Co-financing model code documentation

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Setup

Loading packages.

```
library(tidyverse)
## v ggplot2 3.2.0 v purrr
                               0.3.2
## v tibble 2.1.3 v dplyr 0.8.3
## v tidyr 0.8.3 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 1.3.1 v forcats 0.4.0
## -- Conflicts ------
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
Load data.
gdp_data <- read_csv("data/data_gdp_per_capita.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
    Country = col_character(),
    `2001` = col_double(),
##
##
    `2002` = col_double(),
##
    `2003` = col_double(),
##
    2004 = col number(),
    `2005` = col_number(),
##
    `2006` = col_number(),
##
##
    `2007` = col_number(),
##
    `2008` = col_number(),
    `2009` = col_number(),
##
##
    `2010` = col_number(),
    `2011` = col_number(),
##
    `2012` = col_number(),
##
    `2013` = col_number(),
##
##
    `2014` = col_number(),
##
    `2015` = col_number(),
    `2016` = col_number(),
##
    `2017` = col_number(),
##
    `2018` = col_number()
## )
cea_data <- read_csv("data/data_cea.csv")</pre>
## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X15' [15], 'X16' [16],
## 'X17' [17], 'X18' [18], 'X19' [19], 'X20' [20], 'X21' [21], 'X22' [22],
## 'X23' [23], 'X24' [24]
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     .default = col logical(),
     Country = col_character(),
##
##
     Vaccine = col_character(),
##
     `Indicator (e.g. deaths averted)` = col_character(),
     `Total cost for the period` = col number(),
     `Costs per year` = col_number(),
##
##
     `Total benefit for the period` = col_number(),
##
     `Benefits per year` = col_number(),
     `Cost-effectiveness` = col_number(),
     `Start year` = col_double(),
##
##
     `End year` = col_double(),
##
     `Year of dollar rate used` = col_double(),
##
    Perspective = col_character(),
##
     Assumptions = col_character(),
##
     `Author(s)` = col_character()
## )
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
fund_data <- read_csv("data/data_vaccine_funding.csv")</pre>
## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X9' [9], 'X10' [10], 'X11' [11],
## 'X12' [12], 'X13' [13], 'X14' [14], 'X15' [15]
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     Country = col_character(),
##
    Vaccine = col_character(),
##
    Year = col_double(),
##
    Total = col_double(),
     `Domestic contribution ($)` = col_double(),
##
     `Gavi contribution ($)` = col_double(),
##
     `Domestic (%)` = col_double(),
##
     `Gavi (%)` = col_double(),
    X9 = col_logical(),
##
##
    X10 = col_logical(),
    X11 = col logical(),
##
##
    X12 = col_logical(),
##
    X13 = col_logical(),
##
    X14 = col_logical(),
##
    X15 = col_logical()
## )
gdp_deflator <- read_csv("data/gdp_deflator.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     .default = col_double(),
##
     `Country Name` = col_character(),
     `Country Code` = col_character(),
```

```
##
     `Indicator Name` = col_character(),
##
     `Indicator Code` = col_character(),
##
   `2019` = col logical()
## )
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
ex_rate <- read_csv("data/ex_rate.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     .default = col_double(),
     `Country Name` = col_character(),
##
     `Country Code` = col_character(),
##
     `Indicator Name` = col_character(),
##
     `Indicator Code` = col_character(),
     `2019` = col_logical()
##
## )
## See spec(...) for full column specifications.
population_data <- read_csv("data/population_data.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     `Country Name` = col_character(),
     `2012` = col_double(),
##
##
     `2013` = col_double(),
     `2014` = col_double(),
##
     `2015` = col_double(),
##
##
     `2016` = col_double(),
     `2017` = col_double(),
     `2018` = col_double()
##
## )
Set some global values.
countries_model <- c("Ghana", "India", "Kenya",</pre>
                      "Nigeria", "Angola", "Senegal")
Capitlise first letter function (to be used later).
firstup <- function(x) {</pre>
  substr(x, 1, 1) <- toupper(substr(x, 1, 1))</pre>
  х
}
Round up nicely for plotting (to be used later).
roundUp <- function(x, nice_val=c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)) {
    if(length(x) != 1) stop("'x' can only take vectors of length 1")
    10^{\circ}floor(log10(x)) * nice_val[[which(x <= 10^{\circ}floor(log10(x)) * nice_val)[[1]]]]
}
```

Clean data

Population data

```
# Change to long format data
population_data <-
   population_data %>%
   rename(country = `Country Name`) %>%
   gather(key = year, value = population, `2012`:`2018`) %>%
   mutate(year = as.numeric(year)) %>%
   filter(country %in% countries_model)
```

Gross domestic product deflator and exchange rate

Clean and combine Gross domestic product (GDP) delfator and exchange rate data.

```
# Clean and remove unnecessary columns
gdp_deflator <- gdp_deflator %>% rename(country = `Country Name`) %>%
  select(country, `2000`: `2018`) %>%
  filter(country %in% countries_model) %>%
  gather(key = year, value = deflator, `2000`: `2018`)
# Add 2018 year to get multiplier of def_2018/def_year
gdp_deflator <- left_join(gdp_deflator,</pre>
          gdp_deflator %>% filter(year == 2018) %>% select(-year) %>%
           rename(deflator2018 = deflator),
          by = "country") %>%
  mutate(def_multiplier = deflator2018/deflator) %>%
  select(country, year, def_multiplier)
# Clean exchange rate tibble
ex_rate <- ex_rate %>% rename(country = `Country Name`) %>%
  select(country, `2000`: `2018`) %>%
  filter(country %in% countries_model) %>%
  gather(key = year, value = ex, `2000`:`2018`)
# Add exchange rate multiplier to get ex_2018/ex_year
 multiplying by both multipliers will give
  to local_currency = reported$$ * ex
# to 2018_local-currency = local_currency * def_2018/def
# to 2018_$ = 2018_local_currency / ex_2018
  i.e. (reported$$ * ex * def_2018/def) / ex_2018 =
# reported$$ * def_2018/def * ex/ex_2018
ex_rate <- left_join(ex_rate,
          ex_rate %>% filter(year == 2018) %>% select(-year) %>%
            rename(ex2018 = ex),
          by = "country") %>%
  mutate(ex multiplier = ex/ex2018) %>%
  select(country, year, ex_multiplier)
# Create currentcy exchange deflating and exchanging
```

```
currency_conv <- left_join(gdp_deflator, ex_rate, by = c("country", "year")) %>%
  mutate(currency_mult = def_multiplier * ex_multiplier) %>%
  mutate(dollar_year = as.numeric(year)) %>%
  select(country, dollar_year, currency_mult)
```

