

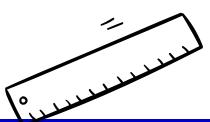
WOODLANDS RING PRIMARY SCHOOL

Every Child Is Unique and Able to Excel

2024 Parents Engage Qent (Science)

Organised by Science Department **Woodlands Ring Primary School**





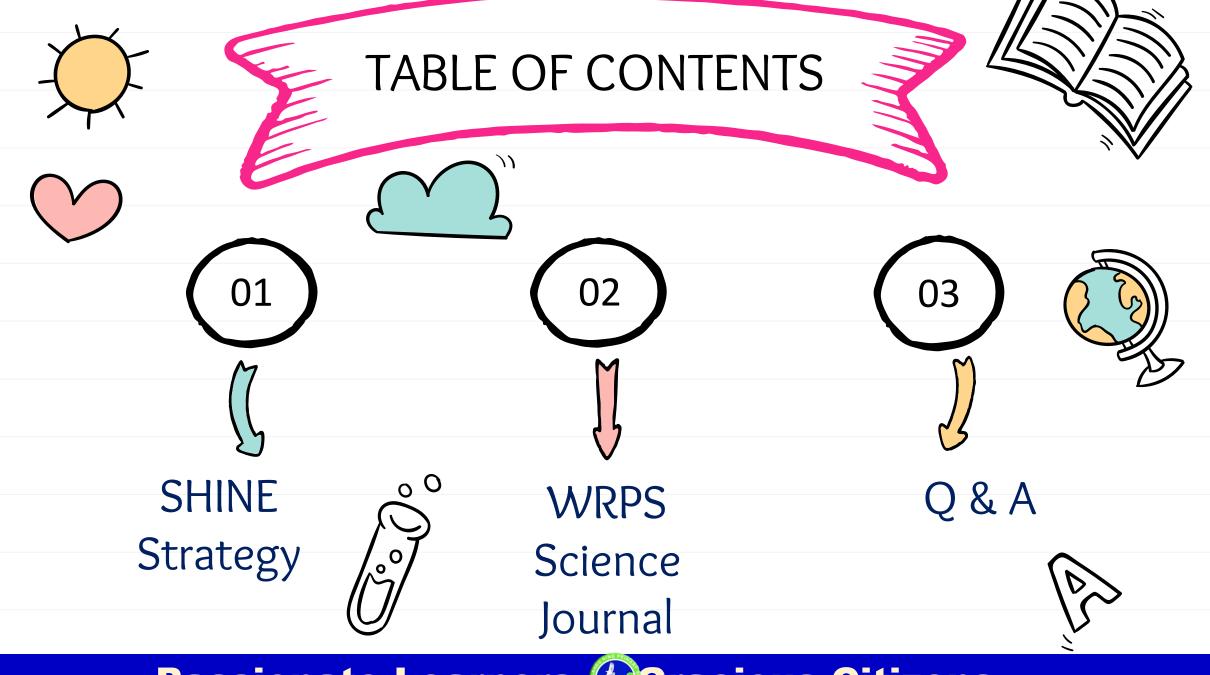






Please scan the QR code for your attendance. Thank you.

