

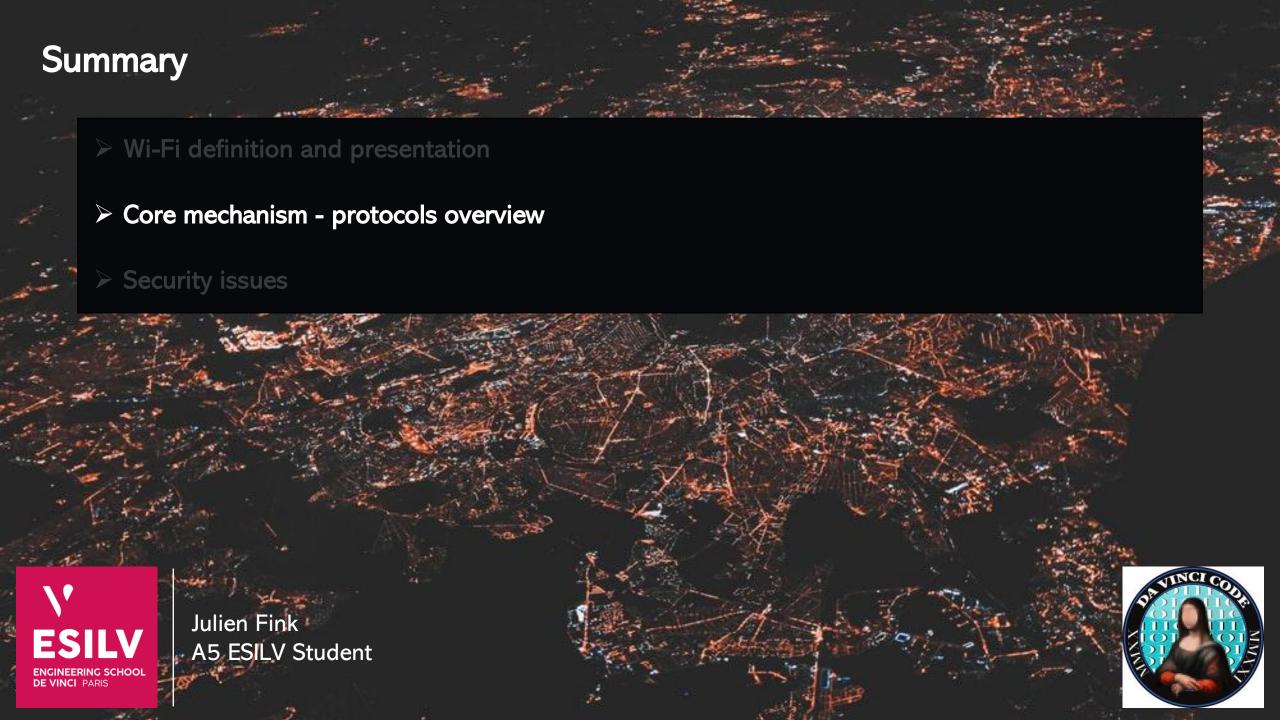
#### Wi-Fi definition and presentation (1/N)

- Radio waves
- 2.4 GHz and/or 5.8 GHz
- Provides local network and Internet access to devices

Designed for :	2.4 GHz	5.8 GHz
Range	<b>✓</b>	×
Linkrate	×	<b>~</b>
Penetration	<b>~</b>	×



