Examples for Algorithm, Pseduocode, Flowchart

Example: Finding the area of a circle

Algorithm
Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of r

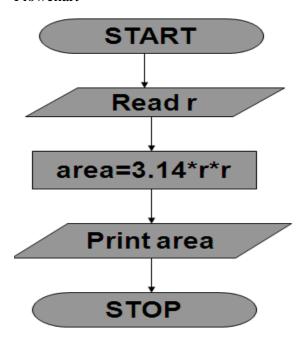
Step3: Calculate area = 3.14*r*r

Step4: Print area Step5: Stop

Pseudocode

Set area READ the r COMPUTE area=3.14*r*r PRINT area stop

Flowchart



Find the largest among three Numbers

Algorithm Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of a, b, c

Step3: IF (a>b) and (a>c) THEN

print a is largest

ELSE IF (b>c) THEN

print b is largest

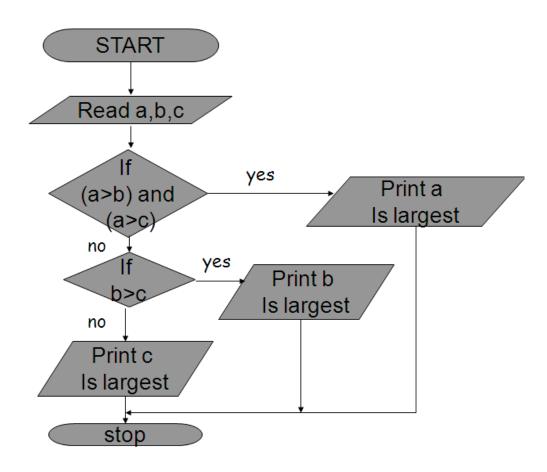
ELSE

print c is largest

Step4: Stop Pseudocode

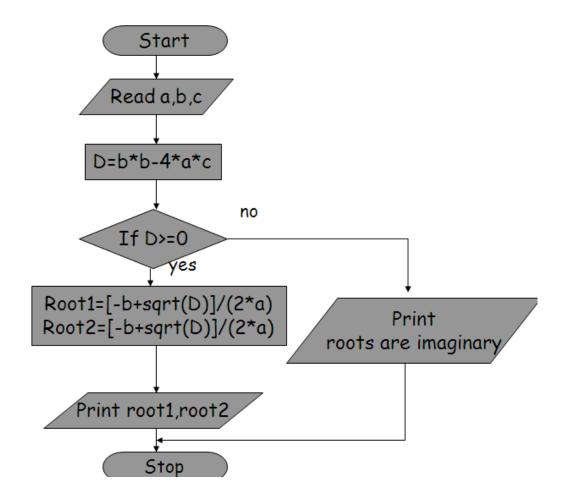
READ a, b, c
IF (a>b) and (a>c) THEN
WRITE a is largest
ELSE IF (b>c) THEN
WRITE b is largest
ELSE
WRITE c is largest
ENDIF
stop

Flowchart



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```
Finding roots of the Quadratic equation
Step:1 Start
Step:2 Enter the values of a,b,c
Step:3 Find the value of D Using the Formula,
          D = b*b-4*a*c
Step:4 If D is greater than or equal to zero find 2
         roots
               root1 \leftarrow (-b+sqrt(D))/(2*a)
               root2 \leftarrow (-b-sqrt(D))/(2*a)
Step:5 Print root1 & root2
Step:6 If D is less than zero, then print the roots
                                                       are imaginary
Step:7 Stop
Pseudocode
Set root1,root2
READ the value of a, b, c
Find D \leftarrow b*b-4*a*c
IF D>=0 THEN
 calculate root1=(-b+sqrt(D))/(2*a)
                root2 = (-b - sqrt(D))/(2*a)
ELSE
       Roots are imaginary
END IF
WRITE root1,root2
Stop
```



Swapping two variables

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of a, b

Step3: c = a

a = b

b = c

Step4: Print the value of a and b

Step5: Stop Pseudocode

READ the value of a, b

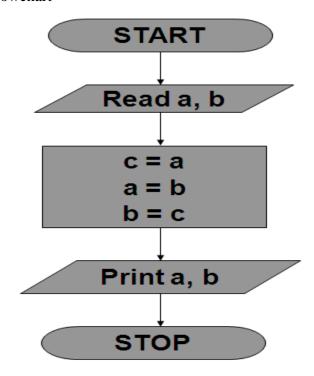
To swap use

c = a

a = b

b = c

WRITE a, b



Swapping two variables without using another variable

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of a, b

Step3: a = a + b

b = a - ba = a - b

Step4: Print the value of a and b

Step5: Stop Pseudocode

READ the value of a, b

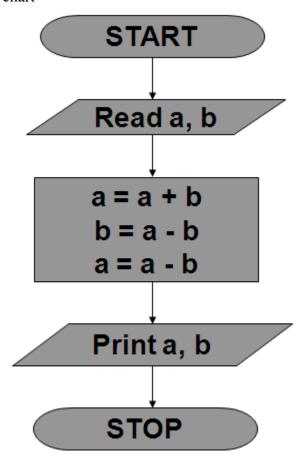
To swap use

a = a + b

b = a - b

a = a - b

WRITE a, b



Finding the year is leap year or not

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of year

Step3: IF year % 4 == 0 THEN

print It is a Leap year

ELSE

print It is not a Leap year

Step4: Stop Pseudocode

READ year

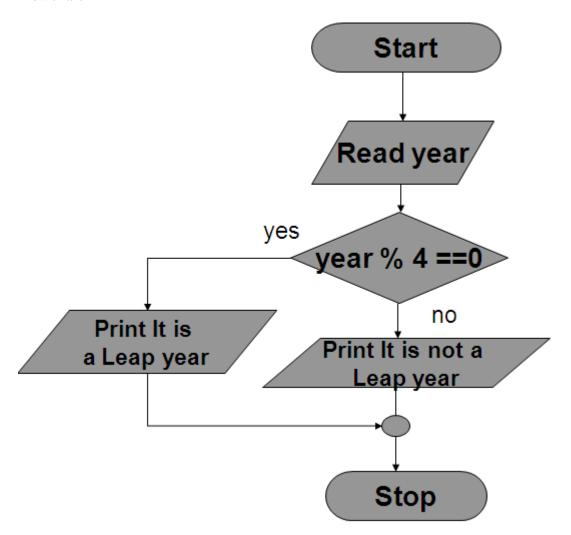
IF year % 4 == 0 THEN

WRITE It is a Leap year

ELSE

WRITE It is not a Leap year

ENDIF



Finding the Factorial

Algorithm Step1: Start

C. 2 D. 1.1 1 C.

Step2: Read the value of n and set i = 1

Step3: While $i \le n$ do

fact = fact * ii = i + 1

else Goto step5

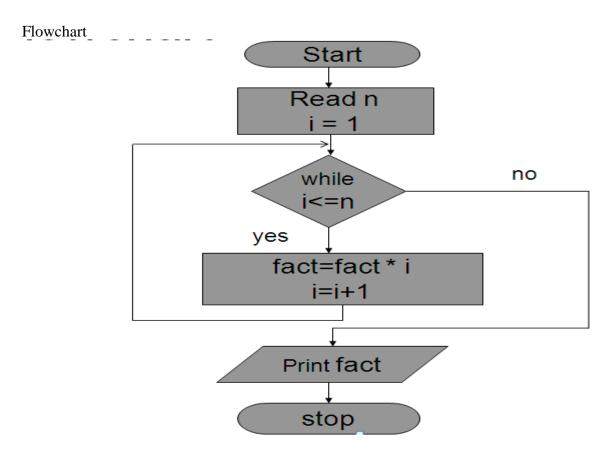
Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: print the value of fact

Step6: Stop Pseudocode

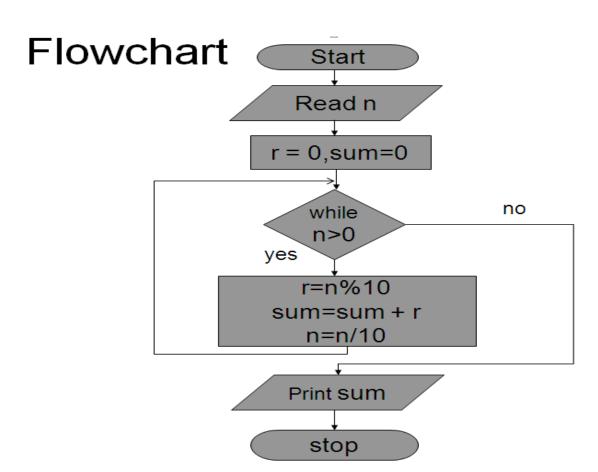
READ the value of n and set i = 1

