

# Order of Time in History

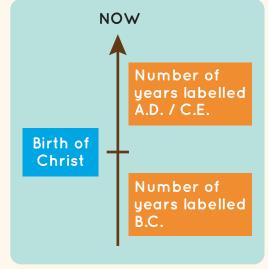


### Introduction

History is a study of the past. To help us understand the context of time, historians use label or number of years based on the year when Jesus of Nazareth was born. For example, the label A.D./ C.E.\* indicates the years after the 'birth of Jesus Christ', whilst B.C.\* refers to the years before. (Ministry of Education, 2014).

Today, we are living in the 21st century. A century refers to a period of 100 years. It has a root word from Latin 'centum' which means 'hundred'.

There are many evidences supporting the existence of ancient civilizations found around the world, including Southeast Asia, during the 1st century and years before that. Our society exists today because of the first settled and stable communities that existed a long time ago. An ancient kingdom refers to territory that was once ruled by a king or a queen. There were a number of kingdoms established in the Southeast Asia regions. Below is a highlight of some ancient kingdoms.



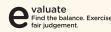
- \* A.D. or C.E. refers to Common Era
- \* B.C. or B.C.E. refers to Common Era

  \* B.C. or B.C.E. refers to Before Common Era

# Highlights of Ancient Kingdoms

Evidences of ancient kingdoms or empires in the Southeast Asian region can be found along the coastal as well mainland areas. The most notable are:







#### Maritime Trade Routes

The kingdoms, especially those along the coastal areas became major trading centres. Merchants, scholars and religious leaders from India, China, Arabia and other parts of the world sailed through the Straits of Malacca, which was an important seaway leading from the Indian Ocean to the South China Sea. (Macdonald, Fiona. 2005.)



**Textiles** 

Batik and Carpets



Porcelain



Books



Sugar



smelling resin

Palaces and Temples

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Farming Practices



Rice cultivation, especially in the kingdoms of Funan, Majapahit and

Angkor, provided a great source of income as rice was a valuable trade item. The Kings undertook the construction of massive irrigation

projects that brought water to rice fields thus enabling farmers to

harvest rice up to three times a year. Other root crops were also grown

by hard-working farmers. (Macdonald, Fiona. 2005.)

#### Sources of Historical Information

## Inscriptions and Writings

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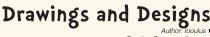




Author: James Whitesmith

# Sculptures and Statues







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Select 'By Subject' Select 'Social Sciences & Humanities'

Select 'History Database Center'

Type in the names of the specific ancient kingdoms.

## Exploring the Internet

Use any search engines such as Google, Yahoo and Bing.

Type in these keywords:

Ancient kingdom Srivijaya kids website

Note: You may replace 'Srivijaya' with other specific kingdoms such as Majapahit, Funan, Angkor, Malacca etc.

For online resources, do evaluate the accuracy of the information posted using these criteria Authority, Accuracy, Coverage (content), Currency (date) and Objectivity.

Ali, Daud. (2013). Ancient India: discover the rich heritage of the Indus Valley and the Mughal Empire, with 15 step-by-step projects and 340 pictures. Leichesterhire: Armadillo.

Macdonald, Fiona. (2005). Peoples of Eastern Asia. New York: Marshall Cavendish

Ministry of Education. Government of Singapore. (2014). Singapore: The making of a nation-state 1300-1975. Star Publishing Pte Ltd

O'Neal, Claire. (2014). We visit Cambodia. Hockessin, Delaware: Mitchell Lane Publishers