Cost-effectiveness data and GDP per capita

Clean the cost-effectivness analysis (CEA) data.

```
cea_data <- cea_data %>%
  # Rename to more data friendly
  rename(country = Country, vaccine = Vaccine,
         indicator = `Indicator (e.g. deaths averted)`,
         cost_for_horizon = `Total cost for the period`,
         cost = `Costs per year`,
         benefit for horizon = `Total benefit for the period`,
         benefit = `Benefits per year`, cea = `Cost-effectiveness`,
         s_year = `Start year`, e_year = `End year`,
         dollar_year = `Year of dollar rate used`,
         perspective = Perspective, assumptions = Assumptions,
         authors = `Author(s)`) %>%
  select(country:authors) %>%
  # Consistent nameing of indicators
  mutate(indicator = firstup(indicator)) %>%
  mutate(indicator = gsub("DALY ", "DALYs ", indicator)) %>%
  mutate(indicator = gsub("Death ", "Deaths ", indicator)) %>%
  mutate(indicator = gsub("Case ", "Cases ", indicator)) %>%
  mutate(indicator = gsub("YLL", "YLLs averted", indicator)) %>%
  # Some of the vaccine names differ between fund_data and cea_data
  mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("DTP-Hep", vaccine, ignore.case = TRUE),
                          "DTP-hep B",
                          vaccine)) %>%
  mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Yellow Fever", vaccine),
                          "Yellow Fever",
                          vaccine)) %>%
  mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Measles", vaccine),
                          "Measles",
                          vaccine)) %>%
  mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Pneumococcal", vaccine),
                          "PCV".
                          vaccine)) %>%
  mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Rota", vaccine),
                          "Rotavirus",
                          vaccine)) %>%
  mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("BCG", vaccine),
                          "BCG",
                          vaccine)) %>%
  # Select only countries in the analysis
  filter(country %in% countries_model)
```

Perform some checks on CEA data.

```
# Check diff between calculated and CEA reported in papers
# Small differences are likely due to rounding errors
cea_data %>% select(cost, benefit, cea) %>%
  mutate(cea2 = round(cost/benefit,2)) %>%
  mutate(diff = cea - cea2) %>%
  arrange(desc(abs(diff))) %>%
  filter(abs(diff) > 1e-09)
```

```
## # A tibble: 19 x 5
##
          cost benefit
                                cea2
                                         diff
                          cea
##
         <dbl>
                 <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
##
                   303 12196. 12175. 20.1
  1
       3689149
##
   2
       1409658
                   303 4660. 4652.
##
                   634 10102. 10109. -6.37
  3
       6409006
##
  4 11783120
                   888 13274. 13269. 4.48
                  1303 14392. 14388. 4.01
## 5
      18747118
##
                   634 5866. 5870. -3.7
   6
       3721375
##
  7
       1505569
                   311 4844. 4841.
                                      3.11
                   888 8325. 8322.
##
  8
       7390364
                                      2.81
                   311 3486. 3484. 2.24
## 9
       1083447
                   311 1222. 1222. 0.780
## 10
        379910
## 11 176198173
                 10601 16621. 16621. 0.470
## 12 176198173
                 10601 16621. 16621. 0.470
                  9193 3723. 3723. -0.160
## 13 34223066
## 14
       7766946
                  3053 2544. 2544. 0.160
## 15
       7766946
                  3053 2544. 2544. 0.160
## 16 28770592
                  9193 3129. 3130. -0.140
## 17
      18747118
                  9228 2031.
                               2032. -0.1000
       3200000
## 18
                 12570
                         255.
                                255. 0.01
## 19
       3721375
                 33380
                         111.
                                111. -0.01000
```

Transform GDP per capita data to long format, convert to \$2018, and add cost & benefit columns.

```
# Max cost +, to create a sequence for plotting
max_x \leftarrow max(cea_data\$cost) + 50000000
seq_x \leftarrow seq(0, max_x, by = 100000)
# Convert GDP data to 2018 $
gdp_data <- gdp_data %>%
  gather(key = "year", value = "gdp_pc", -Country) %>%
  rename(country = Country) %>%
  mutate(year = as.numeric(year)) %>%
  # Convert currency
  left_join(currency_conv %>% rename(year = dollar_year),
            by = c("country", "year")) %>%
  mutate(gdp_pc = gdp_pc * currency_mult) %>%
  select(-currency_mult)
# Add cost and benefit columns to gdp_data to
# draw the CEA threshold
gdp_data <- gdp_data %>%
  # Create rows for each analysis
  slice(rep(row_number(), length(seq_x))) %>%
```

```
# Add a cost column, for plotting cost x-axis
  mutate(cost = unlist(sapply(seq_x, function(x) rep(x, nrow(gdp_data)), simplify = FALSE))) %>%
  # Add a number of benefit lines for plotting
  mutate(benefit line = cost/gdp pc,
         benefit_half_line = cost/gdp_pc/0.5,
         benefit_3_line = cost/gdp_pc/3,
         benefit_4_5_line = cost/gdp_pc/4.5)
# Convert to long data tibble
gdp_data <- gdp_data %>%
  gather(key = threshold, value = cea_line, benefit_line:benefit_4_5_line) %>%
  # Write clear headings for different thresholds
  mutate(threshold = ifelse(threshold == "benefit_line",
                            "1 x GDP\nper capita",
                            threshold)) %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse(threshold == "benefit_half_line",
                            "0.5 x GDP\nper capita",
                            threshold)) %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse(threshold == "benefit_3_line",
                            "3 x GDP\nper capita",
                            threshold)) %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse(threshold == "benefit 4 5 line",
                            "4.5 x GDP\nper capita",
                            threshold))
```

Convert the CEA data into 2018 US Dollars using WB deflator.

