Instituto Superior Técnico - Alameda

SOFTWARE SECURITY PROJECT REPORT

Static Code Analysis Tool

Discovering vulnerabilities in PHP Web Applications

Group 10

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Experimental part

Our analysis tool was conceived using the Python programming language, version 3.6.3. It consists of a main component, the analyser (analyser.py), containing the logic for traversing some elements of an AST, and a pattern module (pattern.py) that houses the Pattern class, used to instantiate objects that represent vulnerable patterns which can be found in the patterns file, another component of the tool.

Components

Analyser

The main component is run by invoking it and passing it a PHP program slice in JSON format as a command line argument.

```
$ analyser.py /path/to/slice.json
```

The slice is already in the form of an AST, according to the syntax of the AST's generated by Glayzzle's PHP Parser [1].

Patterns

The patterns file contains a set of vulnerable patterns with the following format:

```
Vulnerability
Entry<sub>1</sub>, Entry<sub>2</sub>,..., Entry<sub>i</sub>
Sanitizer<sub>1</sub>, Sanitizer<sub>2</sub>,..., Sanitizer<sub>j</sub>
Sink<sub>1</sub>, Sink<sub>2</sub>,..., Sink<sub>k</sub>
Listing 1: Vulnerable pattern template
```

where Vulnerability is the name of the vulnerability, Entry is an entry point, Sanitizer is a sanitization/validation function, and Sink a sensitive sink. Example:

```
SQL injection (PostgreSQL)
$_GET,$_POST,$_COOKIE,$_REQUEST
pg_escape_string,pg_escape_bytea
pg_query,pg_send_query
Listing 2: SQL Injection pattern, specific to PostgreSQL
```

References

[1] Glayzzle and Various Contributors. PHP Parser. Available at https://github.com/glayzzle/php-parser. NodeJS PHP Parser - extract AST or tokens (PHP5 and PHP7).