

1. Upload Files to S3

1.1 Script

```
import os
import boto3, botocore
from botocore.exceptions import ClientError

ROOT_DIR = '.'
s3 = boto3.resource('s3')
s3_client = boto3.client('s3')
bucket_name = '23019722-cloudstorage'
# key = 'AKIAZB5ESDWMTO340COP'

def check_bucket(bucket):
    try:
        s3.meta.client.head_bucket(Bucket=bucket_name)
        print("Bucket Exists!")
        return True
    except botocore.exceptions.ClientError as e:
        error_code = int(e.response['Error']['Code'])
        if error_code == 403:
            print("Private Bucket. Forbidden Access!")
            return True
        elif error_code == 404:
            return False

if check_bucket(bucket_name) is False:
    s3.create_bucket(
        Bucket=bucket_name,
        CreateBucketConfiguration={
            'LocationConstraint': 'ap-southeast-2',
        },
    )
    print("Bucket " + bucket_name + " created.")

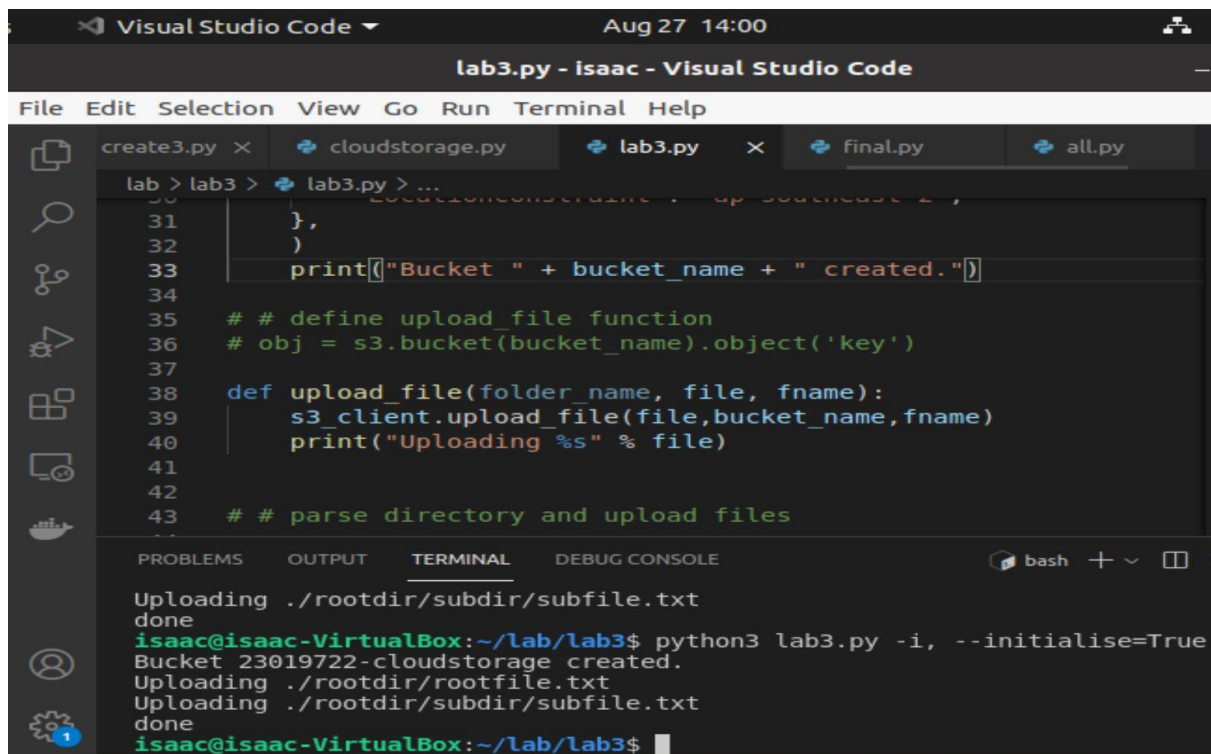
# # define upload_file function
# obj = s3.bucket(bucket_name).object('key')

def upload_file(file):
    s3_client.upload_file(file, bucket_name, file[2:])
    print("Uploading %s" % file)
```

```
# # parse directory and upload files

for dir_name, subdir_list, file_list in os.walk(ROOT_DIR, topdown=True):
    print(dir_name, subdir_list, file_list)
    if dir_name != ROOT_DIR:
        for fname in file_list:
            upload_file("%s/%s" % (dir_name, fname))
print("done")
```

