

CMPE 492 Senior Project 2

A Gamified Training Platform Supported By AI Low-Level Design Report

The URL of the project web page: https://isthisecho.github.io/TermProject/

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1. Introduction

1.1. Object design trade-offs

1.1.1. Functionality vs Usability

Usability and functionality can be considered a tradeoff in design. Usability is the ease of use of an interface, functionality is the set of operations that an interface supports. The more functions the application has, the more difficult it might be to learn and use interfaces. Therefore, an application needs to have a balance between functionality and usability to optimize user satisfaction. The user interface will be designed with usability in mind in order to ease the use of the application by students on mobile and by instructors on the web. In addition, the user interface will be suitable for functionality so that the main functions of the application can be used easily.

1.1.2. Portability vs Efficiency

Efficiency and portability are conflicting objectives for the application that fulfills the clients' requests. Efficiency is more important for the backend, where we define the business logic. However, portability is at least as important as efficiency for the client side. In order to maintain the balance between efficiency and portability, we plan to support our mobile application up to a few versions of android and ios operating systems. We also plan to make the web application available in different browsers in order to increase the portability of the application.

1.1.3. Performance vs Security

Performance and security are two key quality-of-service components that are critical among service providers and clients. High performance and high availability as well as highly secure services are desirable, but it is not possible to have the two together at the same level [2]. The tradeoff between performance and security is that both performance and security can be measured, and to increase one we must pay in terms of the other [3]. In our application, the security of user

information is more important than performance. In order to ensure the security of user accounts, methods such as password restriction and verification of email accounts will be applied starting from the sign up stage. In addition, if users do not take any action for a specified period of time after logging into their accounts, they will need to log in again.

1.2. Interface documentation guidelines

In this report, while defining a class, we have specified the name of the class, the names, types and descriptions of attributes, the names, return types and descriptions of the methods in the table. We used the following documentation style to describe the classes:

Class Name	
Description of class	
Attributes	
Type of attribute Attribute name	
Methods	
methodName(parameters): Return Type	Description of method

1.3. Engineering standards

UML guidelines are used to describe the project's class interfaces, packages, diagrams, scenarios, use cases, subsystem combinations, and hardware/software mapping. UML models are commonly used to visualize, comprehend, and communicate a system's structure and behavior [1]. The references in the report are given in APA format.

1.4. Definitions, acronyms, and abbreviations

ORM: Object-Relational Mapping

CRUD: Create, Read, Update, Delete

FK: Foreign Key

PK: Primary Key

UI: User Interface

JSON: JavaScript Object Notation

HTTP: Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol

Client: The part of the system the users interact with

UML: Unified Modeling Language

2. Packages

Our project consists of two parts which are client and server side. Our client has two subsystems, which are Instructor and Student side. Instructor for creating courses, managing user lists and creating quizzes. Student side to attend courses, quizzes and track their progress. Server subsystems make the connections between these two sides and interact with the database for data handling. Instructor and User systems will be designed for the front-end. Because of that each of our clients has 2 parts which are view and controllers. Server system is for our backend services. It needs to handle all of the data and manage requests.

2.1. Client

Website and Mobile clients include 2 parts which are view and controller. The view part makes the rendering for the GUI for our frontend. Controller part changes the new or modified sections in our application, arranges the requests and sends them into a backend server and makes arrangements according to the responses we get.

2.1.1. View Tier for Website

Login Screen: This class provides the login components to the user.

SignUp Screen: This class provides the registration components to the

user.

Forgot My Password Screen: This class provides the Forgotten

password components to the user.

Profile Screen: This class provides the profile detail and setting

components to the user.

Add Course Screen: This class provides adding course components to

the user.

