

Python Guild Team Programming

Semester Project

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Agile Software Development

Agile development is one of the current processes for software development and other development activities.

What is Agile?



Agile software development refers to a group of software development methodologies based on iterative development, where requirements and solutions evolve through collaboration between self-organizing cross-functional teams. Agile methods or Agile processes generally promote a disciplined project management process that encourages frequent inspection and adaptation, a leadership philosophy that encourages teamwork, self-organization and accountability, a set of engineering best

practices intended to allow for rapid delivery of high-quality software, and a business approach that aligns development with customer needs and company goals.

<https://www.cprime.com/resources/what-is-agile-what-is-scrum>

DRY Software Engineering

Don't Repeat Yourself (DRY) is a principle of software engineering aimed at reducing repetition of software patterns. If you are repeating any code, there is probably a better solution.

The DRY principle is stated as "Every piece of knowledge must have a single, unambiguous, authoritative representation within a system". This means that there shouldn't be anything in your code that is duplicated somewhere else.

Violations of DRY are typically referred to as WET solutions, which is commonly taken to stand for "write every time", "write everything twice", "we enjoy typing" or "waste everyone's time".

Create classes, functions or methods with a single purpose or theme. Abstract as much as possible from the application to the classes. The application contains as little logic as possible. It creates and uses objects and their methods.

Guild Team Based Software Engineering

Software engineering is rarely done alone. It is almost always done as part of a team.

The class will be divided into guilds of 3 people each. Guild membership is assigned by the Game Master (the instructor).

Each guild should come up with their own name (let's keep these PG-Rated please). Please let me know what your Guild name and number is. I will re name your GitHub repository.

Share Your Experience

In any class, some students, depending upon their major, programming experience, artistic talent, etc. may exhibit more proficiency than others on certain aspects of the assigned course work. A Guild gives an opportunity for everyone on the team to work together and share their experience.

This project is as much about working as a team as it is about the assignment. The process of coming together, helping each other out is a huge part of team-based software engineering.

Guild Assignments

Guild assignments are team projects where everyone works on the same code project.

Guild members are encouraged to be resources for the other Guild members. They can lend a hand if someone gets stuck on a problem. A 2nd eye on the code can find a missing semi colon or other minor error.

Individual assignments are not team projects. Everyone does their own work.

Blackboard Groups

Each Guild Team has a Group area in Blackboard under Guilds. This is used primarily for grading purposes.

Outlook Groups

An Outlook Group will be created for each Guild. This is used to share documents, send email, and work collaboratively.

Using Outlook Group Email and Files is a requirement of this project. How professionally, how responsive, and how often you communicate is part of your individual evaluation throughout the semester project.

Please address all Semester Project asynchronous communication to the Outlook Group Email address shown in your Outlook Group. There is no need to include separate email addresses. Everyone's wncc.edu email address is already in the Group Email address.

Each Team has a similar Outlook Group Email address. The last number is the only thing that is different.

For example, if you are in Group 1: Loring-Java-Group01

Using this address archives a copy of all email in the Groups feature in Outlook. You should see this group under Groups in Outlook. You can create new email messages from the Group.

Please watch this video on how to use Outlook Groups. <https://youtu.be/DDG5n0QdvUg>
[How to Work with Word in Outlook Groups](#)

GitHub

Each Guild will have a separate shared GitHub Repository. This repository should be used to store any code or text documentation pertinent to that assignment.

Week 8 Milestone: Project Kickoff and Team Charter

100 points

Time required: 60 minutes

1. Complete the **Skype and Zoom Lab** attached to this assignment. That assignment will allow you to complete the rest of this assignment.
2. **Read:** Creating Productive Teams
3. **Read:** Elements of a High Performing Team
4. **Read:** Team Charter

Do: Determine how your Guild will handle the following items.

1. What is the name of your Guild?
2. Communication
 - a. Synchronous (required)
 - i. Skype

- ii. Zoom
 - iii. Video conference software of your choice
 - b. Asynchronous
 - i. Outlook Group Email
 - ii. Discord (Please send the instructor an invite if you choose Discord.)
- 3. Collaboration on documents
 - a. Outlook Group Files (Required)
- 4. The Guild will create a list of the skills needed for the project.
 - a. Team skills
 - b. Computer skills
- 5. Each member will create a list of the skills they bring to the project.
 - a. Team skills
 - b. Computer skills
- 6. Guild leader of the week
 - a. The Guild leader is not responsible for doing all the work, only organizing, or getting everyone together.
 - b. Rotate between each member for Guild leader of the week.
 - c. A recommended practice is to set a schedule for Guild leader rotation at the beginning of the project.
 - d. The Guild leader is responsible for submitting the project assignment for that week.
- 7. Expectations for Guild Members
 - a. Set your shared expectations for the Guild
 - b. Responsiveness
 - i. What are the expectations for response to communication?
 - c. This is a collaborative team project.

- i. It is not ok to say to the rest of the team: plan this week without me and let me know what I am supposed to do.
- ii. Collaboration means each team member contributes equally.
- d. Deadlines for individual assignments
- e. Deadline for team assignments
- f. If these expectations are not met, ask the team member why
- g. If there is no response, move on without them
- h. Give an honest evaluation of individual performance with the evaluation

Week 8 Assignment Submission

The Guild Leader submits a Word document detailing this information in Blackboard.

Week 10 Milestone: Git Started with GitHub and Kat's Lemonade Stand

100 points

Time Required: 90 minutes

This assignment will take your Guild through a tutorial about working with GitHub in a shared software engineering environment. This will prepare you for the first shared coding assignment at the end of this tutorial.

GitHub Workflow Videos

- 1. Video walkthrough: [Git Started with the Guild Project](#) (You only do this once.)
- 2. Video walkthrough: [Guild Project GitHub Workflow](#) (Do this every time you work on the project.)

GitHub Project Workflow Steps

Each time you work on your Guild Project, you will go through these steps.

- 1. Open **GitHub Desktop**.
- 2. Click **Fetch Origin** or go to **Repository → Pull**.
- 3. Click **Open in Visual Studio Code**.

4. Work on your code.
5. Go back to **GitHub Desktop**.
6. Go to **Repository** → **Pull**.
7. Click **Commit to main**.
8. Click **Push origin**.

GitHub Login

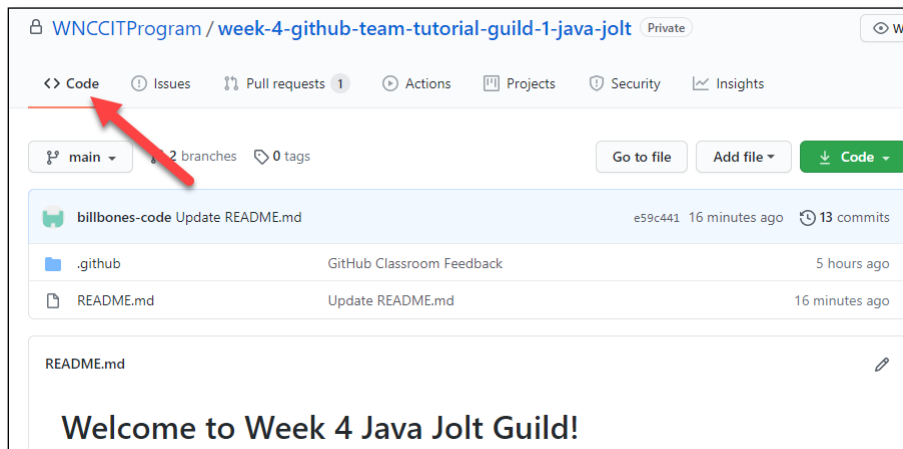
This is an individual assignment for each team member.

1. Click the link to the assignment. <https://classroom.github.com/a/N4qQtEPm>
2. Join the classroom: **Python Sp23**.
3. Click **Join** by your Team Name.