https://go.gov.sg/wrps2024pewa



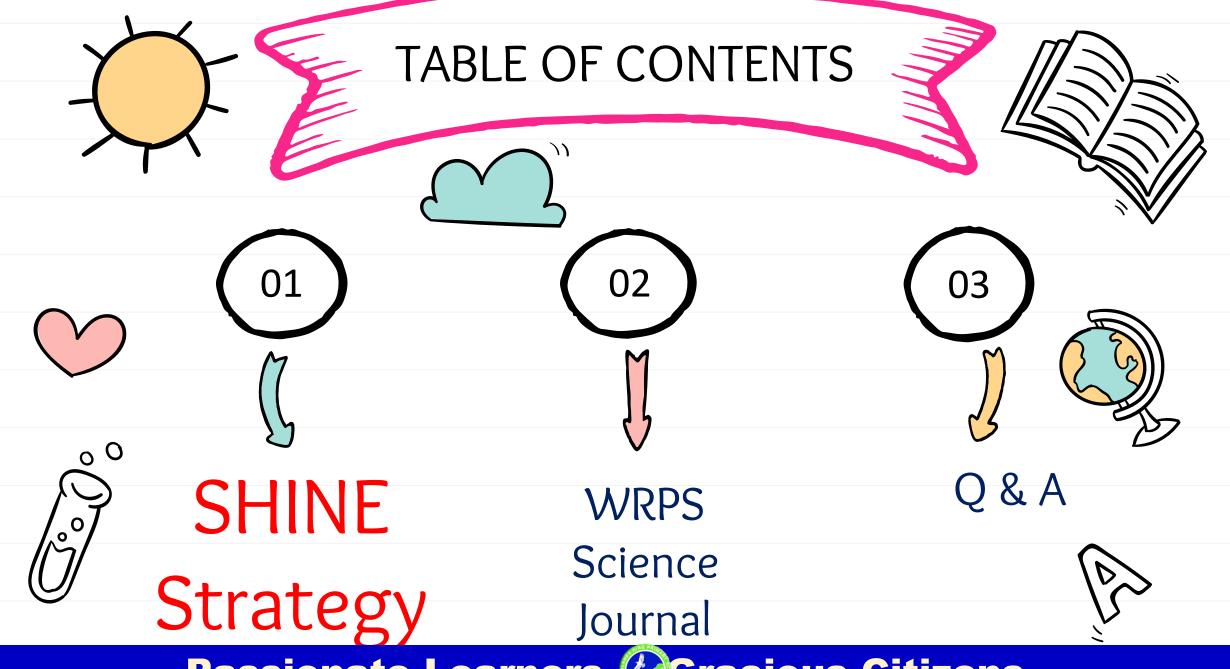


"Parents as Partners in Science Education" is an essential approach to fostering students' interest and success in science.

Objective:

Promote active parental engagement in their child's science education through continuous monitoring and fostering a collaborative partnership with their science teachers.







S.H.I.N.E

- S Study the question carefully
- H Highlight the Keywords
- Identify the Scientific Concept
- Note down additional information • N
- Explain (Open-ended)/Eliminate (MCQ)



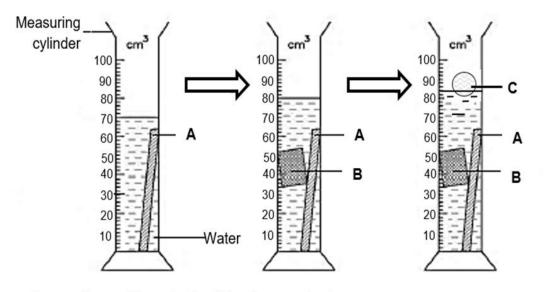
Worked example

Let us study this question...

Process Skills Involved:

- 1. Observation
- 2. Comparing
- 3. Analysing

Ali put 3 objects of different shapes into a measuring cylinder containing 50 cm³ of water one after another. The changes in the water level after each object was put in the cylinder are as shown below.



From the readings, Ali made the following conclusions.

- A: The volume of object A is 20 cm³.
- B: The total volume of objects A and B is 30 cm³.
- C: The total volume of the three objects is 34 cm³.

Which of the above conclusions is/are correct?

1) A only

(2) A and B only

(3) A and C only

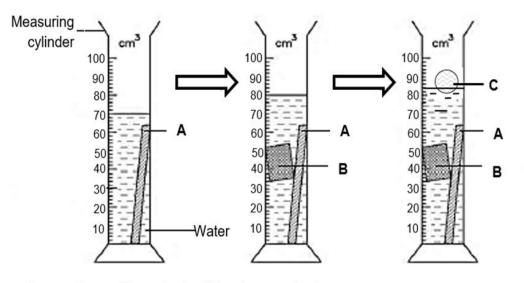
(4) A, B and C

H – Highlight the keywords

Highlight key words that will provide clues and context to the questions to help the students understand the question better.

Some of these keywords from the question stem can be used as key words in answering open-ended questions.

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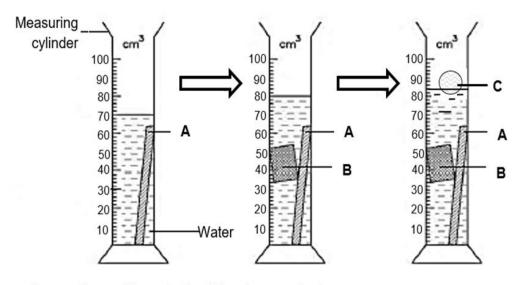
I – Identify the science concept

Identify the topic(s) and science concept(s) tested in this question. (Is it one topic or a combination of two topics?)

Provides the **frame** for their response.

(What are the possible items they can test for the topic?)

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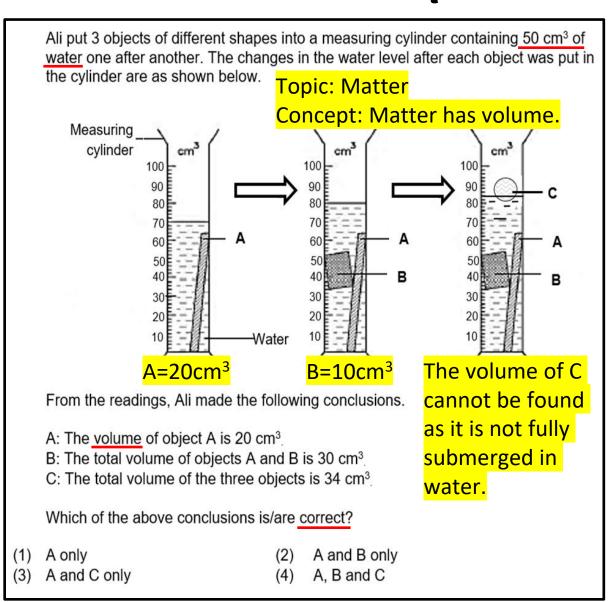
(3) A and C only

(4) A, B and C

Note – Note down the science concept

Write down the topic(s) and science concept(s) related to the question.

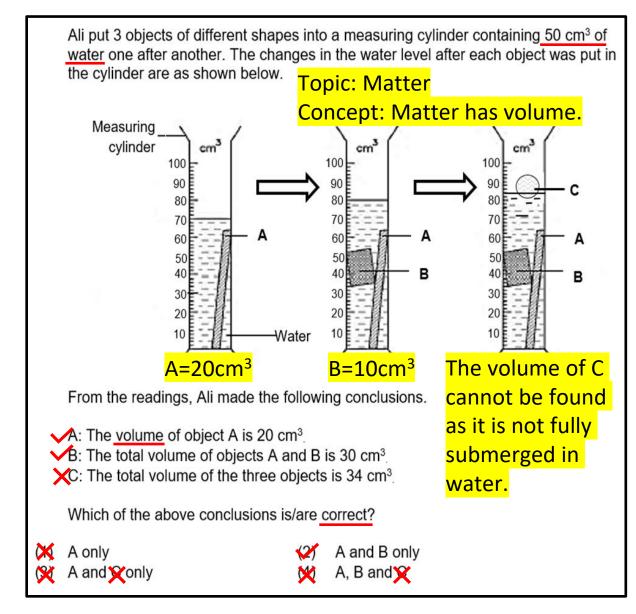
Write down additional information that is not provided but can be found using the information in the question.



