

Istio multi-cluster traffic management speed up automobile company new business dev, deploy and ops

ken.liu@smart.com/zhangchaomeng@huawei.com



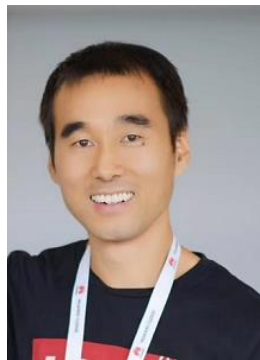
#IstioCon



Liu Kexing
smart Automobile |
Head of IT
development and
architecture

Liu Kexing has more than 10 years in automobile industry development and architecture experience. In recent 5 years he focuses on customer faced service development and connected car service architecture. Currently is developing the cloud native services for smart app, which is entire newly built under service meshed micro services for New Energy Vehicle sales model.

#IstioCon



Zhang Chaomeng
Chief architect of
HUAWEI CLOUD
Application Service
Mesh(ASM).

Chaomeng has been working on cloud native technologies in HUAWEI Cloud for more than 7 years, including Kubernetes, micro services, service catalog, APM, devops and service mesh for now.. He is Istio community member, author of book “Cloud Native Service Mesh Istio”(《云原生服务网格 Istio: 原理、实践、架构与源码解析》).

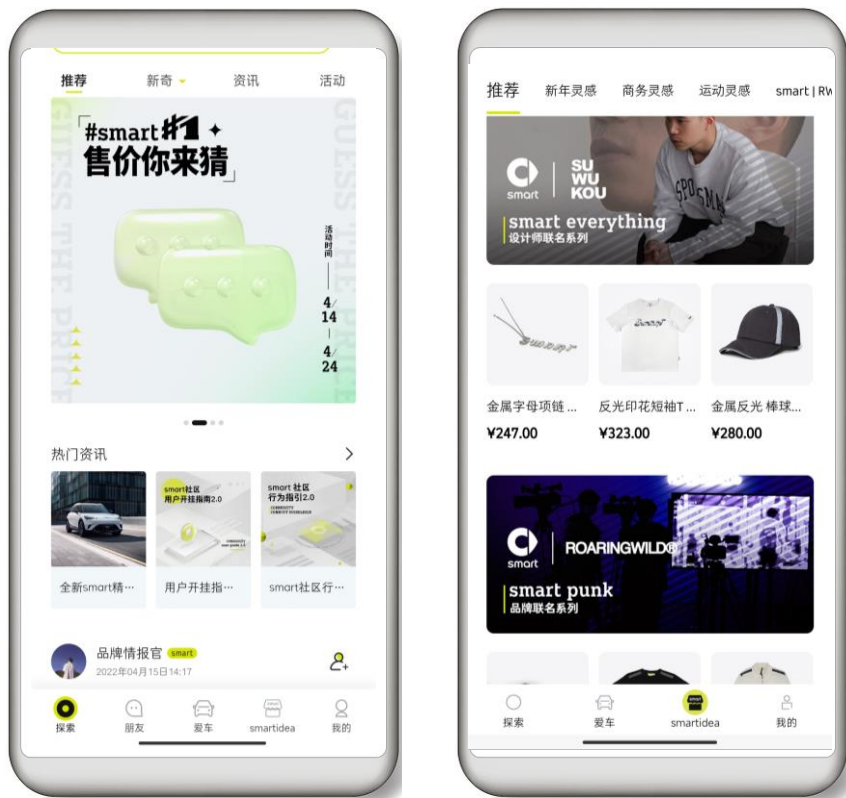


Agenda

- Application background
- Service Mesh practice



Business Background

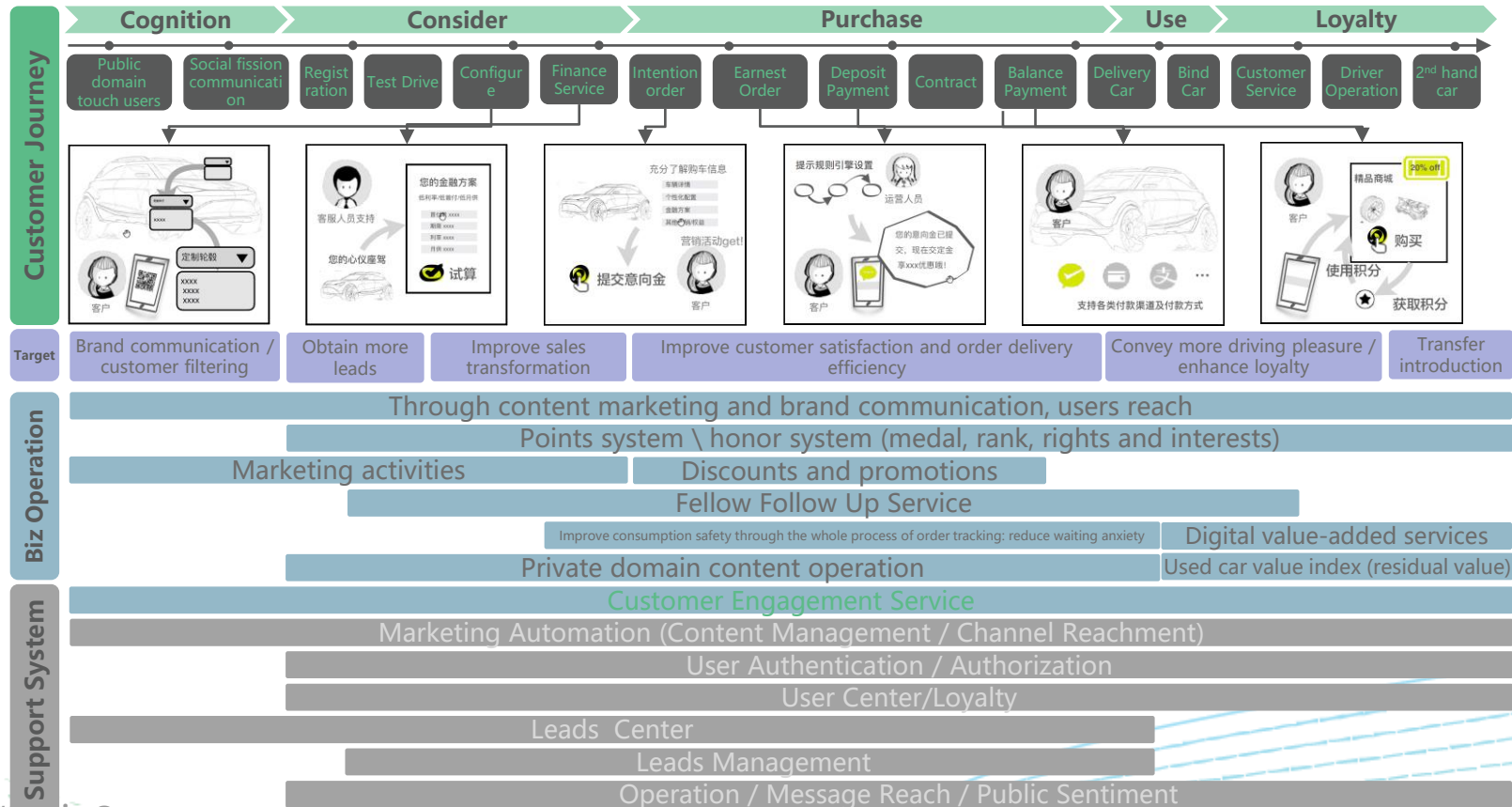


Since its birth, the smart brand has been a pioneer in future urban mobility. Today, smart is creating a more imaginative and innovative future with its progressive, premium style and futuristic technology.