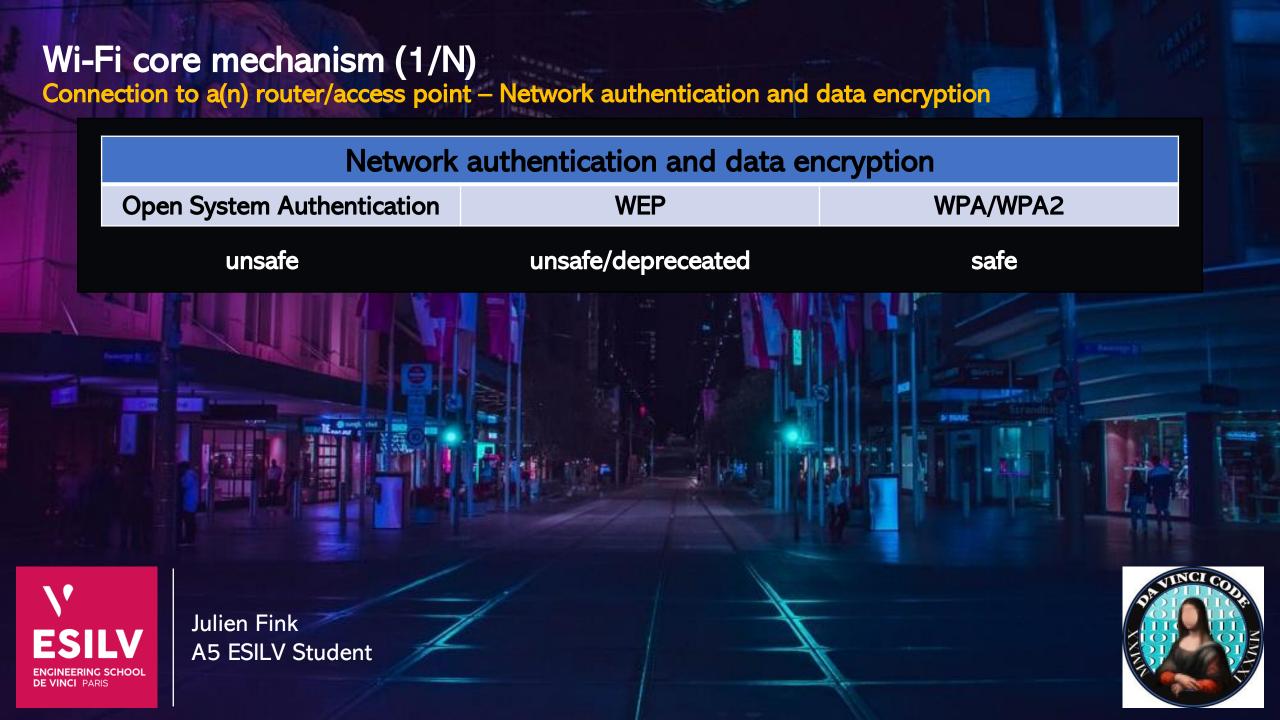






- IEEE 802.11 refers to the set of standards that define communication for wireless local area networks (WLANs)
- A 1985 decision by the U.S. Federal Commission for Communication that opened up the ISM band for unlicensed use
- Various security algorithms for IEEE 802.11 wireless networks





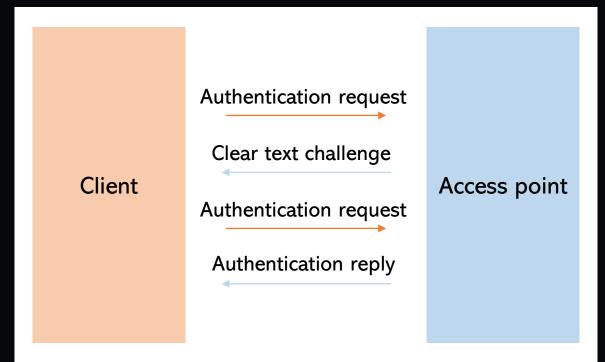


- In Open System authentication, the WLAN client does not provide its credentials to the Access Point during authentication.
- Any client can authenticate and associate with the Access Point
- Data travels in a clear format, except if other protocols perform encryption (e.g. TLS)



# Wi-Fi core mechanism (1/N) WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) (1/2) - Shared Key authentication

In Shared Key authentication, the WEP key is used for authentication in a four-step challenge-response handshake:



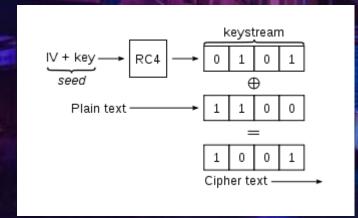
After the authentication and association, the pre-shared WEP key is also used for encrypting the data frames using RC4.



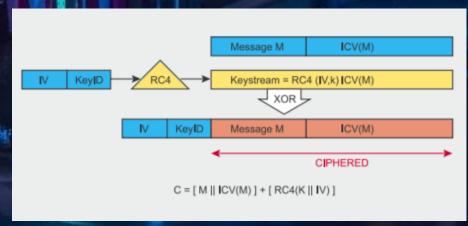
**A5 ESILV Student** 

## Wi-Fi core mechanism (1/N) WEP (2/2) - Payload encryption

- Stream cipher RC4
- 40 bits + 24 bits IV = 64-bit WEP key
- C = [M | | ICV(M)] ⊕ [RC4(K | | IV)]



Basic WEP encryption: RC4 keystream XORed with plaintext

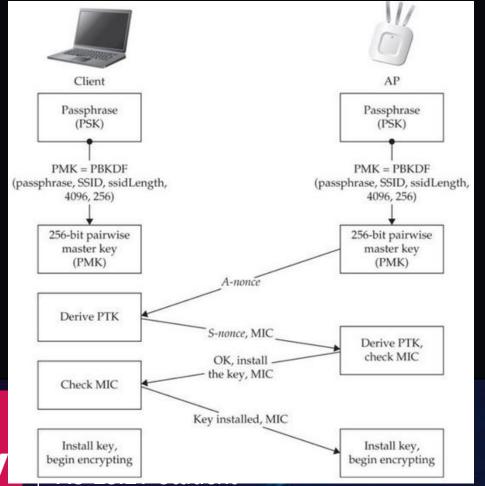


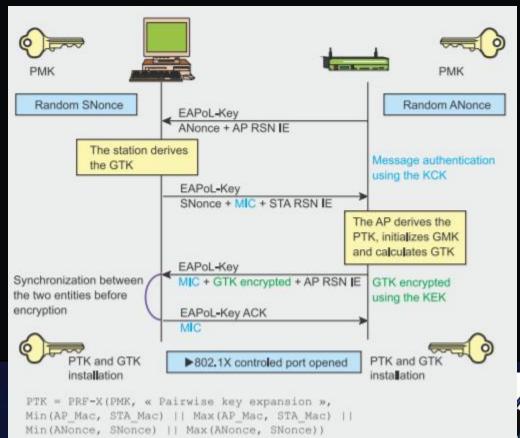