Explain (OE) / Eliminate (MCQ)

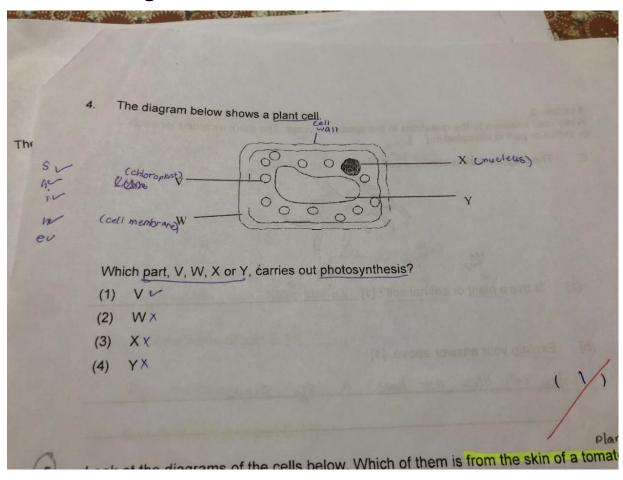
MCQ: Eliminate false options to increase the probability of getting correct.

OE: Explain using C.E.R.



Pupil's work

Pupils' Work



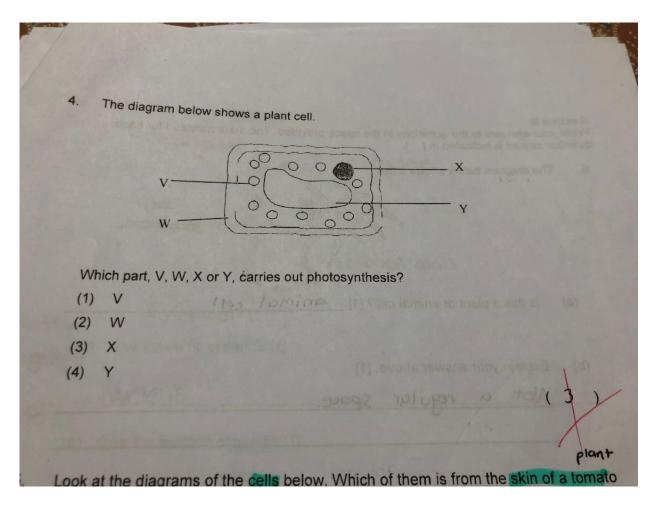
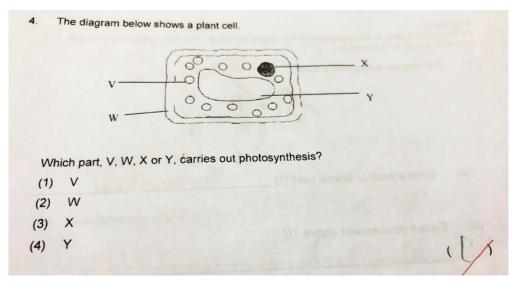


