Past simple (Simple past) regular verbs

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Inglés

Past simple regular verbs

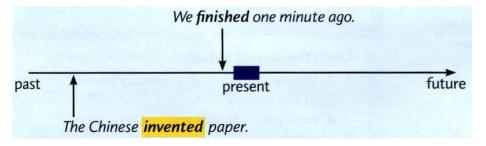
1. Use the past simple for past actions, states and general truths.

I **phoned** Julia yesterday.

Did you stay at the party long last night?

Once people didn't believe the world was round.

2. The past time could be recent or distant.



3. Add **-ed** to make the past simple (regular for all persons. Use **did not** and the infinitive without **to** to make the negative and use **did** to make a question. We usually say and write **didn't** instead of **did not** in informal situations, e.g. an email to friend.

	statement √	negative *
I / You / He / She/ It / We / They	started	did not (didn't)start

question?		short answer
Did / you / he / she / it / we / they	start?	Yes, (I) did.
		No, (he) did not (didn't).

4. Past time expressions e.g. yesterday, last (night / week / year), (a few minutes / two months / 10 years) ago, are sometimes used with the past simple.

She didn't arrive yesterday.

Did you **clean** the car last weekend?

Colombus discovered America 500 years ago.

Spelling

When the ends in -e. add -d.

die→ died
love → loved

When a verb ends in consonant (b, t, m, etc.) and -y, delete the -y and add -ied.

When a verb ends in a single vowel (a, e, I, o, u) and a single consonant, double the last consonant.

most verbs	+ -ed	work - work ed
verbs ending -e	+ -d	like – like d
verbs ending in consonant + y	y → i + -ed	t ry → tried
verbs ending in vowel + y / except pay, lay, say	+ -ed y → i + d	pl ay – pla yed pa id , la id , sa id
verbs ends vowel + consonant / except if final syllable is <i>not</i> stressed	double consonant + ed	ch at – cha tt ed vi sit – visited
verbs ends l North American English has one l	double l + ed	trave l – trave ll ed traveled