# Wi-Fi core mechanism (1/N) WPA & WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access) - PSK authentication

PSK (Pre-Shared Key) authentication

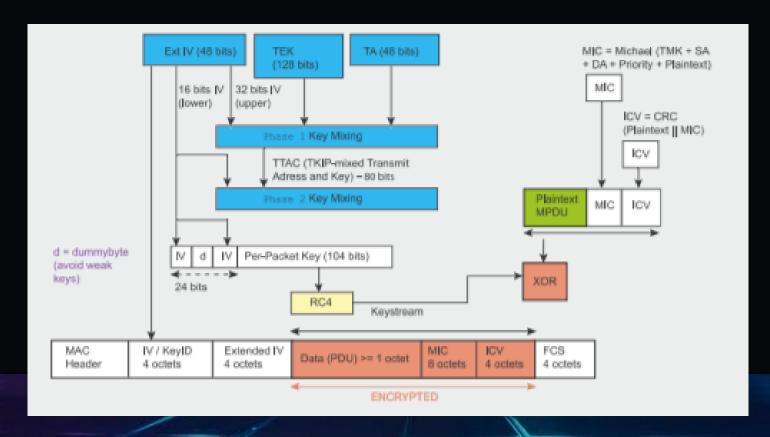






### Wi-Fi core mechanism (1/N) WPA - Payload encryption

TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) encryption

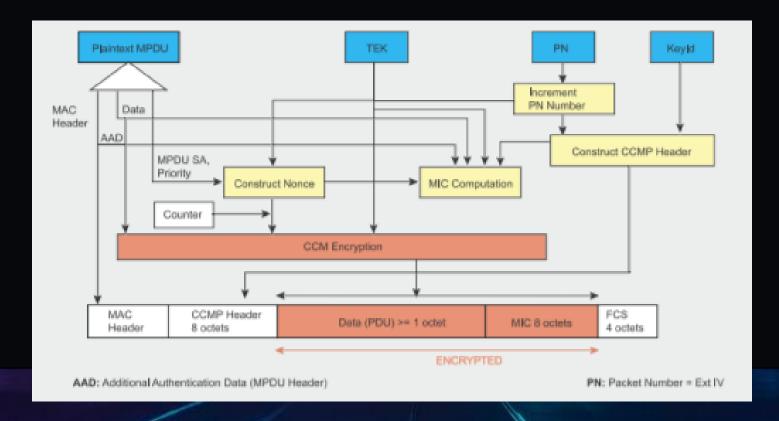






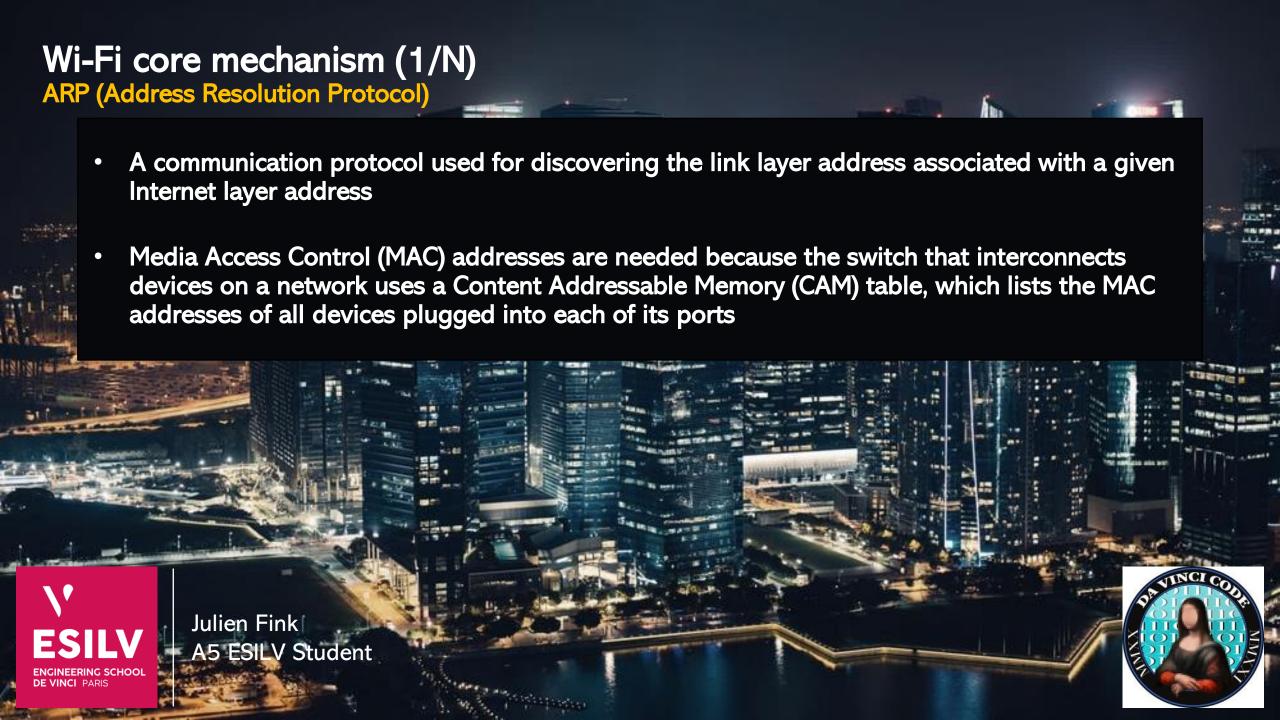
### Wi-Fi core mechanism (1/N) WPA2 - Payload encryption

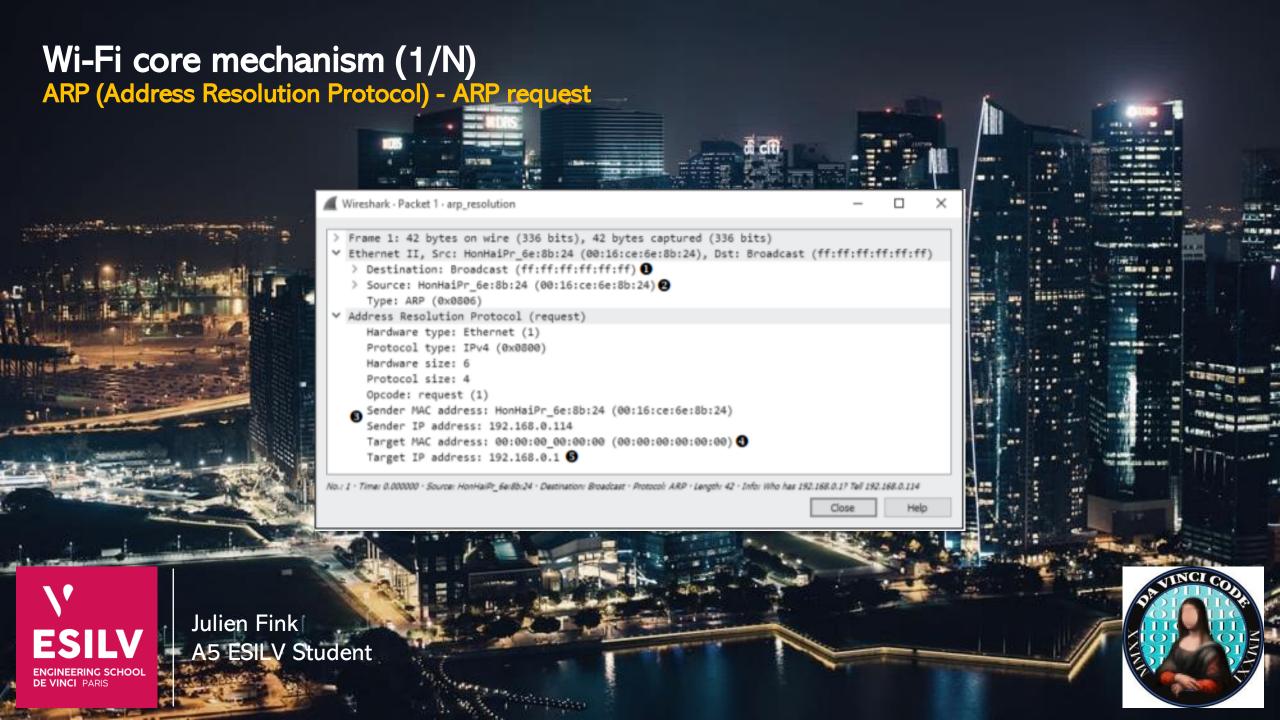
CCMP (Counter-Mode/CBC-Mac protocol) encryption