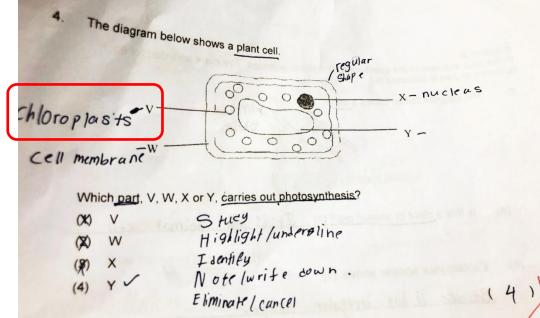
Photo 1
Using SHINE, correct answer

Photo 2
Not using SHINE, wrong answer

Examples of pupils' work



Pupil 3
Not using SHINE, correct answer



Pupil 4
Using SHINE, wrong answer

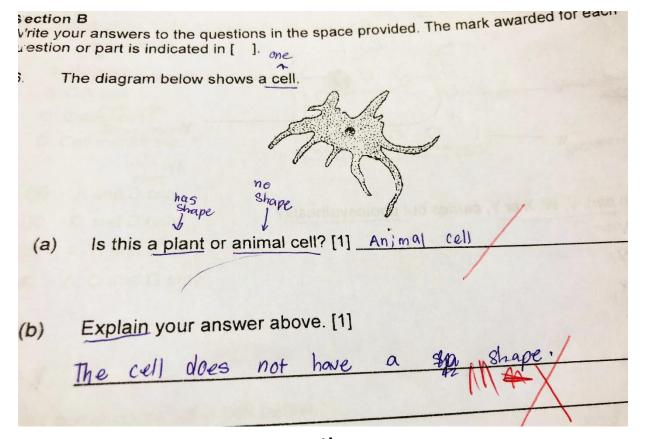


- Did not know the function of chloroplasts
- Did not know the process of photosynthesis
- Did not understand the relation between photosynthesis and chloroplasts



Teacher is able to use this to assess pupil's understanding of the topic.

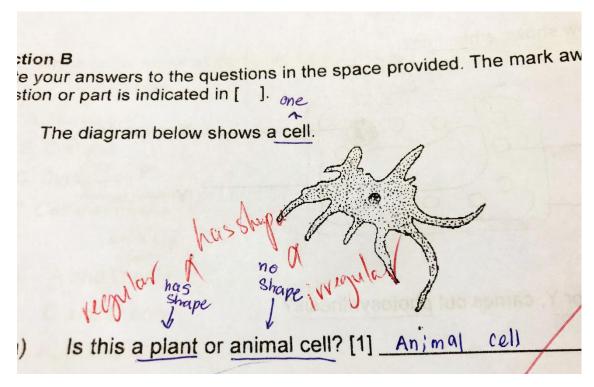
Examples of pupils' work



Pupil 5

What could have gone wrong for Pupil 5?

Misunderstanding of regular = has shape,
 irregular shape = no shape



Pupil 5
Teacher's feedback



Teacher is able to use this to assess pupil's understanding of the topic.

Why S.H.I.N.E?

For Pupils

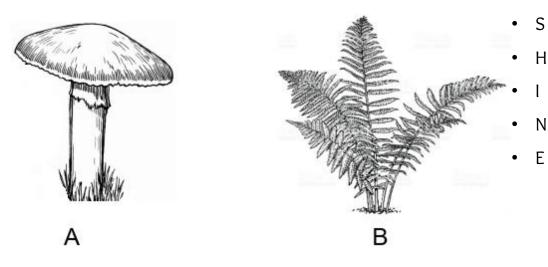
Provide a structure for them to plan, monitor and reflect Making their thinking process and routine more visible

For Teachers

Assess pupils' conceptual understanding of Science concepts

S.H.I.N.E Activity Time

Question: Compare the two living things A and B below.



Let us try SHINE Technique to this question.

- S Study the question carefully
 - Highlight the Keywords
 - Identify the Scientific Concept
 - Note down additional information
 - Explain (Open-ended)/Eliminate (MCQ)

Which of the following statements is **incorrect**?

- (1) Both can grow.
- (2) Both reproduce by spores.
- (3) Both do not produce flowers.
- (4) Both cannot make their own food.

A suggested response

Compare the two living things A and B below.



A mushroom (fungi)



- S Study the question carefully
- H Highlight the Keywords
- I Identify the Scientific Concept
- N Note down additional information
- E Explain (Open-ended)/Eliminate (MCQ)

Fem (non-flowering plant)

Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) Both can grow. ✓
- (2) Both reproduce by spores. V
- (3) Both do not produce flowers.
- (4) Both cannot make their own food. × B is a fern All Plant can make its

(4

Let us try and understand a student's response

Compare the two living things A and B below.



mould on

bread

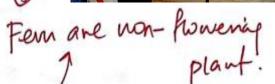
Which of the following statements is incorrect?

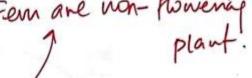
Both can grow.

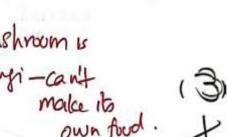
Both reproduce by spores.

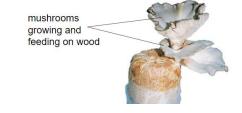
Both do not produce flowers

Both cannot make their own food.





