Information Technologies for Industrial Engineers

เทคโนโลยีสารสนเทศสำหรับวิศวกรอุตสาหการ

Data Fetching

Get external data

- Let say we want to display this data on our app.
 - https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos
- You can use fetch.

fetch API

- The Fetch API is a modern interface that allows you to make HTTP requests to servers from web browsers.
- The fetch() method is available in the global scope that instructs the web browsers to send a request to a URL.
- Let's fetch information from Star Wars API

fetch

```
fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos");
```

- The fetch() method returns a Promise.
- But what is a Promise?

Promise

- A Promise is an object that represents an intermediate state of an operation.
- Promise tells you that a result of some kind will be returned at some point in the future.
- You have to write code that will be executed in order to do something else with a successful result, or to gracefully handle a failure case.

Responding to Promise

```
fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos")
   .then((res) => {
     return res.json();
   })
   .then((todos) => {
     return console.log(todos);
   });
```

Shorter syntax

```
fetch("https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/todos")
   .then((res) => res.json())
   .then((todos) => console.log(todos));
```

Fetching data in react app

- Do not fetch data in the main section of the function.
 - Infinite re-render.
- use useEffect function.

useEffect

• Lets you synchronize a component with an external system.

```
useEffect(() => {
   // Fetching data here
}, []);
```

Code

https://gist.github.com/nnnpooh/7d0fb6e6f798782e945211c92d781626#file-app1-tsx

Send data

• Let's send message to a Line group.

Get Line access token

https://notify-bot.line.me

Environment variable

./.env

```
VITE_LINE_TOKEN=....
# Must not have trailing slash
VITE_CORS_PROXY=https://cors.iecmu.com
```

Code

https://gist.github.com/nnnpooh/7d0fb6e6f798782e945211c92d781626#file-app2-tsx

```
fetch(`${CORS_PROXY}/https://notify-api.line.me/api/notify`, {
  method: "POST",
  headers: {
    Authorization: `Bearer ${LINE_TOKEN}`,
    "Content-Type": "application/x-www-form-urlencoded",
  },
  body: new URLSearchParams({
    message: message,
  }),
});
```

Note

- POST request
- Use a proxy to send message.
 - CORS errors
- Use headers
- Send content (body) as a URL search parameters.

```
const usp = new URLSearchParams({ message: "Hello", name: "Tom" });
console.log(usp.toString());
```