GPS Service 2000 (v2)

Information source Title IGS00 (v2)

Author R. Ferland

Publisher International GNSS Service (IGS)

Publication date 2003-10-09

Edition date

Series/Journal name IGSMAIL Issue identification 4642.0

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Replaces IGS00 - LatLon. Replaced by IGS05 -LatLon. Used by IGS

products within the period 2004-01-11 thru 2006-11-04.

Scope Spatial referencing

Datum IGb00

Coordinate System Ellipsoidal 2D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude. Orientations: north, east.

UoM: degree

Extent

| Description | World. | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Geographic Bounding Box | West-bound longitude | -180.0 |
| | North-bound latitude | 90.0 |
| | East-bound longitude | 180.0 |
| | South-bound latitude | -90.0 |

Item class GeodeticDatum

Name IGb00
Item status VALID
Identifier 115

Alias IGS 2000 (v2)

Alias International GPS Service 2000 (v2)

Information source Title IGS00 (v2)

Author R. Ferland

Publisher International GNSS Service (IGS)

Publication date 2003-10-09

Edition date

Series/Journal name IGSMAIL Issue identification 4642.0

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Replaces IGS00. Replaced by IGS05. Used by IGS products within the

period 2004-01-11 thru 2006-11-04.

Anchor definition Derived from and aligned to a subset of 99 stable IGS station

coordinates and velocities in ITRF2000 at epoch 1998.0. This was the last IGS reference frame to use relative antenna phase calibrations for

ground stations and no calibrations for satellite antennas.

Release date 2004-01-11 Coordinate Reference Epoch 1998.0

Scope Spatial Referencing

Ellipsoid GRS 1980
Prime Meridian Greenwich

Extent

| Description | World. | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------|
| Geographic Bounding Box | West-bound longitude | -180.0 |
| | North-bound latitude | 90.0 |
| | East-bound longitude | 180.0 |
| | South-bound latitude | -90.0 |

Item class Ellipsoid

Name GRS 1980

Item status VALID Identifier 27

Alias Geodetic Reference System 1980

Alias GRS1980
Alias IAG GRS80

Alias International 1979

Alias GRS80

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2003-03

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 74, No. 1

Page 128–162

Information source Title Geodetic Reference System 1980

Author H. Moritz

Publisher International Association of Geodesy

Publication date 1984

Series/Journal name Bulletin Geodesique Issue identification Volume 58, No. 3

Page 395-405

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Adopted by IUGG 1979 Canberra. Inverse flattening is derived from

geocentric gravitational constant GM = 3986005e8 m*m*m/s/s, dynamic form factor J2 = 108263e-8 and Earth's angular velocity =

7292115e-11 rad/s.

 Semi-major axis
 6378137.0 m

 Inverse flattening
 298.257222101 m

Item class PrimeMeridian

Name Greenwich

Item status VALID
Identifier 25

Alias Zero meridian

Information source Title Why the Greenwich meridian moved

Author S. Malys, J.H. Seago, N.K. Pavlis, P.K.

Seidelmann, G.H. Kaplan

Publisher Springer International Publishing

Publication date 2015-12

Series/Journal name Journal of Geodesy Issue identification Volume 89, No. 12

Page 1263–1272

Information source Title IERS Conventions (2010)

Author G. Petit, B.J. Luzum (eds)

Publisher Verlag des Bundesamts fur Kartographie und

Geodasie

Publication date 2010

Edition date

Series/Journal name IERS Technical Notes

Issue identification 36.0

Other citation details ISSN: 1019-4568

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Greenwich longitude 0.0 °

Item class EllipsoidalCS

Name Ellipsoidal 2D CS. Axes: latitude, longitude.

Orientations: north, east. UoM: degree

Item status VALID

Identifier 43

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Used in geographic 2D coordinate reference systems. Coordinates

referenced to this CS are in degrees. Any degree representation (e.g. DMSH, decimal, etc.) may be used but that used must be declared for

the user by the supplier of data.

Axes

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis

Name Geodetic latitude

Item status VALID
Identifier 38

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

ICO Condation Designation

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference

systems.

Abbreviation Lat
Direction north

Unit degree (supplier to define representation)

Item class CoordinateSystemAxis

Name Geodetic longitude

Item status VALID
Identifier 34

Information source Title ISO 19111 Geographical information - Spatial

referencing by coordinates

Author International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publisher International Organization for Standardization

(ISO)

Publication date 2007-07-01

Edition Second Edition

Series/Journal name International Standard

Issue identification ISO 19111:2007

Data source ISO Geodetic Registry

Remarks Used in geographic 2D and geographic 3D coordinate reference

systems.

Abbreviation Lon
Direction east

Unit degree (supplier to define representation)