```
WHILE (i \le n) do fact = fact * i i = i + 1 ENDWHILE Repeat the loop until condition fails WRITE fact stop
```



```
Finding the Sum of the digits Algorithm Step1: Start Step2: Read the value of n and set i = 0, sum = 0 Step3: While n>0 do r = n\% 10sum = sum + rn = n/10else Goto step5Step4: Goto step 3Step5: print the value of sumStep6: StopPseudocode
```

```
READ the value of n and set i =0, sum=0 WHILE (n>0) do r=n\%10 \\ sum=sum+r \\ n=n/10 ENDWHILE Repeat the loop until condition fails WRITE sum stop
```



Finding the Sum of the digits

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of n and set i = 0, sum = 0

Step3: While n>0 do

r=n%10

sum=sum + r

n=n/10

else Goto step5

Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: print the value of sum

Step6: Stop

Pseudocode

READ the value of n and set i =0, sum=0

WHILE (n>0) do

r=n%10

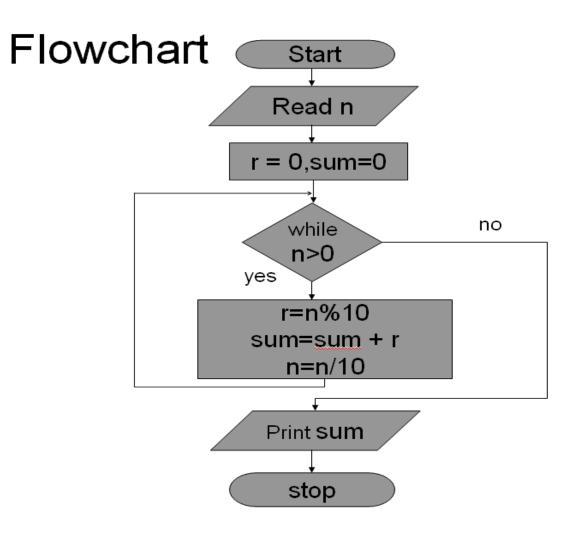
sum=sum + r

n=n/10

ENDWHILE

Repeat the loop until condition fails

WRITE sum



Finding the Reverse of a Number

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of n and set i = 0, sum = 0

Step3: While n>0 do

r=n%10

sum=sum*10 + r

n=n/10

else Goto step5

Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: print the value of sum

Step6: Stop

Pseudocode

READ the value of n and set i =0, sum=0

WHILE (n>0) do

r=n%10

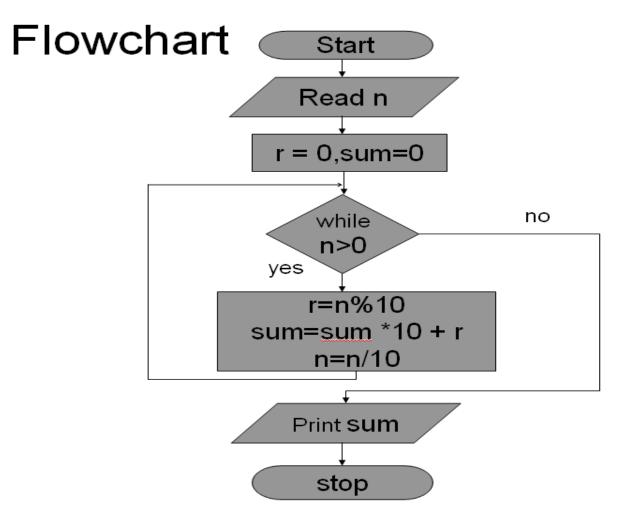
sum=sum *10 + r

n=n/10

ENDWHILE

Repeat the loop until condition fails

WRITE sum



Armstrong Number

Example: 153

13 + 53 + 33 = 153

Finding an Armstrong Number

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of n and set a = n, sum = 0

Step3: While n>0 do

r=n%10

sum = sum + r*r*r

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n=n/10

else Goto step5

Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: If a = sum then

Print Armstrong Number

Else

Print It is Not an Armstrong Number

Endif

Step6: Stop

Pseudocode

READ the value of n and set a =n, sum=0

WHILE (n>0) do

r=n%10

sum = sum + r*r*r

n=n/10

ENDWHILE

Repeat the loop until condition fails

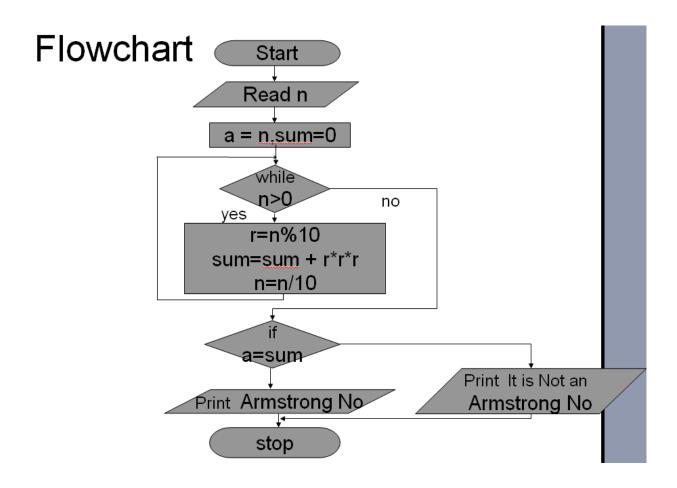
IF a=sum THEN

WRITE Armstrong Number

ELSE

WRITE It is not an Armstrong Number

ENDIF



Fibonacci series

Example:

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 11....

Finding the Fibonacci series

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of n and set f=0,f1=-1, f2=1

Step3: While (f<n) do

f=f1+f2

f1=f2

f2=f

Print f

else Goto step5

Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: Stop

Pseudocode

READ the value of n and set f=0,f1=-1, f2=1

WHILE (f<n) do

f=f1+f2

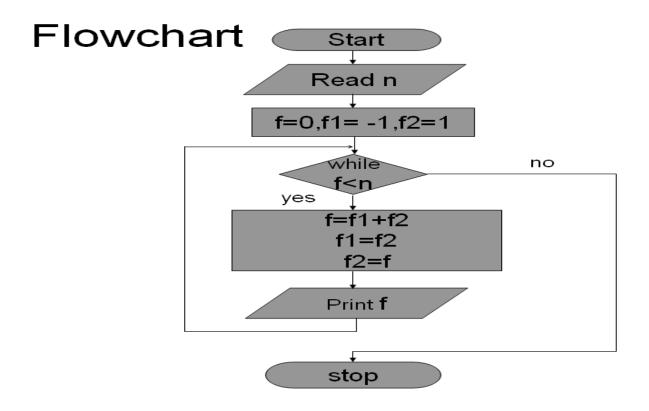
f1=f2

f2=f

WRITE f

ENDWHILE

Repeat the loop until condition fails



Conversion of Celsius to Fahrenheit

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of Celsius

Step3: Fahrenheit = (1.8* Celsius) + 32

Step4: Print Fahrenheit

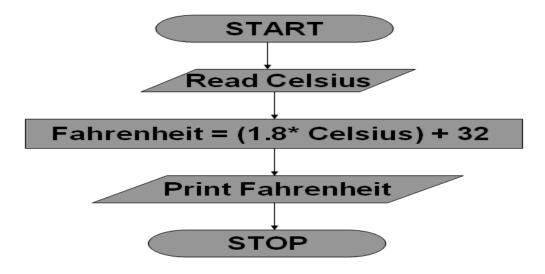
Step5: StopPseudocode

Set Fahrenheit

READ the Celsius

COMPUTE Fahrenheit = (1.8* Celsius) + 32

PRINT Fahrenheit



Conversion of Fahrenheit to Celsius

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of Fahrenheit

Step3:Calculate Celsius =(Fahrenheit – 32)/1.8

Step4: Print Celsius

Step5: Stop

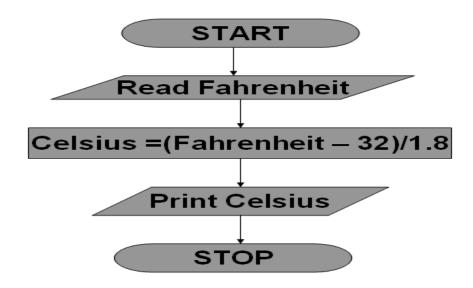
Pseudocode

Set Celsius

READ the Fahrenheit

COMPUTE Celsius = (Fahrenheit - 32)/1.8

PRINT Celsius



Finding the sum of odd number between 1 to n

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of n and set sum=0,i=1

Step3: While (i<=n) do

sum=sum+i

i=i+2

else Goto step5

Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: Print sum

Step6: Stop

Pseudocode

READ the value of n and set sum=0,i=1

WHILE (i<=n) do

sum=sum+i

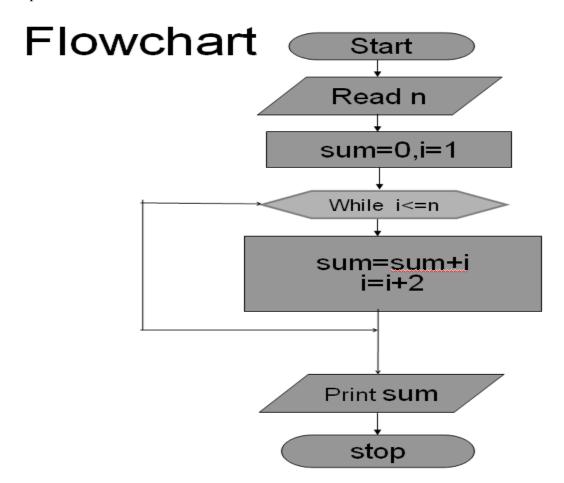
i=i+2

ENDWHILE

Repeat the loop until condition fails

WRITE sum

Stop



Conversion of Binary number to Decimal

Algorithm

Step1: Start

Step2: Read the value of n and set i = 0, sum = 0

