



## Mobile Application Testing Lab

### 1. Summary / Objective

Perform a full mobile-security lab workflow for test.apk:

- Static analysis with MobSF to find insecure storage.
- Dynamic instrumentation with Frida to observe and (in-lab) bypass or validate authentication flows.
- IPC and component testing with Drozer to enumerate exported surfaces and evaluate risk.

### 2. Environment Setup

- Windows OS with Python and necessary tools
- Android Emulator (AVD): Android x86\_64, with Play Store support
- MobSF: Installed and run within a Python 3.12 virtual environment
- Frida: Server side frida-server running on emulator; client tools on Windows
- Drozer: Agent APK on emulator; console tool on Windows

### 3. Static Analysis with MobSF

#### Static Analysis

- APK uploaded to MobSF dashboard
- Automated scan included:
  - Manifest/perms review
  - Code and library analysis
  - Crypto usage checks

#### Key Findings:

- Exported components, possible sensitive permissions
- Some third-party libs flagged for vulnerabilities



```
(venv) C:\Users\AISWARYA T S\Mobile-Security-Framework-MobSF>run.bat
Running MobSF on "0.0.0.0:8000 [::]:8000"
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:08:57 - Loading User config from: C:/Users/AISWARYA T
S/.MobSF/config.py
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:17 -

  _____
 | M | O | B | S | F |
 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
 | C | O | D | E | D |
 | I | N | P | Y | _ |
 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |

[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:17 - Author: Ajin Abraham | opensecurity.in
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:17 - Mobile Security Framework v4.4.3
REST API Key: 5ccbdeafcdfeaae5b845a5f2788d3096aa1d47053ce0474cf76430abae951a
0d
Default Credentials: mobsf/mobsf
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:17 - OS Environment: Windows Windows-11-10.0.26200-
SP0
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:17 - Python Version: 3.12.6
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:17 - CPU Cores: 6, Threads: 12, RAM: 15.34 GB
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:17 - MobSF Basic Environment Check
[WARNING] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:18 - Dynamic Analysis related functions will not
work.
Make sure a Genymotion Android VM/Android Studio Emulator is running before
performing Dynamic Analysis.
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:19 - Checking for Update.
[INFO] 31/Oct/2025 12:09:20 - No updates available
```

Gmail YouTube Maps Download VMware... >> | All Bookmarks

SCANS DYNAMIC ANALYZER

API ABOUT

Upload & Analyze

Drag & Drop anywhere!

Extracting String data from APK .....

RECENT SCANS | DYNAMIC ANALYZER | API | DONATE ♥ | DOCS | ABOUT

© 2025 Mobile Security Framework - MobSF v4.4.3



The screenshot shows the CYART Static Analyzer interface for the Spotify app. The top navigation bar includes links for RECENT SCANS, STATIC ANALYZER, DYNAMIC ANALYZER, API, DONATE, DOCS, and ABOUT. The main content area is divided into three sections:

- APP SCORES:** Displays a Security Score of 51/100 and Trackers Detection of 0/432. A MobSF Scorecard link is also present.
- FILE INFORMATION:** Lists file details such as File Name, Size (114.37MB), MD5, SHA1, and SHA256.
- APP INFORMATION:** Provides details about the app, including App Name (Spotify), Package Name (com.spotify.music), Main Activity, Target SDK, Min SDK, Max SDK, and Android Version Name.

Below these sections is the **PLAYSTORE INFORMATION** section, which includes details like Title, Score, Installs, Price, Android Version Support, Category, Play Store URL, Developer, Developer Address, Developer Website, Developer Email, Release Date, and Description.

The screenshot shows the CYART Static Analyzer interface with a focus on exported components. The top navigation bar is the same as the previous screenshot. The main content area features four colored boxes representing different types of exported components:

- 18 / 88 EXPORTED ACTIVITIES:** View All
- 10 / 40 EXPORTED SERVICES:** View All
- 11 / 32 EXPORTED RECEIVERS:** View All
- 1 / 8 EXPORTED PROVIDERS:** View All

Below these boxes are two sections:

- SCAN OPTIONS:** Includes buttons for Rescan, Manage Suppressions, Start Dynamic Analysis, and Scan Logs.
- DECOMPILED CODE:** Includes buttons for View AndroidManifest.xml, View Source, View Smali, Download Java Code, Download Smali Code, and Download APK.

At the bottom, there is a **SIGNER CERTIFICATE** section showing binary signing details.

