### CHI Learning & Development (CHILD) System



#### **Project Title**

Enhanced Recycling Programme to Reduce and Minimise Waste Generated in SGH Campus

#### **Project Lead and Members**

- Lee Peishi
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- Karen Tan Mei Ling
- Edmund Quek Chin Yong

#### **Organisation(s) Involved**

Singapore General Hospital, Singapore National Eye Centre, National Heart Centre Singapore

#### Healthcare Family Group(s) Involved in this Project

Healthcare Administration

#### **Applicable Specialty or Discipline**

**Environmental Services, Operations & Facility** 

#### **Project Period**

Start date: 2019

Completed date: 2021

#### Aim(s)

• Achieving Environmental Sustainability by increasing recyclability and substituting raw material inputs which leads to decreasing hospital waste expenditure





#### Background

See poster appended/below

#### Methods

See poster appended/below

#### **Results**

See poster appended/ below

#### Conclusion

See poster appended/ below

#### **Additional Information**

Singapore Healthcare Management Congress 2022 – Merit Award (Operations category)

#### **Project Category**

Care & Process Redesign

Value Based Care, Operational Management

#### **Keywords**

Environmental Sustainability, Recycling, Waste Reduction

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# Enhanced Recycling Programme to Reduce and Minimise Waste Generated in SGH Campus

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## Introduction / Aim

### Introduction:

SGH generates approximately 4,200 tonnes of general waste and 17,870 Bins of biohazard waste in a year. This is equivalent to SGH spending approximately **SGD\$1.6m** on waste disposal.

Singapore Healthcare

Management 2022

### Aim:

Achieving Environmental Sustainability by increasing recyclability and substituting raw material inputs which leads to decreasing hospital waste expenditure.

## Methodology (Six Sigma – DMAIC)

### DEFINE

Before 2019, 8 types of items collected for recycling in SGH.



### **MEASURE**

Introduce enhanced forms of recycling instead of disposing items generated as general and/or biohazard waste.

### **ANALYZE**

### **Limitations** in Recycling at Workplace :



1) Technology – Limited recycling technology available in SG due to the operating cost and economies of scale

2) Infection Control Compliance – Items associated as contaminated or infectious are not recommended for recycling

with more than 1 form of

materials

3) Single-use Items – Single patient use items during procedure to reduce the risk of surgical site infections and cross contamination