```
Step3: While n>0 do
```

r=n%10

sum=sum + r*pow(2,i)

n=n/10

i=i+1

else Goto step5

Step4: Goto step 3

Step5: print the value of sum

Step6: Stop

Pseudocode

READ the value of n and set i =0, sum=0

WHILE (n>0) do

r=n%10

sum=sum + r*pow(2,i)

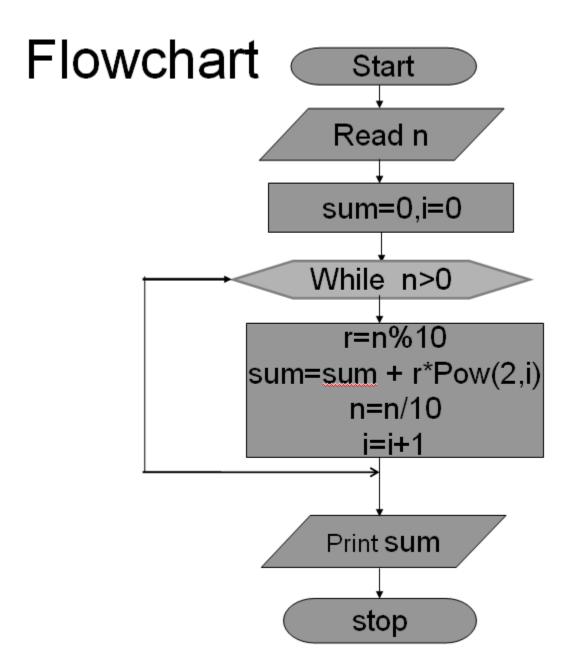
n=n/10

i=i+1

ENDWHILE

Repeat the loop until condition fails

WRITE sum



Application software Packages

Application software

- Set of programs, which is used to perform some specific task.
- Example:
 - Word processor
 - Spreadsheet program
 - Database program etc,.

MS-Word

- Starting MS-Word
 Start → Microsoft Office □ All Programs → Microsoft Office Word
- Creating a New Document
 File → New (or) ctrl+N
 (or) clicking the new button



• Opening a Document
File → Open (or) ctrl+O
(or) clicking the open button



Saving a New Document
File → Save (or) ctrl+S
(or) clicking the save button



Printing a Document File → Print (or) ctrl+P

(or) clicking the open button



Moving the Text Ctrl+X (or) clicking the cut button



• Copying the Text Ctrl+P

(or) clicking the copy button

Find and Replace

Find & Replace

Edit →Find and Replace (or) Ctrl+F

Formatting the DocumentFormat Menu (**Format** → **Font**)Font size, type, colour, Subscript, Superscript, Spacing,Text Effects etc,.

- Bullets and Numberings
- Changing case

Borders and Shadings etc,.