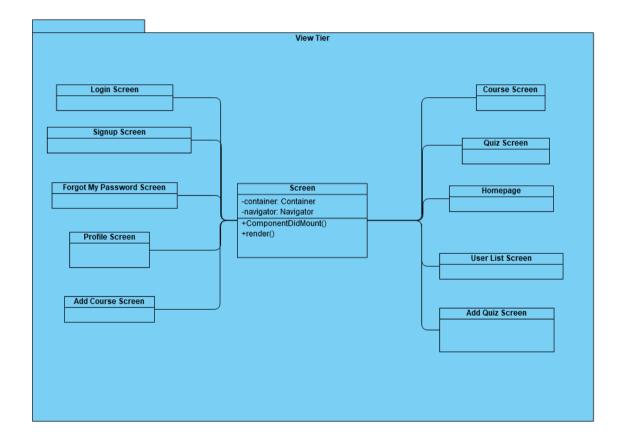
Course Screen: This class provides available courses to the user.

Quiz Screen: This class provides available quizzes to the user.

Add Quiz Screen: This class provides adding quiz components to the user.

Homepage: This class provides recently visited courses and quizzes to the user.

User List Screen : This class provides all available students that are in the database to the user.



2.1.2. View Tier For Mobile

Login Screen: This class provides the login components to the user.

Signup Screen : This class provides the registration components to the user.

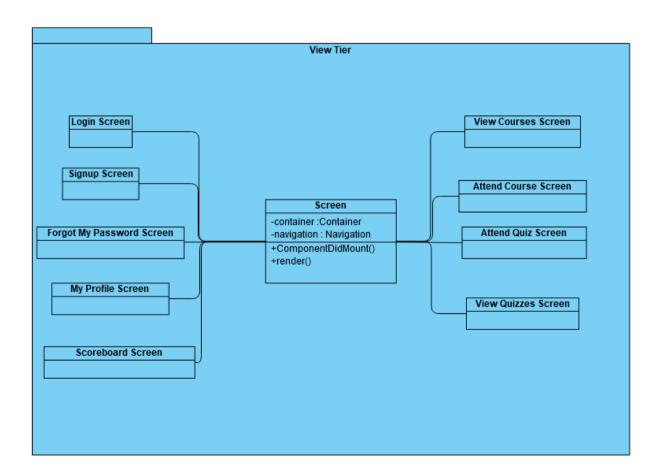
Forgot My Password Screen: This class provides the registration components to the user.

My Profile Screen: This class provides the details about the user that he or she is using the app right now.

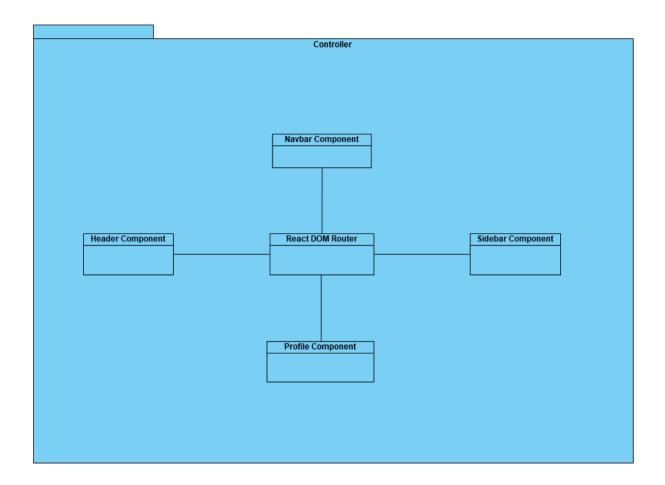
ScoreBoard Screen : This class provides the details about the score table among the participants to the user.

View Courses Screen: This class provides the assigned courses to themselves.

Attend Quiz Screen: This class provides the available quizzes and to attend to the quizzes.



2.1.3. Controller For Mobile And Website



Sidebar Component : This component changes the sidebar according to the handling server request.

Navbar Component : This component changes the navbar according to the handling server request.

