

$$a) \int \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) + C = \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \cdot \left(1 + \cancel{\frac{x}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \cdot \cancel{2x} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cancel{x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} + \cancel{x}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \quad \text{v.s.v}$$

$$b) \hookrightarrow \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx = \left[\begin{array}{l} t - x = \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \quad x = \frac{t^2 - 1}{2t} \\ dx = \frac{t^2 + 1}{2t^2} \end{array} \right] =$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + 1} = t - \frac{t^2 - 1}{2t} = \frac{2t^2 - t^2 + 1}{2t} = \frac{t^2 + 1}{2t}$$

$$\hookrightarrow t - x = \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \Rightarrow$$

$$(t - x)^2 = x^2 + 1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$t^2 - 2tx + \cancel{x^2} = \cancel{x^2} + 1$$

$$t^2 - 1 = 2tx \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{t^2 - 1}{2t}$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{\frac{t^2 + 1}{2t}} \cdot \frac{t^2 + 1}{2t^2} dt = \int \frac{\cancel{2t}}{\cancel{t^2 + 1}} \cdot \frac{\cancel{t^2 + 1}}{\cancel{2t^2}} dt = \int \frac{1}{t} dt =$$

$$= \ln |t| + C = \ln \left| x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right| + C \quad x > -1 = \ln \left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) + C$$