### **Constraints** of Recycling at Workplace :



Cost – Low Quantity – Unjustifiable for Load unable to

justify recycling

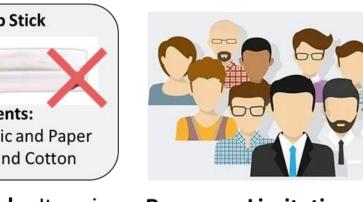
carbon footprint



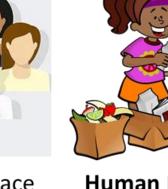


into recycle bins









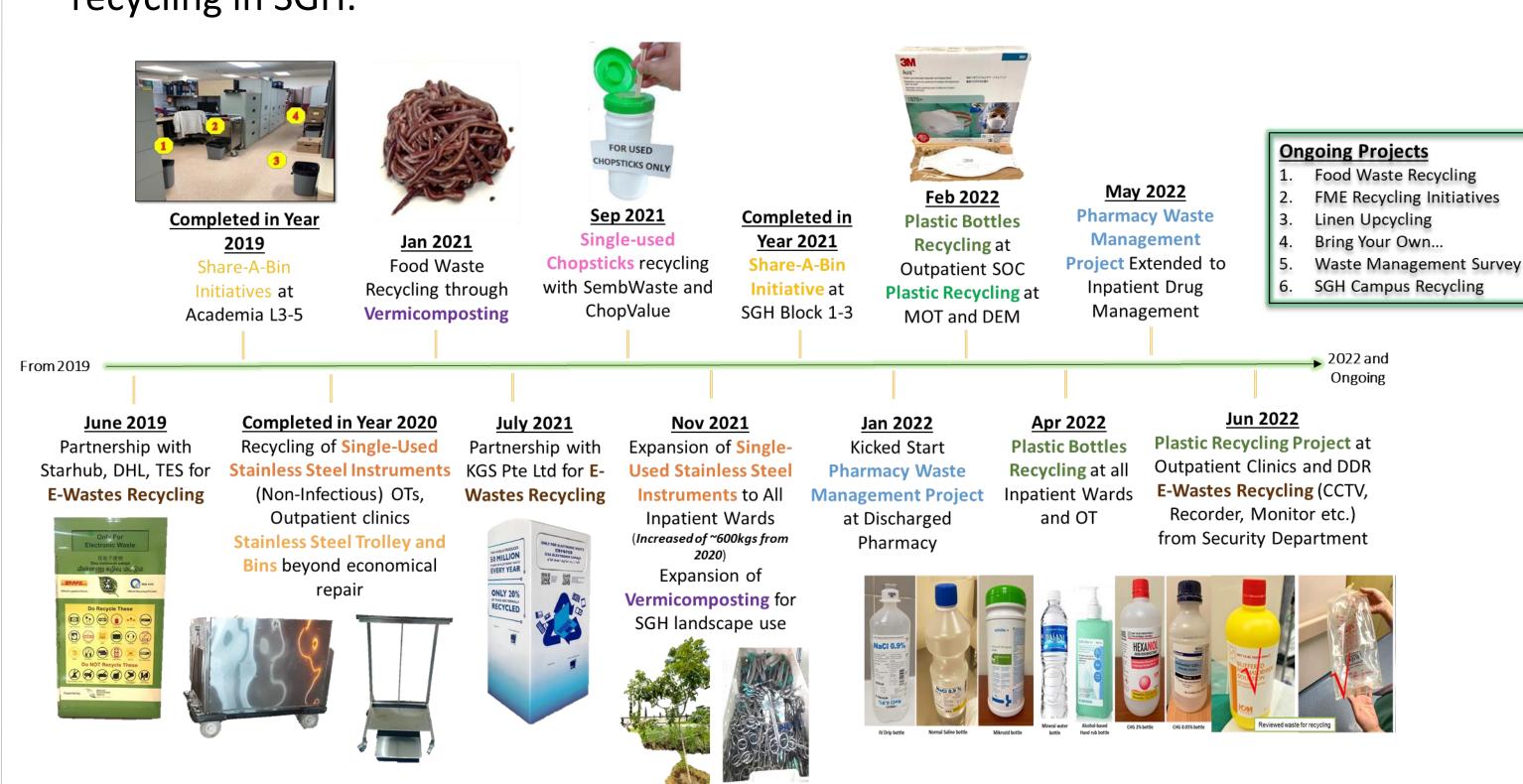
**Resource Limitation** – Space and manpower constraint

**Human Behaviour –** Reluctant for change, limited or wrong knowledge on recycling

### **IMPROVE**

recycling

1. From 2019, enhanced recycling programmes and introduced more forms of recycling in SGH.



2. With the introduction of SGH Sustainability Movement Working Group (SSM) and Environmental Sustainability Shared Services, staff's awareness on recycling is made known with more departments reaching out for recycling efforts.