- Entirely transformation from fuel vehicles to electric vehicles
- Intelligently social contact goes through customer journey
- Directedly to customer



Application Architecture



IT Infrastructure Requirement

Business:

- Complex business
- Fast iterate
- Frequent provision
- High Availability
- High security

Development:

- Different dev team
- Different language and framework
- multiple features
- Parallel development
- Quick launch

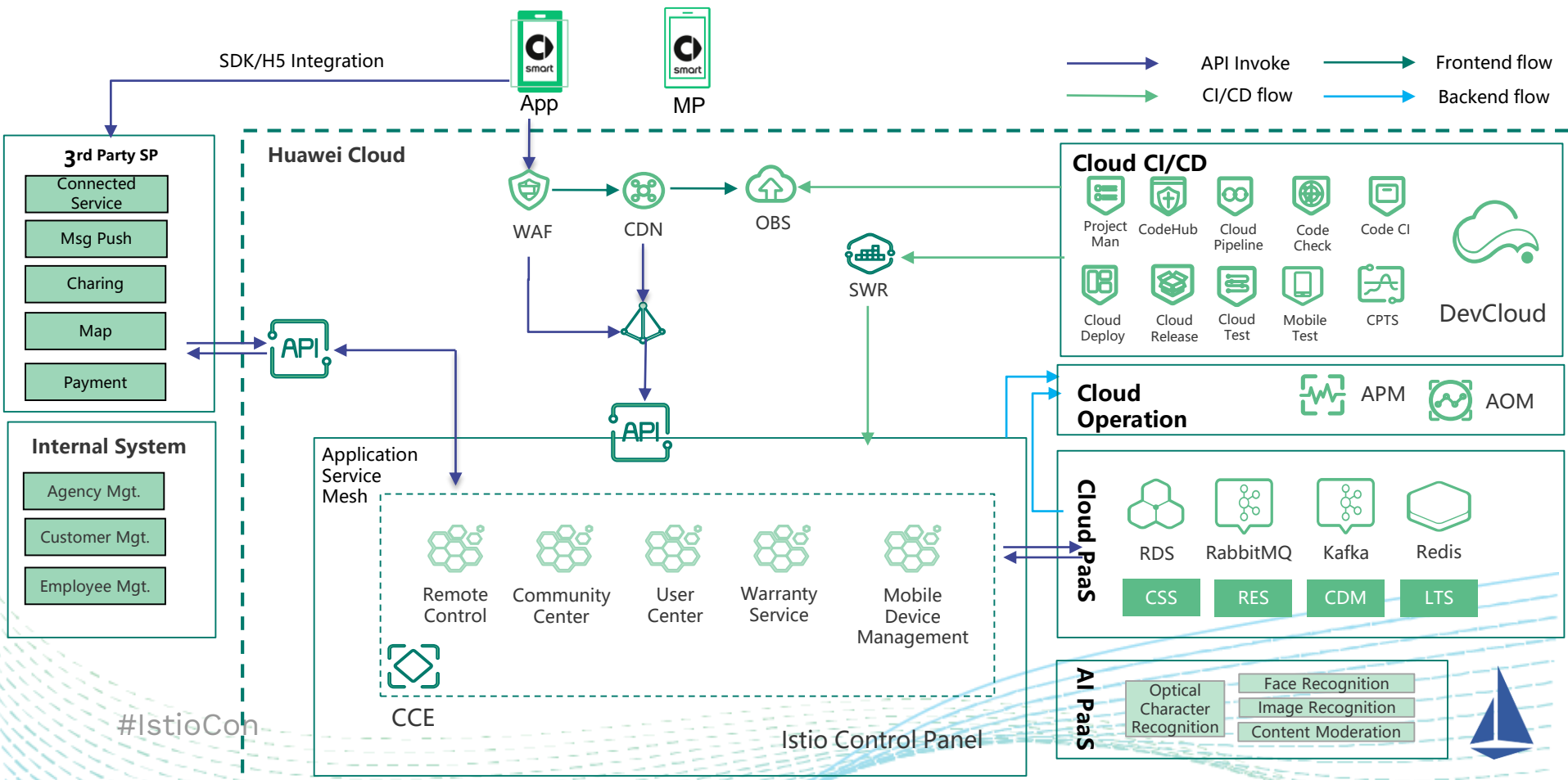


High requirements for infrastructure

- support multi-language
- fine-grained traffic management
- non-intrusive canary
- transparent authentication
- fine-grained authorization
- fault isolation
- fail over
- team or project isolation



Cloud Native solution based on service mesh

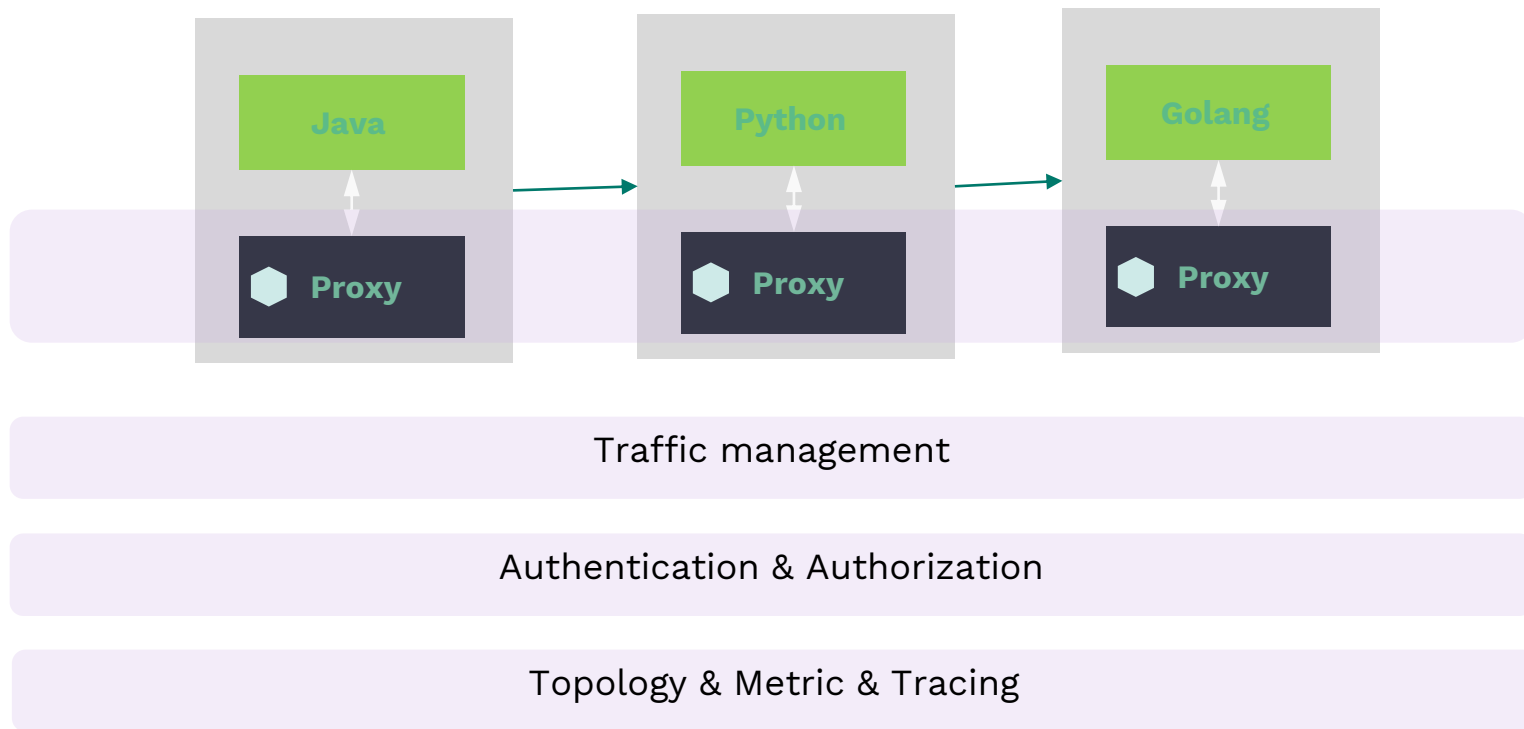


Agenda

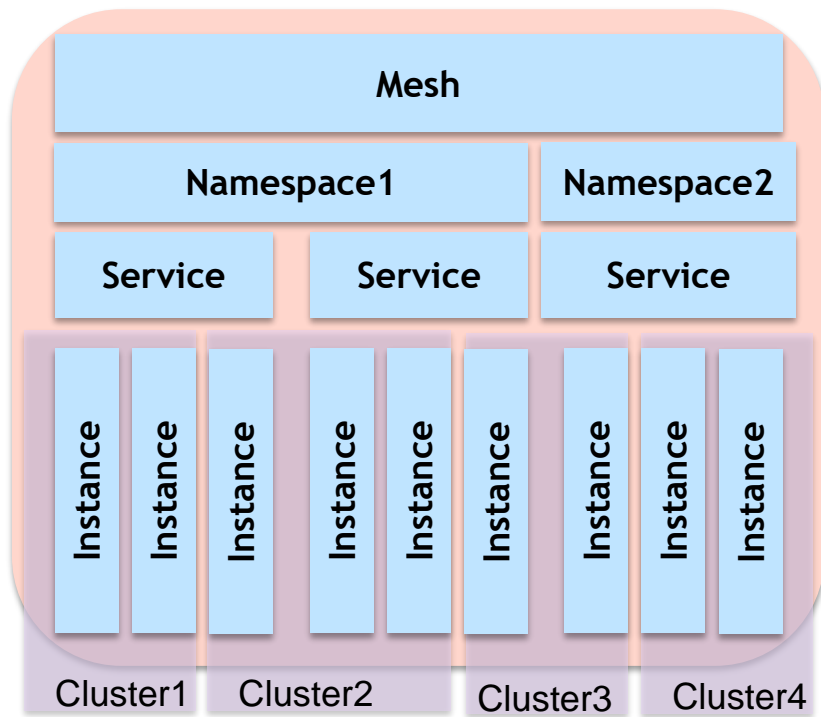
- Application background
- Service Mesh practice



Multi language app



Global service discovery across multi cluster



- Config and manage one service mesh to span several Kubernetes clusters.
- A Global namespace and service view across all clusters.
- All service endpoints are assumed to be reachable from any consumer in any of clusters of the mesh.
- Traffic is load-balanced across all clusters in the mesh for a given service.



