

**Olin College of Engineering**  
**ENGR2410 – Signals and Systems**

**Quiz 7**

**Instructions**

- A. Collaboration is not allowed on quizzes.
- B. Students may only use a page of notes and the tables from the website during the quizzes.
- C. Time is limited to one continuous hour.
- D. Quizzes are due at the beginning of lecture on Thursday.
- E. Late or missed quizzes will be given a score of zero. Any excuses must come directly from the Office of Student Life.
- F. The two lowest quiz scores will be eliminated to allow for unforeseeable circumstances.
- G. In case of doubt, students are expected to base their behavior on the values expressed in the Honor Code.

Name:

Start time:

**Problem 1** (*6 points*) For consistency throughout this problem, sketch the all Fourier transforms from -30 kHz to 30 kHz.

A. Sketch the Fourier transform of  $x(t) = 2 \cos(2\pi \cdot 1 \text{ kHz} \cdot t) + \cos(2\pi \cdot 8 \text{ kHz} \cdot t)$ .

B.  $x(t)$  is sampled at 20 kHz. Sketch the Fourier transform of the resulting function,  $x_{S1}(t)$ .

C.  $x_{S1}(t)$  is passed through an ideal low-pass filter from -10 kHz to 10 kHz. Write an expression for the filtered output  $y_1(t)$ .

D.  $x(t)$  is sampled at 10 kHz. Sketch the Fourier transform of the resulting function,  $x_{S2}(t)$ .

E.  $x_{S2}(t)$  is passed through an ideal low-pass filter from -10 kHz to 10 kHz. Write an expression for the filtered output  $y_2(t)$ .

*A fascinating debate is whether the human brain samples what we see, and if so, what is the sampling frequency. Check out all the sampling language in [this](#) letter. However, newer evidence like [this article](#) suggests that sampling may not be enough to explain our perception.*

**Problem 2** (4 points) Find an algebraic expression for the inverse Fourier transform of  $X(j\omega)$ . This filter is known as a raised-cosine filter and is very important in digital communications. For example, check out [this article](#). You just found the impulse response of the filter.

$$X(j\omega) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} \left[ 1 + \cos \left( \frac{\omega}{2f_s} \right) \right] & -2\pi f_s \leq \omega \leq 2\pi f_s \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



## Course feedback

Feel free to send any additional feedback directly to us.

Name (optional):

- A. End time: How long did the quiz take you?
- B. Was the quiz a fair measure of your understanding?
- C. Was the assignment effective preparation for the quiz?
- D. Is the Monday session effective?
- E. Are the connections between lecture, assignment and quiz clear?
- F. Are the objectives of the course clear? Do you feel you are making progress towards those objectives?
- G. Anything else?



## Assignment grades

Date:

Assignment number:

Group member 1:

Grade:

Group member 2:

Grade:

Group member 3:

Grade: