



MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SINGAPORE
in collaboration with
CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education Advanced Level

Reference Guide

for

Computing (Advanced Level)

For use from 2027 in Paper 2 for the H2 syllabus.

This document has 8 pages.



Singapore Examinations and Assessment Board



CAMBRIDGE
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1 Python

1.1 Identifiers

When naming variables, functions and modules, the following rules must be observed:

- Names should begin with character 'a'-'z' or 'A'-'Z' or '_' and followed by alphanumeric characters or '_'.
- Reserved words should not be used.
- User-defined identifiers are case sensitive.

1.2 Comments and Documentation Strings

```
# This is a comment  
"""
```

```
This is a documentation string over  
multiple lines  
"""
```

1.3 Input/Output

```
s = input("Prompt for data: ")
```

```
print("This is a string")
```

```
f = open("input.txt", "r")  
line = f.readline()  
character = f.read(1)  
f.close()
```

```
with open("output.txt", "w") as f:  
    f.write("Output Line\n")
```

1.4 Import

```
import <module>  
from <module> import <name>
```

1.5 Data Types

Type	Example	Notes
int	-3	integer
float	3.1415926	real number
bool	True	Boolean
str	"Hello"	string (immutable)
list	[2, 3, 5]	series of values
dict	{'key': 'value'}	key-value pairs
tuple	(2, 3, 5)	series of values (immutable)

1.6 Assignment

Statement	Notes
a = 1	normal assignment
b += c	augmented assignment equivalent to b = b + c
x[y] = z	assigns z to index y of list x or assigns z to key y of dictionary x
del a	deletes variable a
del x[y]	deletes key y and its value from dictionary x

1.7 Arithmetic Operators

Operator	Notes
+ -	add, subtract
* /	multiply, divide
%	remainder or modulo
**	exponential or power
//	floor division

1.8 Relational Operators

Operator	Notes
==	equal to
!=	not equal to
> >=	greater than, greater than or equal to
< <=	less than, less than or equal to

1.9 Boolean Expression

Boolean Expression	Notes
a and b	logical and
a or b	logical or
not a	logical not

1.10 Sequence (List/String) Operations

Operator	Notes
<code><seq> + <seq></code>	concatenation
<code><int> * <seq></code>	repetition
<code><seq>[index]</code>	indexing
<code><seq>[start:stop]</code>	slicing
<code><seq>[start:stop:skip]</code>	slicing with skip
<code><value> in <seq></code>	membership testing

1.11 Selection

Type 1
<pre>if condition(s): <statement(s)></pre>

Type 2
<pre>if condition(s): <statement(s)> else: <statement(s)></pre>

Type 3
<pre>if condition(s): <statement(s)> elif condition(s): <statement(s)> else: <statement(s)></pre>

1.12 Iteration

while loop
<pre>while condition(s): <statement(s)></pre>

for loop
<pre>for i in range(n): <statement(s)> for record in records: <statement(s)></pre>

1.13 Functions

```
# Function definition  
@<optional decorator(s)>  
def <function name>(<parameters>):  
    <function body>  
    return <return value>
```

```
# Function call  
<function name>(<value>, <name>=<value>)
```

1.14 Object-Oriented Programming

```
# Class definition  
class <class name>(<optional parent class>):  
  
    def __init__(self, <parameters>):  
        <constructor body>  
  
    def <method name>(self, <parameters>):  
        <method body>
```

1.15 Built-in Functions and Attributes

<code>__file__</code>	<code><file>.readline()</code>	<code><list>.clear()</code>	<code>ord()</code>	<code><str>.isalpha()</code>
<code>__name__</code>	<code><file>.readlines()</code>	<code><list>.copy()</code>	<code>print()</code>	<code><str>.isdigit()</code>
<code>abs()</code>	<code><file>.write()</code>	<code><list>.index()</code>	<code>range()</code>	<code><str>.islower()</code>
<code>bin()</code>	<code>float()</code>	<code><list>.insert()</code>	<code>round()</code>	<code><str>.isspace()</code>
<code><bytes>.decode()</code>	<code>hex()</code>	<code><list>.pop()</code>	<code>staticmethod()</code>	<code><str>.isupper()</code>
<code>chr()</code>	<code>input()</code>	<code><list>.remove()</code>	<code>str()</code>	<code><str>.lower()</code>
<code>dict()</code>	<code>int()</code>	<code><list>.reverse()</code>	<code><str>.encode()</code>	<code><str>.startswith()</code>
<code><dict>.clear()</code>	<code>len()</code>	<code><list>.sort()</code>	<code><str>.endswith()</code>	<code><str>.upper()</code>
<code><dict>.copy()</code>	<code>list()</code>	<code>max()</code>	<code><str>.format()</code>	
<code><file>.close()</code>	<code><list>.append()</code>	<code>min()</code>	<code><str>.index()</code>	
<code><file>.read()</code>	<code><list>.extend()</code>	<code>open()</code>	<code><str>.isalnum()</code>	

csv module	datetime module		math module
<code>reader()</code> <code>writer()</code> <code><writer>.writerow()</code>	<code>datetime()</code> <code>datetime.now()</code> <code>datetime.strptime()</code> <code><datetime>.isoformat()</code> <code><datetime>.strftime()</code> <code><datetime>.year</code> <code><datetime>.month</code>	<code><datetime>.day</code> <code><datetime>.hour</code> <code><datetime>.minute</code> <code><datetime>.second</code> <code>timedelta()</code> <code><timedelta>.days</code> <code><timedelta>.seconds</code>	<code>ceil()</code> <code>exp()</code> <code>floor()</code> <code>log()</code> <code>pow()</code> <code>sqrt()</code> <code>trunc()</code>

os.path module	random module	sqlite3 module	sys module
<code>basename()</code> <code>dirname()</code> <code>isdir()</code> <code>isfile()</code> <code>join()</code>	<code>random()</code> <code>randint()</code> <code>randrange()</code> <code>shuffle()</code>	<code>connect()</code> <code><connection>.commit()</code> <code><connection>.close()</code> <code><connection>.execute()</code> <code><connection>.rollback()</code> <code><connection>.row_factory</code> <code><cursor>.fetchone()</code> <code><cursor>.fetchall()</code> Row	<code>exit()</code>

