

Install CPP Compiler and IDE

Contents

Install CPP Compiler and IDE	1
Integrated Development Environment (IDE)	1
Install MinGW-x64 Compiler for Windows	1
Add the MinGW-x64 Compiler to Your Path	2
Check your MinGW installation	2
Clang C++ Compiler for Mac.....	2
Install Visual Studio Code.....	3
Tutorial 1: Hello World for C++	4
Online C++ Compilers	6
Other IDE's	6
Assignment Submission	7

Integrated Development Environment (IDE)

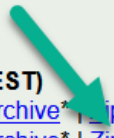
A good IDE (Integrated Development Environment) can help you create good code and can speed up the software engineering process. There are many good IDE's available. Visual Studio Code and JGrasp will be used for most class demonstrations.

Install MinGW-x64 Compiler for Windows

We will install Mingw-w64, which is a 64-bit C++ compiler.

1. Go to <http://www.winlibs.com>.
2. Go down the page to **Release versions**.
3. Download the latest version Zip archive. We want the one to the right, without LLVM/Clang.

Release versions

- GCC 11.2.0 + LLVM/Clang/LLD/LLDB 12.0.1 + MinGW-w64 9.0.0 - release 1 **(LATEST)**
 - Win32: [7-Zip archive*](#) | [Zip archive](#) - without LLVM/Clang/LLD/LLDB: [7-Zip archive*](#) | [Zip archive](#)
 - Win64: [7-Zip archive*](#) | [Zip archive](#) - without LLVM/Clang/LLD/LLDB: [7-Zip archive*](#) | [Zip archive](#)
- 

4. Unzip the file you downloaded.
5. Go into the extracted folder → Keep going until you find the **mingw64** folder.
6. Copy this folder to your C: drive. **C:\mingw64**

Add the MinGW-x64 Compiler to Your Path

Add the path to your Mingw-w64 `bin` folder to the Windows `PATH` environment variable by using the following steps:

1. Click the **Start** button → Type in **Environment Variables**.
2. Click **Edit the system environment variables**.
3. In the **System variables** window → Choose the `path` variable and then select **Edit**.
4. Select **New** and add the Mingw-w64 destination folder path:
c:\mingw64\bin
5. Select **OK** to save the updated Path.
6. Restart your computer.

Check your MinGW installation

To check that your Mingw-w64 tools are correctly installed and available, open a **new** Command Prompt and type:

```
g++ --version
```

If you don't see the expected output or `g++` is not a recognized command, make sure your `PATH` entry matches the Mingw-w64 binary location where the compiler tools are located.

Clang C++ Compiler for Mac

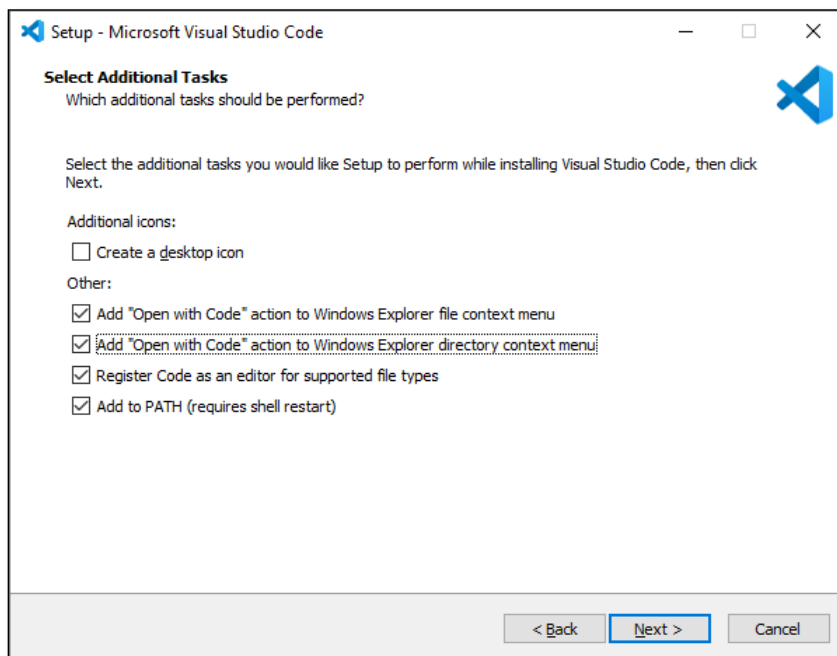
<https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/cpp/config-clang-mac>

