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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Expt. No.	Name: Piyush Pondurang Burete Class: TYCS Roll No.: 523
6	Title of Experiment: Configure LDAP Server
Date	Sub titles: Assignment/ Problem Solution, Flow chart/Algorithm, Problem Listing,
23-8-2023	Input Screen, Output Screen, Comments (If any)
	Aim :- Configure LDAP server configure
	LDAP server in order to share
	users accounts in the network.
	Install phpLDAPadmin to operate
	LOAP server via web browser.
-	
*	Theory ?-
	• LDAP
	- The lightweight Birectory Acress Protocal or
	LDAP is a protocal for querying and
	modifying, 0x-500 - based directory
	Service running over TCP/IP
	- The current LDAP version is LDAP v3
	as defined in RFC4510 and implementation
	in Ubunty is Open1DAP.
	-So the LDAP protocal accesses LDAP
	directories there are some key concepts
	and terms.
	- A LDAP directory is a tree of data
	entries that is hierarchical in nature
	and is called the directory information
Remark	your information and records, and spread
Ste	any updates to att drents, tree (DIT)
Signature	d T

	- An entry consists of a set of attributes & # Install NIEs has a type (name / clesconption)
	sudo apt and one or more values.
	- Every attribute must be defined in schemas. - Fach entry how a unique identifier its Distinguished Name (DN or dn). This in turn, consists of a Relative Distinguished Name (RDN) Followed by the parent entry's DN:
	The entry's DN is not an attribute. It is not considered part of the entry itself.
	# Install Open LDAP sudo apt-get-y install clapd Idap-utils.
	# Install phpLDAP admin sudo apt-get - y install phpldapadmin sudo nono /etc/phpldapadmin/config.php.
7	

Practical 7

root@xyz-VirtualBox:~# sudo apt install slapd ldap-utils
Reading package lists... Done

root@xvz-VirtualBox:~# systemctl status slapd

• slapd.service - LSB: OpenLDAP standalone server (Lightweight Directory Access

Active: active (running) since Wed 2023-10-04 14:30:12 IST; 9min ago

root@xyz-VirtualBox:~# sudo dpkg-reconfigure slapd

Moving old database directory to /var/backups:

Creating LDAP directory... done.

root@xyz-VirtualBox:~# sudo nano /etc/ldap/ldap.conf



root@xyz-VirtualBox:~# 1dapsearch -x

extended LDIF

result: 0 Success

root@xyz-VirtualBox:~# sudo apt install phpldapadmin

Reading package lists... Done

Reading state information... Done

root@xyz-VirtualBox:~# nano /etc/phpldapadmin/config.php

Line 293 specifies that phpLDAP admin will connect to localhost.

\$servers->setValue('server', 'host', '127.0.0.1');



Line 296 is commented outbydefault, which means the standard port 389 will be

```
// $servers->setValue('server','port',389);
```

Line 335 is commented out bydefault , which means TLS encryption is not enabled.

```
// $servers->setValue('server','tls',false);
```

Then go to line 300.

\$seryers->setValue('server','base',array('dc=example,dc=com'));

Change it to:

\$servers->setValue('server','base',array());

This will let phpLDAPadmin automatically detect the base DN of your OpenLDAP server. Next,

You can disable anonymouslogin. Gotoline 453.

```
// $servers->setValue('login', 'anon bind', true);
```

By default, anonymous login is enabled. To disable it, you need to remove the comment

Character (the two slashes) and change true to false.

\$servers->setValue('login', 'anon bind', false);

You will probably want to disable template warnings because these warnings are annoying and unimportant. Go to line161.

```
// $config->custom->appearance['hide template warning'] = false;
```

Remove the comment character and change false to true.

\$config->custom->appearance['hide template_warning'] = true;

Save and close the file.

Accessing phpLDAP admin Web Interface