1.16 Additional Functions and Attributes

sklearn.neighbors module	sklearn.cluster module	sklearn.model_selection module
<code>KNeighborsClassifier()</code> <code><classifier>.classes_</code> <code><classifier>.n_features_in_</code> <code><classifier>.n_samples_fit_</code> <code><classifier>.fit()</code> <code><classifier>.get_params()</code> <code><classifier>.kneighbors()</code> <code><classifier>.predict()</code> <code><classifier>.predict_proba()</code> <code><classifier>.score()</code> <code><classifier>.set_params()</code>	<code>KMeans()</code> <code><estimator>.cluster_centers_</code> <code><estimator>.labels_</code> <code><estimator>.inertia_</code> <code><estimator>.n_iter_</code> <code><estimator>.n_features_in_</code> <code><estimator>.fit()</code> <code><estimator>.fit_predict()</code> <code><estimator>.get_params()</code> <code><estimator>.predict()</code> <code><estimator>.score()</code> <code><estimator>.set_params()</code>	<code>cross_validate()</code> <code>train_test_split()</code>

numpy module		flask module
amax()	linspace()	Flask()
amin()	log()	<flask application>.route()
append()	mean()	<flask application>.run()
arange()	ones()	render_template()
array()	power()	request.files
<array>.copy()	reshape()	request.form
ceil()	resize()	request.method
concatenate()	round()	send_from_directory()
cumsum()	shape()	redirect()
delete()	sqrt()	url_for()
dot()	std()	secure_filename()
exp()	sum()	<uploaded file>.save()
empty()	transpose()	
floor()	trunc()	
insert()	zeros()	

2 SQL Statements

CREATE TABLE table_name(column1_name COLUMN1_TYPE COLUMN1_CONSTRAINTS, column2_name COLUMN2_TYPE COLUMN2_CONSTRAINTS, ... PRIMARY KEY (column1_name, column2_name, ...), FOREIGN KEY (column_name) REFERENCES table_name(column_name));	
SELECT column1_name, column2_name, ... FROM table_name WHERE where_expression ORDER BY order_expression ASC ;	SELECT column1_name, column2_name, ... FROM table_name WHERE where_expression ORDER BY order_expression DESC ;
SELECT table1_name.column1_name, table2_name.column2_name, ... FROM table1_name, table2_name WHERE where_expression;	
SELECT table1_name.column1_name, table2_name.column2_name, ... FROM table1_name INNER JOIN table2_name ON join_expression;	
SELECT table1_name.column1_name, table2_name.column2_name, ... FROM table1_name LEFT OUTER JOIN table2_name ON join_expression;	
SELECT COUNT(*), MAX(column1_name), MIN(column2_name), SUM(column3_name), ... FROM table_name;	

INSERT INTO table_name(column1_name, column2_name, ...) VALUES (column1_value, column2_value, ...);
UPDATE table_name SET column1_name = column1_expression, column2_name = column2_expression, ... WHERE where_expression;
DELETE FROM table_name WHERE where_expression;
DROP TABLE table_name;

3 SQLite Types, Constraints, Functions and Operators

Types	Constraints	Functions	Operators				
NULL	NOT NULL	COUNT ()		/	<	AND	IS
REAL	PRIMARY KEY	MAX ()	+	%	<=	OR	IS NOT
INTEGER	AUTOINCREMENT	MIN ()	-	=	>	NOT	
TEXT	UNIQUE	SUM ()	*	!=	>=		

4 HTML Elements, Attributes and Character References

The first line of a HTML document must be: `<!doctype html>`

Type	Elements	Attributes
Common		id, class
Required	<code><html></code> , <code><head></code> , <code><title></code> , <code><body></code>	
Metadata	<code><link></code>	rel, href
Structure	<code><h1></code> , <code><h2></code> , <code><h3></code> , <code><p></code> , <code><div></code> , <code></code> , <code><hr></code>	
Text and Media	<code></code> , <code><i></code>	
	<code><a></code>	href
	<code></code>	src, alt
Table	<code><table></code> , <code><tr></code> , <code><th></code> , <code><td></code>	
Form	<code><form></code>	action, enctype, method
	<code><input></code>	name, type, value
	<code><textarea></code>	name

Character	&	<	>	"
Reference	<code>&amp;</code>	<code>&lt;</code>	<code>&gt;</code>	<code>&quot;</code>

5 Jinja2 Filters

length	safe
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6 CSS Properties

Common	Box Model		Typography
display background color	height width border border-bottom border-left border-right border-top margin margin-bottom	margin-left margin-right margin-top padding padding-bottom padding-left padding-right padding-top	font-family font-size font-style font-weight text-align text-decoration

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