

Time Travel Debugging

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Italian C++ Conference 2018 June 23, Milan

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Debugging is Hard

"Everyone knows that debugging is twice as hard as writing a program in the first place. So if you're as clever as you can be when you write it, how will you ever debug it?" [Brian Kernighan]

Debugging may be difficult and time consuming:

- Bugs can be difficult to reproduce
 - Ex: memory corruptions, race conditions, intermittent bugs, ...
- It may be difficult to determine the cause of a bug from log files or crash dumps
 - Ex: memory leaks, buffer overruns, ...
- Debugging stepping through code may require multiple restarts

Debugging is Painful

STEP BY STEP DEBUGGING



Reverse Debugging

A reverse debugger provides the ability to answer the question: "HOW DID THAT HAPPEN?"

- Records the program execution (with the granularity of single CPU instructions)
- Replays the program execution backwards/forwards to uncover the reason for the failure

There are many reverse-debuggers for native code:

- Linux: <u>rr</u>, gdb, <u>UndoDB</u>
- Windows: Time Travel Debugging

and for other languages:

- ∘ Java (Chronon), .Net/C# (RevDeBug), Python (RevPDB), Elm (Elm TTD),
- JavaScript (<u>ChakraCore</u>)

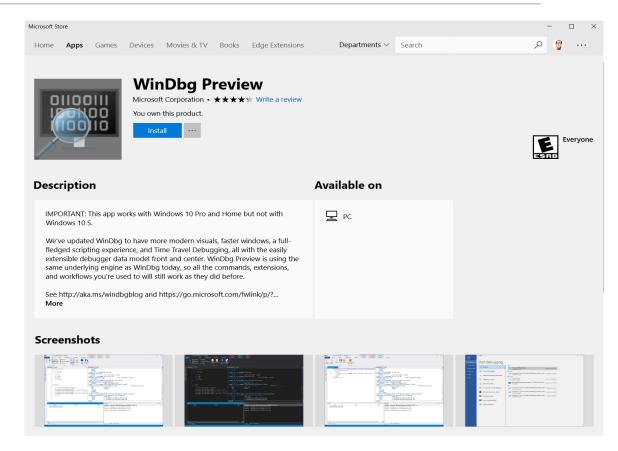
Time Travel Debugging

TTD: Microsoft's reverse debugging solution integrated with WinDbg

- 1. Use WinDbg Preview to **record** a process into a trace file (.run)
- Works with any user-mode process (does not require code instrumentation)
- Supports multiple threads on multiple cores
- Recorder still relatively slow
- Trace file size: 5 MB/sec to 50 MB/sec
- Open the trace file in WinDbg Preview and replay the code execution backward and forward
 - Supports code/data breakpoints, PDB symbols, ...
 - Player: very fast
- e 3. Run queries to **analyze** the trace data

WinDbg Preview

- New version of <u>WinDbg</u> available in the Microsoft Store
- Same debugging engine of the "old"
 WinDbg, with a new user interface
- TTD requires Windows 10 Anniversary Update (RS1)



Demo

Debugger Data Model

Use the TTD data model to query time-travel traces to answer questions like:

- What exceptions are in the trace?
- When was a thread created/terminated?
- OWhen was a DLL loaded?
- Which function calls occurred in the trace? What were the arguments and the return values?
- When was memory allocated/freed?

Trace data is queryable with LINQ-like expressions

```
Example: list the sequence of calls to GetLastError() that returned a failure code:

dx -g @$cursession.TTD.Calls("kernelbase!GetLastError").Where(x => x.ReturnValue != 0)
```

Resources

To learn more:

- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-hardware/drivers/debugger/timetravel-debugging-overview
- https://aka.ms/WinDbgBlog

•Old research paper:

https://www.usenix.org/legacy/events/vee06/full_papers/p154-bhansali.pdf

Questions?