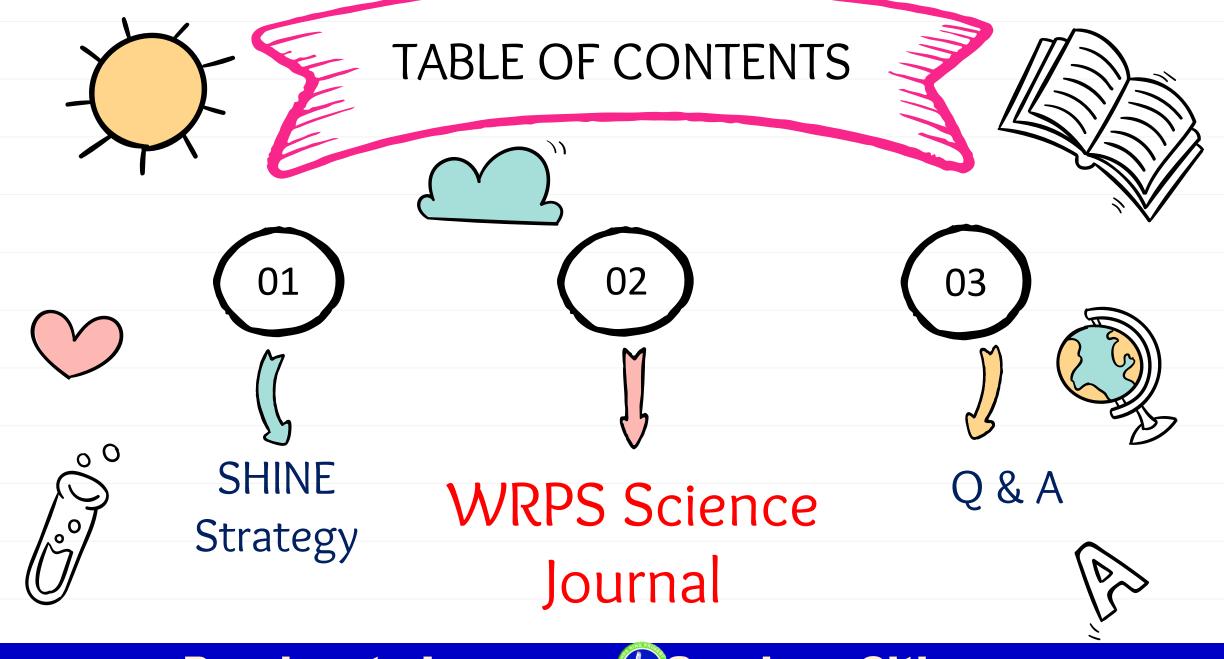


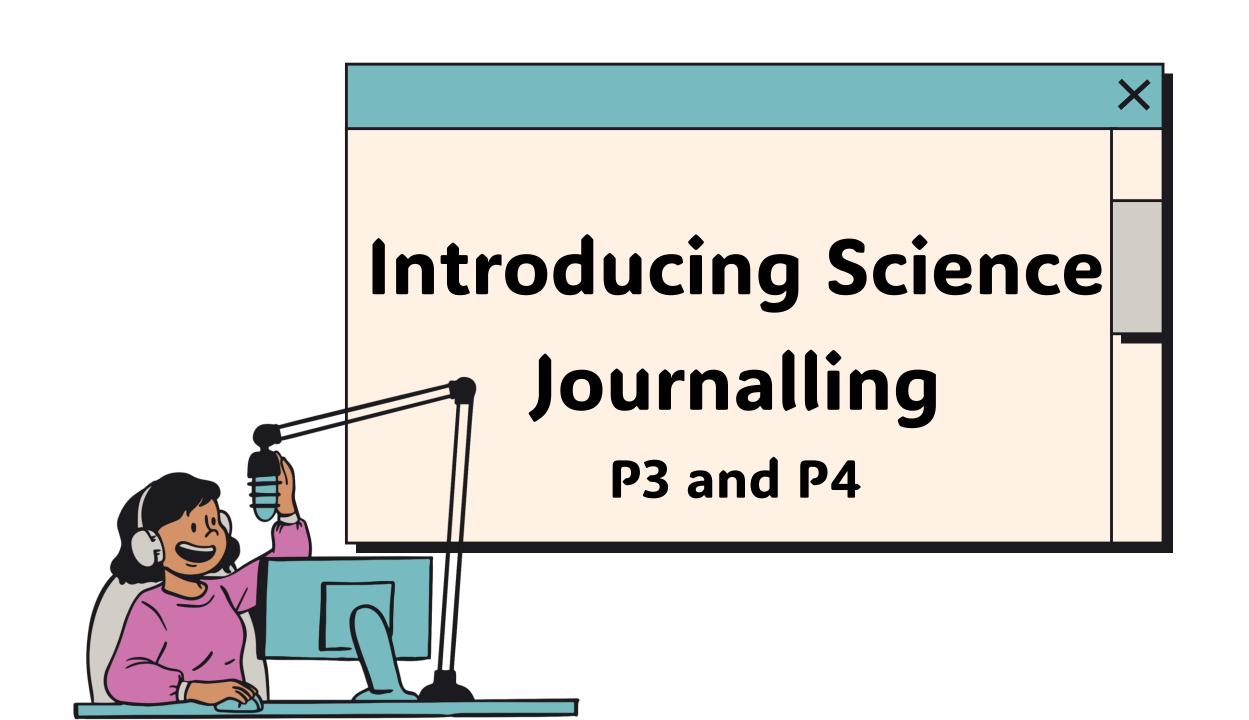


S.H.I.N.E strategy helps us to unpack the students' misconceptions so that we can do proper intervention.

This student needs to revisit the concept on:

- All plants (flowering and non-flowering) can make food.
- 1) Mushroom is not a plant. It belongs to the Fungi group of living things. Fungi do not produce flowers.
- Fungi cannot make its own food. Fungi feed on other living things, which can be dead or alive.





Syllabus

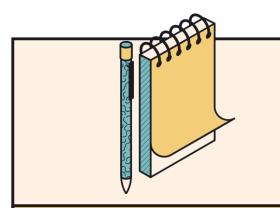