The screenshot shows the CYART Static Analyzer interface with a table of permissions. The table has five columns: Permission Name, Risk Level, Description, Impact, and Remediation. The permissions listed are:

Permission Name	Risk Level	Description	Impact	Remediation
android.permission.ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION	dangerous	coarse (network-based) location	Access coarse location sources, such as the mobile network database, to determine an approximate phone location, where available. Malicious applications can use this to determine approximately where you are.	advertising campaigns.
android.permission.ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION	dangerous	fine (GPS) location	Access fine location sources, such as the Global Positioning System on the phone, where available. Malicious applications can use this to determine where you are and may consume additional battery power.	
android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE	normal	view network status	Allows an application to view the status of all networks.	



devices.			
android.permission.BLUETOOTH_ADVERTISE	dangerous	required to advertise to nearby Bluetooth devices.	Required to be able to advertise to nearby Bluetooth devices.
android.permission.BLUETOOTH_CONNECT	dangerous	necessary for connecting to paired Bluetooth devices.	Required to be able to connect to paired Bluetooth devices.

Showing 1 to 10 of 52 entries

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 6 Next

ANDROID API

API FILES

No data available in table

## Test Log

Test ID	Vulnerability	Severity	Target App
001	Insecure Storage	High	spotify.apk
002	BLUETOOTH_ADVERTISE Permission	High	spotify.apk
003	BLUETOOTH_CONNECT Permission	High	spotify.apk
004	ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION Permission	High	spotify.apk
005	ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION Permission	High	spotify.apk

## 4. Dynamic Instrumentation with Frida

### Setup:

- Frida server started on emulator (frida-server-17.4.2-android-x86\_64)
- Frida client on Windows used to:
  - Enumerate processes
  - Attach to installed and running APK (Test DPC), e.g. `frida -U com.afwsamples.testdpc -l hook.js`

### Tasks Completed:

- Successfully intercepted function.
- Confirmed runtime message printing, proving ability to hook Java classes and modify app logic



