## COMPUTER SCIENCE TRIPOS Part IA - 2014 - Paper 2

## 9 Discrete Mathematics (AMP)

(a) The subset S of  $\mathbb{N} = \{0, 1, 2, \ldots\}$  is inductively defined by the following axiom and rules, where n ranges over  $\mathbb{N}$ :

$$\frac{n}{1}$$
  $\frac{n}{2n}$   $\frac{n}{3n}$   $\frac{n+5}{n}$ 

- (i) State the principle of Rule Induction associated with this set of axioms and rules. [4 marks]
- (ii) Use Rule Induction to prove that no element of S is divisible by 5. [4 marks]
- (iii) Is 0 an element of S? Justify your answer. [1 mark]
- (b) State the principle of Mathematical Induction. [2 marks]
- (c) For sets X and Y of strings over an alphabet  $\Sigma$ , let XY denote the set  $\{uv \mid u \in X \text{ and } v \in Y\}$  of all concatenations of a string in X followed by a string in Y. For  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , let  $X^n$  be given by:  $X^0 = \{\varepsilon\}$  (where  $\varepsilon$  denotes the null string) and  $X^{n+1} = XX^n$ . Let  $X^* = \bigcup_{n \geq 0} X^n$ .

Suppose  $X,Y,Z\subseteq \Sigma^*$  satisfy  $Z=XZ\cup Y.$ 

- (i) Prove by Mathematical Induction that  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}. X^n Y \subseteq Z$  and deduce that  $X^*Y \subseteq Z$ . [4 marks]
- (ii) Suppose further that  $\varepsilon \notin X$ . By considering the property of  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  given by  $\forall w \in Z. |w| \leq n \Rightarrow w \in X^*Y$ , or otherwise, use Mathematical Induction to prove that  $Z \subseteq X^*Y$ . [5 marks]