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1. Check if the list is already sorted or not. Ascending or descending
def check_sorted(lst):
  if lst == sorted(lst):
    return "Ascending"
  elif lst == sorted(lst, reverse=True):
    return "Descending"
  else:
    return "Not sorted"
print(check_sorted([1, 2, 3, 4]))
print(check_sorted([9, 8, 7, 6]))
print(check_sorted([1, 3, 2, 4]))
2. Missing number in a list. [1, 2, 3, 5,6,7,9, 8]
   1. Sum of n numbers using formulae - Sum of elements in list
def find_missing_number(lst):
  n = len(lst) + 1
  total_sum = n * (n + 1) // 2
  list_sum = sum(lst)
  return total_sum - list_sum
print(find_missing_number([1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 8]))
2. 2 loops method
def find_missing_number(lst):
  for num in range(1, len(lst) + 2):
    if num not in lst:
       return num
print(find_missing_number([1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 8]))
3. xor method.
def find_missing_number(lst):
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n = len(lst) + 1
  xor_all = 0
  xor_list = 0
  for num in range(1, n + 1):
    xor_all ^= num
  for num in lst:
    xor_list ^= num
  return xor_all ^ xor_list
print(find_missing_number([1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 8]))
4. Sorting
def find_missing_number(lst):
  Ist.sort()
  for i in range(len(lst) - 1):
    if lst[i] + 1 != lst[i + 1]:
       return lst[i] + 1
print(find_missing_number([1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 8]))
3. Check if an array is a subset of another or not.
def is_subset(list1, list2):
  return set(list1).issubset(set(list2))
print(is_subset([1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
print(is_subset([1, 6], [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]))
4. Check if a + b = target exists in a list
def check_sum_exists(lst, target):
  seen = set()
  for num in lst:
    if target - num in seen:
       return True
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seen.add(num)
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return False

print(check_sum_exists([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], 9))

print(check_sum_exists([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], 10))