Global service discovery across multi cluster

Mesh: smart-mesh **Enterprise edition** / Service Management ⓘ

User Guide

Namespace: weather							
Service Name	Configuration	Diagnosis Res...	Access Address	Normal/Total Pods	Operation		
advertisement	✓	Normal	Internal http://advertisement.weather.svc:3003 HTTP	1/1	Release	Manage Traffic	Security
forecast	✓	Normal	Internal http://forecast.weather.svc:3002 HTTP	5/5	Release	Manage Traffic	Security
Workload	Workload Version		Status	Cluster	Normal/Total Pods		
forecast-v2	v2		✓ Running	smart-c1	2/2		
forecast	v1		✓ Running	smart-c2	3/3		
frontend	✓	Normal	External http://100.85.126.186:8080/ HTTP Internal http://frontend.weather.svc:3000/ HTTP	1/1	Release	Manage Traffic	Security
recommendation	✓	Normal	Internal http://recommendation.weather.svc:3005 HTTP	1/1	Release	Manage Traffic	Security

- Services in one mesh are organized by namespaces rather than clusters.
- There is no difference in service management between single cluster and multi cluster.

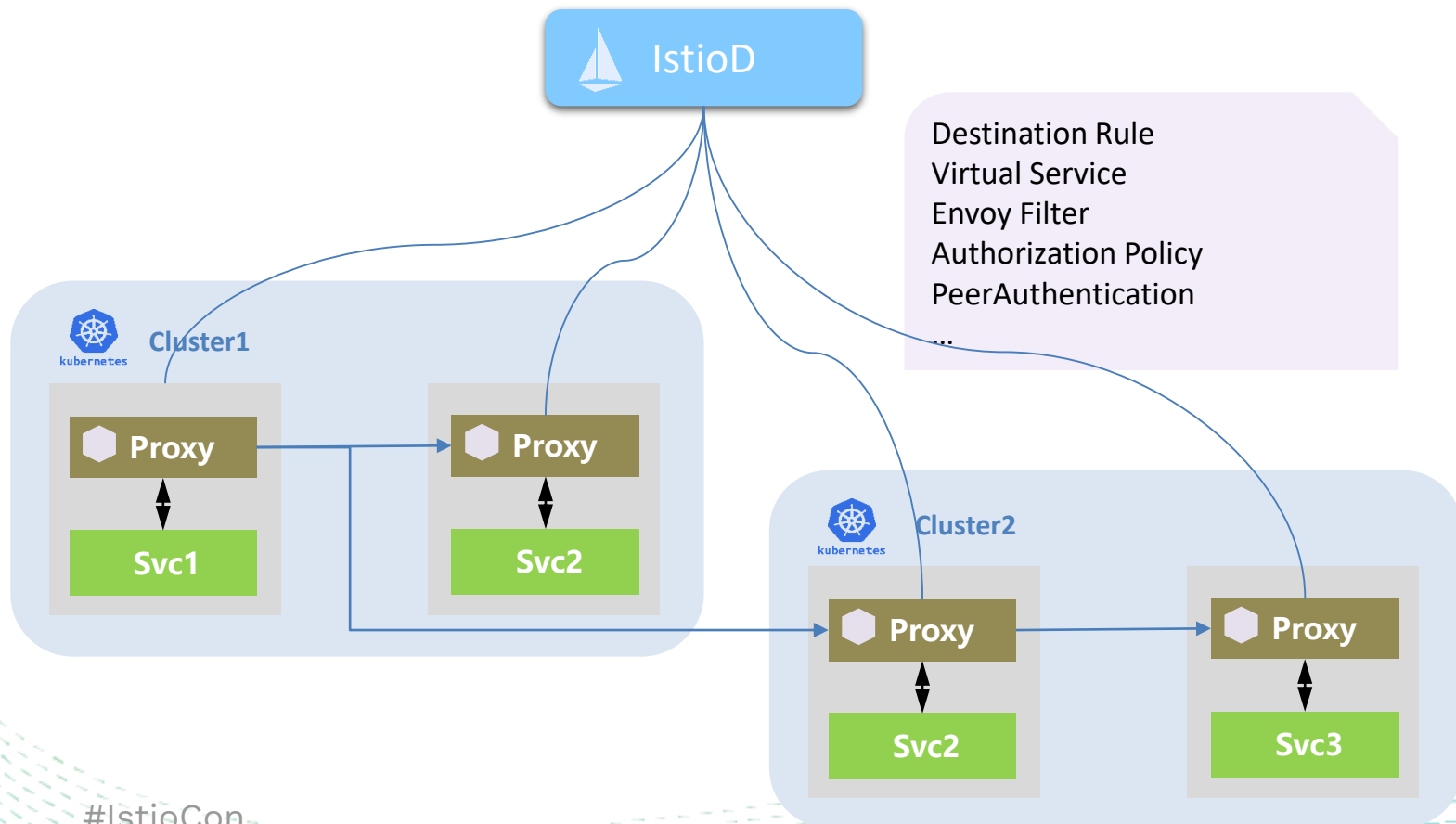
Add Cluster									Enter a cluster name. Q C
Cluster Name	Status	Cluster Version	Cluster Serv...	Container CID...	Container Net...	Network Topology	Added	Operation	
smart-c1	✓ Normal	v1.21	10.248.0.0/16	10.3.0.0/16	VPC network	Flat network	Apr 18, 2022 15:52:15 GMT+08:00	View details Remove	
smart-c2	✓ Normal	v1.21	10.250.0.0/16	10.5.0.0/16	VPC network	Flat network	Apr 18, 2022 15:40:50 GMT+08:00	View details Remove	

(From HUAWEI CLOUD [ASM](#))

#IstioCon



Global Policy Config across clusters



Global Policy Config across clusters

North-Ulanqab203

smart-mesh Enterprise edition / Service Management

Service Name	Configuration Diagnostics
advertisement	Normal
forecast	Normal
frontend	Normal
recommendation	Normal

Workload	Workload Version
forecast-v2	v2
forecast	v1

forecast

3002

Retry

Timeout

Connection Pool

Outlier Detection

Load Balancing

HTTP Header

Outlier Detection

The traffic status of service pods is traced to determine whether the pods are healthy. Unhealthy pods will be ejected from the connection pool to improve the overall access success rate. Outlier detection can be configured for HTTP and TCP services. For HTTP services, pods that continuously return 5xx errors are considered unhealthy. For TCP services, pods whose connections time out or fail are considered unhealthy. For more details, see [Envoy Outlier Detection](#).

Consecutive Errors

1-2147483647

Inspection Interval (s)

0.001-2592000

Number of consecutive errors in a specified time period. If the number of consecutive errors exceeds this threshold, the pod will be ejected. The default value is 5. To disable this function, set it to 0.

If the number of errors reaches the threshold within this time period, the pod will be ejected. The value must be greater than or equal to 1 ms. The default value is 10s.

Base Ejection Time (s)

0.001-2592000

Maximum Percentage of Ejected Pods (%)

1-100

The actual ejection time of a service pod = Base ejection time x Number of ejection times. The value must be greater than or equal to 1 ms. The default value is 30s.

Maximum percentage of ejected service pods. The default value is 10%.

OK

Cancel



Enable Real-Time Monitoring

RPS ②

Times/s

1
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0

Success Rate ②

%

100
80
60
40
20
0

Request Latency ②

ms

1
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0

#IstioCon

(From HUAWEI CLOUD [ASM](#))

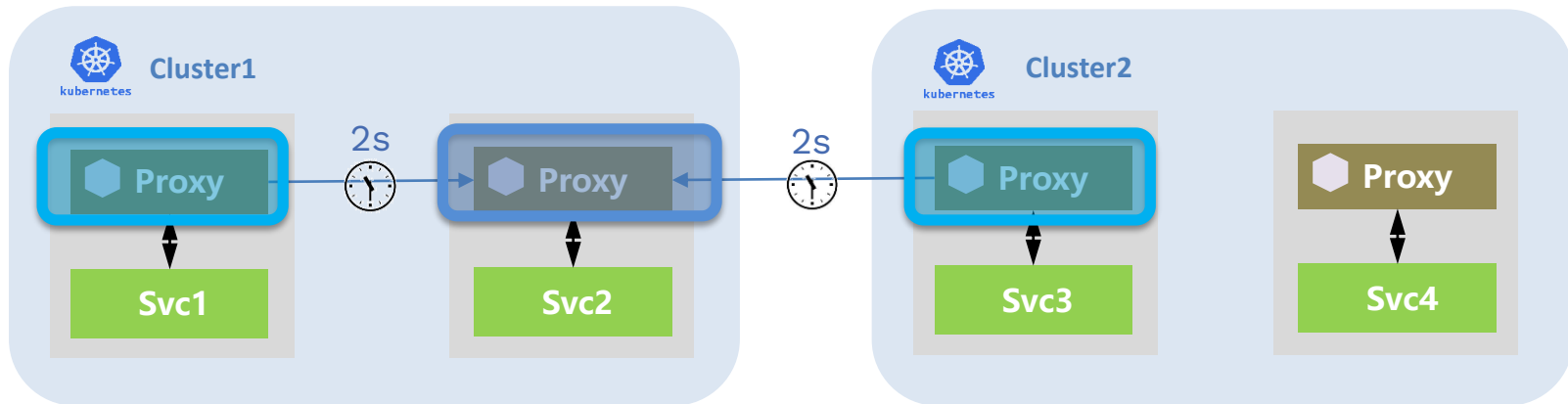
- Config traffic rule for specified service of mesh
- apply to all clusters of the mesh



Global Policy takes effects

Global policy for traffic FROM different cluster

```
spec:  
  hosts:  
  - svc2  
  http:  
  - route:  
    - destination:  
      host: svc2  
    timeout: 2s
```



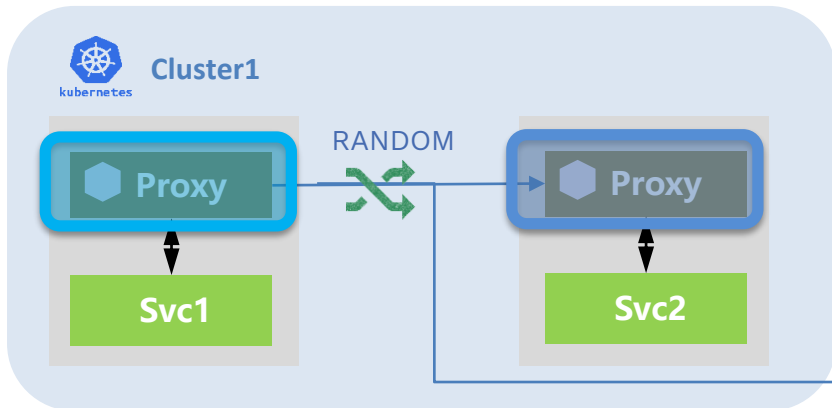
Client side
actions

Server side
actions

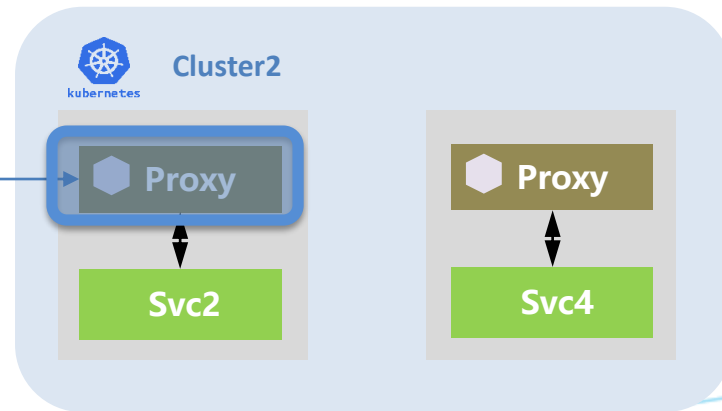


Global Policy takes effects

Global policy for traffic TO different cluster



```
spec:  
  host: svc2  
  trafficPolicy:  
    loadBalancer:  
      simple: RANDOM
```

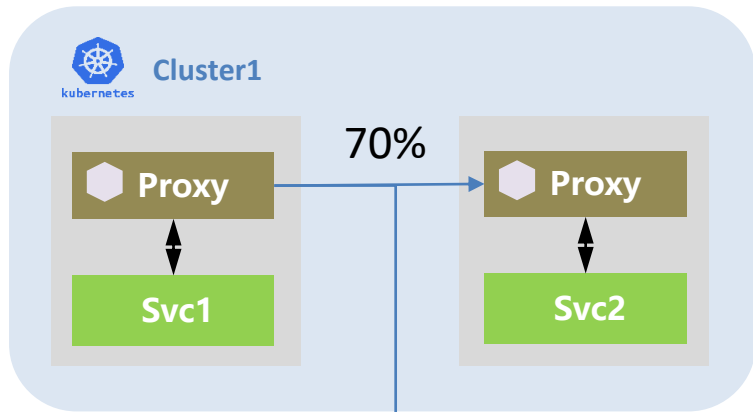


Client side
actions

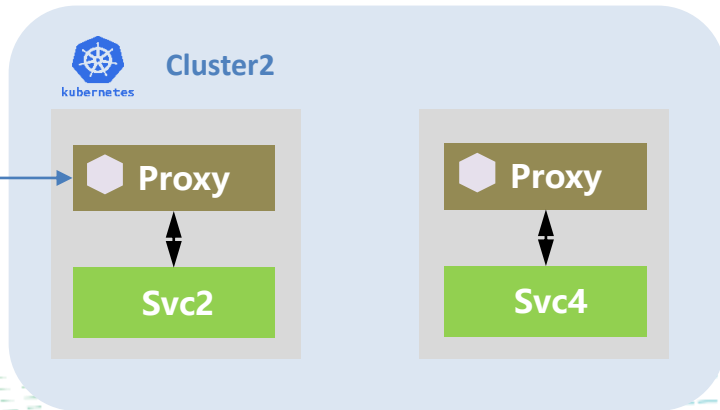
Server side
actions



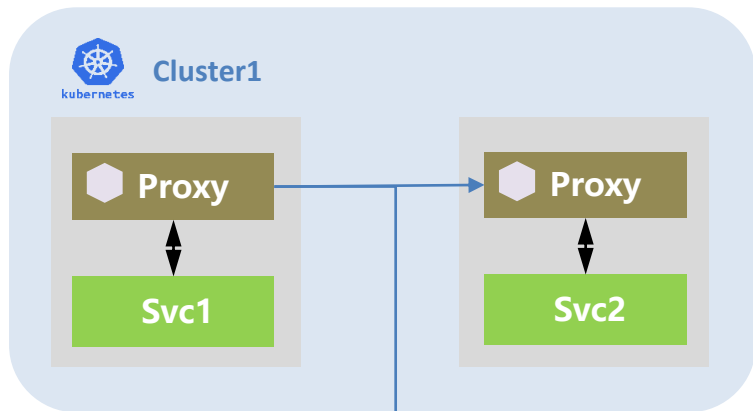
Locality load balance across clusters



```
spec:
  trafficPolicy:
    loadBalancer:
      localityLbSetting:
        enabled: true
        distribute:
          - from: cluster1/*
            to:
              cluster1/*: 70
              cluster2/*: 30
```



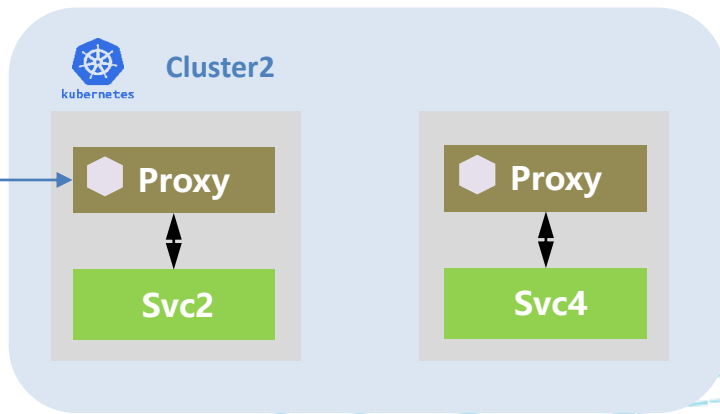
Locality failover across clusters



failover

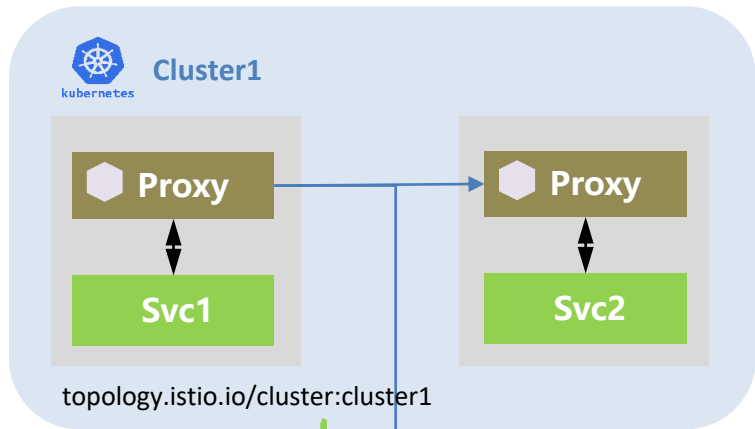
cluster1 → cluster2

```
spec:
  trafficPolicy:
    loadBalancer:
      localityLbSetting:
        failover:
          - from: cluster1
            to: cluster2
```

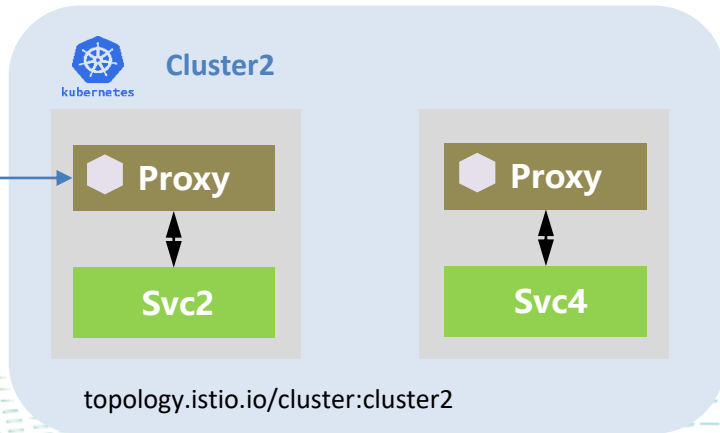


Locality failover across clusters with priority

```
spec:  
  trafficPolicy:  
    loadBalancer:  
      localityLbSetting:  
        failoverPriority:  
          - topology.istio.io/cluster  
          - topology.kubernetes.io/zone
```



failover



cluster1

cluster2

#IstioCon



Locality failover across clusters with priority

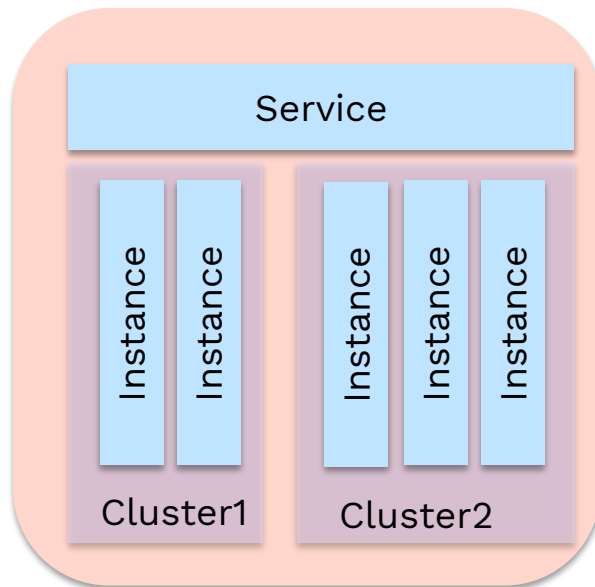
Local instance healthy ↓

P=0 healthy endpoints	P=1 healthy endpoints	P=2 healthy endpoints	Traffic to P=0	Traffic to P=1	Traffic to P=2
100%	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%
72%	72%	100%	100%	0%	0%
71%	71%	100%	99%	1%	0%
50%	50%	100%	70%	30%	0%
25%	100%	100%	35%	65%	0%
25%	25%	100%	35%	35%	30%
25%	25%	20%	36%	36%	28%



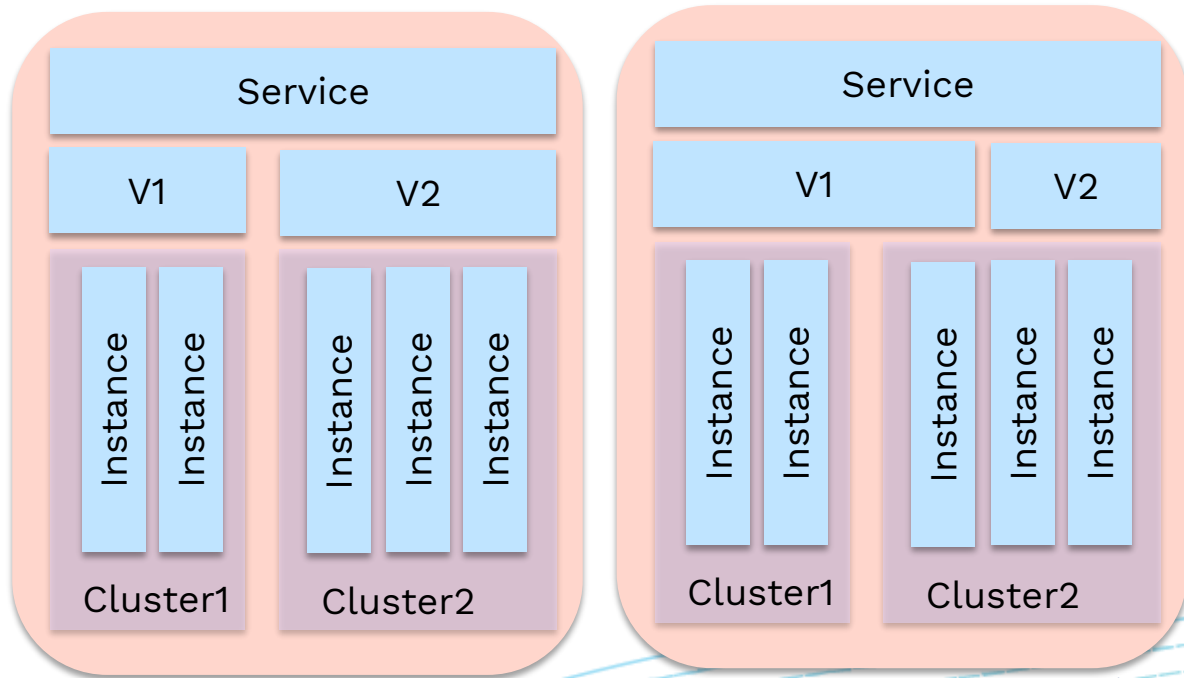
Partitioning Services by cluster

```
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1
kind: DestinationRule
metadata:
  name: cas-dr
spec:
  host: cassvc.mss.svc.cluster.local
  subsets:
    - name: cluster1
      labels:
        topology.istio.io/cluster: cluster1
    - name: cluster2
      labels:
        topology.istio.io/cluster: cluster2
```

