1. Program to interface led using bit addressing

```
#include<reg51.h>
                                      //include at89c51 microcontoller header file
void delay_ms(unsigned int);
sbit led=P0^0;
                                       //connect p0.0 to led
void main(void) {
       while(1) {
                                      //infinite loop
               led=0;
                                      //led off
                                       //delay 500 milli seconds
               delay_ms(500);
                led=1:
                                      //led on
               delay_ms(500);
                                       //delay 500 milli seconds
       }
}
//generates delay in milli seconds
void delay_ms(unsigned int i) {
        unsigned int j;
        while(i-->0) {
               for(j=0;j<500;j++)
               {
               }
       }
}
```

2. Program to interface leds using byte addressing

```
#include<reg51.h>
                               //include at89c51 microcontoller header file
#define led P0
                              //connect lower nibble of p0 to leds
void delay_ms(unsigned int);
void main(void) {
    while(1) {
                              //infinite loop
        led=0x0c;
                              //led3 & led4 are on
        delay_ms(400);
                              //delay 400 milli seconds
        led=0x03;
                              //led1 & led2 are on
        delay_ms(400);
                              //delay 400 milli seconds
     }
}
//generates delay in milli seconds
void delay_ms(unsigned int i) {
       unsigned int j;
       while(i-->0) {
               for(j=0;j<500;j++)
               {
               }
       }
}
```

3. Program to interface led & Switch using bit addressing

```
#include<reg51.h>
                                              //include at89c51 microcontoller header file
sbit led=P0^0;
                                             //connect P0.0 to led
sbit sw=P2^0;
                                              //connect P2.0 to switch
void delay_ms(unsigned int);
void main(void) {
       while(1) {
                                             //infinite loop
               if(sw==0) {
                                             //check if switch is pressed
                                             // toggle led
                      led= ~led:
                      delay_ms(200);
                                             //delay 200 milli seconds
       }
       }
//generates delay in milli seconds
void delay_ms(unsigned int i)
unsigned int j;
       while(i-->0)
       {
               for(j=0;j<500;j++)
               }
       }
}
```

4. Program to interface Buzzer using byte addressing

```
#include<reg51.h>
                              //include at89c51 microcontoller header file
#define buzzer P0
                             //connect lower nibble of p0 to leds
void delay_ms(unsigned int);
void main(void) {
       while(1) /{
              buzzer=0x2F;
                                //Buzzer & led are ON
              delay_ms(200); //delay 200 milli seconds
               buzzer=0x00;
                                 //Buzzer OFF
              delay_ms(400); //delay 400 milli seconds
       }
void delay_ms(unsigned int i) {
       unsigned int j;
       while(i-->0){
              for(j=0;j<500;j++)
              {
              }
       }
}
```

5. To interface relay

```
#include<reg51.h>
#define relay P0
void delay_ms(unsigned int);
void main(void) {
  while(1) {
    relay=0x16;
                             // Relay ON, LED 2 & LED 3 ON
    delay_ms(500);
    relay=0x09;
                            // Relay OFF, LED 1 & LED 4 ON
    delay_ms(500);
  }
}
void delay_ms(unsigned int i) {
  unsigned int j;
  while(i-->0){
    for(j=0;j<500;j++){
    }
  }
}
```

6. DC Motor

```
#include<reg51.h>
sbit mtr_1 =P2^0;
sbit mtr_2 =P2^1;
sbit pwm_control =P2^3;
sbit key2_REV = P2^4;
sbit key1_FRW = P2^5;
sbit speed_dec = P2^6;
sbit speed_inc = P2^7;

void main(void)
{
    unsigned int count,value=500;
    while(1)
    {
        if(key1_FRW == 0)
```

```
{
    mtr_1 =0;
    mtr_2 =1;
// pwm_control = 1;
 if(key2_REV == 0)
{
    mtr 1 = 1;
    mtr_2 =0;
// pwm_control = 1;
 }
 if(speed_dec ==0 )
 {
    value -= 1;
    if(value <= 15)</pre>
    {
        value = 16;
    }
 }
 if(speed_inc ==0 )
    value += 1;
    if(value >= 1000)
    {
        value = 999;
    }
```

```
pwm_control=1;
  for(count=0;count<= value ;count++);

pwm_control=0;
  for(count=0;count<= 500;count++);

}
while(1);
}</pre>
```

7. Stepper Motor

```
#include<reg51.h>
sbit sw=P0^0;
#define motor P
void delay_ms(unsigned int);
bit dir=0;
void main(void) {
    while(1) {
        do {
            if(dir==0) {
                motor=0x06;
                delay_ms(1);
                motor=0x0a;
                delay_ms(1);
                motor=0x09;
                 delay_ms(1);
```

```
motor=0x05;
                 delay_ms(1);
             }
             else if(dir==1){
                 motor = 0 \times 05;
                 delay_ms(1);
                 motor=0x09;
                 delay_ms(1);
                 motor=0x0a;
                 delay_ms(1);
                 motor=0x06;
                 delay_ms(1);
             }
        while(sw==1);
        delay_ms(200);
        dir=~dir;
    }
void delay_ms(unsigned int i) {
    unsigned int j;
    while(i-->0){
        for(j=0;j<500;j++){
        }
    }
```