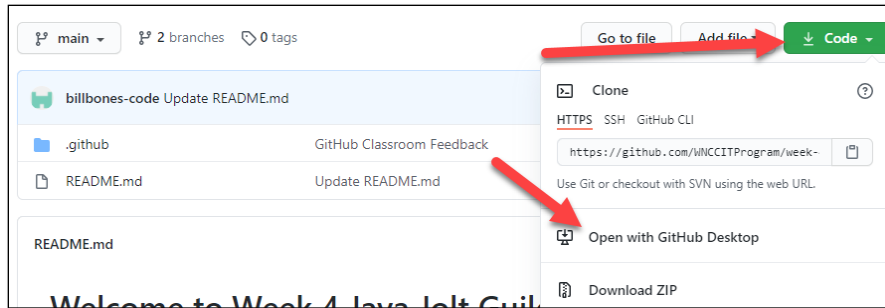
Open with GitHub Desktop

It is much easier to work with code on your local pc with your own editor. GitHub desktop makes it very easy to make and commit changes to the assignment repository.

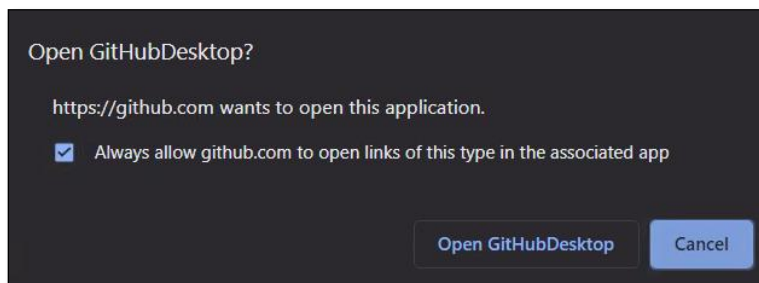
1. Go to the assignment repository.



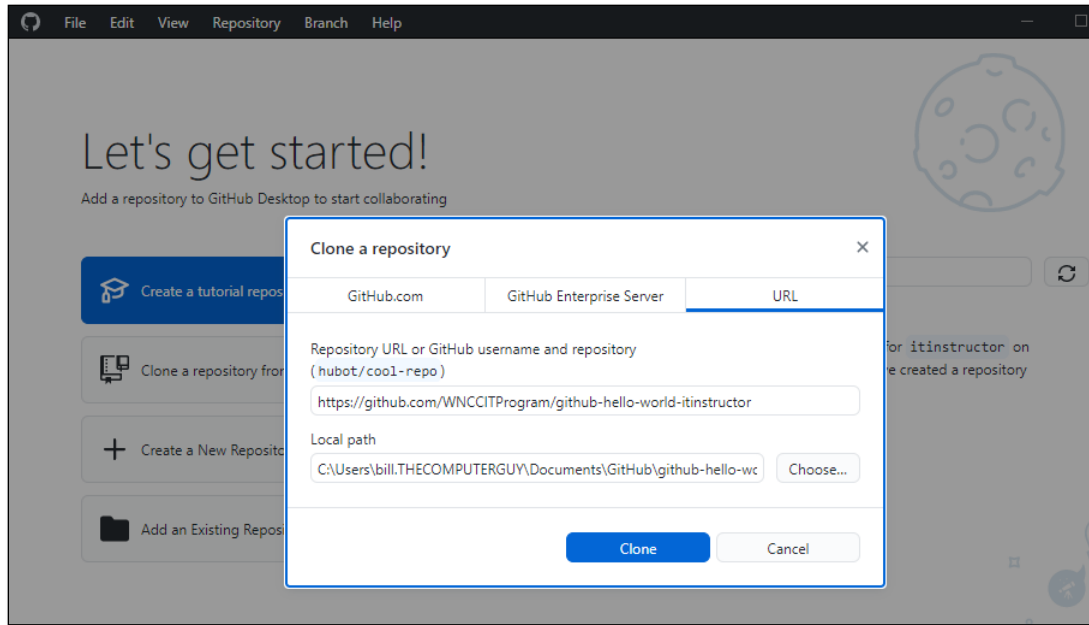
2. In the upper left side, click **Code** to ensure you are in the correct view.



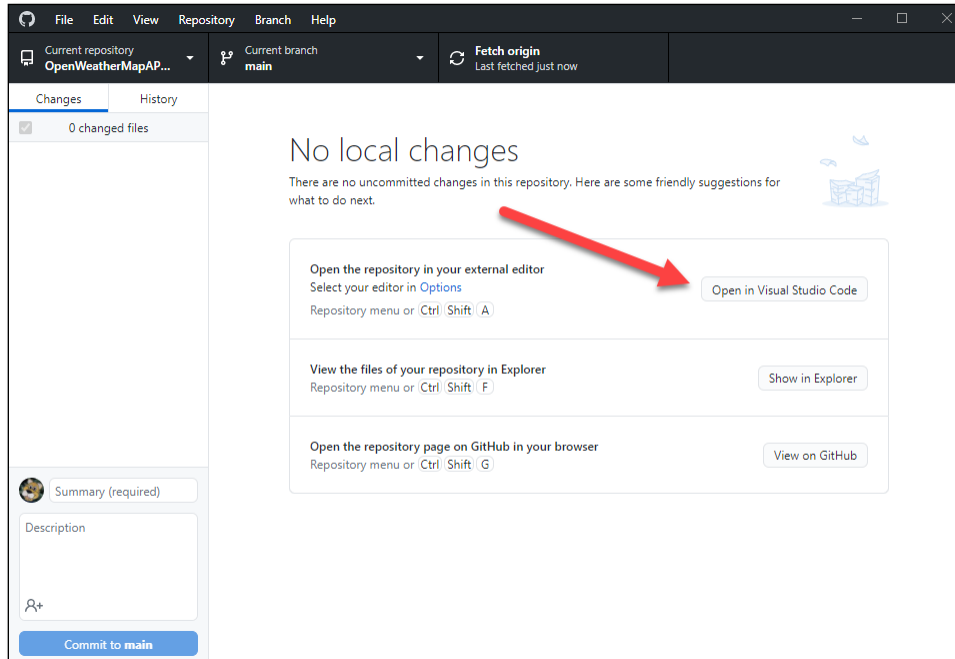
3. Make sure you have GitHub Desktop installed on your computer.
If you don't have GitHub Desktop, please download and install from <http://desktop.github.com>
4. Click the green **Code** button. Click **Open with GitHub Desktop**.



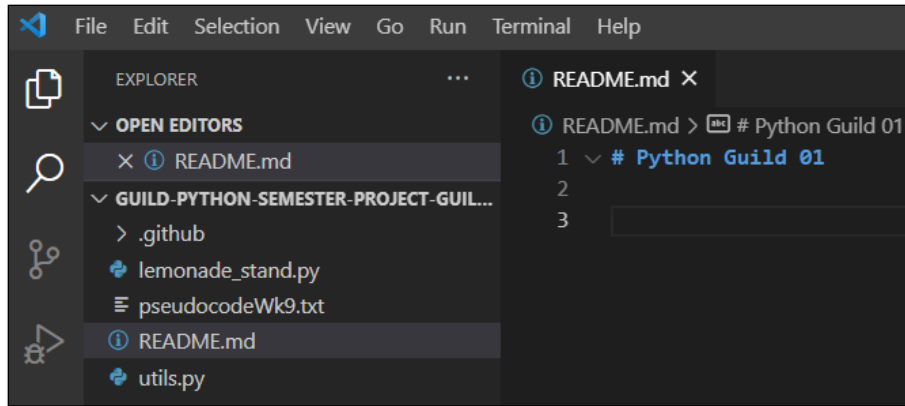
5. Click the checkmark as shown to speed up your development process. The next time you open a GitHub repository from the web with GitHub Desktop, it will automatically open.
6. Click **Open GitHubDesktop**.



7. Make sure that your local path is where you are storing your GitHub repositories.
8. Click **Clone**. This synchronizes the GitHub repository to your local computer repository.