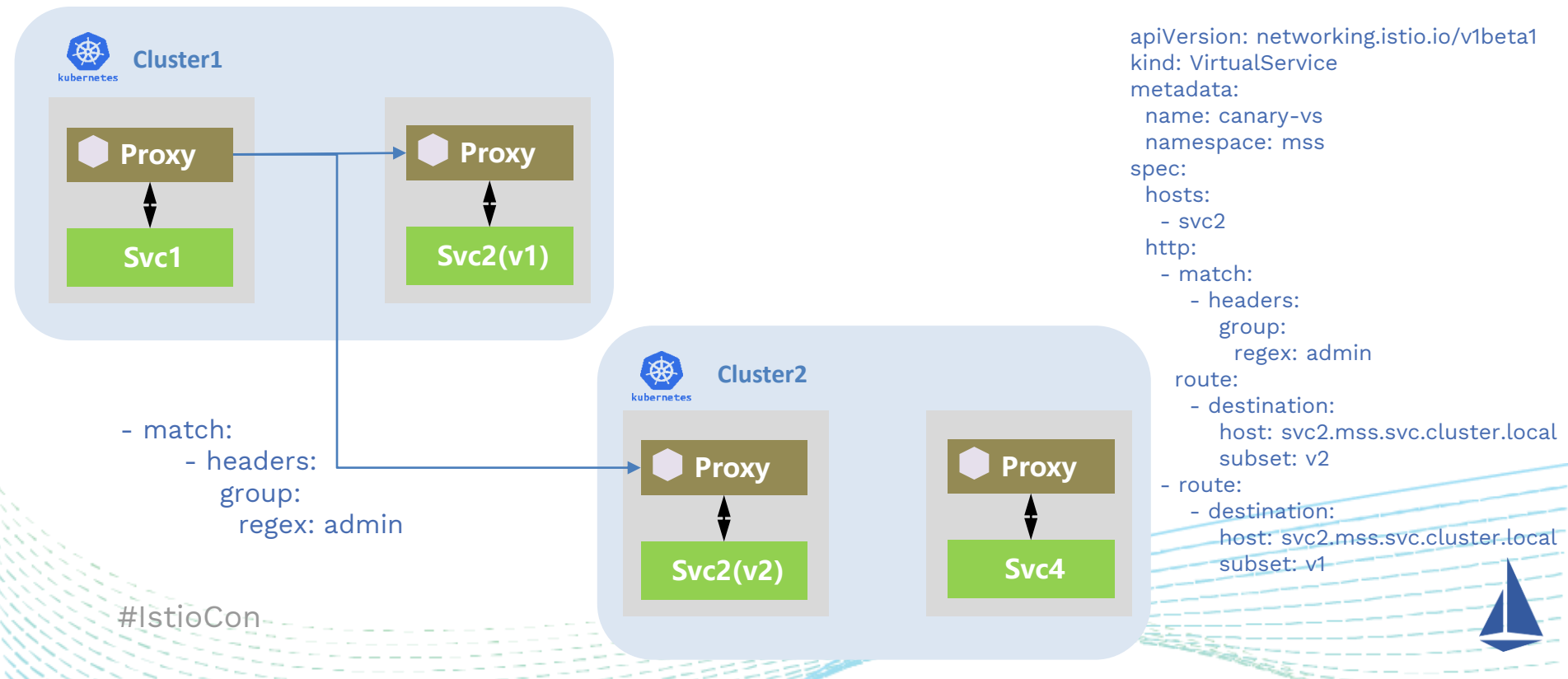


Partitioning Services by version

```
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1beta1
kind: DestinationRule
metadata:
  name: sms-dr
spec:
  host: smssvc.mss.svc.cluster.local
  subsets:
    - name: v1
      labels:
        version: V1
    - name: v2
      labels:
        version: v2
```



Canary enable split traffic between clusters




Canary enable split traffic between clusters

Basic Information

* Grayscale Release Form

 **Canary Release**
Smooth iteration

 **Blue-Green Deployment**
No downtime. Fewer risks.

For the differences between the grayscale release forms, see [Release Form Comparison](#).

* Task Name

forecast-canary

* Namespace

weather

C

* Service

forecast

C

Only services that are not in grayscale release are displayed.

* Workload

forecast

* Version

v1

Grayscale Version information

* Cluster

smart-c1

* Version

smart-c1

* Pods

smart-c2

Maximum: 4995

Pod Configuration

container-1

Image Name  forecast

* Image Tag

v2

C

The existing version configuration is inherited by default. To change the configuration, deploy the version and go to the GCE console to make changes.

Release

Cancel

forecast-canary

View Status

Release Service

Configure Traffic Policy

Monitor and Manage Traffic

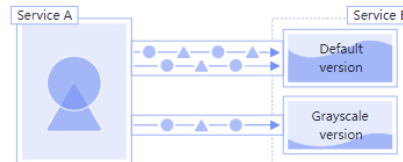
Port:3002

* Policy Type

Based on traffic ratio

Based on request content

Only the requests that contain specific content are directed to the grayscale version. The policy is valid only for the entry service that is directly accessed. To make it valid for other services, transfer the header information in the code.



Cookie

Regula...

value

Header

Regula...

group

admin

Add

Query

Regula...

key

value

Add

Allowed OS

iOS

Android

Windows

macOS

Allowed Browser

Chrome

IE

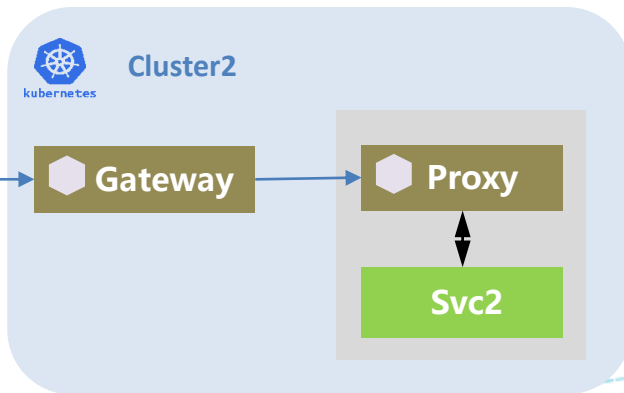
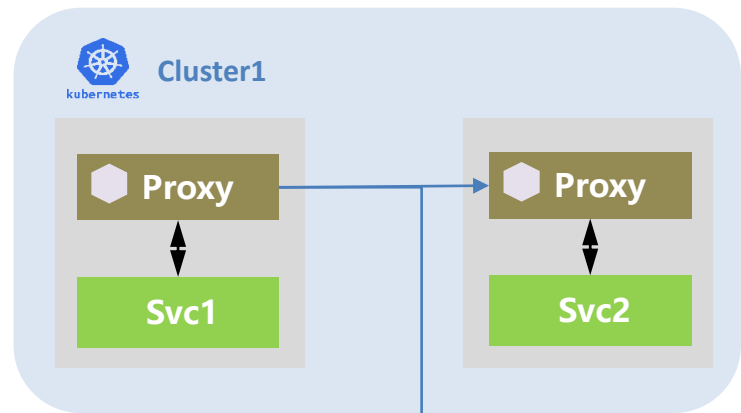
Traffic management YAML

#IstioCon

(From HUAWEI CLOUD [ASM](#))



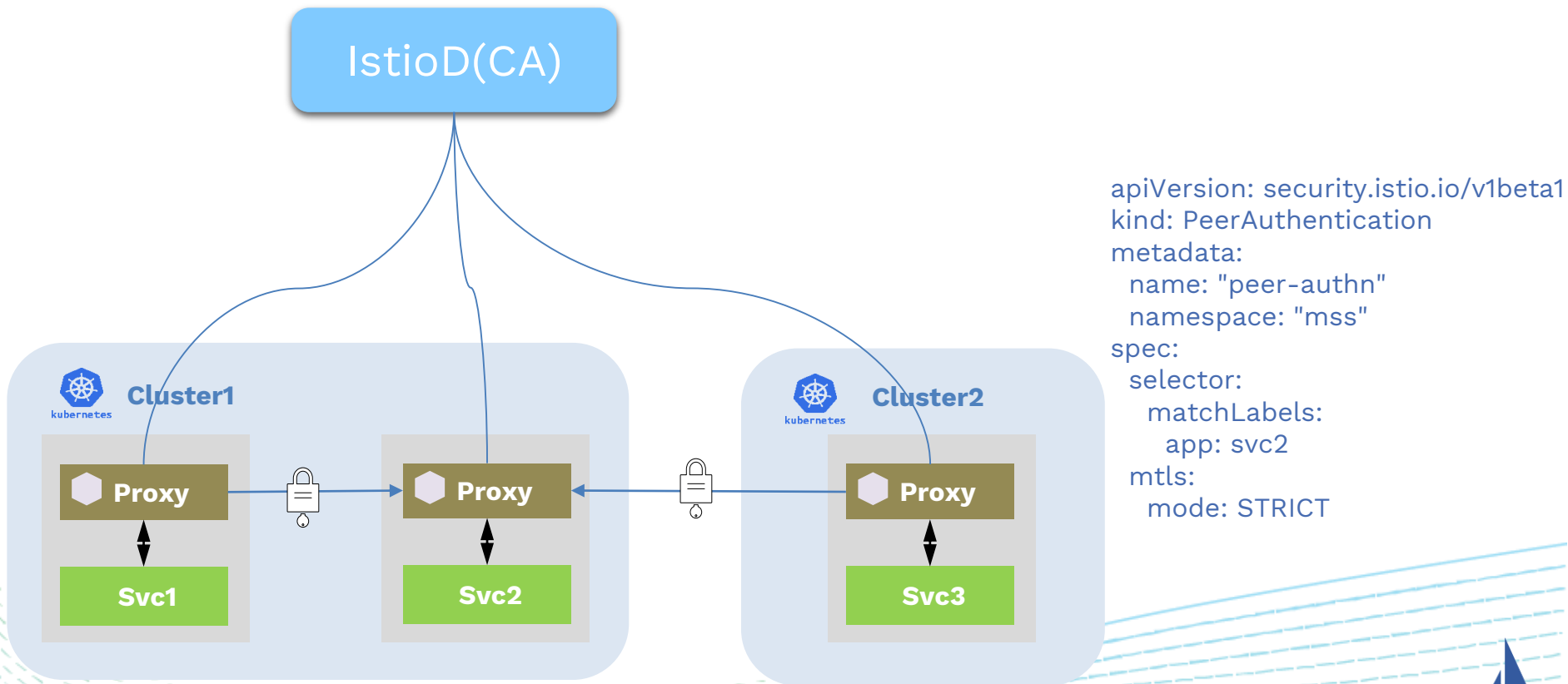
Multiple cluster on multiple networks



```
apiVersion:
networking.istio.io/v1alpha3
kind: Gateway
metadata:
  name: cross-network-gateway
spec:
  selector:
    istio: eastwestgateway
  servers:
    - port:
        number: 15443
        name: tls
        protocol: TLS
      tls:
        mode: AUTO_PASSTHROUGH
      hosts:
        - "*.local"
```



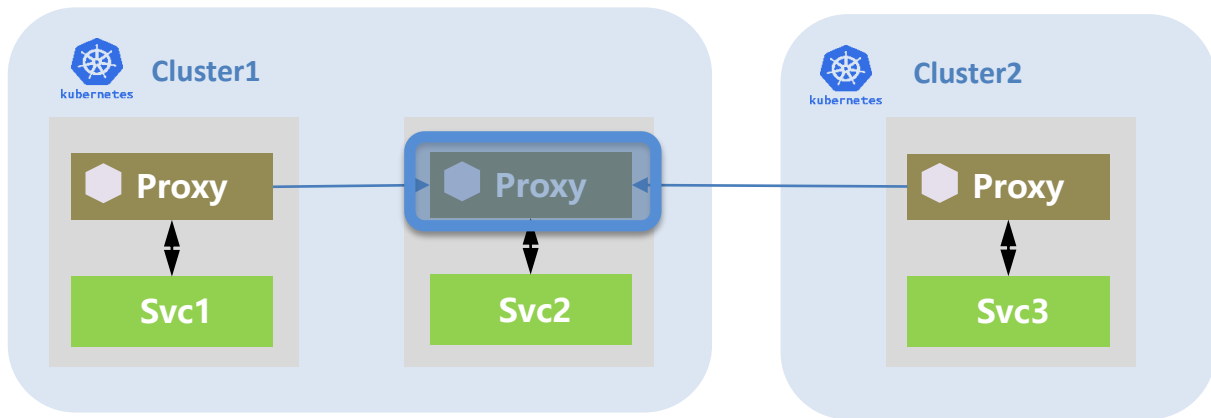
Transparent authentication cross cluster



```
apiVersion: security.istio.io/v1beta1
kind: PeerAuthentication
metadata:
  name: "peer-authn"
  namespace: "mss"
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: svc2
  mtls:
    mode: STRICT
```