Install Visual Studio Code

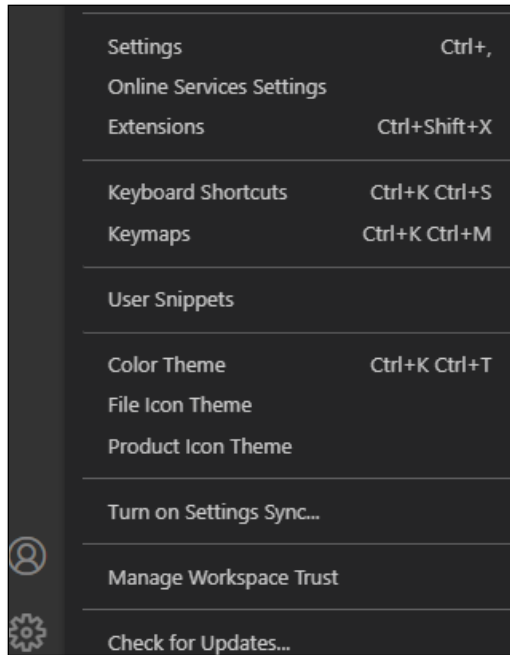
Microsoft Visual Studio Code is an opensource editor sponsored by Microsoft. Microsoft also owns GitHub.

Visual Studio Code integrates with GitHub Desktop. There is extensive information on how to get started with Visual Studio Code on the Visual Studio Code website.

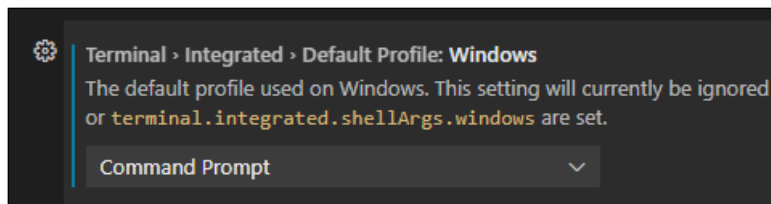
1. Go to <https://code.visualstudio.com/download>.
2. Download and install the **System Installer 64-bit** version of Visual Studio Code for your operating system.
3. During the installation: **Select Additional Tasks**, select the following items. You can create a desktop icon if you wish.



4. Launch Visual Studio Code.
5. Go to the **View** menu → **Extensions** command.
6. Search for **C/C++** by Microsoft. **Install it.**
7. Click the Gear icon on the lower left side. Click **Settings**.



8. Search for **shell**.

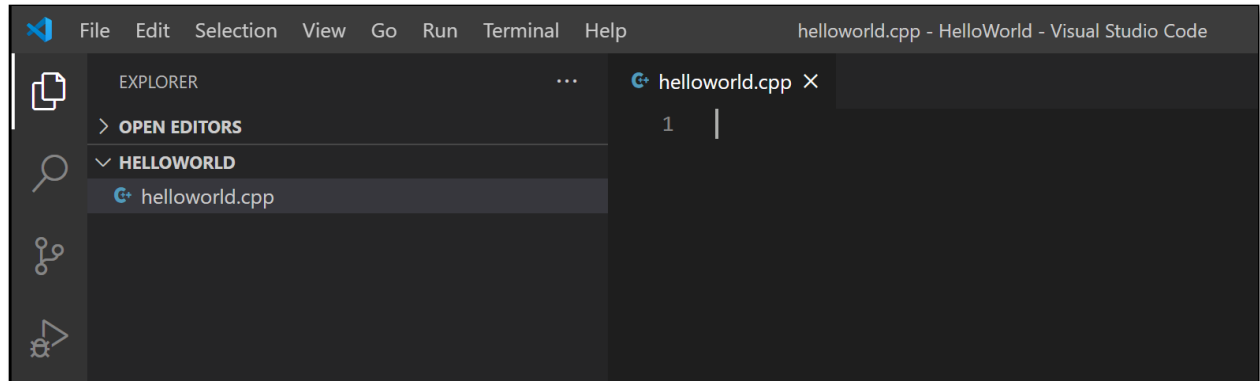


9. Change this setting to **Command Prompt**.

Tutorial 1: Hello World for C++

Hello World is the traditional program to determine if your development environment is ready to roll.

1. Create a folder for your C++ code.
2. Right Click the folder → Choose **Open with Code**.
3. In Visual Studio Code → Right Click under the folder you created → Name the file **helloworld.cpp**