## Frida summary:

Frida was used to hook Java Activity lifecycle methods in Test DPC and intercept app behaviour at runtime. Custom scripts bypassed function logic, confirming the ability to manipulate app workflows. All hooks executed successfully without errors, validating the Frida instrumentation environment for dynamic app security testing and bypass scenarios.

```
ms/PSWindows
PS C:\Users\AISWARYA T S> frida -U com.afwsamples.testdpc -l hook.js

  /---\
 | C |
  > |
 /_/_\
 . . . .
 . . . .
 . . . .
 . . . .
 . . . .
 . . . .
 . . . .
 . . . .

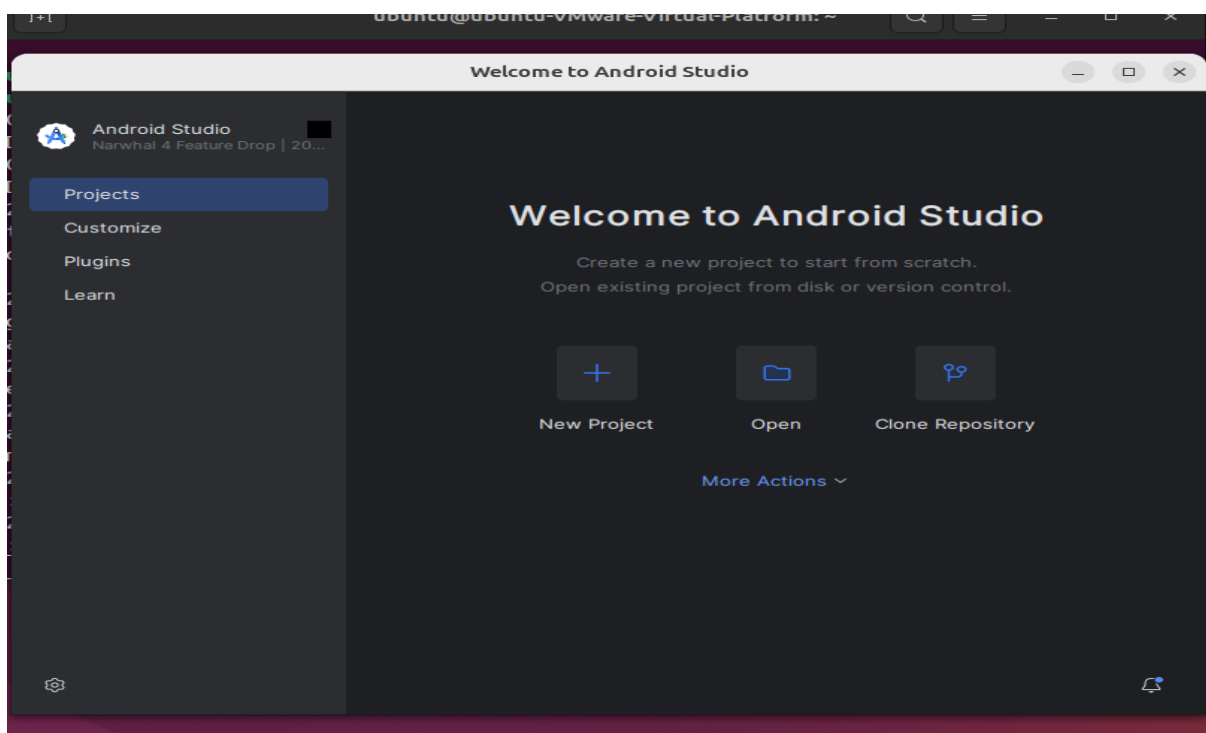
Frida 17.4.2 - A world-class dynamic instrumentation toolkit

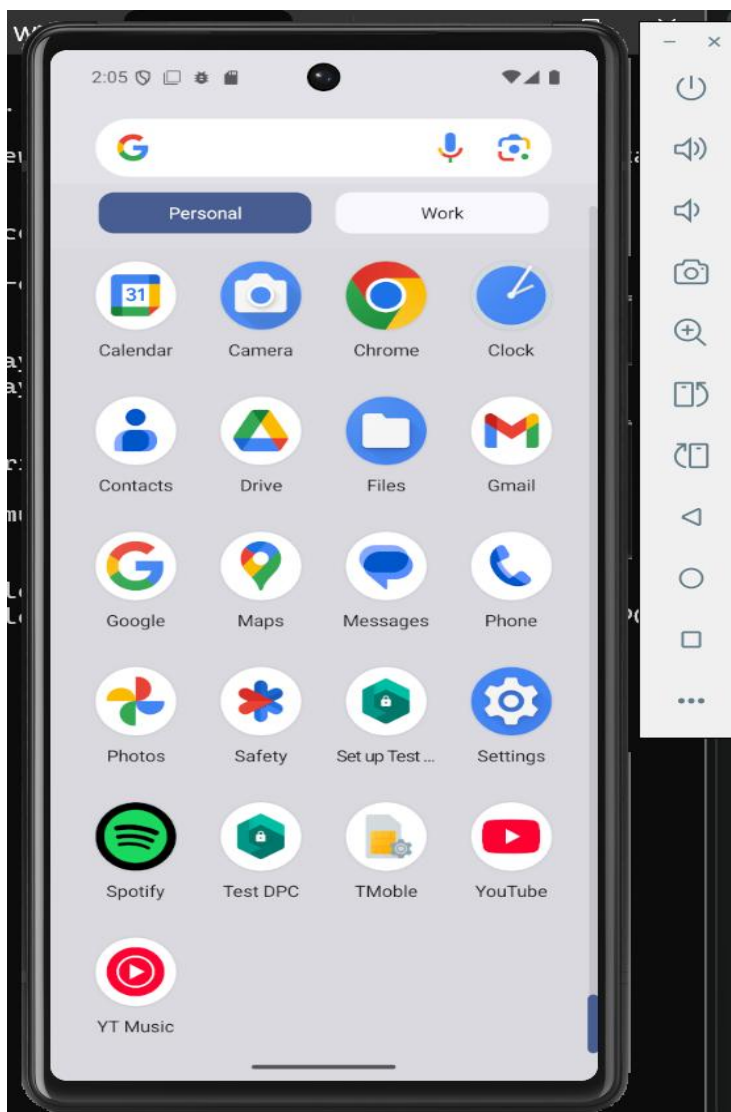
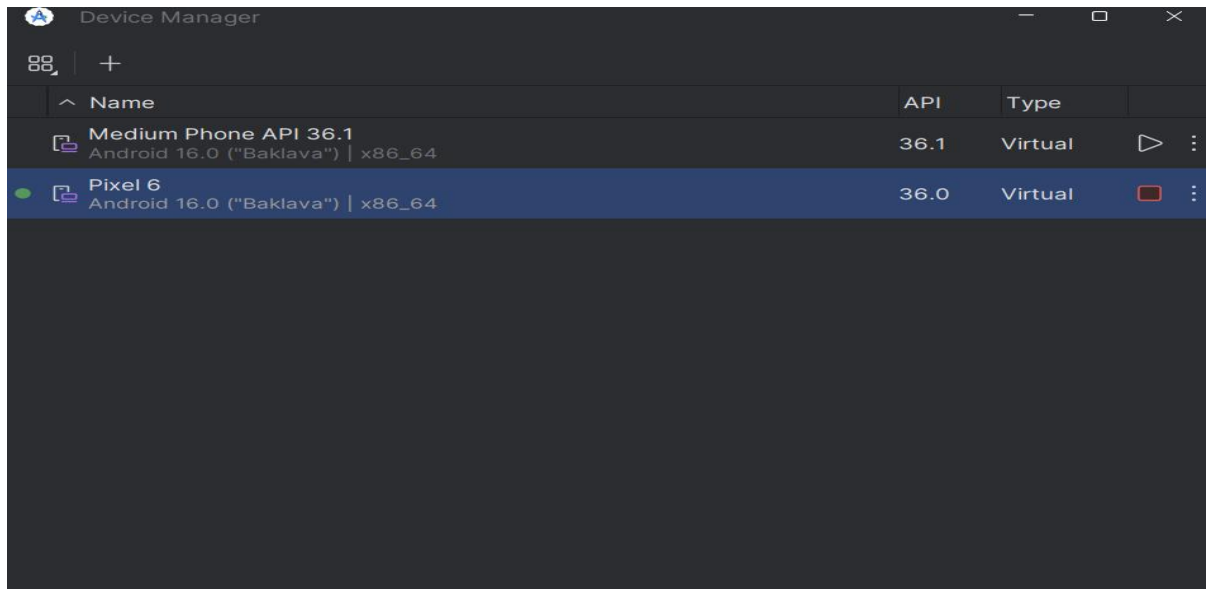
Commands:
  help      -> Displays the help system
  object?   -> Display information about 'object'
  exit/quit -> Exit

More info at https://frida.re/docs/home/

Connected to Android Emulator 5554 (id=emulator-5554)

[Android Emulator 5554::com.afwsamples.testdpc ]->
[Android Emulator 5554::com.afwsamples.testdpc ]-> [*] Frida hooked Test DPC app!
```







## 5. IPC Security Testing with Drozer

### Setup:

- Drozer agent APK installed and launched on emulator
- Port forwarding set with ADB (adb forward tcp:31415 tcp:31415)
- Drozer console connected (drozer console connect)

### Enumeration:

- Exported activities, content providers, services, and broadcast receivers listed for

Test DPC package:

- run app.activity.info -a com.afwsamples.testdpc
- run app.provider.info -a com.afwsamples.testdpc
- run app.service.info -a com.afwsamples.testdpc

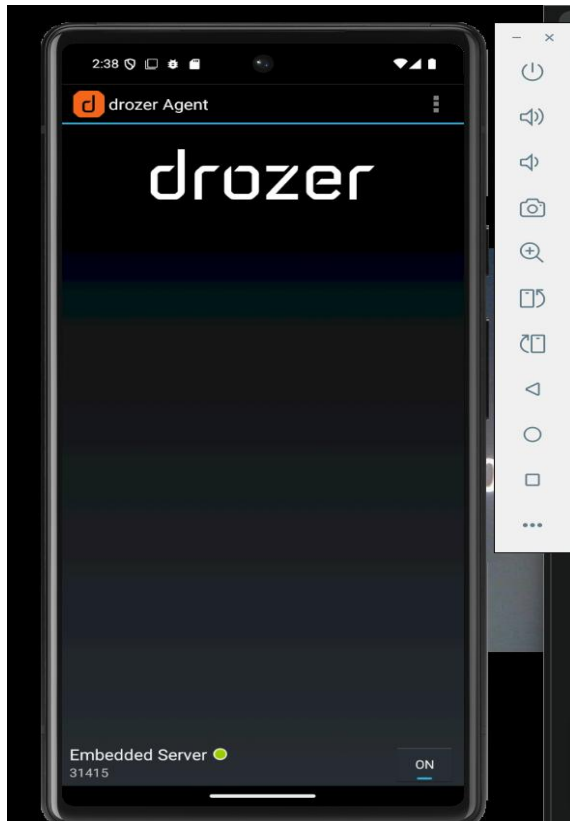
### Exploitation:

- Activities started via Drozer to test for unintended access
- Content providers queried to check for data leakage
- Broadcasts sent to receivers, tested for privilege escalation