Co-financing data

Clean co-financing data.

```
select(country:gavi_p) %>%
# Remove rows with countries that are not part of the analysis (there are some
    unnecessary rows in the data that explain the data)
filter(country %in% countries_model) %>%
# Convert numbers to numeric
mutate(year = as.numeric(year),
       total = as.numeric(gsub("\\,", "", total)),
       domestic = as.numeric(gsub("\\,", "", domestic)),
       gavi = as.numeric(gsub("\\,", "", gavi)),
       domestic_p = as.numeric(domestic_p)/100,
       gavi_p = as.numeric(gavi_p)/100) %>%
# Convert currency using currency conversion table
left_join(currency_conv %>% rename(year = dollar_year),
          by = c("country", "year")) %>%
mutate(total = total * currency_mult,
       domestic = domestic * currency_mult,
       gavi = gavi * currency_mult) %>%
select(-currency_mult) %>%
# Some of the vaccine names differ between fund_data and cea_data;
mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("DTP-Hep", vaccine),
                        "DTP-hep B",
                        vaccine)) %>%
mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Yellow Fever", vaccine),
                        "Yellow Fever",
                        vaccine)) %>%
mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Measles", vaccine),
                        "Measles",
                        vaccine)) %>%
mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Pneumococcal", vaccine),
                        "PCV",
                        vaccine)) %>%
mutate(vaccine = ifelse(grepl("Rota", vaccine),
                        "Rotavirus",
                        vaccine))
```

Combine CEA and funding data into a tibble

```
# Check what vaccines in CEA data are not in co-financing data
temp <- (cea_data %>% distinct(vaccine) %>% unlist) %in%
(fund_data %>% distinct(vaccine) %>% unlist)
(cea_data %>% distinct(vaccine) %>% unlist)[!temp]

## vaccine3
## "BCG"

# Check what vaccines in co-financing data are not in CEA data
temp <- (fund_data %>% distinct(vaccine) %>% unlist) %in%
(cea_data %>% distinct(vaccine) %>% unlist)
(fund_data %>% distinct(vaccine) %>% unlist)[!temp]
```

```
##
                  vaccine6
                                                                  vaccine8
                    "MenA" "MR Follow up campaign"
##
                                                            "MenA Routine"
                  vaccine9
##
##
                     "TPV"
# Combine CEA and co-financing data by country and vaccine.
# Include all of the vaccines we have in the CEA analysis data,
  but not ones we have only in the co-financing data.
data <- full_join(cea_data,
                  fund_data %>% rename(year_gavi = year),
                  by = c("country", "vaccine"))
# Add BCG vaccine, not supporte by GAVI for plotting
BCG_data <- data %>%
  # Get BCG data; at this point only includes Levin et al 2007
 filter(vaccine == "BCG") %>%
  # Copy rows years to create years 2006-2018
  slice(rep(row_number(), length(2006:2018))) %>%
  arrange(indicator) %>%
 mutate(year_gavi = rep(2006:2018, 3)) %>%
  # Remove 2015 since do not have data
 filter(year_gavi != 2015)
# Add the BCG data
data <- data %>%
  # Remove the NA BCG data row
 filter(vaccine != "BCG") %>%
  # Add rest of BCG data
 rbind(BCG_data)
```

Clean combined data.

```
# Remove non base-case
data <- data %>%
  # Include only DALY or YLL
 filter(grepl("DALY|YLL", indicator)) %>%
  # Filter years do not have any GAVI data or only for
  # few countries and based on future projections
  # First add a year for BCG, so plot despite no GAVI
     funding.
  mutate(year_gavi = ifelse(is.na(year_gavi) &
                              authors == "Levin et al. 2007" &
                              vaccine == "BCG",
                            2007,
                            year_gavi)) %>%
  filter(year_gavi < 2019) %>%
  # Only include base-case of Abbot et al. 2012
  # and use earleist year of GAVI funding (since intervention is 2003-08).
  filter(!(authors == "Abbott et al. 2012" &
             (assumptions != "$5 per dose"))) %>%# / year_gavi != 2012))) %>%
  # Do not include the CEA with GAVI Subsidy accounted for
  # and focus on health system perspective.
  filter(!(authors == "Nonvignon et al. 2018" &
             (grepl("Ghana only", assumptions)
```

```
!grepl("Health system", perspective)))) %>%
# Use relevant GAVI data year for Krishnamoorthy et al. 2019
# based on paper intervention years
# filter(!(authors == "Krishnamoorthy et al. 2019" &
             year_gavi != 2018)) %>%
# Use the analysis with the 90% intervention coverage and year 2018
# for GAVI funding based on paper intervention years
filter(!(authors == "Megiddo et al. 2018" &
           (grepl("Expanded coverage (90%)", assumptions)))) %>%# /
               year_gavi != 2018))) %>%
# Use most recent year of GAVI funding for Ojal et al. 2019
# based on paper intervention years
#filter(!(authors == "Ojal et al. 2019" & year gavi < 2016)) %>%
# Do not include the CEA with GAVI subsidy accounted for
filter(!(authors == "Debellut et al., 2019" &
           (assumptions == "Vaccine programme costs with Gavi subsidy"))) %>%
# Remove rows with no co-financing data
filter(!(is.na(total) & (!is.na(gavi) | !is.na(domestic)))) %>%
# Add a column with vaccine and paper
mutate(vaccine_cea_paper = paste0(vaccine, "\n", authors)) %>%
# Remove columns that do not need for figures
select(-cost_for_horizon, -benefit_for_horizon, -currency_mult)
```

Figures

All Ghana figure

```
# Add plotting themes.
library(ggthemes)
# Extract Ghana data
data_ghana <- data %>%
  rename(year = year_gavi) %>%
  filter(country == "Ghana" &
           grepl("DALY|YLL", indicator)) %>%
  select(vaccine_cea_paper, indicator, cost, benefit, cea, year, total,
         domestic, gavi, domestic_p, gavi_p, s_year, e_year, vaccine, perspective) %>%
  # Data for 2018 only on BCG which is not supported
  filter(year < 2018)
# Max axes
max_ghana_x <- data_ghana %>%
  summarise(max(cost)) %>% unlist %>%
 roundUp + 10000000
max ghana y <- data ghana %>%
  summarise(max(benefit)) %>% unlist %>%
 roundUp
# Select relevant GDP data (depending on which years have data
# for Ghana)
```

```
gdp_data_ghana <- left_join(data_ghana %>% select(year),
                            gdp data %>% filter(country == "Ghana"),
                            by = "year") %>%
  # Data for 2018 only on BCG which is not supported
 filter(year < 2018)
# Plot legend lables
legend lables <- data ghana %>%
  distinct(vaccine_cea_paper) %>%
  unlist %>% sort
# Plot Ghana
p1 <- ggplot() +
  # Facet by year and threshold
  facet_grid(year~threshold, scales = "free") +
  # Threshold line
  geom_line(data = gdp_data_ghana %>%
              filter(country == "Ghana") %>%
              filter(cost < max_ghana_x),</pre>
            mapping = aes(x = cost/1000000, y = cea_line/1000), linetype = 2) +
  # Costs and effectivness point
  geom_point(data = data_ghana,
             mapping = aes(x = cost/1000000, y = benefit/1000,
                           color = vaccine cea paper,
                           shape = vaccine_cea_paper),
             size = 2.5) +
  \# Arrow based on proportion of GAVI support relative to deomestic
  geom_segment(data = data_ghana,
               aes(x = cost/1000000, xend = (cost - gavi)/1000000, #(cost * domestic_p)/1000000,
                   y = benefit/1000, yend = benefit/1000),
               arrow = arrow(length = unit(0.1, "cm"))) +
  # x-axis name and $ formatting
  scale_x_continuous(name = "Cost (in millions USD 2018)",
                     labels = scales::dollar) +
  # y-axis name and formatting
  scale_y_continuous(name ="DALYs averted (in thousdands)",
                     labels = scales::comma) +
  # Remove color/shape legend name
  # Display color legend in two rows and remove shape legend
  # Set colors and shapes
  guides(color = guide_legend(nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)) +
  scale_color_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = gdocs_pal()(7)) +
  scale_shape_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = c(15, 16, 18, 17, 17, 17, 7)) +
  # Change theme of plot
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
```

```
axis.title = element_text(),
    plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 0))

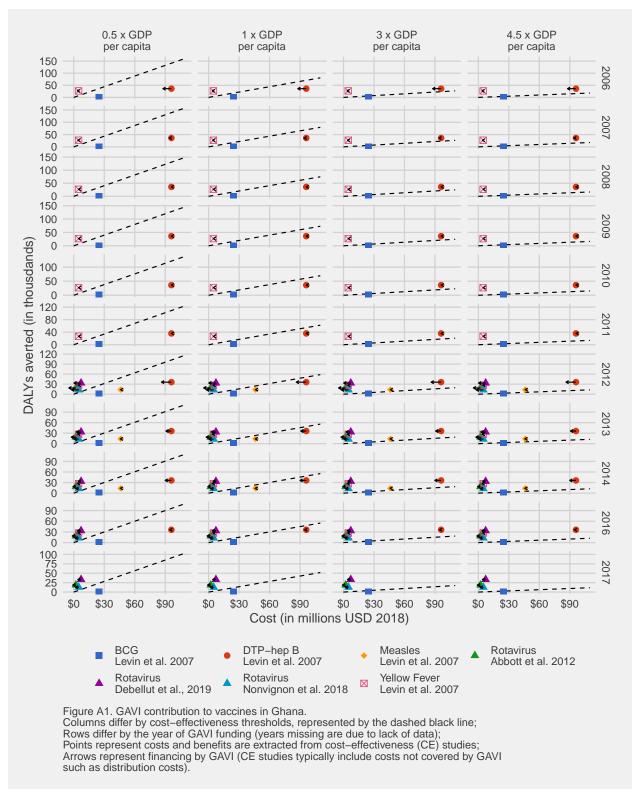
# Save figure

ggsave("figures/ghana_all.png", p1, dpi = 300,
    width = 8*2.5, height = 10*2.5, units = "cm")
```

Warning: Removed 44 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).

```
# Create and save figure with appendix caption
p1 +
    # Add a caption
labs(caption = paste(
        "Figure A1. GAVI contribution to vaccines in Ghana.",
        "Columns differ by cost-effectiveness thresholds, represented by the dashed black line;",
        "Rows differ by the year of GAVI funding (years missing are due to lack of data);",
        "Points represent costs and benefits are extracted from cost-effectiveness (CE) studies;",
        "Arrows represent financing by GAVI (CE studies typically include costs not covered by GAVI",
        "such as distribution costs).",
        #"Arrows represent the proportion of costs funded by GAVI (CE studies and total funding do not matc
        sep = "\n"))
```

Warning: Removed 44 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).



```
ggsave("figures/A1_ghana_all_appendix_caption.png", dpi = 300,
    width = 8*2.5, height = 10*2.5, units = "cm")
```

Warning: Removed 44 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).

All cross country figure 1 x GDP

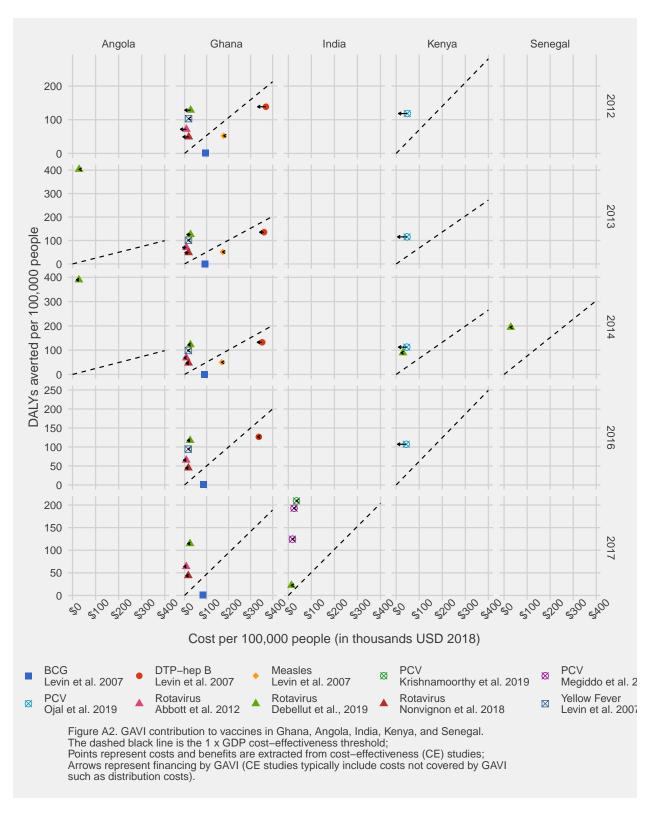
```
# Get years that include non Ghana countries
years_include <- data %>%
  filter(country != "Ghana") %>% distinct(year_gavi) %>% unlist
# All country data
data all countries <-
  data %>%
 rename(year = year gavi) %>%
  filter(grep1("DALY|YLL", indicator)) %>%
  filter(year %in% years include) %>%
  select(country, vaccine_cea_paper, indicator, cost, benefit, cea, year, total,
         domestic, gavi, domestic_p, gavi_p, s_year, e_year, vaccine, perspective) %>%
  # Data for 2018 only on BCG which is not supported
  # Also remove 2015 for which there is very limited data
  filter(year < 2018 & year != 2015) %>%
  # Add population data
  left_join(population_data, by = c("country", "year")) %>%
  # Convert values to per 100,000 population
  mutate(cost = cost/population*100000,
         benefit = benefit/population*100000,
         gavi = gavi/population*100000,
         domestic = domestic/population*100000)
# Max axes
max_all_countries_x <- data_all_countries %>%
  summarise(max(cost)) %>% unlist %>%
 roundUp + 10
max_all_countries_y <- data_all_countries %>%
  summarise(max(benefit)) %>% unlist %>%
  roundUp
# GDP data selct
gdp_data_all_countries <-</pre>
  left_join(data_all_countries %>% select(year, country),
            gdp_data,
            by = c("year", "country")) %>%
 filter(year %in% years_include) %>%
  # Data for 2018 only on BCG which is not supported
     Also remove 2015 for which there is very limited data
  filter(year < 2018 & year != 2015)
# Plot legend lables
legend_lables <- data_all_countries %>%
  distinct(vaccine cea paper) %>%
  unlist %>% sort
# Plot all countries using 1 X GDP per capita threshold
p2 <- ggplot() +
  # Facet by country and year
 facet_grid(year~country, scales = "free") +
# Threshold line
```

```
geom_line(data = gdp_data_all_countries %>%
              filter(threshold == "1 x GDP\nper capita") %>%
              filter(cost < max_all_countries_x),</pre>
            mapping = aes(x = cost/1000, y = cea_line), linetype = 2) +
  # Costs and effectivness point
  geom_point(data = data_all_countries,
             mapping = aes(x = cost/1000, y = benefit,
                           color = vaccine cea paper,
                           shape = vaccine_cea_paper),
             size = 2.5) +
  # Arrow based on proportion of GAVI support relative to deomestic
  geom_segment(data = data_all_countries,
               aes(x = cost/1000, xend = (cost - gavi)/1000, #(cost/1000 * domestic p),
                   y = benefit, yend = benefit),
               arrow = arrow(length = unit(0.1, "cm"))) +
  # x-axis name and $ formatting
  scale_x_continuous(name = "Cost per 100,000 people (in thousands USD 2018)",
                     labels = scales::dollar) +
  # y-axis name and formatting
  scale_y_continuous(name ="DALYs averted per 100,000 people",
                     labels = scales::comma) +
  # Remove color/shape legend name
  # Display color legend in two rows and remove shape legend
  # Set colors and shapes
  guides(color = guide legend(nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)) +
  scale color manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = gdocs_pal()(10)) +
  scale_shape_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = c(15, 16, 18, 13, 13, 13, 17, 17, 17, 7)) +
  # Display color legend in 4 columns
  # Change theme of plot
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45),
       plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 0))
# Save figure
ggsave("figures/all_country_compare_1GDP.png", p2, dpi = 300,
       width = 8*2.5, height = 10*2.5, units = "cm")
## Warning: Removed 5 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).
```

```
p2 + labs(
  caption = paste(
    "Figure A2. GAVI contribution to vaccines in Ghana, Angola, India, Kenya, and Senegal.",
    "The dashed black line is the 1 x GDP cost-effectiveness threshold;",
    "Points represent costs and benefits are extracted from cost-effectiveness (CE) studies;",
    "Arrows represent financing by GAVI (CE studies typically include costs not covered by GAVI",
    "such as distribution costs).",
```

#"Arrows represent the proportion of costs funded by GAVI (CE studies and total funding do not match sep = "\n"))

Warning: Removed 5 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).