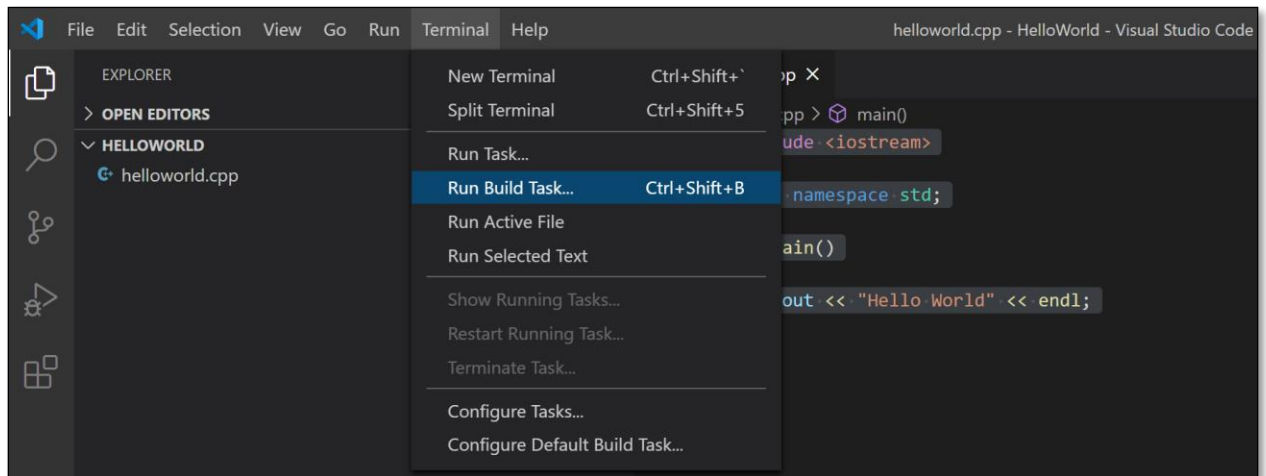


4. Type in the following code exactly as shown.

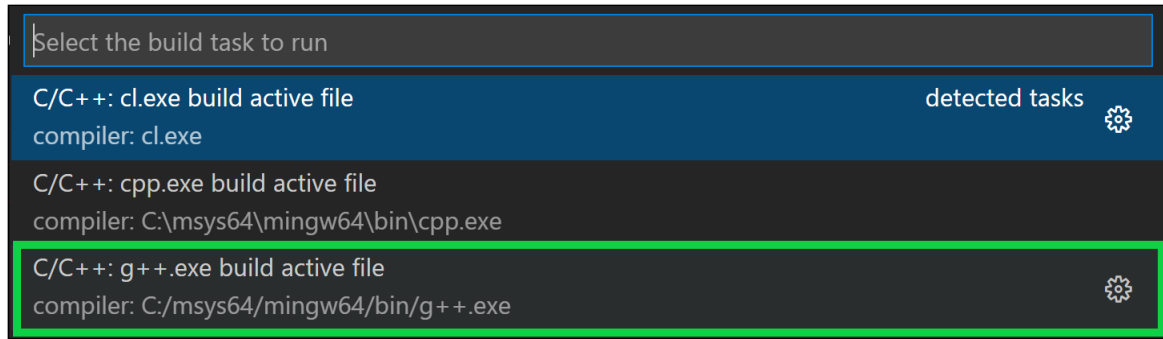
```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main()
5 {
6     cout << "Hello World!\n";
7     return 0;
8 }
```

5. Press **CTRL + S** to save the file.

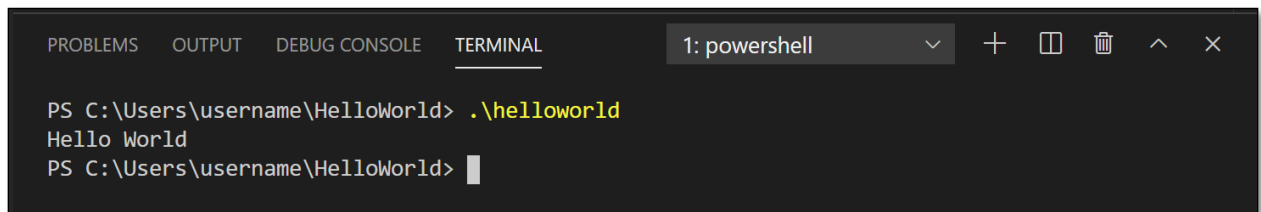
6. Build the program. Select the **Terminal** menu → **Run Build Task** command (**Ctrl+Shift+B**).



7. This will display a dropdown with various compiler task options. You are using the GCC toolset MinGW, you would choose **C/C++: g++.exe build active file**



8. This will compile **helloworld.cpp** and create an executable file called **helloworld.exe** which will appear in the File Explorer.
9. Go to the **Terminal** menu → **New Terminal** → Type **helloworld** → Press **Enter**.



Tada! You compiled and executed your first C++ program!

Optional Tutorial: <https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/cpp/config-mingw>

Online C++ Compilers

1. [Replit](#)
2. <https://wandbox.org/>
3. [Compiler Explorer](#)

Other IDE's

At the beginning of your programming journey, it is a good idea to use a simple IDE like Geany or Visual Studio Code. You can concentrate more on the code than on learning the interface.

As you grow and gain more experience, you may want to experiment with more complex programming environments.

- Geany is a simple cross platform open source IDE for many languages.
<https://www.geany.org/>

- Code Lite is a low overhead C++ IDE. <https://codelite.org>
- CodeBlocks is a C++ IDE that includes a compiler.
<https://www.codeblocks.org/downloads/binaries>

Assignment Submission

- Insert a screenshot showing a successful program run.
- Attach the .cpp file
- Submit in Blackboard.