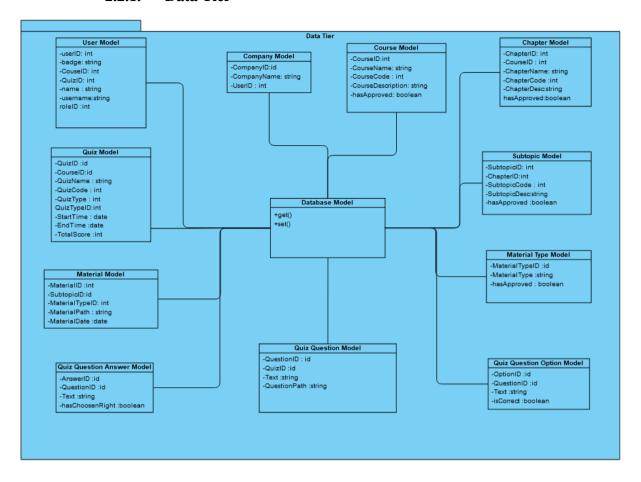
Profile Component: This component changes the profile screen according to the handling server request.

Header Component : This component changes the header according to the handling server request.

2.2. Server

Server subsystem represents the backend service for our project. Our system will be able to make database interactions, handle requests, and according to them create some axios responses and send it to the frontend side .

2.2.1. Data Tier



Database Model: This interface provides get and set methods.

User Model: This class provides user entities in our database.

Quiz Model: This class provides quiz entities in our database.

Quiz Question Model: This class provides quiz question entities in our database.

Quiz Question Option Model: This class provides quiz question option entities in our database.

Quiz Question Answer Model: This class provides quiz question answer entities in our database.

Company Model: This class provides company entities in our database.

Course Model: This class provides course entities in our database.

Chapter Model: This class provides chapter entities in our database.

Subtopic Model: This class provides subtopic entities in our database.

Material Model: This class provides material entities in our database.

Material Type Model: This class provides material type entities in our database.

3. Class Interfaces

class User

This class provides user entities in our database.

Attributes

public int userID public String badge

public int coursed

public int quizID

public String name

public String surname

public int roleID

Methods

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class Course

This class provides course entities in our database.

Attributes

public int courseID

public String courseName

public int courseCode

public String courseDescription

public boolean hasApproved

Methods

class Company

This class provides quiz entities in our database.

Attributes

public int companyID

public int userID

public String companyName

Methods

class Quiz

This class provides quiz entities in our database.

Attributes

public in

t quizID

public int courseID

public String quizName

public int quizCode

public int quizType

public DateTime startTime

public DateTime endTime

public int totalScore

Methods

class Chapter

This class provides chapter entities in our database.

Attributes

public int chapterID

public int courseID

public int chapterCode

public String chapterName

public String chapterDescription

public boolean hasApproved

Methods

class Subtopic

This class provides subtopic entities in our database.

Attributes

public int subtopicID

public int chapterID

public int subtopicCode

public String subtopicDescription

public boolean hasApproved

Methods

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class QuizQuestion

This class provides quiz question entities in our database.

Attributes

public int questionID

public int quizID

public String questionText public String questionPath

Methods

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class QuizQuestionOption

This class provides quiz question option entities in our database.

Attributes

public int optionID

public int questionID

public String optionText

public boolean isCorrect

Methods

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class QuizQuestionAnswer

This class provides quiz question answer entities in our database.

Attributes

public int answerID

public int questionID

public String answerText

public boolean hasChoosenRight

Methods

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class Material

This class provides material entities in our database.

Attributes

public int materialID

public int chapterID

public int materialTypeID

public String materialPath

public DateTime materialDate

Methods

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class MaterialType		
This class provides material type entities in our database.		
Attributes		
public int materialTypeID		
public String materialType		
public boolean hasApproved		
Methods		

4. References

- [1] Ahmad, T., Iqbal, J., Ashraf, A., Truscan, D., & Porres, I. (2019). Model-based testing using UML activity diagrams: A systematic mapping study. *Computer Science Review*, *33*, 98-112.
- [2] Kouvatsos, K. M. M. D. D. (2019, December). Performance vs Security Trade-Offs Analysis of Virtualisation in IaaS Cloud Computing Platforms. In *35th UK Performance Engineering Workshop 16 December 2019* (p. 12).
- [3] Wolter, K., & Reinecke, P. (2010, June). Performance and security tradeoff. In *International School on Formal Methods for the Design of Computer, Communication and Software Systems* (pp. 135-167). Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg.