

## CHI Learning & Development System (CHILD)

### **Project Title**

Promoting Patient Mobility on the Ward Through the Implementation of the Patient Mobility Board

### **Project Lead and Members**

Project lead: Dr Aruna Vijaya Ratnam

Project members: Low Weng Hoe, Nur Azlina Ishak, Mildred Yong

### **Organisation(s) Involved**

Ng Teng Fong General Hospital

#### Aims

Increase the frequency of mobilising patients either to the toilet or sitting out of bed by 20% within 2 months.

### **Background**

See poster attached/ below

#### Methods

See poster attached/ below

#### **Results**

See poster attached/ below

#### **Lessons Learnt**

It is important to address the knowledge gaps to ensure that patients ambulate and transfer safely and appropriately. There was an increase in initiative and autonomy on the nurses' side to ensure that patient mobility boards were filled up accurately and cleared when patients discharge. Safety aspects need to be addressed to further increase the frequency of mobilising patients.



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#### Conclusion

See poster attached/ below

### **Project Category**

Care & Process Redesign

### **Keywords**

Care & Process Redesign, Safe Care, Quality Improvement, Root Cause Analysis, Plan
Do Study Act, Inpatient Care, Rehabilitation Care, Orthopaedic, Allied Health,
Physiotherapy, Ng Teng Fong General Hospital, Patient Mobility, Ambulation

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# PROMOTING PATIENT MOBILITY ON THE WARD THROUGH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PATIENT MOBILITY BOARD

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# Define Problem/Set Aim

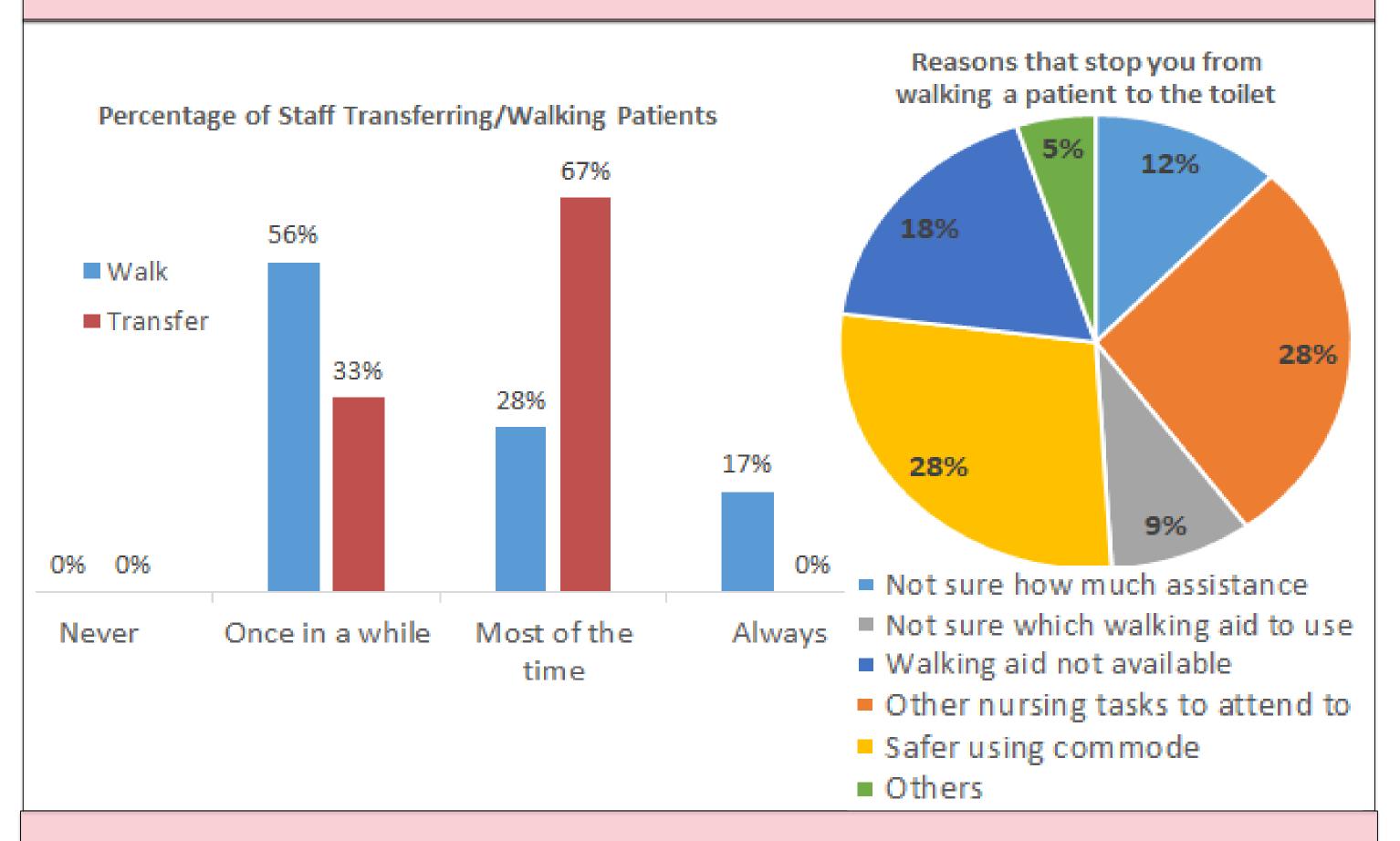
## **Opportunity for Improvement**

Patient mobility in the orthopaedic ward setting is not maximized during their stay in the hospital. A survey done showed that 55% of the staff do not ambulate patients to the toilet at least twice a day, and that 33% of the staff sit patients out of bed for meals only once a day.

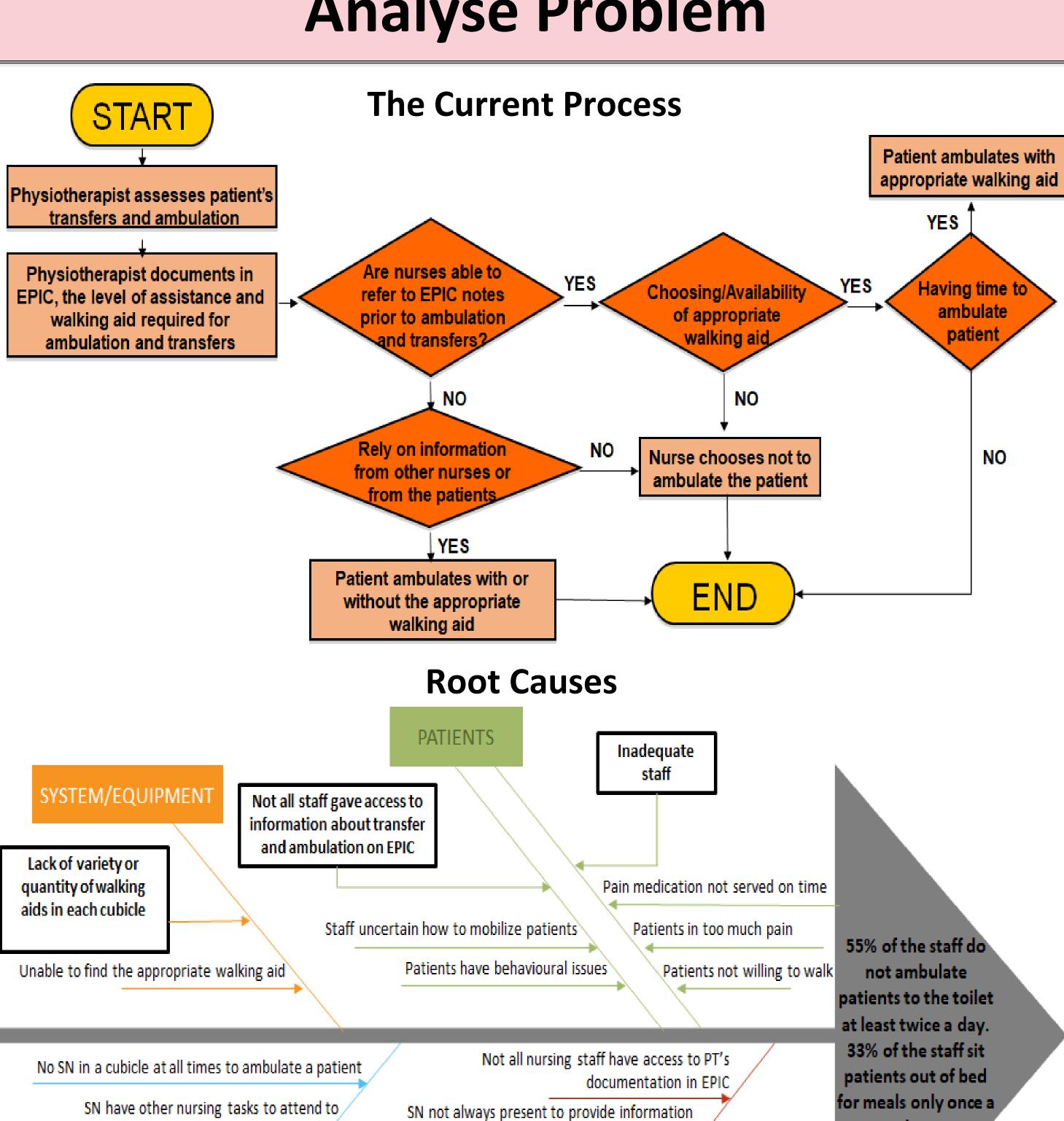
## Aim

Increase the frequency of mobilizing patients either to the toilet or sitting out of bed by 20% within 2 months.

# **Establish Measures**



# **Analyse Problem**



for transfers and ambulation

**PROCESS** 

120%

Patient not ambulated in the wards

Not all staff gave access to

information about transfer

and ambulation on EPIC

Lack of walking aids

Inadequate

STAFF

Lack of access to EPIC

Inadequate staff

Main Concerns

# Select Changes

**SAFETY** 

**QUALITY** 

**D VALUE** 

**PRODUCTIVITY** 

**PATIENT EXPERIENCE** 

Root Cause	Ро	tential Solutions			
Not all staff have access to information about transfer and ambulation on EPIC	1	Grant access to all nursing and PCA staff		1 _	7
	2	Mobility board by patient's bedside	pact	T 5 Do Last	Do First
Lack of variety/quantity of walking aids in each cubicle	3	Increase the quantity and variety of walking aids in each cubicle	Low Im	4 Never Do	3 Do Next
	4	Ensure return of walking aids to designated areas after use		Hard Easy Implementation	
Inadequate staff	5	Increase staffing			

# **Test & Implement Changes**

CYCLE PLAN		DO	STUDY	ACT		
A patient with pand are informand played patient begins. This end easier mobiling informathe free mobiling and Point	ent mobility board atient's transfer inbulation nation was created aced next to t's bedside in the ning of May nabled us to test if access to zation nation increased equency of patient zation by nurses CA in the paedic ward.		<ul> <li>1.24% of the staff surveyed referred to the mobility board prior to mobilizing patients.</li> <li>2.Staff were unsure of walking aid placement and uncertain of the level of assistance to provide a patient during mobilization</li> </ul>	1.There is a need to ensure that the patient mobility boards are updated when there is change in patient's function 2.There is a need to educate ward staff on walking aid use and level of assistance		
How would you decide which walking aid to use to walk patient to the toilet?  Use whichever walking aid is available in the cubicle 2%  Check Patient Mobility Board 24%  Check therapist  Patient Mobility Board  Weight-Bearing:  NWB / TTWB / PWB / HWB / FWB  Transfers:  Minimal / Moderate / Maximum X 1 / 2						

# **Spread Change/Learning Points**

**Walking Aids:** 

Mobility Assistance:

BBQS /

NBQS /

Supervision / Contact-guard /

Stick

# What are the strategies to spread change after implementation?

Informed by

fellow colleague

- Reminders and spot checks to ensure that the Patient Mobility Boards are regularly updated
- Arranging a teaching session with the ward nurses to ensure everyone understands the level of assistance to provide and the appropriate use of walking aids

# What are the key learnings?

day.

Ask the patient

- Though the staff reported confidence in ambulating and transferring patients it is important to address the knowledge gaps to endure that patients ambulate and transfer safely and appropriately.
- There was an increase in initiative and autonomy from the nursing side to ensure that the patient mobility boards were filled accurately and cleared when a patient was discharged.
- Though the patient mobility board made mobilizing patients more convenient safety aspects need to be addressed to further increase the frequency of mobilising patients