9. On the right-hand side Click: **Open in Visual Studio Code**.

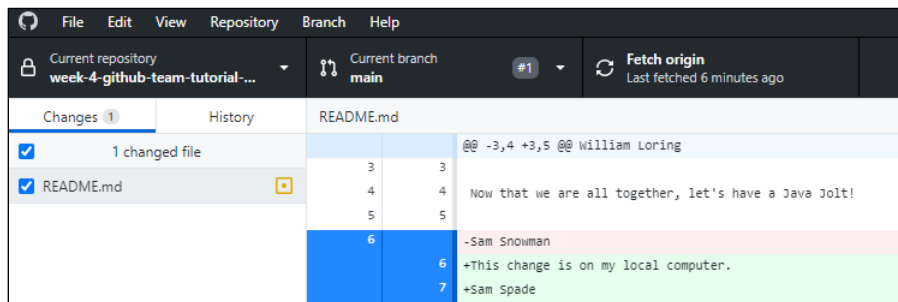


10. The files will show up in the left-hand side.

11. Double Click the **README.md** by double clicking it.

12. Add your name and that the change created on your local computer.

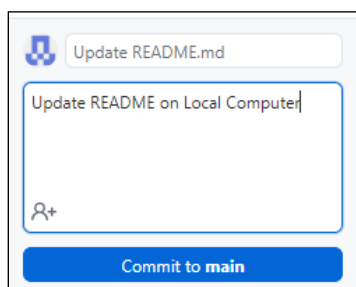
13. **Save** and **close** the file. Return to **GitHub Desktop**.



14. **GitHub Desktop** picked up your changes and tracked them.

a. Additions are in green.

b. Deletions are in red.

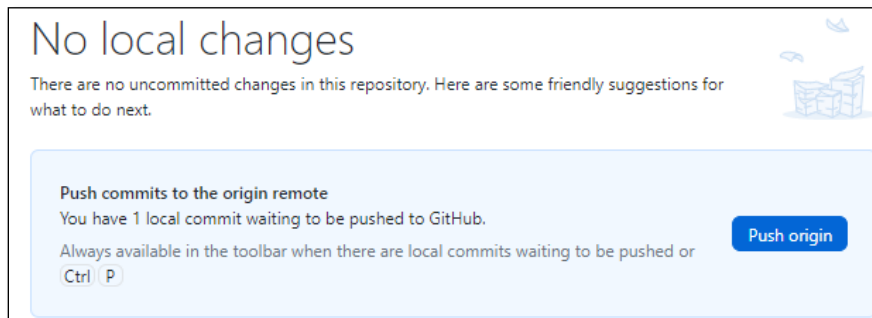


15. In the lower left side, enter a **Summary** and extended description as shown.

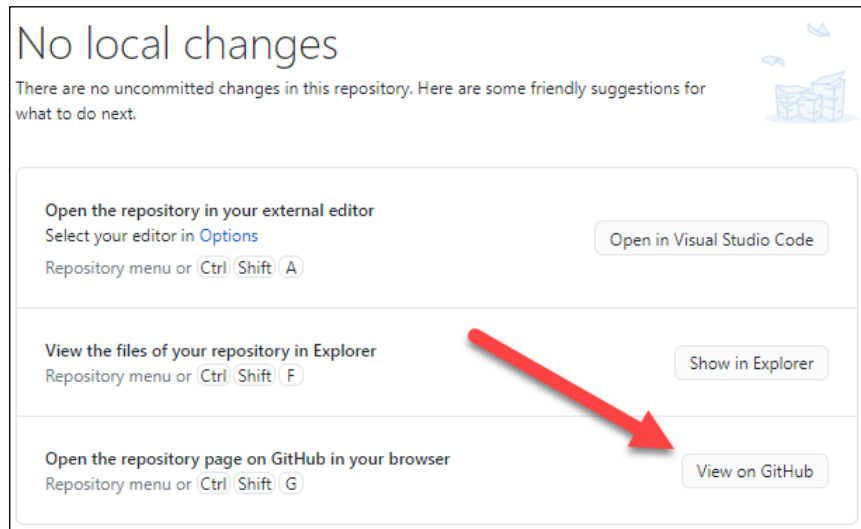
16. Click **Commit to Main**.

17. Before you commit --> Go to the **Repository** menu → **Pull**.

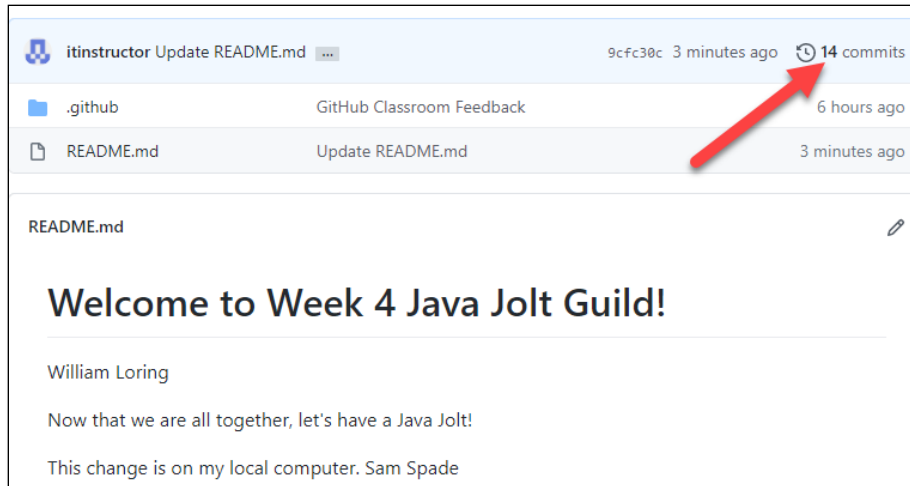
This synchronizes the origin with your local files to make sure there aren't any conflicts.



18. Click **Push origin**.



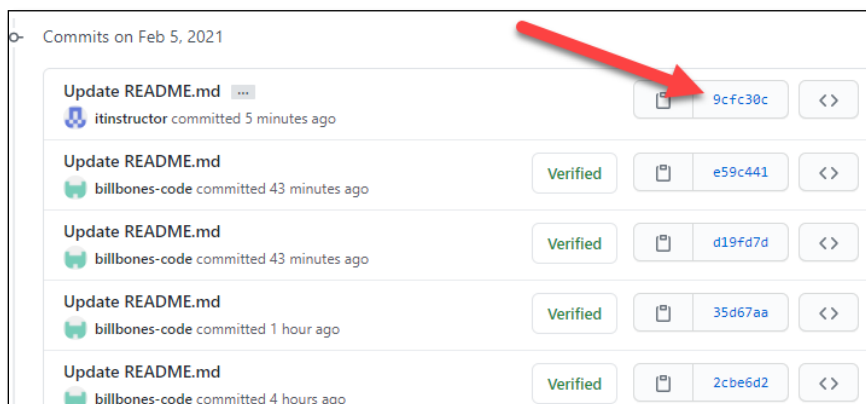
19. Click **View on GitHub**.



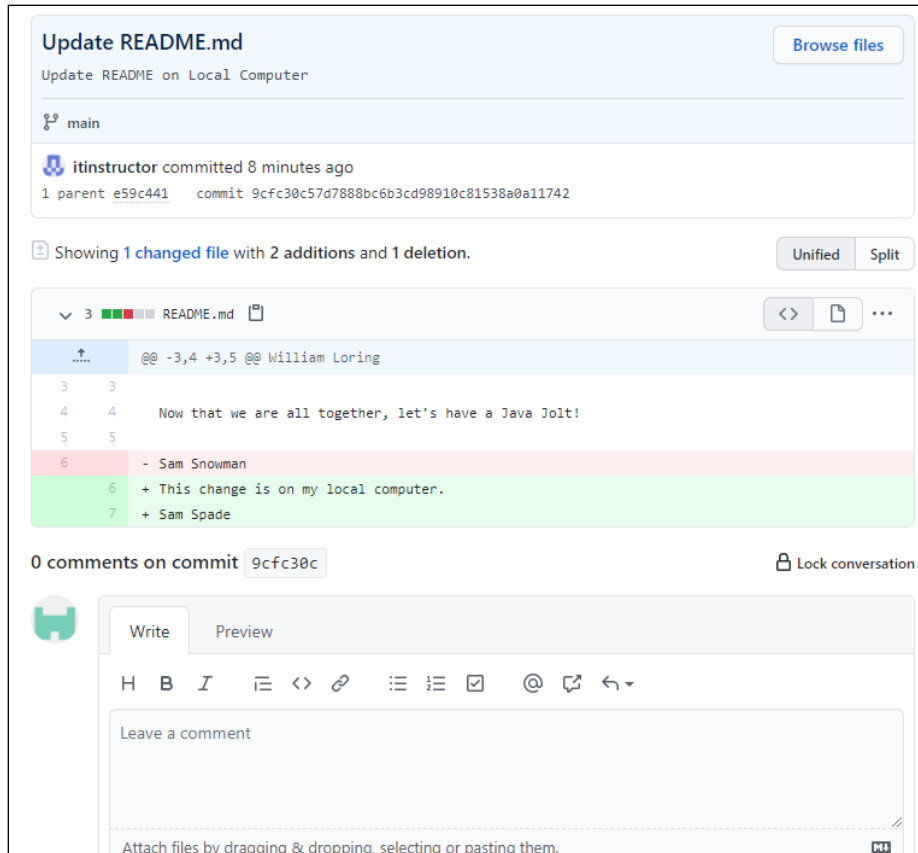
20. You should see your changes in GitHub.

21. You can also see how many Commits have been made to your repository.

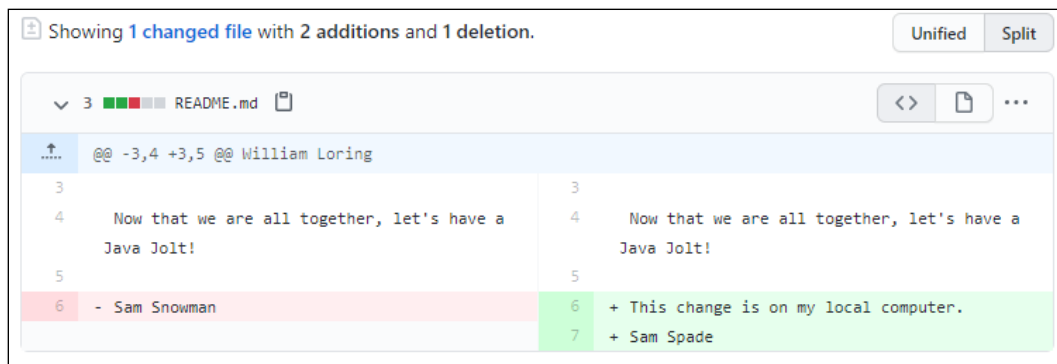
22. Click **commits**.



23. Click the numbers and letters in blue to see what happened with that commit.



24. Notice the detailed information shown. You can also write a comment on the commit.



25. Click the **Split** button. The code changes are side by side.

The Final Frontier: Shared Coding with Kat's Lemonade Stand

Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode.

2. Your Guild meets in real time.
3. Pseudocode.
4. Look at the program requirements.
5. Pseudocode.
6. All coding is done locally and committed to GitHub.

There are two major methods of coding for this project.

Synchronous

1. Everyone works on the pseudocode in real time.
2. One person is the driver, the rest are navigators.
3. The driver does the writing of the code.
4. The navigators provide input, look up resources.
5. Divide up the project into parts.
6. Create the basic files and shell of the program

Asynchronous

This is an example of dividing up the coding project.

1. One person declares the variables and input.
2. One person does the calculations.
3. One person does the display.
4. Complete the Project

Finalize Project

The Guild might meet in real time to finalize the project.

Requirements

- Comment each line of code as shown in the tutorials and other code examples.
- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.

Minimum Program Requirements

You've decided to open a lemonade stand. Grandma will provide the starting capital for the venture as well as a winning recipe for the lemonade.

The recipe requires lemons, sugar, water, and cups.

Let's build a program to purchase these ingredients. We won't do everything all at once, we will build it one milestone at a time.

- Grandma will give you \$50 of venture capital.
- Grandma will provide you with the recipe, water, table, chair, umbrella, and a pitcher for the lemonade.
- You must purchase lemons, sugar, and cups.
- You must make a sign and give your lemonade stand a name.

The program should:

- Use the title function any time you need to display a title.
- Allow you to purchase the needed supplies.

Your program doesn't have to look like the example runs. The results should be the same.

Assignment Requirements

- Create a folder for each week's work.
- Each week's folder will have a working version of the program.

There are two Python programs in your GitHub repository.

- **lemonade_stand.py** is a scaffolded program. That means that the outline of the program is already created.
- **utils.py** is imported into **lemonade_stand** and contains three functions: **title()**, **get_int()**, and **get_float()**. If you are not sure what these functions do and how to use them, please read the comments in the module.
- Create three functions.
Use the **get_int()** function from the **utils** module where indicated.
 - **get_lemon()**
 - **get_int()**

- print results
- **get_sugar()**
 - get_int()
 - print results
- **get_cup()**
 - get_int()
 - print results
- The main function will primarily call other functions to do the work.

Example run:

```
+-----+
| Kat's Lemonade Stand |
+-----+
Go to the store to purchase supplies.
Please enter number of lemons: 2
You purchased 2 lemons.
Please enter lbs of sugar: 2
You purchased 2 lbs of sugar.
Please enter number of cups: 2
You purchased 2 cups.
```

Coding Workflow with Github Desktop

1. In **GitHub Desktop** → **Fetch Origin**
2. Click **Open in Visual Studio Code**
3. Make changes to the code
4. Return to **GitHub Desktop**
5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
7. **Commit to Master**
8. **Push origin**

Assignment Submission

1. We are using the Agile development model. We want each week's product to be functional.

2. **Milestone Folder:** Create a Milestone folder for each week's successful iteration of your project. Milestone 8, Milestone 9, etc. That will give you a way to easily go back to a known working version if the next version has trouble.
3. **Guild GitHub Assignment:** The Guild pseudocode, KanBan board, and code is created in GitHub.
4. **Guild Team Submission in Blackboard:** The Guild leader submits a screenshot of their GitHub repository.
5. **Guild Individual Evaluation:** Each Guild member submits an Individual Guild Evaluation in Blackboard.

Week 11 Milestone: Kat's Lemonade Stand

100 points

Time Required: 90 minutes

Requirements

- Comment each line of code as shown in the tutorials and other code examples.
- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.

Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode first
2. Split up coding tasks
3. KanBan (Read GitHub KanBan Board attached to Week 9 assignment)
4. Code and communicate
5. Commit often
6. Test and submit

Coding Workflow with Github Desktop

1. **In GitHub Desktop → Fetch Origin**
2. Click **Open in Visual Studio Code**

3. Make changes to the code
4. Return to **GitHub Desktop**
5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
7. **Commit to Master**
8. **Push origin**

Minimum Program Requirements

Kat has become very skilled at buying the ingredients, making, and selling lemonade. She does have trouble keeping track of how much money she has left. She has asked if you could add that to her program.

- Grandma's initial investment is turned into working capital.
- Keep a running total to track how much working capital there is left after each purchase.
- Add a display function to display the total purchase.
 - Use the **utils.title()** function to title the display
 - Display each individual item cost, then the total purchase

Example run:

```
+-----+
| Kat's Lemonade Stand |
+-----+

Go to the store to purchase supplies.

Please enter number of lemons: 2
You purchased 2 lemons for $0.50
You have $49.50 left.

Please enter lbs of sugar: 2
You purchased 2 lbs of sugar for $4.00
You have $45.50 left.

Please enter number of cups: 2
You purchased 2 cups for $0.20
You have $45.30 left.

+-----+
| Total Purchase |
+-----+
Lemons: $0.50
Sugar: $4.00
Cups: $0.20
Total purchase: $4.70
Money remaining: $45.30
```

Assignment Submission

1. **Milestone Folder:** Create a Milestone folder for each week's successful iteration of your project. Milestone 8, Milestone 9, etc. That will give you a way to easily go back to a known working version if the next version has trouble.
2. **Guild GitHub Assignment:** The Guild pseudocode, KanBan board, and code is created in GitHub.
3. **Guild Team Submission in Blackboard:** The Guild leader submits a screenshot of their GitHub repository.
4. **Guild Individual Evaluation:** Each Guild member submits an Individual Guild Evaluation in Blackboard.