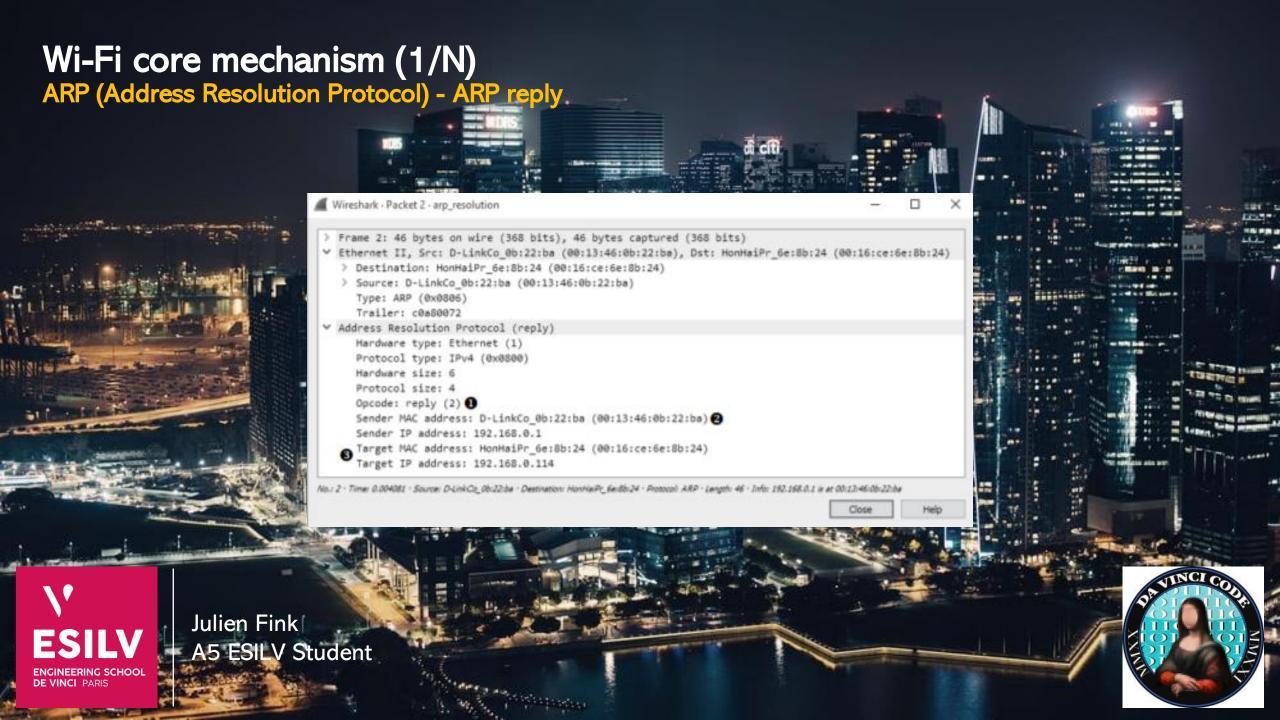


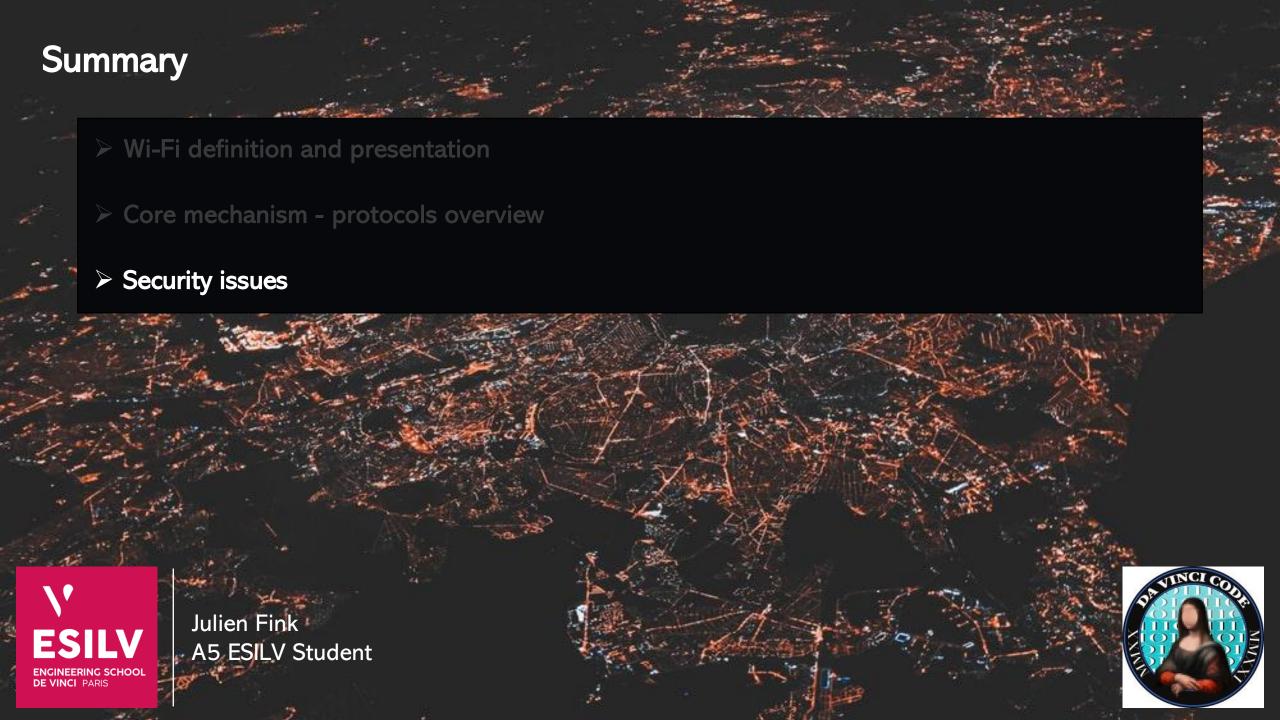












#### Security issues (1/N)

For radio communications in general

- Eavesdropping
- RF Denial of Service (DoS)
- Media Access Control (MAC) address spoofing
- Hijacking
- Man-in-the-Middle attacks
- Encryption Cracking





- <a href="https://repository.root-me.org/R%C3%A9seau/EN%20-%20Hacking%20wifi.pdf">https://repository.root-me.org/R%C3%A9seau/EN%20-%20Hacking%20wifi.pdf</a>
- <a href="https://github.com/koutto/pi-pwnbox-rogueap/wiki/05.-WPA-WPA2-Personal-(PSK)-Authentication">https://github.com/koutto/pi-pwnbox-rogueap/wiki/05.-WPA-WPA2-Personal-(PSK)-Authentication</a>
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