- Lower Block
- Primary 3 and 4's New Syllabus Implementation

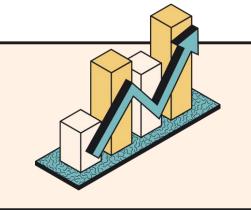
- Upper Block
- Primary 5 and 6 follow through with old syllabus.



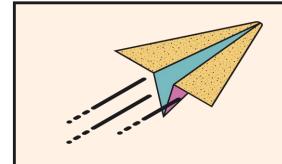
WHAT IS COVERED



PURPOSE



GUIDELINES



MANAGING EXPECTATIONS

Purpose of Scientific Journalling in Primary Science

experiments and

testing solutions

Analysing and interpreting data

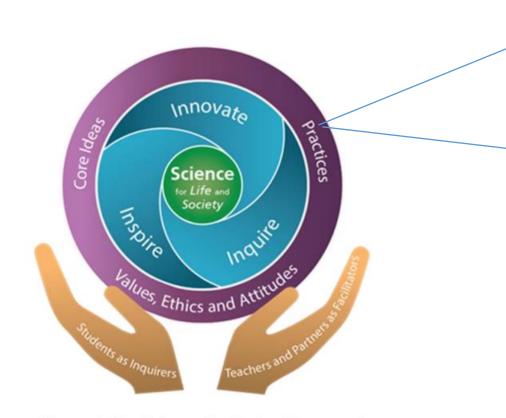


Figure 1: The Science Curriculum Framework

Curriculum Planning and Development Division.