Week 12 Milestone: Kat's Lemonade Stand

100 points

Time Required: 90 minutes

Requirements

- Comment each line of code as shown in the tutorials and other code examples.
- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.

Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode first
2. Split up coding tasks
3. KanBan
4. Code and communicate
5. Commit often
6. Test and submit

Coding Workflow with Github Desktop

1. **In GitHub Desktop → Fetch Origin**
2. Click **Open in Visual Studio Code**
3. Make changes to the code
4. Return to **GitHub Desktop**
5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
7. **Commit to Master**
8. **Push origin**

Minimum Program Requirements

The profits are starting to roll in. Kat is making more trips to the store. Grandma insists that Kat use special triple filtered Springtime Mountain water for her lemonade. Kat can purchase this special water for \$1 per gallon.

Ingredient and costs from Two Sons Grocery LLC.

- Lemon: 0.25

- Water: 1.00
- Sugar: 2.00
- Cup: .01

Instead of using separate global constants, we will be putting all ingredient costs into a single dictionary.

- Create a costs dictionary to hold the names and prices of the ingredients.
 - The name will be the key, the price will be the value.
 - Key: 'Lemon' Value: .25
 - Use the costs dictionary to access the price for each ingredient used in all calculations.
 - `costs.get('Lemon')` will access the corresponding Lemon value: .25
- Create a display method that uses a loop to display the prices from the costs dictionary before you go shopping.
- Allow the user to choose whether keep purchasing ingredients or exit the program.
- Prevent buying more ingredients than you have money for.
 - Hint: Use a while True loop in each get function.
 - Create a **check_cost()** function that tests whether there is enough cash left and returns true or false.

Example run:


```

+-----+
| Kat's Lemonade Stand |
+-----+

Go to the store to purchase supplies.
+-----+
| Two Sons Grocery, LLC |
+-----+
Lemon: $0.25 Water: $1.00 Sugar: $2.00 Cup: $0.01

Please enter number of lemons: 50
You purchased 50 lemons for $12.50
You have $37.50 left.

Please enter gallons of water: 5
You purchased 5 gallons of water for $5.00
You have $32.50 left.

Please enter lbs of sugar: 10
You purchased 10 lbs of sugar for $20.00
You have $12.50 left.

Please enter number of cups: 2000
Oops... you ordered a quantity of 2000
This would cost $20.00
You only have $12.50

Please enter number of cups: 200
You purchased 200 cups for $2.00
You have $10.50 left.

Would you like to go to the store again? (y or n): n

+-----+
| Total Purchase |
+-----+
Lemons:  $12.50
Water:    $ 5.00
Sugar:    $20.00
Cups:     $ 2.00
Total:    $39.50
Cash:     $10.50

```

Assignment Submission

1. **Milestone Folder:** Create a Milestone folder for each week's successful iteration of your project. Milestone 8, Milestone 9, etc. That will give you a way to easily go back to a known working version if the next version has trouble.
2. **Guild GitHub Assignment:** The Guild pseudocode, KanBan board, and code is created in GitHub.
3. **Guild Team Submission in Blackboard:** The Guild leader submits a screenshot of their GitHub repository.

4. **Guild Individual Evaluation:** Each Guild member submits an Individual Guild Evaluation in Blackboard.

Week 13 Milestone: Kat's Lemonade Stand OOP

100 points

Time Required: 90 minutes

Requirements

- Comment each line of code as shown in the tutorials and other code examples.
- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.

Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode first
2. Split up coding tasks
3. KanBan
4. Code and communicate
5. Commit often
6. Test and submit

Coding Workflow with Github Desktop

1. **In GitHub Desktop → Fetch Origin**
2. Click **Open in Visual Studio Code**
3. Make changes to the code
4. Return to **GitHub Desktop**
5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
7. **Commit to Master**
8. **Push origin**

Program Requirements

Kat is rolling in the lemons. She is planning on franchising and taking her lemonade stand worldwide.

To do that, she would like to add some class to her program. Time for OOP (Object Oriented Programming). OOP will allow us to expand our program as much as we wish.

Uncle Vernon made a lemonade stand out of plywood. He also provided a pitcher, an old umbrella, a folding chair, and a straw hat with a flower on it.

Convert Functional to OOP

We are going to convert our functional program to an object-oriented program. This will be much like some tutorials and exercises we have done.

Data hiding and encapsulation. Everything to do with the entity/class (Lemonade Stand) is inside the entity/class.



1. Move all functions and variables inside the **LemonadeStand** class.
2. Global variables are not needed. All variables can be inside the **LemonadeStand** as object variables.
3. All object variables (Which includes lists and dictionaries) are referred to as **self._cash** or **self._costs**
self refers to the private class variables as they belong to the class. This is called encapsulation.
4. The **_** (single underscore) hides the class variables from other programs. This is called data hiding.
5. There can be local variables inside the class methods. They would not have the **_**, they would be named as we have in the past.

6. Use the inventory dictionary to accumulate the quantity of items purchased. A global variable is not needed. An object variable takes the place of a global variable. While the object is in memory, the object variables survive.
7. There is not a need for return statements. We can use object variables. The only method that will return a value is the check costs function which will return true or false.

Create an inventory dictionary.

- Lemon: 0
- Water: 0
- Sugar: 0
- Cup: 0

The inventory dictionary will hold the names and quantity of the ingredients.

- The name will be the key, the qty will be the value.
 - Key: 'Lemon' Value: 0
- Use the inventory dictionary to keep track of total purchases.
- The print inventory method would print the inventory using a loop as shown in Chapter 6.
- When you are ready to print the final costs, multiply the item qty in the inventory dictionary by the price in the cost dictionary.

Inventory OOP Program Example

OOP (Object Oriented Programming) cuts down on parameter passing. It makes for tidier code as our program gets more complex. You may want to divide your code into separate class files.

This is an example of how to use inventory, this is not the solution for the program. It is a starting point.

```

1  """
2      Name: inventory_oop.py
3      Author:
4      Created:
5      Purpose: Demonstration inventory program with a dictionary
6      Use CTRL-C to quit the program
7  """
8  import utils
9
10
11  class LemonadeStand:
12      def __init__(self, inventory):
13          """Initialize object with private class variables"""
14          self.inventory = inventory
15          # Display initial inventory
16          self.display_inventory()
17
18      # ----- GET LEMONS -----#
19      def get_lemons(self):
20          # Ask user for qty of lemons
21          self.qty_lemons = utils.get_int("How many lemons? ")
22
23          # Add qty_lemons purchased to current inventory
24          self.inventory["Lemon"] = self.qty_lemons + \
25              self.inventory.get("Lemon")
26
27          # Display purchase and inventory
28          self.display_purchase()
29
30      # -----DISPLAY PURCHASE -----#
31      def display_purchase(self):
32          # Display current inventory
33          self.display_inventory()
34          # Display current purchase
35          print(f"You purchased {self.qty_lemons} lemons")

```

```

37 # ----- DISPLAY INVENTORY -----#
38 def display_inventory(self):
39     # end="" remove the end of line character to
40     # print everything on one line
41     print("Inventory quantity: ", end="")
42     # For each item in the inventory dictionary
43     for item in self.inventory:
44         # Print the item (key) and the
45         # corresponding value self.inventory.get(item)
46         print(f"{item}: {self.inventory.get(item)} ", end="")
47     # Create extra lines between runs
48     print()
49     print()
50
51
52 def main():
53     # Inventory as dictionary
54     inventory = {"Lemon": 0, "Water": 0, "Sugar": 0, "Cup": 0}
55
56     # Create lemonade_stand object
57     lemonade_stand = LemonadeStand(inventory)
58     while True:
59         lemonade_stand.get_lemons()
60
61
62 # Call main function
63 if __name__ == "__main__":
64     main()

```

Example run:

```

Inventory quantity: Lemon: 0 Water: 0 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0

How many lemons? 2
Inventory quantity: Lemon: 2 Water: 0 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0

You purchased 2 lemons
How many lemons? 5
Inventory quantity: Lemon: 7 Water: 0 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0

You purchased 5 lemons
How many lemons? █

```

Main Function

Your main program could look something like this. All the work is done in the Lemonade class.

```
1  """
2      Name: lemonade_stand_app.py
3      Author:
4      Created:
5      Purpose: Part 4 OOP
6  """
7
8  # Import utility functions: title, get_int, and get_float
9  import utils
10
11  import utils
12  import lemonade_stand
13
14
15  def main():
16      # Grandma is investing $50 in your lemonade stand
17      GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT = 50.00
18
19      # Cost of ingredients as dictionary
20      costs = {'Lemon': 0.25, 'Water': 1.0, 'Sugar': 2.0, 'Cup': .01}
21
22      # Inventory as dictionary
23      inventory = {'Lemon': 0, 'Water': 0, 'Sugar': 0, 'Cup': 0}
24
25      # Print title of program
26      print(utils.title("Kat's Lemonade Stand"))
27
28      # Create a lemonade stand
29      my_stand = lemonade_stand.LemonadeStand(
30          GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT,
31          costs,
32          inventory
33      )
34
35      # purchase ingredients
36      my_stand.purchase_ingredients()
37
38
39  # Start main class
40  if __name__ == "__main__":
41      main()
```

Lemonade Class Pseudocode

The pseudocode shown is not complete, it is provided to give you a starting place.

```
# Import utility functions: title, get_int, and get_float
import utils

class LemonadeStand:
    def __init__(self, starting_capital, costs, inventory):
        """Initialize object with private class variables"""
        self._cash = starting_capital
        self._costs = costs # Costs dictionary
        self._inventory = inventory # Inventory dictionary
        self._current_purchase = 0

    def purchase_ingredients(self):
        """Purchase all ingredients"""
        self.display_costs()
        purchase_again = "y"
        while purchase_again == "y":
            self.get_lemon()
            self.get_water()
            self.get_sugar()
            self.get_cup()
            self.display_purchase()
            purchase_again = input(
                '\nWould you like to go to the store again? (y or n): ')

# Get the 4 ingredients using the get functions

def get_lemon(self):
    """Get and display the number of lemons from user"""
    # Get number of lemons from user
    lemon_qty = utils.get_int("Lemons")
    # Calculate lemon cost
    lemon_cost = (lemon_qty * self.costs["Lemon"])

    # If lemon cost is less than cash on hand, make the purchase

    # If lemon cost is more than cash on hand, do not make the purchase

    # Update the current purchase variable

    # Display the current inventory
```

```
def get_water(self):  
    pass  
  
def get_sugar(self):  
    pass  
  
def get_cup(self):  
    pass  
  
def display_purchase(self):  
    pass
```

Current Milestone Current Run

```
+-----+
| Kat's Lemonade Stand |
+-----+

Two Sons Grocery Co. Price List
-----
ITEM      COST
-----
Lemon     $ 0.25
Water     $ 1.00
Sugar     $ 2.00
Cup       $ 0.01

Please enter the quantity of Lemons you would like to purchase: 6
You purchased 6 lemons for $1.50
You have $48.50 left.
Inventory quantity: Lemon: 6 Water: 0 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0

Please enter the quantity of Water you would like to purchase: 25
You purchased 25 gallons of water for $25.00
You have $23.50 left.
Inventory quantity: Lemon: 6 Water: 25 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0

Please enter the quantity of Sugar you would like to purchase: 25
Oops... you ordered a quantity of 25
This would cost $50.00
You only have $23.50
Inventory quantity: Lemon: 6 Water: 25 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0

Please enter the quantity of Cups you would like to purchase: 100
You purchased 100 cups for $1.00
You have $22.50 left.
Inventory quantity: Lemon: 6 Water: 25 Sugar: 0 Cup: 100
+-----+
| Total Purchase |
+-----+
Lemons:  $  1.50
Water:    $ 25.00
Sugar:    $  0.00
Cups:     $  1.00
Total:    $ 27.50
Cash:     $ 22.50

Would you like to go to the store again? (y or n): █
```

Assignment Submission

1. **Milestone Folder:** Create a Milestone folder for each week's successful iteration of your project. Milestone 8, Milestone 9, etc. That will give you a way to easily go back to a known working version if the next version has trouble.
2. **Guild GitHub Assignment:** The Guild pseudocode, KanBan board, and code is created in GitHub.
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4. **Guild Individual Evaluation:** Each Guild member submits an Individual Guild Evaluation in Blackboard.

Week 14 Milestone: Kat's Lemonade Stand Make Lemonade

100 points

Time Required: 90 minutes

Requirements

- Comment each line of code as shown in the tutorials and other code examples.
- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.
- Please read all the directions before beginning the assignment.

Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode first
2. Split up coding tasks
3. KanBan
4. Code and communicate
5. Commit often
6. Test and submit

Coding Workflow with Github Desktop

1. In **GitHub Desktop** → **Fetch Origin**
2. Click **Open in Visual Studio Code**
3. Make changes to the code
4. Return to **GitHub Desktop**
5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
7. **Commit to Master**
8. **Push origin**

Minimum Program Requirements

- Implement and test the program one part at a time.
- Don't commit a program doesn't compile.

Recipe

To make lemonade, we need a recipe. Grandma says that 1 cup of lemon juice, 4 cups of water, and .5 cup of sugar make 5 servings of Lemonade.

You will need 4 lemons for 1 cup of juice, there are 16 cups in a gallon and 2 cups in a pound.

You will need a dictionary for the recipe.

```
# Constant for how many servings per batch of lemonade  
SERV_PER_BATCH = 5
```

- lemon: 4
- water: 0.25
- sugar: 0.5
- cup: SERV_PER_BATCH

Inventory

Add Lemonade to our dictionary to track how many servings of Lemonade we can make.

Your main method will look something like this.

```
1  """
2      Name: lemonade_app.py
3      Author:
4      Created:
5      Purpose: Part 5 make lemonade
6  """
7  # Import utility functions: title, get_int, and get_double
8  import utils
9  import lemonade_stand
10
11
12  def main():
13      # Grandma is investing $50 in your lemonade stand
14      GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT = 50.00
15
16      # Constant for how many servings per batch of lemonade
17      SERVINGS_PER_BATCH = 5
18
19      # Cost of ingredients as dictionary
20      COSTS = {"Lemon": 0.25, "Water": 1.0, "Sugar": 2.0, "Cup": .01}
21
22      # Recipe for 1 batch of lemonade as a dictionary
23      RECIPE = {
24          "Lemon": 4, "Water": 0.25, "Sugar": 0.5, "Cup": SERVINGS_PER_BATCH
25      }
26
27      # Ingredient inventory as a dictionary
28      inventory = {
29          "Lemon": 0, "Water": 0, "Sugar": 0, "Cup": 0, "Lemonade": 0
30      }
```

```

27     # Ingredient inventory as a dictionary
28     inventory = {
29         "Lemon": 0, "Water": 0, "Sugar": 0, "Cup": 0, "Lemonade": 0
30     }
31
32     # Print title of program
33     print(utils.title("Kat's Lemonade Stand"))
34
35     # Create a lemonade stand
36     my_stand = lemonade_stand.LemonadeStand(
37         GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT,
38         RECIPE,
39         SERVINGS_PER_BATCH,
40         COSTS,
41         inventory
42     )
43
44     # Purchase ingredients
45     my_stand.purchase_ingredients()
46
47     # Make some Lemonade!
48     my_stand.make_lemonade()
49
50
51     # Start program
52     if __name__ == "__main__":
53         main()

```

Pseudocode

The pseudocode shown is not complete, it is provided to give you a starting place.

```

class LemonadeStand:
    def __init__(
        self,
        GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT,
        RECIPE,
        SERVINGS_PER_BATCH,
        COSTS,
        inventory
    ):
        """Initialize object with private class variables"""
        self._cash = GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT

```

```

self._RECIPE = RECIPE
self._SERVINGS_PER_BATCH = SERV_PER_BATCH
self._COSTS = COSTS
self._inventory = inventory
# Track the amount of the current purchase from the store
self._current_purchase = 0

# New functions
def calculate_servings(self):
    # Store the number of servings per ingredient in a list
    serving_count = []
    Use a for loop to go through the recipe by ingredient
    # Calculate number of servings per ingredient
    # // is the modulus operator which returns a whole number
    # We don't want fractions of ingredients
    self.servings = self._inventory[ingredient] // self._recipe[ingredient]

    # Store the number of serving per ingredient in the serving_count list
    serving_count.append(servings)

    # Multiply serving_count by servings per batch
    # min returns the lowest value in the list
    self.servings = min(serving_count) * self.SERV_PER_BATCH

def make_lemonade(self)
    """Make lemonade with current ingredients"""
    # How many servings of lemonade we can make
    self.calculate_servings()

    # calculate how many batches of lemonade we can make

    # Display starting inventory
    # loop through recipe by ingredient
    inventory -= recipe * batches
    # Add lemonade servings to inventory
    # Display starting inventory

```

Example Run

```
+-----+
| Kat's Lemonade Stand |
+-----+
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Costs: Lemon: 0.25 Water: 1.0 Sugar: 2.0 Cup: 0.01

Please enter the quantity of lemons you would like to purchase: 17
You purchased 17 lemons for $4.25
You have $45.75 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 17 Water: 0 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0 Lemonade: 0

Please enter the quantity of water you would like to purchase: 2
You purchased 2 water for $2.00
You have $43.75 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 17 Water: 2 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0 Lemonade: 0

Please enter the quantity of sugar you would like to purchase: 3
You purchased 3 lbs of sugar for $6.00
You have $37.75 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 17 Water: 2 Sugar: 3 Cup: 0 Lemonade: 0

Please enter the quantity of cups you would like to purchase: 52
You purchased 52 cups for $0.52
You have $37.23 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 17 Water: 2 Sugar: 3 Cup: 52 Lemonade: 0

Would you like to go to the store again? (y or n): n
+-----+
| Total Purchase |
+-----+
Lemons: $ 4.25
Water: $ 2.00
Sugar: $ 6.00
Cups: $ 0.52
Total: $ 12.77
Cash: $ 37.23

Let's make some lemonade!

Starting inventory:
Inventory: Lemon: 17 Water: 2 Sugar: 3 Cup: 52 Lemonade: 0
Final inventory:
Inventory: Lemon: 1.0 Water: 1.0 Sugar: 1.0 Cup: 32.0 Lemonade: 20
```

Assignment Submission

1. **Milestone Folder:** Create a Milestone folder for each week's successful iteration of your project. Milestone 8, Milestone 9, etc. That will give you a way to easily go back to a known working version if the next version has trouble.
2. **Guild GitHub Assignment:** The Guild pseudocode, KanBan board, and code is created in GitHub.
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Week 15 Milestone: Kat's Lemonade Stand Sell Lemonade

100 points

Time Required: 90 minutes

Please read all the directions before beginning the assignment.

Requirements

- Comment each line of code as shown in the tutorials and other code examples.
- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.

Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode first
2. Split up coding tasks
3. KanBan
4. Code and communicate
5. Commit often
6. Test and submit

Coding Workflow with Github Desktop

1. **In GitHub Desktop → Fetch Origin**
2. Click **Open in Visual Studio Code**
3. Make changes to the code
4. Return to **GitHub Desktop**
5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
7. **Commit to Master**
8. **Push origin**

Minimum Program Requirements

Start planning the scope and how to deliver your final application. it can be a console or GUI based.

The program does not have to be complete at this point. Add and test features as you go. Determine your own milestones of function and completeness. When you turn in the Guild assignment, the program should be functional at that milestone (sprint).

It's time to open the lemonade stand and sell some lemonade.

We've hired a lemonade stand consultant to commission a study of the local beverage market.

He advised us that the optimal price point for our lemonade is \$1.00 and billed us \$20 for his services.

We want to add some more methods.

- Open Stand
- Make Sale
 - You may have multiple customers
- Close Stand
 - End of day profit and loss report

Your main function may look something like this.

```

238 def main():
239     # Grandma is investing $50 in your lemonade stand
240     GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT = 50.00
241
242     # Constant for how many servings per batch of lemonade
243     SERV_PER_BATCH = 5
244
245     # Cost of ingredients as dictionary
246     COSTS = {'Lemon': 0.25, 'Water': 1.0, 'Sugar': 2.0, 'Cup': .01}
247
248     # Recipe for 1 batch of lemonade
249     RECIPE = {'Lemon': 4, 'Water': 0.25, 'Sugar': 0.5, 'Cup': SERV_PER_BATCH}
250
251     # Inventory as dictionary
252     inventory = {'Lemon': 0, 'Water': 0, 'Sugar': 0, 'Cup': 0, 'Lemonade': 0}
253
254     # Print title of program
255     print(utils.title("Kat's Lemonade Stand"))
256
257     # Create a lemonade stand
258     my_stand = LemonadeStand(
259         GRANDMAS_INVESTMENT,
260         RECIPE,
261         SERV_PER_BATCH,
262         COSTS,
263         inventory
264     )
265
266     # Set price and pay the consultant
267     my_stand.set_price(1)
268     my_stand.pay_bill(20)
269
270     # Purchase ingredients
271     my_stand.purchase_ingredients()
272
273     # Make Lemonade time!
274     my_stand.make_lemonade()
275
276     # Sell lemonade to customers
277     my_stand.open_stand()
278
279     # Go into the house to count our profiles with Grandma
280     # Create Profit and Loss report
281     my_stand.close_stand()
282
283
284 # Start main class
285 if __name__ == "__main__":
286     main()

```

Final Twist

Did you know that this program is going to be a game?

- We want a random number of customers from 1 – 10.
- If we get 0 customers, we go bankrupt.

Pseudocode

The pseudocode shown is not complete, it is provided to give you a starting place.

```
class LemonadeStand:
    def __init__(self, starting_capital, RECIPE, SERV_PER_BATCH, COSTS,
inventory):
        ''' Initialize object with private class variables '''
        self._cash = starting_capital
        self._RECIPE = RECIPE
        self._SERV_PER_BATCH = SERV_PER_BATCH
        self._COSTS = COSTS
        self._inventory = inventory
        self._current_purchase = 0
        self._price = 0
        self._expenses = 0
        self._revenue = 0
        self._customer_count = 0

        # New functions
        def open_stand(self):

        # You may have multiple customers
        def customer_sale(self):

        # Count our money
        def close_stand(self):
```

Possible example run (This is not complete):

```

+-----+
| Kat's Lemonade Stand |
+-----+
New Price Set: $1.00 per cup of Lemonade
You've paid a bill in the amount $20.00 and have $30.00 remaining

Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Costs: Lemon: 0.25 Water: 1.0 Sugar: 2.0 Cup: 0.01

Please enter the quantity of lemons you would like to purchase: 16
You purchased 16 lemons for $4.00
You have $26.00 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 16 Water: 0 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0 Lemonade: 0

Please enter the quantity of water you would like to purchase: 1
You purchased 1 water for $1.00
You have $25.00 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 16 Water: 1 Sugar: 0 Cup: 0 Lemonade: 0

Please enter the quantity of sugar you would like to purchase: 2
You purchased 2 lbs of sugar for $4.00
You have $21.00 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 16 Water: 1 Sugar: 2 Cup: 0 Lemonade: 0

Please enter the quantity of cups you would like to purchase: 20
You purchased 20 cups for $0.20
You have $20.80 left.
Recipe: Lemon: 4 Water: 0.25 Sugar: 0.5 Cup: 5
Inventory: Lemon: 16 Water: 1 Sugar: 2 Cup: 20 Lemonade: 0

Would you like to go to the store again? (y or n): n
+-----+
| Total Purchase |
+-----+
Lemons: $ 4.00
Water: $ 1.00
Sugar: $ 4.00
Cups: $ 0.20
Total: $ 9.20
Cash: $ 20.80

Let's make some lemonade!

Starting inventory:
Inventory: Lemon: 16 Water: 1 Sugar: 2 Cup: 20 Lemonade: 0
Final inventory:
Inventory: Lemon: 0.0 Water: 0.0 Sugar: 0.0 Cup: 0.0 Lemonade: 20
+-----+
| Open for business. |
+-----+
You sold 3 cups of lemonade for $3
+-----+
| Closed |
+-----+
You sold 3 servings of lemonade, you have $23.80 cash.

