

Computing @ GYSS We teach thinking



# What is Computing?

Q: What is an applied subject?

A: Targeted at students with interest and aptitude for the specific field.

Q: What are the students going to learn?

A: Knowledge and skills needed to solve real-world problems with computers. Development and application of **computational thinking skills** to formulate computing solutions.

Students will be taught how to go through a systematic process of thinking when solving problems (abstraction), formulating steps for solutions (algorithmic thinking) and writing computer programs (programming/coding) to produce the solutions



# Why Computing?

- •Harness technology to effect transformation in health, transport, urban living, government services and businesses.
- Advancement in computer technology.
- •Require people with strong computational capacity and thinking skills to solve complex/unknown problems.
- Data analytics are transforming the future of business and research in diverse areas

"If you give a man a fish, you feed him for a day. If you teach a man to fish, you feed him for a lifetime."

"Nothing is HARD in life when you are willing to learn."









## Post-Secondary

- A Levels > Computing
- Poly > Computing Related Course

**Median Gross Monthly Salary** 

School of Computing								
Bachelor of Computing (Computer Science)	99.1%	96.4%	\$5,898	\$5,800	\$6,00	\$6,000		
Bachelor of Computing (Information Security)*	100.0%	100.0%	\$4,992	\$5,000	\$5,09	\$5,400		
Bachelor of Computing (Information Systems)	97.5%	96.2%	\$5,087	\$5,000	\$5,21	\$5,000		
Bachelor of Science (Business Analytics)	100.0%	100.0%	\$5,437	\$5,050	\$5,60	\$5,400		

### **NUS Graduate Employment Survey 2021**

6,897 fresh graduates and 830 follow-up graduates from NUS were surveyed in November 2021.





## **Growing List**

























Customer feedback analvsis unit 💽



Worker safety & incident prevention Ourbint





IT & devops automation harness ⊗cast



#### Industry-specific applications















Government zencity









Construction BUILT CANVAS

Maritime BEARING.ai

Gamina **O99WP** inworld

Waste management **AMP** 

Media **WELLSAID △** SURREAL

#### Al development tools





gretel Snorkel

Synthetic data Data de-identification PRIVATE AI



**Version control &** experiment tracking  $\mathcal{M}$ iterative 🚀 Pachyderm

**Model validation** & monitoring

COJ.AI ROBUST INTELLIGENCE **fiddler** 

ML platforms anyscale **₩ Unbox** H ABACUS.AI **■ DataRobot** 

Machine learning deployment

OctoML

Resource optimization run:

vision O ENCORD

Computer

Natural language processing



co:here **Al21 labs** 

# What do we teach in Computing Class?

### **CONTENT OUTLINE**

The syllabus consists of four modules: (1) Data and Information, (2) Systems and Comm (3) Abstraction and Algorithms, and (4) Programming.

#### MODULE 1 - DATA AND INFORMATION

This module is about the handling and processing of data in computer systems, as well a be ethical when dealing with data. Students should be able to identify different types of dat and explain what the data is for, and explain how the data is represented or organized fo and output with reference to a given problem. Students will be more aware of ethical issurespect to data, including privacy of data.

#### MODULE 2 - SYSTEMS AND COMMUNICATIONS

This module is about systems involving computer technology and computing devices. Still learn the inter-relationships between parts and whole of a system; as well as the function systems in enabling communications between human and computing device (machine), machine, and within a machine.

#### MODULE 3 - ABSTRACTION AND ALGORITHMS

This module is about problem solving and how a problem may be solved by breaking it ir manageable parts and solving all the smaller parts. An algorithm describes a solution for that is independent of a programming language and may be presented in pseudo-code (program structures will be more pronounced) or diagrammatically (flowchart). Students sable to know the difference between pseudo-code and flowchart.

#### MODULE 4 - PROGRAMMING

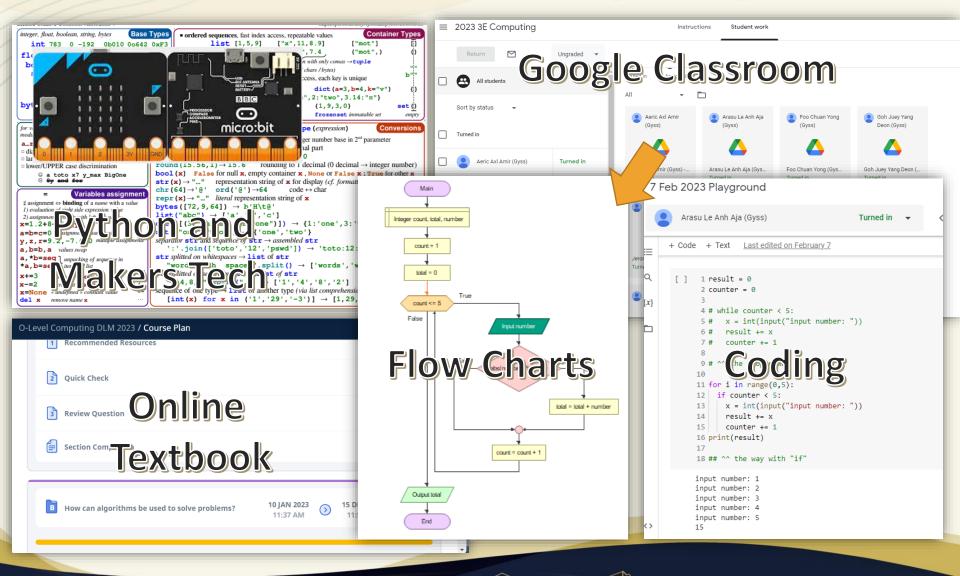
This module is about application and development of logical thinking and reasoning, as v problem-solving skills through the design and development of software solutions using planguage(s). An algorithm describes a solution independent of a programming language programming language depicts the solution that is workable on a computing device.

Summary of details for each paper:

Paper	Mode	Duration	Weighting	Marks	Format	Modules Assessed
1	Written	2h	70%	80	A mixture of  Short answer questions  Matching questions  Cloze passage  Structured questions	All the four modules
2	Lab- based	2 h 30 min	30%	50	4 compulsory structured questions  - Use of spreadsheet functions and features  - Refinement of program  - Debugging of program  - Development of program with no more than 40 lines of code  Development of program will carry 20 marks. The remaining three questions average 10 marks.	Unit 1.1 Data Management from module 1 Module 4: Programming



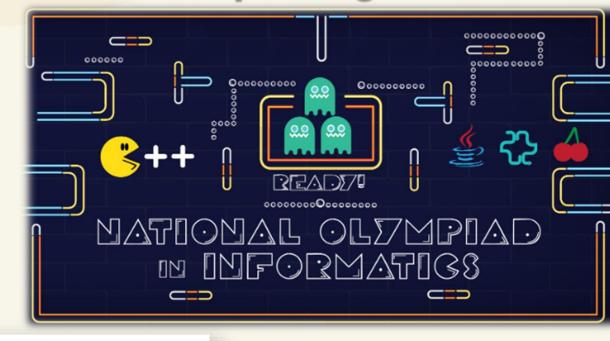
# What do we do in Computing Class?





# What do we do in Computing Class?

### **Olympiad**



### The June Conference

Our flagship event of the year, the June Conference will be held in around the first week of June, with a central theme: **Artificial Intelligence (AI)**. We'll focus on the integration of AI into numerous fields, like Health, the Government and Industry, and we're also proud to partner with AI Singapore again!

### **Organising Schools**













### **Partners**













### Conferences



### Criteria



- Overall Maths Grade > = 65%
- Additional Mathematics











FERLYN NG 3E2 DEON GOH 3E2

"I took up computing as it enabled me to solve complex, challenging problems and help my friends find solutions through technological means. Computing offers me a pathway to different types of careers in future. "
- Deon

"The lesson is different from what I have experienced. We learn everything through our Chromebooks, and there is a lot of discussion and thinking when we solve different types of problems. " - Ferlyn