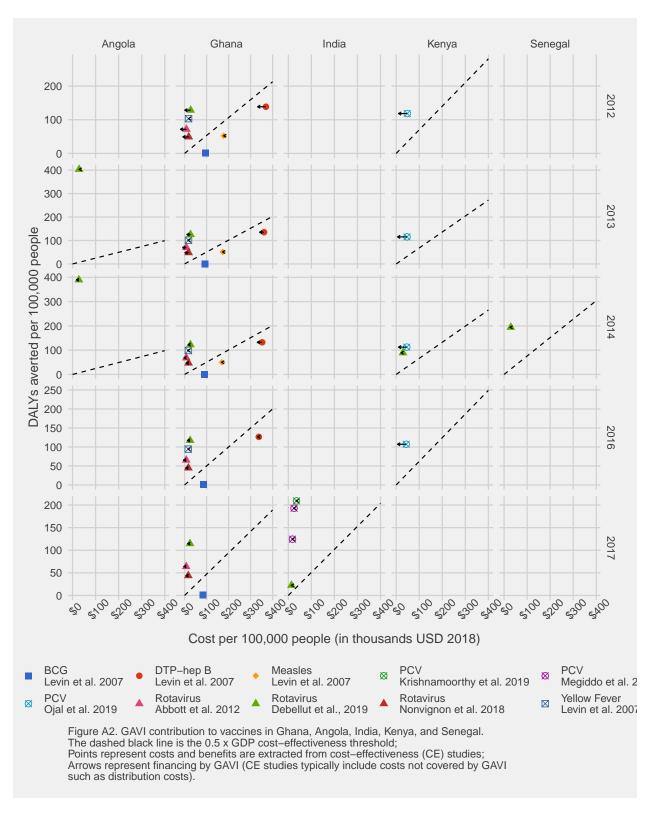
All cross country figure 0.5 x GDP

```
# Plot all countries using 1 X GDP per capita threshold
p3 <- ggplot() +
  # Facet by country and year
  facet_grid(year~country, scales = "free") +
  # Threshold line
  geom_line(data = gdp_data_all_countries %>%
              filter(threshold == "0.5 x GDP\nper capita") %>%
              filter(cost < max_all_countries_x),</pre>
            mapping = aes(x = cost/1000, y = cea_line), linetype = 2) +
  # Costs and effectivness point
  geom_point(data = data_all_countries,
             mapping = aes(x = cost/1000, y = benefit,
                           color = vaccine_cea_paper,
                           shape = vaccine_cea_paper),
             size = 2.5) +
  # Arrow based on proportion of GAVI support relative to deomestic
  geom_segment(data = data_all_countries,
               aes(x = cost/1000, xend = (cost - gavi)/1000, #(cost/1000 * domestic_p),
                   y = benefit, yend = benefit),
               arrow = arrow(length = unit(0.1, "cm"))) +
  # x-axis name and $ formatting
  scale_x_continuous(name = "Cost per 100,000 people (in thousands USD 2018)",
                     labels = scales::dollar) +
  # y-axis name and formatting
  scale_y_continuous(name ="DALYs averted per 100,000 people",
                     labels = scales::comma) +
  # Remove color/shape legend name
  # Display color legend in four rows and remove shape legend
  # Set colors and shapes
  guides(color = guide_legend(nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)) +
  scale_color_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = gdocs_pal()(10)) +
  scale_shape_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = c(15, 16, 18, 13, 13, 13, 17, 17, 17, 7)) +
  # Display color legend in 4 columns
  # Change theme of plot
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45),
       plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 0))
# Save figure
ggsave("figures/all_country_compare_05GDP.png", p2, dpi = 300,
       width = 8*2.5, height = 10*2.5, units = "cm")
```

Warning: Removed 5 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).

```
p2 + labs(
    caption = paste(
        "Figure A2. GAVI contribution to vaccines in Ghana, Angola, India, Kenya, and Senegal.",
        "The dashed black line is the 0.5 x GDP cost-effectiveness threshold;",
        "Points represent costs and benefits are extracted from cost-effectiveness (CE) studies;",
        "Arrows represent financing by GAVI (CE studies typically include costs not covered by GAVI",
        "such as distribution costs).",
        #"Arrows represent the proportion of costs funded by GAVI (CE studies and total funding do not matc
        sep = "\n"))
```

Warning: Removed 5 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).



```
# Create and save figure with appendix caption
ggsave("figures/A2_all_country_compare_05GDP.png", dpi = 300,
    width = 8*2.5, height = 10*2.5, units = "cm")
```

Ghana 1 x GDP 2012-2016 (most data for these years)

```
# Plot legend lables
legend_lables <- data_ghana %>%
  distinct(vaccine_cea_paper) %>%
  unlist %>% sort
# Plot Ghana
p4 <- ggplot() +
  # Facet by year and threshold
  facet wrap(year~., scales = "free", ncol = 2) +
  # Threshold line
  geom_line(data = gdp_data_ghana %>%
              filter(country == "Ghana") %>%
              filter(cost < max_ghana_x) %>%
              filter(threshold == "1 x GDP\nper capita") %>%
              filter(year %in% 2012:2016),
            mapping = aes(x = cost/1000000, y = cea_line/1000), linetype = 2) +
  # Costs and effectivness point
  geom_point(data = data_ghana %>%
               filter(year %in% 2012:2016),
             mapping = aes(x = cost/1000000, y = benefit/1000,
                           color = vaccine_cea_paper,
                           shape = vaccine_cea_paper),
             size = 2.5) +
  \# Arrow based on proportion of GAVI support relative to deemestic
  geom_segment(data = data_ghana %>%
                 filter(year %in% 2012:2016),
               aes(x = cost/1000000, xend = (cost - gavi)/1000000, #(cost * domestic p)/1000000,
                   y = benefit/1000, yend = benefit/1000),
               arrow = arrow(length = unit(0.1, "cm"))) +
  # x-axis name and $ formatting
  scale_x_continuous(name = "Cost (in millions USD 2018)",
                     labels = scales::dollar) +
  # y-axis name and formatting
  scale_y_continuous(name ="DALYs averted (in thousdands)",
                     labels = scales::comma) +
  # Remove color/shape legend name
  # Display color legend in two rows and remove shape legend
  # Set colors and shapes
  guides(color = guide_legend(nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)) +
  scale_color_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = gdocs_pal()(7)) +
  scale_shape_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend lables,
                     values = c(15, 16, 18, 17, 17, 17, 7)) +
  # Change theme of plot
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
```

```
axis.title = element_text(),
    plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 0))

# Save figure

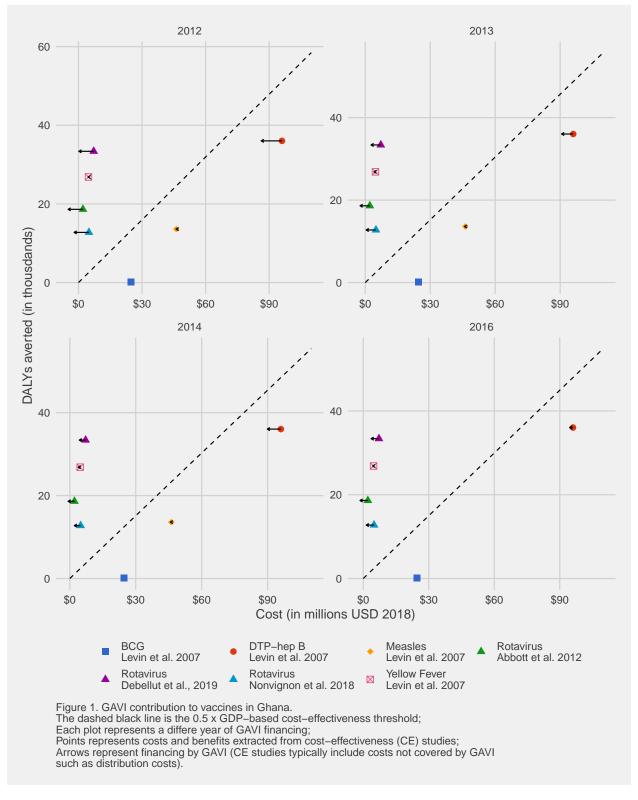
ggsave("figures/ghana_x1gdp.png", p4, dpi = 300,
    width = 8*2.5, height = 10*2.5, units = "cm")
```