```

Assignment Submission

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Week 16 Milestone: Kat's Lemonade Stand

100 points

Time Required: 90 minutes

Requirements

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- Follow all directions carefully and accurately.
- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.
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Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode first
2. Split up coding tasks
3. KanBan
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5. Commit often
6. Test and submit

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5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
7. **Commit to Master**
8. **Push origin**

Minimum Program Requirements

Time for a bit of interactivity. Let's create a menu system for our program.

The menu can be in the main function and call object methods. When the menu item is complete, return to the main menu.

Create a **display_menu()** method.

Here is a list of possible menu items.

1. Purchase Ingredients
2. Open Lemonade Stand
3. Make Lemonade
4. Sell Lemonade
5. Close Lemonade Stand

Assignment Submission

1. **Guild GitHub Assignment:** The Guild pseudocode, KanBan board, and code is created in GitHub.
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Finals Week: Kat's Lemonade Stand

200 points

Time Required: 120 minutes

Requirements

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- Think of the directions as minimum requirements.
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Shared Coding Process

1. Pseudocode first
2. Split up coding tasks
3. KanBan
4. Code and communicate
5. Commit often
6. Test and submit

Coding Workflow with Github Desktop

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5. Type in a summary of your changes.
6. **Fetch origin** again.
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8. **Push origin**

Minimum Program Requirements

Time to finish up our program.

We want a menu system of some type to allow the user to choose what they want to do.

This is a simple example.

```
+-----+
| Welcome to Kat's Lemonade Stand |
+-----+
1. Purchase Ingredients
2. Make Lemonade
3. Open Stand
4. Close Stand
Menu Choice:
```

Add 3 new features to the Lemonade Stand. These should be object methods, functions, or integrate with an existing object method. We want modular code.

Here are some ideas to get you started thinking. You can also come up with your own ideas.

- Random events that affect your cash/profit.
 - The fire inspector visits and gives you a fine for not having a fire extinguisher.
 - A relative gives you money to help with your cash flow.
- Grandma just had surgery. She is recovering well. She will need a new wheelchair at the end of summer. She will need her \$50 back. You get a loan from the bank and must pay it off. The payment occurs each time you open the Lemonade Stand.
- Incorporate a Yelp rating to help determine how many customers per hour stop by.

Assignment Submission

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GitHub Student Developer Pack (Optional)

This is an optional step you can take if you wish to take advantage of more GitHub resources.

If you have an account without an edu email address, you can add your wncc.edu email address to your account. That will give you the best chance to be approved for the GitHub student developer pack.

Add WNCC edu email address to Existing GitHub Account

1. Go to the account icon in the upper right side. Click **Settings**.
2. Click **Emails**.
3. **Add email address:** Add your WNCC edu email address.
4. Confirm your email address.

Apply for the Student Developer Pack

1. Go to: [Get your pack](#)
2. There will be a list of the benefits, including access to the professional features of GitHub and other offers.
3. Click **Get your pack**.
4. Your WNCC edu email address should be in the list: **What e-mail address do you use for school?**
5. Follow the directions.

The GitHub student developer pack is one of the best resources to start as a developer. A student can apply for the GitHub Student Developer Pack. It offers benefits from GitHub partners. It also provides free access for the GitHub pro account as well as 20 developer's tools and courses.

Eligibility for GitHub Student developer pack

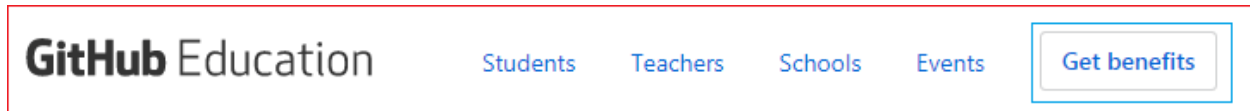
Following are some eligibility criteria to apply for the GitHub student developer:

- You must have a GitHub account.
- You are currently enrolled in a degree or diploma-granting courses like high school, secondary school, university, college, homeschool, or any other educational institution.

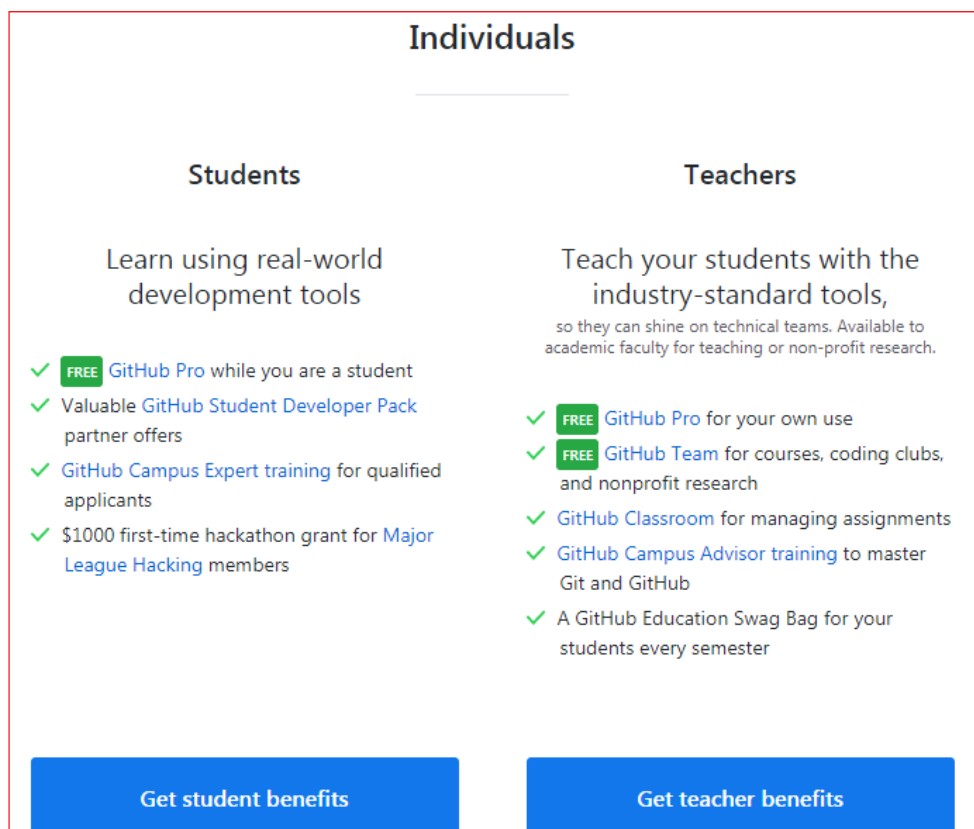
- You must have a school or college issued valid email address or any document that can prove your student data.
- You must be 13 years of age or older.

How to apply for the GitHub Student Developer pack?

Step1: Visit [GitHub Education](#) and click in the top right option **Get Benefit**.



Step2: Under getting benefit option, describe yourself whether you are a student or faculty.



Step3: Add your academic email address. You will next be prompted for academic proof.

Step4: Upload academic proof. You can capture an image from your device in place of uploading it.

Place your valid academic ID or any other proof of current academic status in the frame, then click Take photo.

Step5: Enter your details like your name and fill the description of what's your plan for using GitHub.

Step6: Verify application details, then click on Submit option.

If your application is approved, you will be notified by a confirmation email. It will be processed within a few days.