### CONTROL

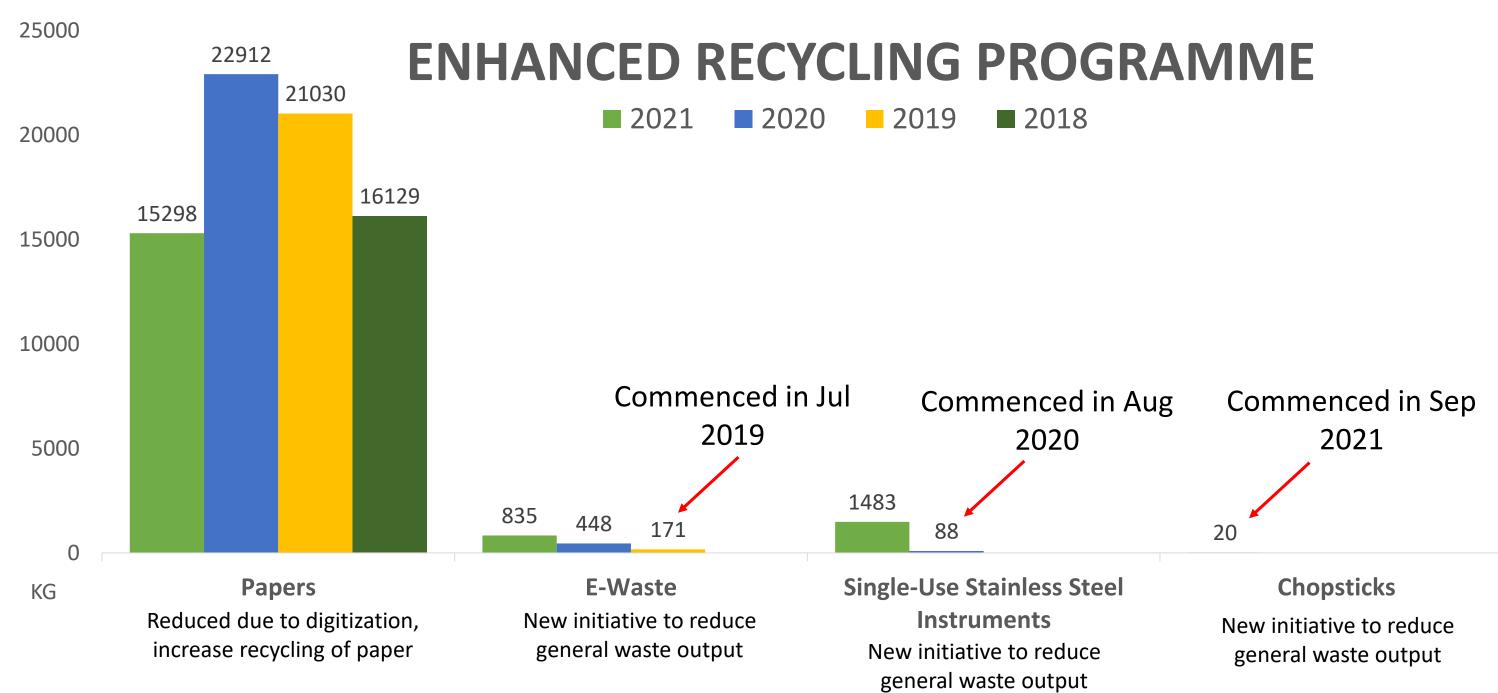
Propose ways to counter the limitations faced in recycling and pushing out forms of recycling initiative with fellow colleagues and institutions to bring awareness and encourage on implementation and/or increase ways and more types of recycling initiatives.

Various forms of recyclability introduced are measured to determine the reduction of waste load and cost savings on yearly basis from waste disposal.

### Results

### Introduced More Forms of Recycling in SGH Campus To Minimize Waste Disposal

Today, we have doubled our forms of recycling to reduce waste and encourage on recycling efforts. This resulted to an increase/decrease on various types of recycled waste output.



### **Reduction In Hospital Expenditure**

From the increase in recyclability, there was reduction of biohazard and general waste generated, this has reduced hospital's expenditure by approximately SGD\$42k per year.

instruments.

11 Sharp Boxes = 1 Biohazard Bin **Per month utilization = 187 Sharp Boxes** 187 Sharp Boxes / 11 = 17 Biohazard bins 1 Biohazard Bin Disposal = \$69.10 **Total Disposal Cost = \$1,174.70 (per month)** 

