

is all around us

Understanding the demands of Upper Secondary Science





Importance of Science

How will low-lying Singapore's built environment survive rising seas?

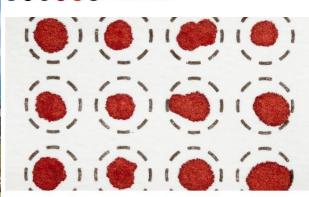
Singapore's response to climate change is more adaptation than prevention. So how will the vulnerable city-state protect its most valuable assets—its buildings—from rising sea levels?

https://www.eco-business.com/news/how-will-low-lying-singapores-built-environment-survive-rising-seas/

Detecting cancer in minutes possible with just a drop of dried blood and new test, study hints

News By Emily Cooke published 2 days ago

Early tests suggest that a new tool that requires only a single drop of blood could detect three of the deadliest forms of cancer.



Less than 0.05 milliliters of dried blood could be used to detect gastric, colorectal and pancreatic cancer, early research suggests. (Image credit: marekuliasz via Getty Images)

https://www.livescience.com/health/can cer/detecting-cancer-in-minutespossible-with-just-a-drop-of-driedblood-and-new-test-study-hints



https://nap.nationalacademies.org/read/21798/chapter/4#18



Goals of Science Education

- Enthuse and nurture all students to be scientifically literate
- Provide strong fundamentals for students to pursue science related areas in learning and work
- Prepare individuals to navigate an increasingly complex and technologically advanced world, while also fostering a deeper appreciation for the wonders of the natural world.





The Science Syllabuses

less emphasis on factual materials...

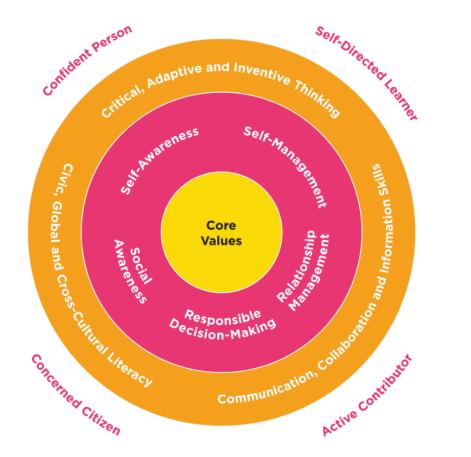
...much greater emphasis on the understanding and application of scientific concepts and principles

builds on the foundations of Lower Secondary science

the need to develop skills that will be of long-term value



Skills, 21st Century Competencies and **Student Outcomes**



2024 SEC 2 MTP & SUBJECT OPTIONS TALK

Skills, Values & Attitudes in Science



Data driven practice
Communicate and Convince

Observing, Predicting,
Comparing, Classifying,
Inferring, Analysing
Evaluating, Verifying

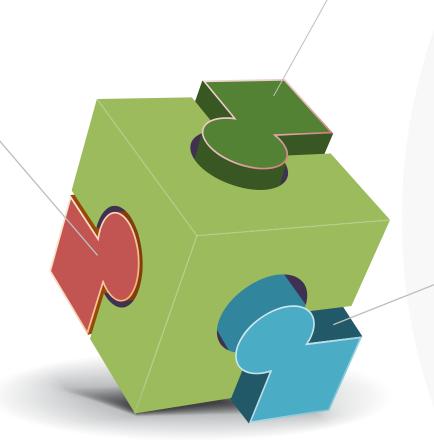
Develop sound arguments
Hypothesise
Reason



Differences between the Sciences



The study of the composition, structure, properties and change of matter... known as the 'central science' that bridges physics and biology





The study of life and living organisms... including their physical structure, function, growth and evolution



The study of matter & its motion through space & time... the concepts of energy & forces... how the universe behaves...



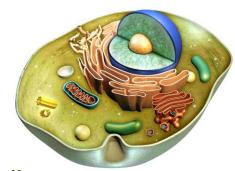
Topics covered in Lower Secondary Science

Chemistry



- Physical Properties
- Chemical Composition
- Separation Techniques
- Particulate Nature of Matter
- Atoms and Molecules
- Chemical changes

Biology



- Cells
- Ecosystems
- Human Digestive System
- Transport Systems in Living Things
- Human Sexual Reproduction System

Physics



- Light
- Forces, Pressure,Moments, Energy
- Transfer of Heat Energy
- Electrical Systems



Dispositions for the Sciences

Biology

- Strong language ability (at most 15% calculation questions)
- Ability to apply concepts of living organisms to address the broader question of how living organisms work to sustain life
- Shows interest in the human body and the natural world
- A flair for drawing diagrams of plants or animals

Physics

- Strong mathematical foundation (20 to 40% calculation questions)
- Able to think abstractly and apply laws and theories
- Shows interest in the interactions of the physical world







COURSE	EXPRESS	NORMAL (ACADEMIC)	NORMAL (TECHNICAL)
SUBJECTS OFFERED	*Science (Phy/ Chem) (O) *Science (Chem/ Bio) (O)	Science (Phy/ Chem) (NA) Science (Chem/ Bio) (NA)	*Science (NT) *Science (Phy/ Chem) (NA) *Science (Chem/ Bio) (NA)
ASSESSMENT FORMAT	 Multiple Choice Structured Practical 	 Multiple Choice Structured 	 Multiple Choice Structured

^{*}offered to students who meet the criteria for taking up Subject-based Banding



O-Level Combined Science – Scheme of Assessment

Paper	Combined Sciences	Time	Marks	Weighting
1	Multiple Choice	1 h	40	30%
2	Structured & Free Response (Physics)	1h 15m	65	32.5%
3	Structured & Free Response (Chemistry)	1h 15m	65	32.5%
4	Structured & Free Response (Biology)	1h 15m	65	32.5%
5	Practical Test	1h 30m	30	15%

N(A)-Level Science – Scheme of Assessment

Paper	Combined Sciences	Time	Marks	Weighting
1	Multiple Choice (Physics)	1h 15m	20	20%
2	Structured (Physics)	111 15111	30	30%
3	Multiple Choice (Chemistry)	41. 45	20	20%
4	Structured (Chemistry)	1h 15m	30	30%
5	Multiple Choice (Biology)	1h 15m	20	20%
6	Structured (Biology)	111 13111	30	30%



N(T)-Level Science – Scheme of Assessment

Paper	Type of Paper	Duration	Marks	Weighting
1	E-Examination Multiple choice, selected response, short-answer and structured	1h 15 min	50	50%
2	Short Answer and Structured	1h	50	50%





忠.勤.诚.爱 Loyalty . Industry . Sincerity . Love





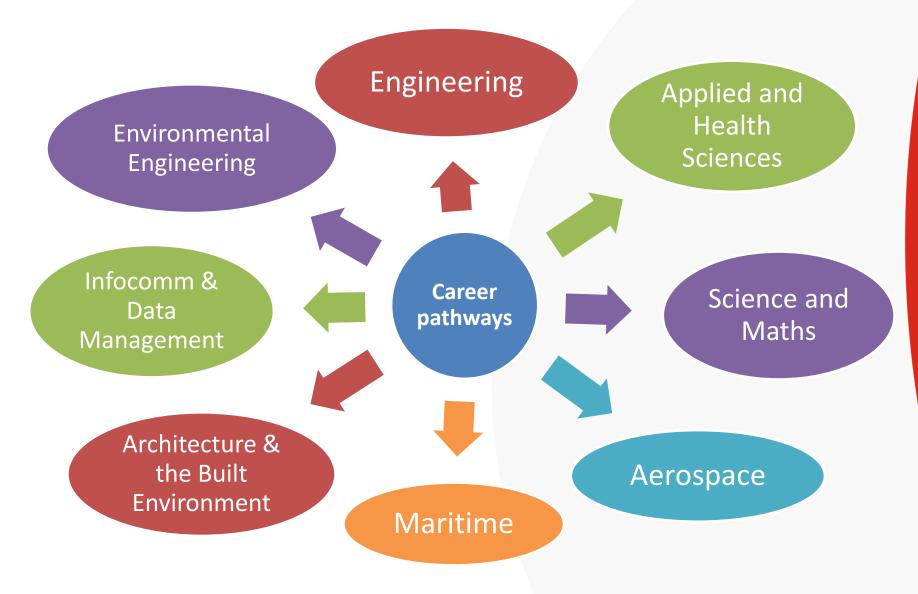


Science Assessment Weightage

Level	Subject	Code	SEAB website links
O	Combined Science	5086 / 5088	https://www.seab.gov.sg/home/exa minations/gce-o-level/o-level- syllabuses-examined-for-school- candidates-2025
NA	Combined Science	5105 / 5107	https://www.seab.gov.sg/home/examinations/ gce-n(a)-level/n(a)-level-syllabuses-examined- for-school-candidates-2025
NT	Science Syllabus T	5148	https://www.seab.gov.sg/home/examinations/ gce-n(t)-level/n(t)-level-syllabuses-examined- for-school-candidates-2025



Value of Offering Science





Course Requirements (Polytechnic)

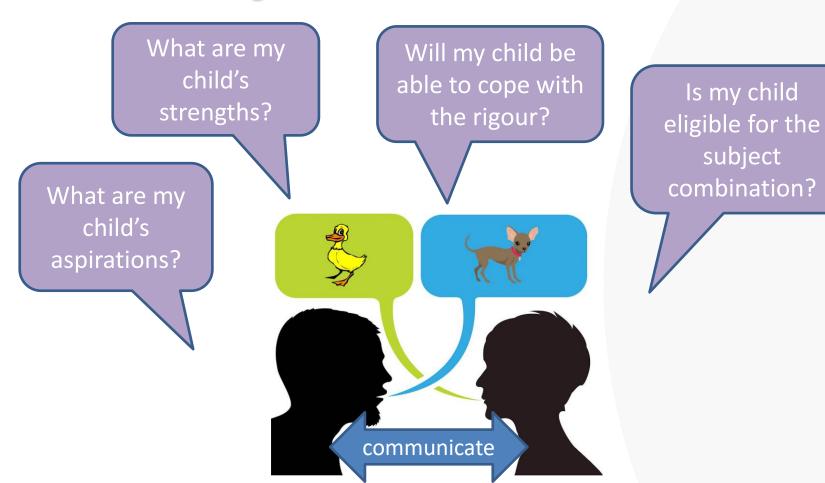
Course	School	Course Requirements
Biomedical Science	Singapore Polytechnic	Any 1 Science ELR2B2 range: 3-7
Biomedical Science	Ngee Ann Polytechnic	Any 1 Science ELR2B2 range: 4-8
Chemical & Biomolecular Engineering	Ngee Ann Polytechnic	Any 1 Science ELR2B2 range: 4-8
Pharmaceutical Science	Nanyang Polytechnic	Any 1 Science ELR2B2 range: 5-10

Course Requirements (ITE)

Course	Course Requirements
 Electronics & Info- Comm Technology Applied & Health Sciences Design & Media Engineering 	Maths or Science



Key Considerations





Making an Informed Decision

- talk to seniors and/or FTs if they require additional clarification
- parents and students should discuss and come to an agreement if both parties have different aspirations
- work towards aspirations and desired subject combinations in Semester 2 (setting up positive routines and developing good habits, the importance of help seeking behaviours, etc)





