



#### **Project Title**

Colonic Stenting is the Bridge to Surgery Worth its Cost? A Single Asian Institution Experience with Cost Effectiveness Analysis

#### **Project Lead and Members**

<u>Project members</u>: Michelle Shi Qing Khoo, Winson Jianhong Tan, Fung Joon Foo, Sharmini Su Sivarajah, Leonard Ming Li Ho, Darius Kang Lie Aw, Cheryl Xi Zi Chong, Jasmine Ladlad, Nathanelle, Ann Khoo, Cheryl Hui Min Tan, Frederick Hong Xiang Koh

#### **Organisation(s) Involved**

Sengkang General Hospital

#### **Healthcare Family Group Involved in this Project**

Medical

#### **Applicable Specialty or Discipline**

Department of General Surgery

#### **Project Period**

Start date: 19 April 2022

Completed date: Nov 2022

#### **Aims**

To determine if colonic stenting is more cost effective than surgery.

#### **Background**

See poster appended/below

#### Methods

See poster appended/ below

#### Results



#### CHI Learning & Development (CHILD) System

See poster appended/below

#### Conclusion

See poster appended/below

**Project Category\*** (refer file attached for more info)

Care & Process Redesign

Value Based Care: Safe Care

**Productivity: Cost Saving** 

#### **Keywords**

**Colonic Stenting** 

#### Name and Email of Project Contact Person(s)

Name: Michelle Shi Qing Khoo

Email: singaporehealthcaremanagement@singhealth.com.sg

# Colonic stenting — Is the bridge to surgery worth its cost?



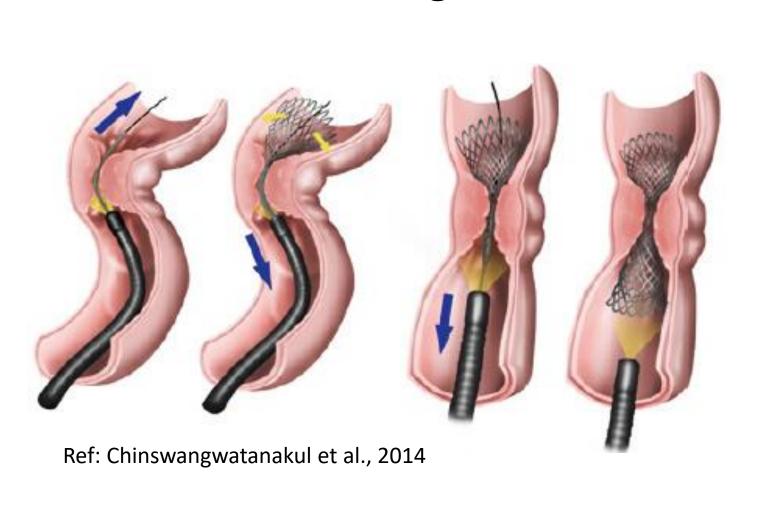
## A single Asian institution experience with cost-effectiveness analysis

Singapore Healthcare Management 2023

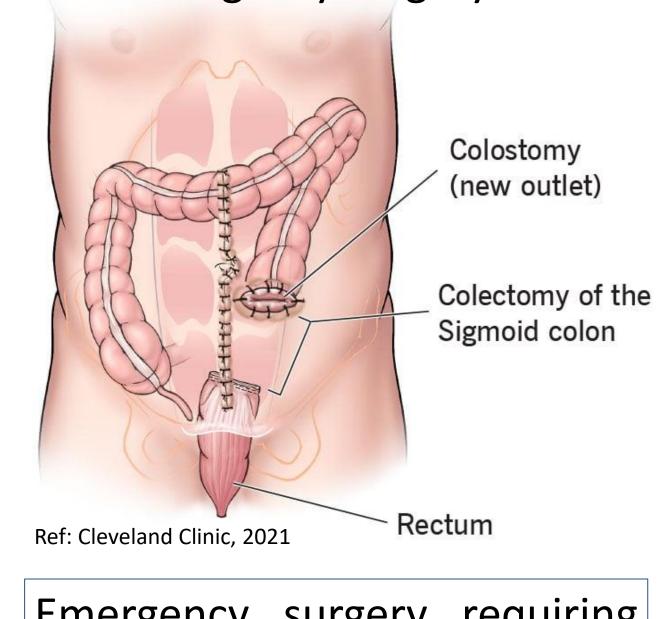
Michelle Shi-Qing Khoo<sup>1</sup>, Winson Jianhong Tan<sup>1</sup>, Fung Joon Foo<sup>1,</sup> Sharmini Su <u>Sivarajah</u><sup>1</sup>, Leonard Ming-Li <u>Ho</u><sup>1</sup>, Darius Kang-Lie <u>Aw</u><sup>1</sup>, Cheryl Xi-Zi <u>Chong</u><sup>1</sup>, Jasmine <u>Ladlad</u>, Nathanelle Ann Khoo<sup>1</sup>, Cheryl Hui-Min Tan<sup>1</sup>, Frederick Hong-Xiang Koh<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> Colorectal Service, Department of General Surgery, Sengkang General Hospital, Singapore 544886 michelle.khoo@mohh.com.sg

### Introduction

patients presenting with left-sided colonic obstruction, guidelines recommend stenting as a valid alternative to emergency surgery.



deployed Colonic stent successfully in an obstructed lesion via colonoscope.



Emergency surgery requiring midline scar and colostomy post-operatively

### Benefits of Colonic Stenting in Obstructed Patients



Convert emergency surgery to semielective, avoid high anesthetic risks



Avoid stoma creation and subsequent reversal



Avoid exploratory laparotomy – **no** immediate surgery

However there has been controversy with regards to clinical safety and efficacy of colonic stenting. In our single institution, we reviewed outcomes prospectively and performed a cost analysis on colonic stenting for acute colonic obstruction.

### Methods

Goal: to determine if colonic stenting is more cost-effective than surgery







Over a period from Apr 19 to Nov 22

Prospective cohort study

Endoscopic, surgical and financial data

### Inclusion criteria

- Presenting with left sided colonic obstruction
- Underwent emergent colonic stenting

Colonic Stenting vs

Emergency

Surgery

Average Costs:

\$40,700

Obstructed

Tumour

no stoma

USD 39,100

Stoma

USD 6,900

No stoma

reversal

Cost: \$39,100

0.33

### Exclusion criteria

 Eventually declined surgery in favour of expectant management

### Results

Stoma

reversa

USD 6,900

0.10

0.25

0.41

Cost: \$45,600

Cost \$46,100

Cost: \$39,500

0.00

0.00

Cost: \$35,800

**40** patients underwent stent insertion

11 patients had no surgery 8 metastatic disease 3 comorbids 1 neoadjuvant

> 29 bridge to surgery

> > 26 achieved technical success (89.7%) 24 achieved clinical success (82.8%)

# Patients who underwent colonic stenting

Median Age 66 (IQR 57 – 71) Malignant cause of obstruction 27 (93%) Length of symptoms (days) 2 (IQR 3-7) TNM stage Stage I 0 (0%) Stage II 17 (59%) Stage III 6 (21%) Stage IV 4 (14%) **Tumour location** Transverse colon 1 (3%) Splenic flexure 1 (3%)

Descending colon 8 (28%) Sigmoid 19 (66%) Outcomes

#### Stent complications Perforation 3 (10%) Migration 0 (0%) Time to surgery (range) 13 days (0-41) Open vs Laparoscopic 8 (28%) vs 21 (72%) Median procedure time (IQR) 226 (189-271) Surgical complication 1 (3%) 2 (7%) IV 1 (3%)

When (83%),successful colonic stenting is **ALWAYS** more cost-effective than emergency surgery.

Overall incremental cost-effectiveness ratio 0.81, favouring colonic stenting

Resection vith stoma Emergency Surgery 1.00 0.10 USD 22,400 No reversa Cost: \$28,900 Clinical Success USD 6,500 Resection 0.73 Cost: \$28,500 USD 22,000 Stoma 0.00 reversal Cost: \$52,900 Resection 0.00 USD 6,900 Stenting with stoma Clinical USD 39,500 Failure 1.00 Average Costs: 0.07 USD 6,500 \$32,900 No reversa Cost: \$46,000 Resection

Resection

with stoma

USD 39,500

Resection

no stoma

USD 39,100

0.33

0.38

0.62

In conclusion, colonic stenting has been shown to be



Safe



High rates of clinical success