Practices

Office of Science

Relating

Science-Technology-Society-Environment

The Practices serve to highlight that the discipline of Science is more than the acquisition of a body of knowledge (e.g., scientific facts, concepts, laws, and theories); it is also a way of thinking and doing.

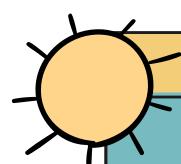
Demonstrating WOTD		
Investigating -	Evaluating and Reasoning	Developing and Evaluating Solutions
Posing questions and defining problems	Communicating, evaluating and defending ideas with evidence	Using and developing models
Designing investigations	Making informed decisions and taking responsible actions	Constucting explanations and designing solutions
Conducting		

Scientific journalling is a crucial part in the learning of Science, and it is useful when demonstrating WOTD



PURPOSE

- 1. Make Thinking Visible: Encourages note-taking skills to organise information into an understandable format that will assist in their studying process.
- 2. Improve active listening, learning and comprehension of material, and retention of concepts.
- 3. Allows scaffolding with a repertoire of strategies for organising content and concepts, where students are given the opportunity to explore what is best suited for their learning and long-term knowledge retention.



GUIDELINES



 Activities for activating prior knowledge (During introduction to topic: Flipped Classroom)



- Activities for summarising topic
 (To be completed as HW at end of topic)
- Activities for extending knowledge Planning of experiment, Research





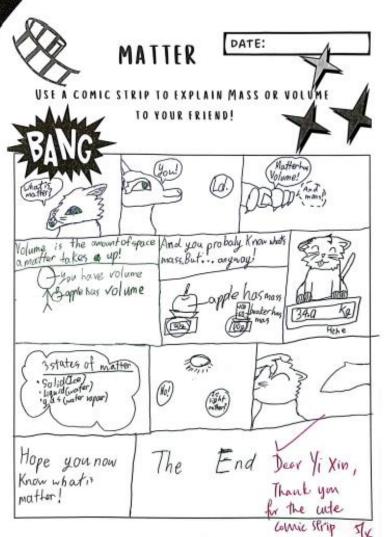


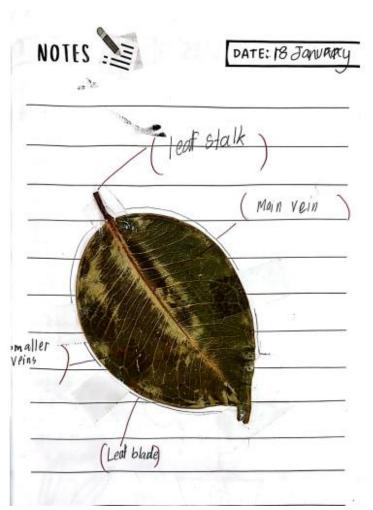


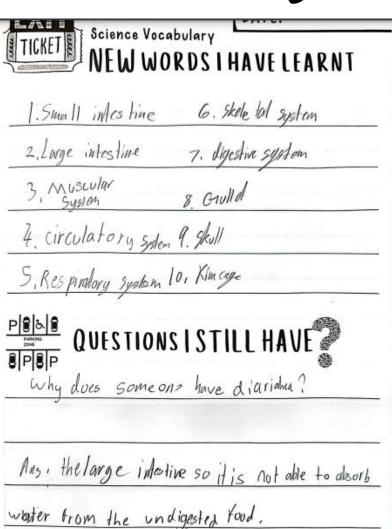
- Scaffolded journal worksheets are done in parallel with the teaching
- Journal files are kept in class and given to them should there be a need to: purpose to develop a portfolio over the years.
- Periodical checking by teachers to find a correlation between the journal and results

- It is not seen as a worksheet that need to be marked and graded but rather as platform to develop their practices in the learning of Science.
- Teachers can give feedback by showcasing their work.
- The ownership of the journal is on the pupils.

Examples of Journals: student entry







Q&A

Thank You



https://go.gov.sg/wrps2024pew

We value your feedback. Do give us your feedback through this link. Thank you