Simple Web Server

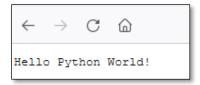
Time required: 30 minutes

- Comment each line of code as shown in the tutorials and other code examples.
- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.

Tutorial

```
Name: simple web server.py
      Author:
      Created:
     Purpose: Simple web server
6 """
7
8 import socket
10 HOST = "127.0.0.1"
11 PORT = 80
12
13 # Create a socket object
14 web socket = socket.socket()
15 # bind associate the socket with the HOST and PORT
16 web socket.bind((HOST, PORT))
18 # The server is listening on port 80 for TPv4 TCP connections
19 web_socket.listen()
20
21 while True:
22
     print("Waiting for connection")
23
24
      # accept waits for an incoming connection
      # accept creates a socket connection object
26
      # connection is the client TCP connection
27
      # address is the incoming client IP address
28
      connection, address = web socket.accept()
29
      print(f"Connection from: {address}")
31
      # Receive data 1024 bytes at a time
32
      data = connection.recv(1024)
33
       # data is in bytes, decode to a string
34
      data string = data.decode("utf-8")
35
      print (data string)
36
37
       # Serve web page, b converts the string into bytes
38
       connection.send(b"HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n\r\nHello Python World!")
39
      connection.close()
```

Example run:



```
Waiting for connection
Connection from: ('127.0.0.1', 18508)
GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
Accept: */*
UA-CPU: AMD64
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64;
Trident/7.0; rv:11.0) like Gecko
Host: 127.0.0.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Waiting for connection
```

Notice that for each request your computer has a different client port.

Assignment Submission

Attach the pseudocode and program to the assignment. Submit in Blackboard.

Page 2 of 2 Revised: 2/13/2022