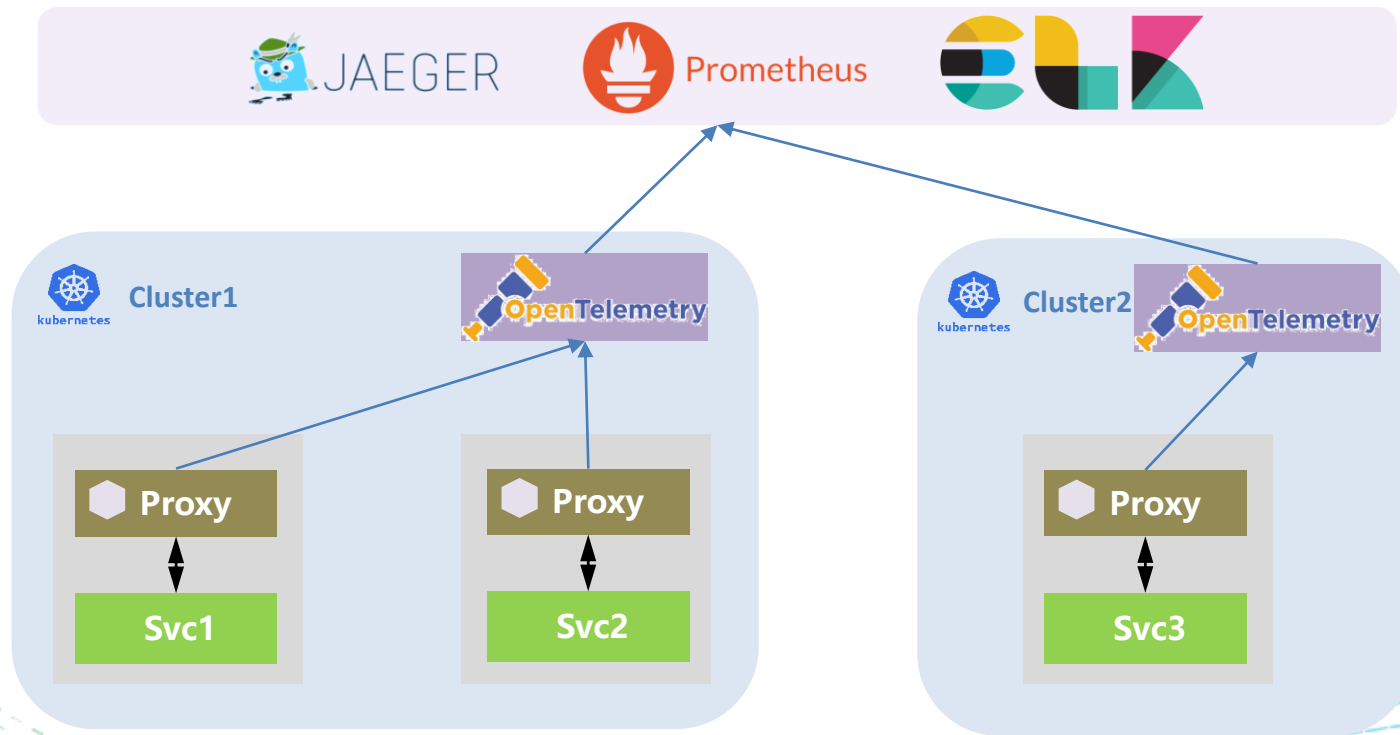
Global authority across clusters



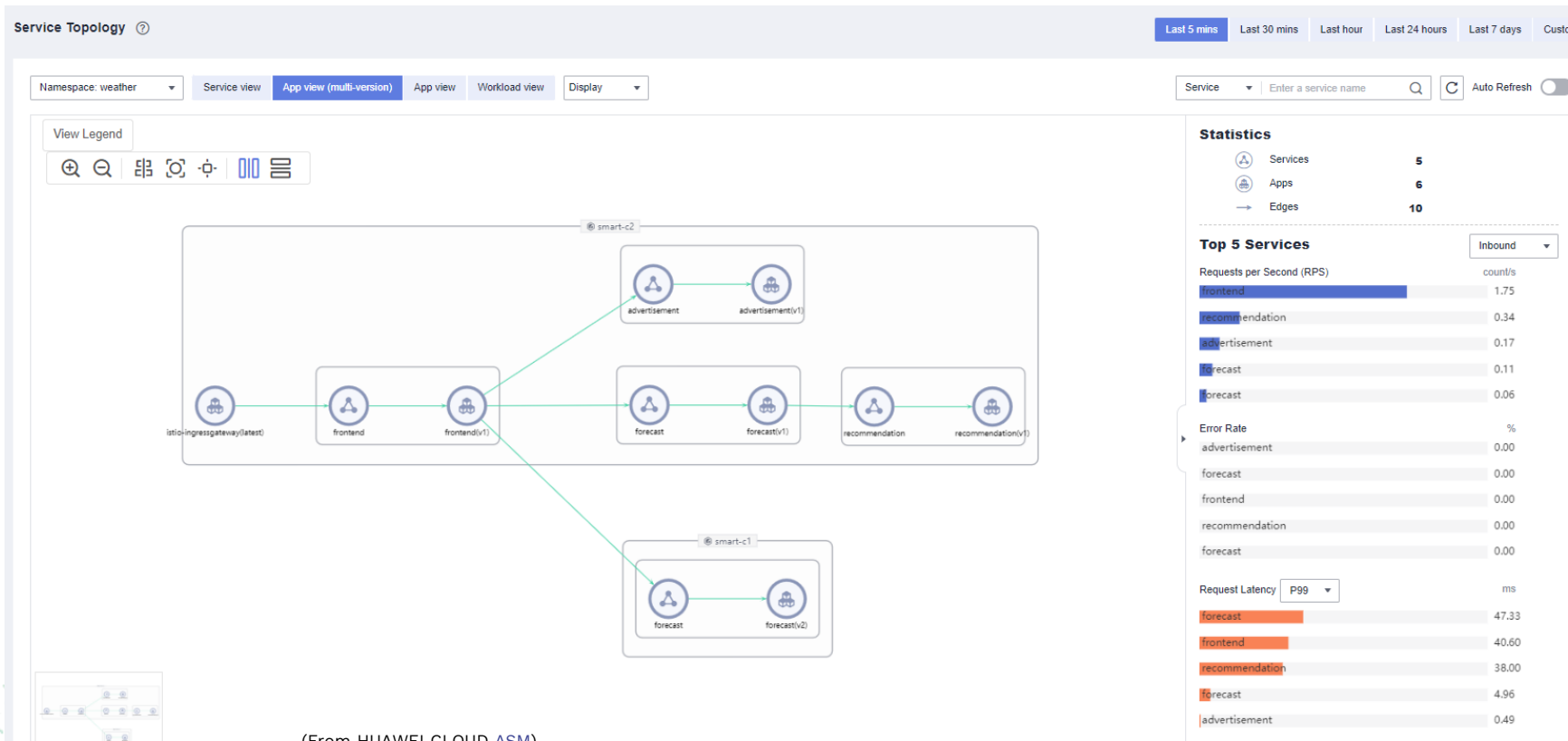
```
apiVersion: security.istio.io/v1beta1
kind: AuthorizationPolicy
metadata:
  name: svc2-auth
  namespace: mss
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: svc2
  action: ALLOW
  rules:
    - from:
        - source:
            principals:
              - cluster.local/ns/mss/sa/svc1
              - cluster.local/ns/mss/sa/svc3
    to:
        - operation:
            methods:
              - POST
```



Global observability



Global observability

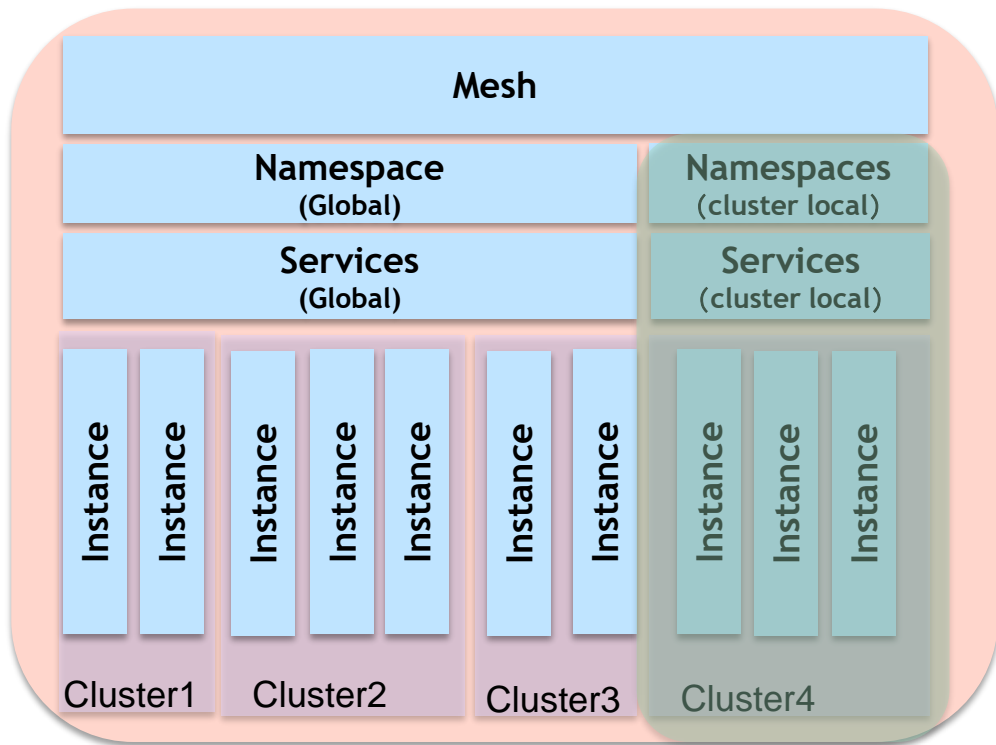


(From HUAWEI CLOUD [ASM](#))

#IstioCon



Cluster local Traffic



serviceSettings:

- settings:

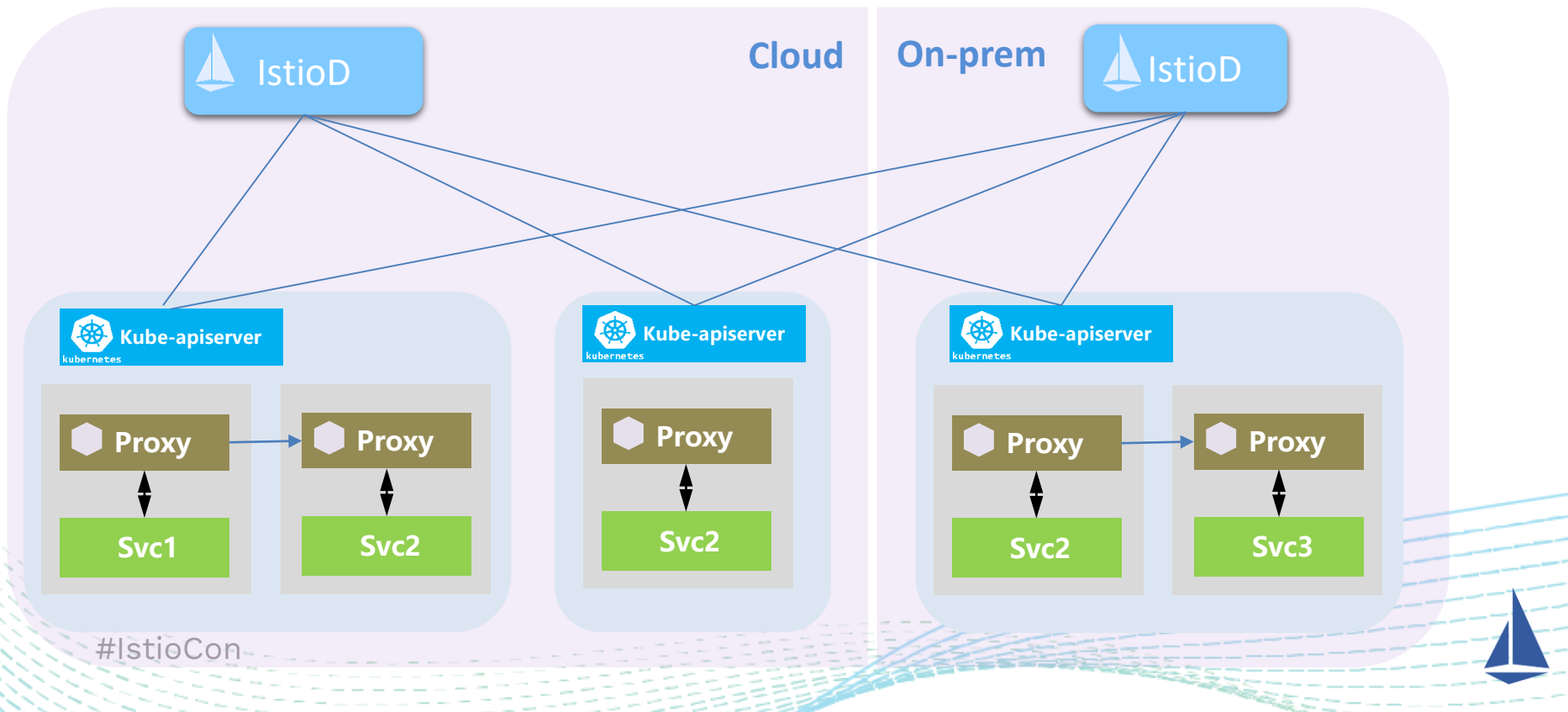
 - clusterLocal: true

hosts:

- "*.wechat.svc.cluster.local"



Next, Mesh for hybrid cloud



Thank you!



#IstioCon

