Angular 6 Training Course

Exercise F-pipe

- Pipes are used to transform data in cases where we only need that transformation to happen in the **template/view**.
- PIPEs apply transformations to expressions and can be **chained together** to achieve compound effects.

Setup

· Create a new project

```
ng new f-pipe
cd f-pipe
ng serve --open
// Review the project in localhost:4200
```

· Create a minimal template in

Built-in Pipes

- Edit the main component class src/app/app.component.html.
- · Create some properties that will be used in this example

```
export class AppComponent {
    conference = {
        title: "AngularCon",
        year: 2017,
        price: 745.50,
        byline:"the only Angular conference"
    };

    today = new Date();
}
```

· Edit the main template and add some basic styling.

```
<section class="demoPipe"></section>

.pipeDemo{
   font-family: tahoma;
   font-size: 2rem;
}
```

- Add some built-in Angular Pipes.
- These examples use currency, json, data and lowercase.

```
The price was {{ conference.price | currency:"GBP":"f" }}
{{ conference | json }}
{{ today | date:"fullDate" }}
{{ today | date:"fullDate" | lowercase }}
```

Capitalise Pipe

- We will create a pipe that capitalises the first letter of each word called TitleCase.
- Here is a Javascript function to do this using a regular expression. *Try this out in the Chrome console.*

```
function toTitleCase(s) {
    return str.replace(/\w\S*/g,
    function(word){
        return word(0).toUpperCase() +
word(1).toLowerCase();
    });
}
```

• Use the Angular-CLI to **generate a new Pipe**.

```
ng generate pipe pipe/titleCase --dry-run
ng generate pipe pipe/titleCase
```

• Review title-case.pipe.ts

```
@Pipe({
  name: 'titleCase'
})
export class TitleCasePipe implements PipeTransform {
  transform(value: any): any {
    return null;
  }
}
```

• Our custom logic will go inside the **transform** function.

```
transform(value: any): any {
    return value.replace(/\w\S*/g, function(word) {
        return word.charAt(0).toUpperCase() +
word.substr(1).toLowerCase();
    });
}
```

· Use the custom pipe in the template.

```
{{ conference.byline | titleCase }}
```

Hyphenated Pipe

· Create a pipe which transforms a phrase into a lowercase hyphenated url.

```
"The History Of Oxford" becomes "the-history-of-oxford.html"
```

• Using the Angular CLI to create a new pipe.

```
ng generate pipe hyphen --dry-run
```

```
ng generate pipe hyphen
```

• **ngModule** has been updated by the CLI tools:

```
import { HyphenPipe } from './hyphen.pipe';
declarations: [ AppComponent, HyphenPipe ],
```

- Make use of split, join, toLowercase and add a file extension.
- Edit the return statement in the transform() function in src/app/hyphen.pipe.ts

```
return value.split(" ").join("-").toLowerCase() + ".html";
```

• Define a property and test the pipe

```
newsStory:string = "Mortgage Base Rate Rises";
```

• Test the new pipe in the template

```
{{ newsStory | hyphen }}
```

PIPE arguments

• Add a string parameter which allows you to add a site prefix.

```
transform(value: any, site:string ): any {
    value = site ? site + value : value;
    return value.split(" ").join("-").toLowerCase() +
".html";
}
```

• Pass an argument in to the pipe:

```
{{ newsStory | hyphen:"http://news.com/" }}
```