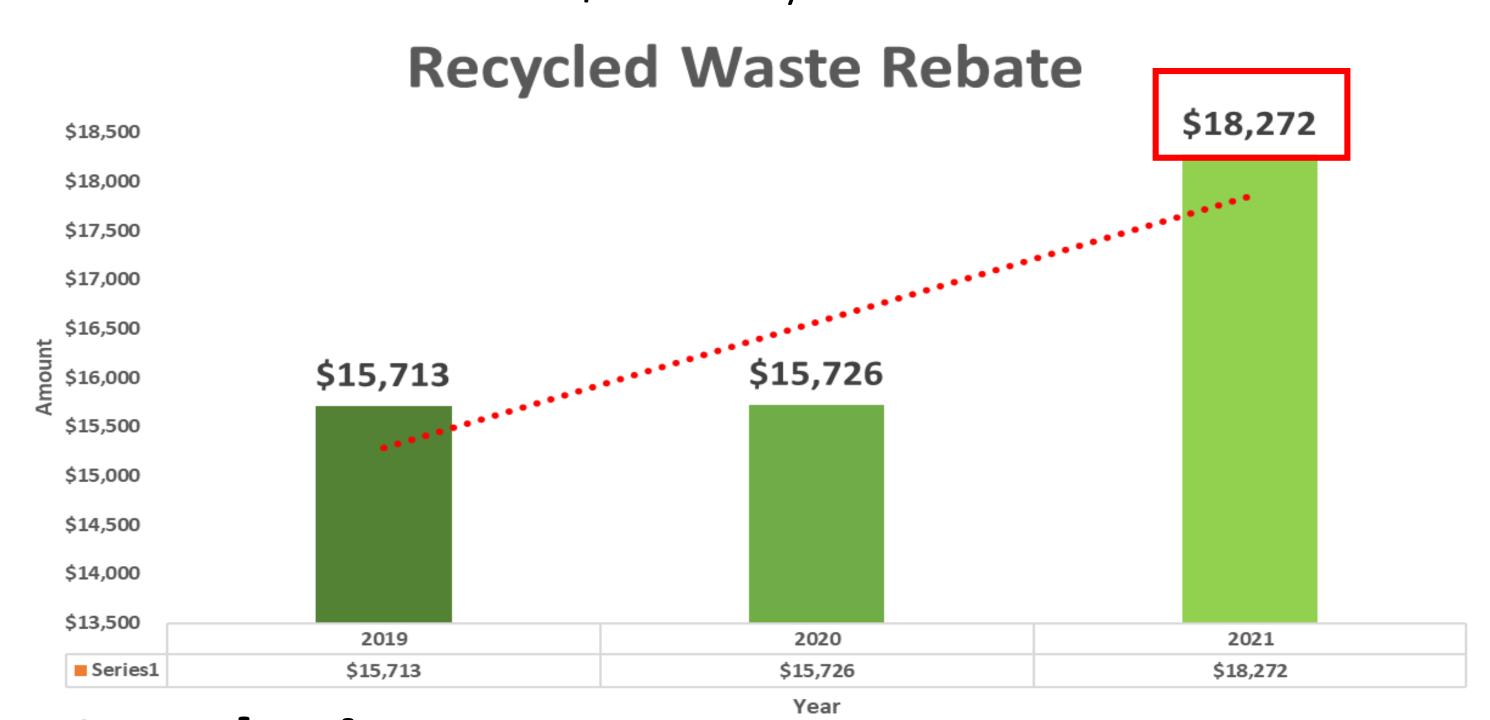
Illustration of savings from biohazard waste Illustration of savings from general waste through new through recycling of single-use stainless steel recycling initiatives introduced. Total Recyclable Items Collected in 2021.

> Per month utilization = 23,318KG = 23.318 Ton Per month disposal cost = (24 Ton\*\$71.96) = \$1,727.04 Haulage = 4\*\$80 = \$320 **Rental = \$300** Total Disposal Cost = \$2,347.04 (per month)

### Average Per Year Disposal Fee = \$3,521.74 x 12 (months) = \$42,260.88

### **Increase Rebate Amount**

With the increase on recyclability, there was an increase in the recycle rebate amount at an estimate of **SGD\$18k** in the year 2021.



### Conclusion

Environmental Sustainability is a continuous journey that requires on-going improvement within the healthcare industry. The main benefit of recycling minimizes expenditure and need for landfill for incinerated waste disposal.

To further improve the recycling index, SGH ES has collaborated with Campus Institutions (SNEC and NHCS) to step up on SGH-Campus recycling efforts.