1.2 Result



Visual Studio Code interface showing the execution of `lab3.py`. The terminal output is as follows:

```
lab > lab3 > python3 lab3.py -i, --initialise=True
Bucket 23019722-cloudstorage created.
Uploading ./rootdir/rootfile.txt
done
Uploading ./rootdir/subdir/subfile.txt
done
isaac@isaac-VirtualBox: ~/lab/lab3$
```

Amazon S3 > 23019722-cloudstorage > rootdir/

rootdir/ Copy S3 URI

Objects Properties

Objects (2)

Objects are the fundamental entities stored in Amazon S3. You can use [Amazon S3 inventory](#) to get a list of all objects in your bucket. For others to access your objects, you'll need to explicitly grant them permissions. [Learn more](#)

Refresh
Copy S3 URI
Copy URL
Download
Open
Delete
Actions
Create folder
Upload

Find objects by prefix

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
<input type="checkbox"/>	rootfile.txt	txt	August 28, 2021, 14:19:19 (UTC+08:00)	16.0 B	Standard
<input type="checkbox"/>	subdir/	Folder	-	-	-

2. Retore All Files Back from S3 & Write Files Info into DynamoDB

2.1 Script

```
import os
import errno
import boto3

client = boto3.client('s3')
resource = boto3.resource('s3')
bucket_name = '23019722-cloudstorage'
my_bucket = resource.Bucket(bucket_name)

dynamodb = boto3.client('dynamodb', endpoint_url='http://localhost:8000')
dynamodb_res = boto3.resource('dynamodb', endpoint_url='http://localhost:8000')

tableName = 'CloudFile2'
table = dynamodb_res.Table(tableName)
existing_tables = dynamodb.list_tables()['TableNames']

# create table, AttributeDefinitions, KeySchema, TableName
if tableName not in existing_tables:
    print('Table ' + tableName + 'does not exist.')
    response = dynamodb.create_table(
        AttributeDefinitions = [
            {
                'AttributeName': 'userId',
                'AttributeType': 'S'
            },
            {
                'AttributeName': 'fileName',
                'AttributeType': 'S'
            },
        ],
        KeySchema = [
            {
                'AttributeName': 'userId',
                'KeyType': 'HASH'
            },
            {
                'AttributeName': 'fileName',
```

```

        'KeyType': 'RANGE'
    }
],
ProvisionedThroughput = {
    'ReadCapacityUnits': 5,
    'WriteCapacityUnits': 5
},
TableName = tableName
)
print(response)

def assert_dir_exists(path):
    try:
        os.makedirs(path)
    except OSError as e:
        if e.errno != errno.EEXIST:
            raise

def download_dir(bucket, path, target):
    # Handle missing / at end of prefix
    if not path.endswith('/'):
        path += '/'
    paginator = client.get_paginator('list_objects_v2')
    for result in paginator.paginate(Bucket=bucket, Prefix=path):
        for key in result['Contents']:
            file_name = str(key['Key']).rsplit('/')[ -1]
            last_time = str(key['LastModified']).rsplit('+')[0]
            objects = client.get_object_acl(Bucket=bucket_name, Key
= key['Key'])
            perm = str(objects['Grants'][0]['Permission'])
            dynamodb.put_item(
                TableName = tableName,
                Item = {'userId':{'S':objects['ResponseMetadata']['R
equestId']}},

                'fileName':{'S':file_name},
                'path':{'S':key['Key']],
                'lastUpdated':{'S':last_time},
                'owner':{'S':objects['Owner']['DisplayName']}
            },

                'permissions':{'S':perm}})
    # Calculate relative path
    rel_path = key['Key'][len(path):]