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).

```
# Create and save figure with appendix caption
p4 +

# Add a caption
labs(caption = paste(
    "Figure 1. GAVI contribution to vaccines in Ghana.",
    "The dashed black line is the 0.5 x GDP-based cost-effectiveness threshold;",
    "Each plot represents a differe year of GAVI financing;",
    "Points represents costs and benefits extracted from cost-effectiveness (CE) studies;",
    "Arrows represent financing by GAVI (CE studies typically include costs not covered by GAVI",
    "such as distribution costs).",
    #"Arrows represent the proportion of costs funded by GAVI (CE studies and total funding do not mate sep = "\n"))
```

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).



```
ggsave("figures/A3_ghana_x1gdp_appendix_caption.png", dpi = 300,
    width = 8*2.5, height = 10*2.5, units = "cm")
```

Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).

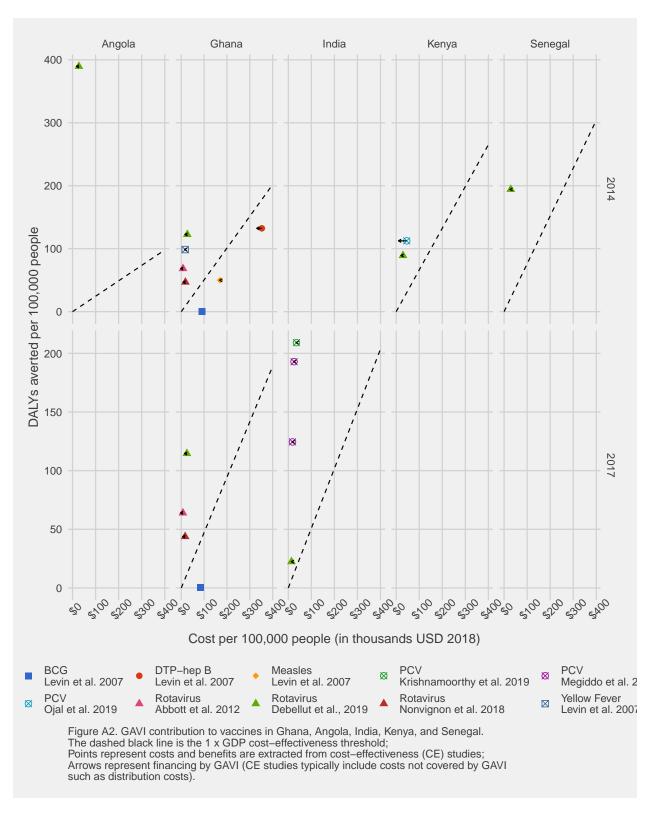
Country comparison 1 x GDP per capita

```
# Plot legend lables
legend_lables <- data_all_countries %>%
  distinct(vaccine_cea_paper) %>%
  unlist %>% sort
# Plot all countries using 1 X GDP per capita threshold
p5 <- ggplot() +
  # Facet by country and year
 facet_grid(year~country, scales = "free") +
  # Threshold line
  geom_line(data = gdp_data_all_countries %>%
              filter(threshold == "1 x GDP\nper capita") %>%
              filter(cost < max_all_countries_x) %>%
              filter(year %in% c(2014, 2017)),
            mapping = aes(x = cost/1000, y = cea_line), linetype = 2) +
  # Costs and effectivness point
  geom_point(data = data_all_countries %>%
              filter(year %in% c(2014, 2017)),
             mapping = aes(x = cost/1000, y = benefit,
                           color = vaccine_cea_paper,
                           shape = vaccine_cea_paper),
             size = 2.5) +
  # Arrow based on proportion of GAVI support relative to deomestic
  geom_segment(data = data_all_countries %>%
              filter(year %in% c(2014, 2017)),
              aes(x = cost/1000, xend = (cost - gavi)/1000, #(cost/1000 * domestic_p),
                   y = benefit, yend = benefit),
               arrow = arrow(length = unit(0.1, "cm"))) +
  # x-axis name and $ formatting
  scale_x_continuous(name = "Cost per 100,000 people (in thousands USD 2018)",
                     labels = scales::dollar) +
  # y-axis name and formatting
  scale y continuous(name ="DALYs averted per 100,000 people",
                     labels = scales::comma) +
  # Remove color/shape legend name
  # Display color legend in four rows and remove shape legend
  # Set colors and shapes
  guides(color = guide_legend(nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)) +
  scale_color_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = gdocs_pal()(10)) +
  scale_shape_manual(name = "",
                     labels = legend_lables,
                     values = c(15, 16, 18, 13, 13, 13, 17, 17, 17, 7)) +
  # Display color legend in 4 columns
  # Change theme of plot
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        axis.title = element_text(),
        axis.text.x = element text(angle = 45),
        plot.caption = element_text(hjust = 0))
```

Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).

```
p5 + labs(
    caption = paste(
        "Figure A2. GAVI contribution to vaccines in Ghana, Angola, India, Kenya, and Senegal.",
        "The dashed black line is the 1 x GDP cost-effectiveness threshold;",
        "Points represent costs and benefits are extracted from cost-effectiveness (CE) studies;",
        "Arrows represent financing by GAVI (CE studies typically include costs not covered by GAVI",
        "such as distribution costs).",
        #"Arrows represent the proportion of costs funded by GAVI (CE studies and total funding do not matc
        sep = "\n"))
```

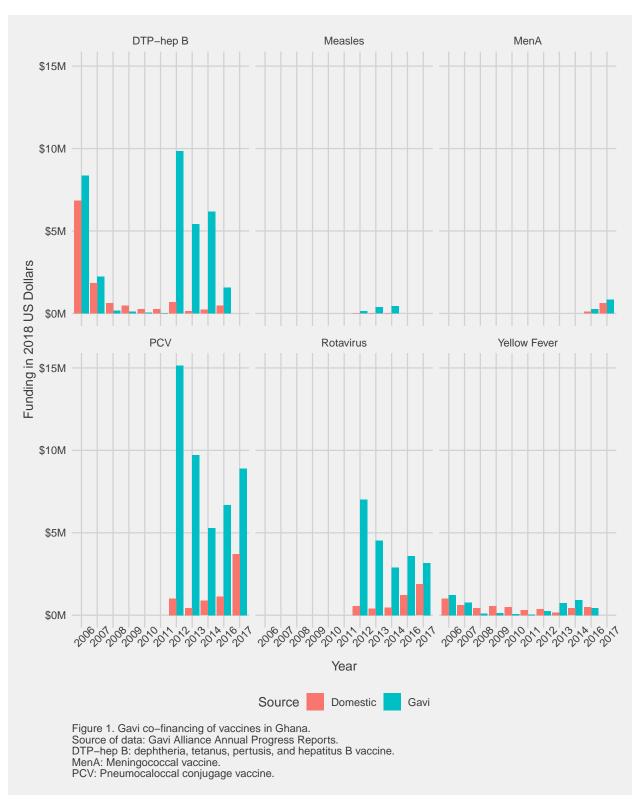
Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).



Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values (geom_segment).

GAVI co-financing Ghana

```
financing_ghana_plot_data <-</pre>
  fund_data %>%
  filter(country == "Ghana" & !is.na(gavi)) %>%
  select(vaccine, year, domestic, gavi) %>%
  gather(key = source, value = amount, domestic:gavi) %>%
  mutate(source = gsub("gavi", "Gavi", source)) %>%
  mutate(source = gsub("domestic", "Domestic", source))
p6 <- ggplot(data = financing_ghana_plot_data,</pre>
       mapping = aes(x = factor(year), y = amount/1000000, fill = source)) +
  facet_wrap(vaccine~.) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  # x-axis name and $ formatting
  scale_x_discrete(name = "Year") +
  # y-axis name and formatting
  scale_y_continuous(name ="Funding in 2018 US Dollars",
                     labels = scales::dollar_format(prefix = "$", suffix = "M")) +
  # Remove fill legend title
  # Display color legend in four rows and remove shape legend
  # Set colors and shapes
  scale_fill_discrete(name = "Source") +
  # Change theme of plot
  theme_fivethirtyeight() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        axis.title = element_text(),
       plot.caption = element text(hjust = 0),
        axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45))
# Save figure
ggsave("figures/ghana_gavi_cofinancing.png", p6, dpi = 300,
       width = 6*2.5, height = 6*2.5, units = "cm")
p6 + labs(
  caption = paste(
    "Figure 1. Gavi co-financing of vaccines in Ghana.",
   "Source of data: Gavi Alliance Annual Progress Reports.",
   "DTP-hep B: dephtheria, tetanus, pertusis, and hepatitus B vaccine.",
    "MenA: Meningococcal vaccine.",
   "PCV: Pneumocaloccal conjugage vaccine.",
   sep = "\n"))
```



Tables

Ghana GAVI co-financing table

GAVI CEA table

```
table_out <-
  cea data %>%
  filter(grepl("DALY|YLL", indicator)) %>%
  # Only include base-case of Abbot et al. 2012
  # and use earleist year of GAVI funding (since intervention is 2003-08).
  filter(!(authors == "Abbott et al. 2012" &
             (assumptions != "$5 per dose"))) %>%# / year_gavi != 2012))) %>%
  # Do not include the CEA with GAVI Subsidy accounted for
  # and focus on health system perspective.
  filter(!(authors == "Nonvignon et al. 2018" &
             (grepl("Ghana only", assumptions) |
             !grepl("Health system", perspective)))) %>%
  # Use relevant GAVI data year for Krishnamoorthy et al. 2019
  # based on paper intervention years
  # filter(!(authors == "Krishnamoorthy et al. 2019" &
              year_gavi != 2018)) %>%
  # Use the analysis with the 90% intervention coverage and year 2018
  # for GAVI funding based on paper intervention years
  filter(!(authors == "Megiddo et al. 2018" &
             (grepl("Expanded coverage (90%)", assumptions)))) %>%# /
                year_gavi != 2018))) %>%
  # Use most recent year of GAVI funding for Ojal et al. 2019
  # based on paper intervention years
  #filter(!(authors == "Ojal et al. 2019" & year_gavi < 2016)) %>%
  # Do not include the CEA with GAVI subsidy accounted for
  filter(!(authors == "Debellut et al., 2019" &
             (assumptions == "Vaccine programme costs with Gavi subsidy"))) %>%
  # Remove comma from authors column
```