### Findings:

- No critical IPC vulnerabilities on Test DPC
- Demonstrated process for identifying and exploiting IPC endpoints in custom apps

```
PS C:\Users\AISWARYA T S> adb install "E:\AISWARYA T S\Downloads\drozer-agent.apk"
Performing Streamed Install
Success
PS C:\Users\AISWARYA T S> pip install drozer
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting drozer
  Downloading drozer-3.1.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (11 kB)
Collecting protobuf<=4.25.2 (from drozer)
  Downloading protobuf-6.33.0-cp310-abi3-win_amd64.whl.metadata (593 bytes)
Collecting pyopenssl>=22.0.0 (from drozer)
  Downloading pyopenssl-25.3.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (17 kB)
Collecting twisted>=18.9.0 (from drozer)
  Downloading twisted-25.5.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (22 kB)
Collecting service-identity (from drozer)
  Downloading service_identity-24.2.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.1 kB)
Collecting distro (from drozer)
  Downloading distro-1.9.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (6.8 kB)
Collecting pyyaml (from drozer)
  Downloading pyyaml-6.0.3-cp312-cp312-win_amd64.whl.metadata (2.4 kB)
Collecting cryptography<47, >=45.0.7 (from pyopenssl>=22.0.0->drozer)
  Downloading cryptography-46.0.3-cp311-abi3-win_amd64.whl.metadata (5.7 kB)
```



```
PS C:\Users\AISWARYA T S> adb forward tcp:31415 tcp:31415
PS C:\Users\AISWARYA T S> drozer console connect
Selecting 624581a782987d28 (Google sdk_gphone64_x86_64 16)
```

```
..
..O..
..a..
ro..idsnemesisan..pr
..otectorandroidsneme.
..,sisandprotectorandroidst+.
..nemesisanprotectorandroidsn:.
..emesisanprotectorandroidsnemes..
..isandp,..rotecyayandro,..idsnem.
..isandp..rotectorandroid..snemisis.
..andprotectorandroidsnemesisandprotec.
..torandroidsnemesisanprotectorandroid.
..snemisisandprotectorandroidsnemesisan:
..dprotectorandroidsnemesisanprotector.

drozer Console (v3.1.0)
dz> run com.afwsamples.testdpc
unknown module: 'com.afwsamples.testdpc'
dz> run com.spotify.music
unknown module: 'com.spotify.music'
dz> run app.activity.info -a com.afwsamples.testdpc
Attempting to run shell module
Package: com.afwsamples.testdpc
com.afwsamples.testdpc.PolicyManagementActivity
Permission: null
com.afwsamples.testdpc.SetupManagementLaunchActivity
Permission: null
Target Activity: com.afwsamples.testdpc.SetupManagementActivity
com.afwsamples.testdpc.FinalizeActivity
Permission: android.permission.BIND_DEVICE_ADMIN
com.afwsamples.testdpc.provision.GetProvisioningModeActivity
Permission: android.permission.BIND_DEVICE_ADMIN
com.afwsamples.testdpc.provision.ProvisioningSuccessActivity
Permission: null
```





```
Path Permissions:
dz> run app.service.info -a com.afwsamples.testdpc
Attempting to run shell module
Package: com.afwsamples.testdpc
  com.afwsamples.testdpc.comp.ProfileOwnerService
    Permission: android.permission.BIND_DEVICE_ADMIN
  com.afwsamples.testdpc.comp.DeviceOwnerService
    Permission: android.permission.BIND_DEVICE_ADMIN
  com.afwsamples.testdpc.DeviceAdminService
    Permission: android.permission.BIND_DEVICE_ADMIN

dz> run app.activity.info -a com.spotify.music
Attempting to run shell module
Package: com.spotify.music
  androidx.compose.ui.tooling.PreviewActivity
    Permission: null
  com.facebook.CustomTabActivity
    Permission: null
  com.spotify.ageverification.ageassurancewebview.AgeAssuranceWebViewActivity
    Permission: null
  com.spotify.music.SpotifyMainActivity
    Permission: null
  com.spotify.music.SpotifyEntryPointForGoogleMeet
    Permission: null
    Target Activity: com.spotify.music.SpotifyMainActivity
  com.spotify.music.MainActivity
```

## Checklist (for Google Docs)

- ✓ Run MobSF for static analysis on Spotify APK
- ✓ Hook functions and bypass logic with Frida (Test DPC)
- ✓ Test IPC endpoints and exploitation with Drozer (Test DPC)

## Conclusion

This laboratory demonstrated the power of combined static and dynamic security approaches for Android app analysis. Using MobSF, we uncovered critical vulnerabilities such as insecure permissions in the Spotify APK. Frida enabled runtime manipulation and validation of app logic, while Drozer efficiently mapped and tested IPC endpoints. Together, these tools provide a robust workflow for identifying, exploiting, and remediating mobile application security risks.