```

```

        # Skip paths ending in /
        if not key['Key'].endswith('/'):
            local_file_path = os.path.join(target, rel_path)
            # Make sure directories exist
            local_file_dir = os.path.dirname(local_file_path)
            assert_dir_exists(local_file_dir)
            client.download_file(bucket, key['Key'], local_file_
path)

download_dir(bucket_name, 'rootdir/', '/home/isaac/lab/lab3/rootdir/
')
print(table.scan())

```

2.2 Result 1

Note 1: use “**get_paginator**” if there are more than 1000 files in S3.

Note 2: use “**os.makedirs()**” to recursively create all directories if any local directories don’t exist.

Use these two func above to realise one commend for restoring everything back to hard drive from S3.

```

isaac@isaac-VirtualBox:~/lab/lab3$ ls
lab3.py  restore1.py
isaac@isaac-VirtualBox:~/lab/lab3$ python3 restore1.py
isaac@isaac-VirtualBox:~/lab/lab3$ ls -R ./rootdir/
./rootdir/:
rootfile.txt  subdir

./rootdir/subdir:
subfile.txt
isaac@isaac-VirtualBox:~/lab/lab3$ █

```

2.3 Result 2 – Local DynamoDB Table

Note to myself for future ref: commend for running DynamoDB:

wget https://s3-ap-northeast-1.amazonaws.com/dynamodb-local-tokyo/dynamodb_local_latest.tar.gz

```
tar -zxvf dynamodb_local_latest.tar.gz
```

```
java -Djava.library.path=./DynamoDBLocal_lib -jar DynamoDBLocal.jar -sharedDb
```

db6.py - lab3 - Visual Studio Code

File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help

db4.py db5.py db6.py kms.py loo

```
90
91 download_dir(bucket_name, 'rootdir/', '/home/isaac/lab/lab3/roo
92 print(table.scan())
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG CONSOLE

dynamodb_local_latest.tar.gz
DynamoDBLocal_lib
LICENSE.txt
README.txt
THIRD-PARTY-LICENSES.txt
isaac@isaac-VirtualBox:~/dynamo
db\$ java -Djava.library.path=./
DynamoDBLocal_lib -jar DynamoDB
Local.jar -sharedDb
Initializing DynamoDB Local wit
h the following configuration:
Port: 8000
InMemory: false
DbPath: null
SharedDb: false
shouldDelayTransientStatuses:
false
CorsParams: *

/bin/python3

```
xt', 'lastUpdated': '2021-08-28
06:19:19', 'fileName': 'subfil
e.txt', 'userId': 'DJZKXFKG9FFN
H8AB', 'permissions': 'FULL CON
TROL'}], 'Count': 2, 'ScannedCo
unt': 2, 'ResponseMetadata': {'
RequestId': 'c7882690-278d-4198
-9cb8-8b47d30a5429', 'HTTPStatu
sCode': 200, 'HTTPHeaders': {'d
ate': 'Mon, 06 Sep 2021 21:06:1
4 GMT', 'content-type': 'applic
ation/x-amz-json-1.0', 'x-amz-c
rc32': '219659063', 'x-amzn-req
uestid': 'c7882690-278d-4198-9c
b8-8b47d30a5429', 'content-leng
th': '455', 'server': 'Jetty(9.
4.18.v20190429)'}, 'RetryAttemp
ts': 0}}
isaac@isaac-VirtualBox:~/Lab/la
b3$
```

java
bash

Python 3.8.10 64-bit 0 0 Ln 92, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF Python