8. Seven Segment Display

```
#include<reg51.h>
#define sevensegment data P1
sbit DISP1 se1=P0^3;
sbit DISP2 se1=P0^2;
sbit DISP3 se1=P0^1;
sbit DISP4 se1=P0^0;
sbit lcd back light=P0^7;
void delay ms(unsigned int);
void main(void) {
    unsigned char count0=0, count1=0, count2=0, count3=0, count4=0,
count5=0, count6=0;
    unsigned
bcd code[]=\{0x3F,0x06,0x05,0x4f,0x66,0x6d,0x7d,0x07,0x7f,0x6f\};
    do {
        do {
            do {
                do {
                     do {
                         DISP1 se1=0;
                         sevensegment data=bcd code[count1];
                         delay ms(2);
                         DISP1 se1=1;
                         DISP2 se1=0;
                         sevensegment data=bcd code[count2];
                         delay ms(2);
                         DISP2 se1=1;
                         DISP3 se1=0;
                         sevensegment data=bcd code[count3];
                         delay ms(2);
                         DISP3 se1=1;
                         DISP4 se1=0;
```

```
sevensegment_data=bcd_code[count4];
                           delay_ms(2);
                           DISP4 se1=1;
                           count0+=1;
                      while(count0<=25);</pre>
                       count0=0;
                       count1+=1;
                  while(count1<=9);</pre>
                  count1=0;
                  count2+=1;
             while(count2<=9);</pre>
             count2=0;
             count3+=1;
         while(count3<=9);</pre>
         count3=0;
         count4+=1;
    while(count4<=9);</pre>
    count4=0;
    while(1);
void delay ms(unsigned int itime) {
    unsigned int i,j;
    for(i=0;i<itime;i++)</pre>
         for(j=0;j<100;j++) {
```

9. Interface LCD

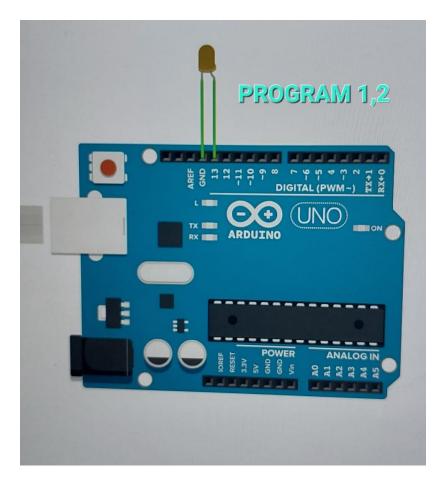
```
#include<reg51.h>
#define ldata P1
sbit rs=P0^4;
sbit rw=P0^5;
sbit en=P0<sup>6</sup>;
sbit back lite=P0^7;
void ms delay(unsigned int);
void lcdcmd(unsigned char);
void lcddata(unsigned char);
void lcdready();
void main(void) {
    unsigned char lcd_command[]=\{0x38,0x0e,0x01,0x06,0x83\};
    unsigned char lcd message[]="Hello";
    unsigned char lcd command1[]=\{0x38,0x0e,0x06,0xc0,0xc2\};
    unsigned char lcd message1[]="CBIT";
    unsigned char c,d;
    back lite=0;
    for(c=0;c<5;c++) {
        lcdcmd(lcd command[c]);
    for(d=0;d<5;d++) {
        lcddata(lcd message[d]);
        ms delay(30);
    back lite=1;
    for(c=0;c<5;c++) {
        lcdcmd(lcd_command1[c]);
    for(d=0;d<4;d++) {
        lcddata(lcd_message1[d]);
        ms delay(30);
```

```
while(1) {
void lcdcmd(unsigned char \nu) {
    ldata=v; // put the value on the pins
    rs=0;
    rw=0;
    en=1;
    ms_delay(1);
    en=0;
    return;
void lcddata(unsigned char \nu) {
    ldata=v; // put the value on the pins
    rs=1;
    rw=0;
    en=1;
    ms_delay(1);
    en=0;
    return;
void ms_delay(unsigned int time) {
    unsigned int i,j;
    for(i=0;i<time;i++){</pre>
        for(j=0;j<1000;j++);
```

```
#include<reg51.h>
#define sevensegment data P1
// Define BCD values for each letter
unsigned char bcd code[] = \{0x63, 0x79, 0x50, 0x06\}; // BCD values for
'C', 'O', 'L', 'D'
sbit DISP1 se1 = P0^3;
sbit DISP2 se1 = P0^2;
sbit DISP3 se1 = P0^1;
sbit DISP4 se1 = P0^0;
void delay ms(unsigned int);
void main(void){
    unsigned char count = 0;
    while(1){
        // Loop through each letter in "COLD"
            // Display the corresponding letter on each digit
            DISP1 se1 = 0;
            sevensegment data = bcd code[0];
            delay_ms(2);
            DISP1 se1 = 1;
            DISP2 se1 = 0;
            sevensegment data = bcd code[1]; // Cycle through the
letters
            delay_ms(2);
            DISP2 se1 = 1;
            DISP3_se1 = 0;
            sevensegment_data = bcd_code[2]; // Cycle through the
letters
            delay ms(2);
            DISP3 se1 = 1;
            DISP4 se1 = 0;
            sevensegment_data = bcd_code[3]; // Cycle through the
letters
            delay_ms(2);
            DISP4_se1 = 1;
```

Q. Write a program and demonstrate interfacing the following with Raspberry Pi / Arduino.

a. Blinking an LED



```
int ledPin = 13;

void setup() {
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);

    Serial.println("LED ON");
    digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
    delay(1000);

    Serial.println("LED OFF");
    digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
    delay(1000);
}

void loop() {
    // Empty loop
}
```

b. Blinking an LED using loops

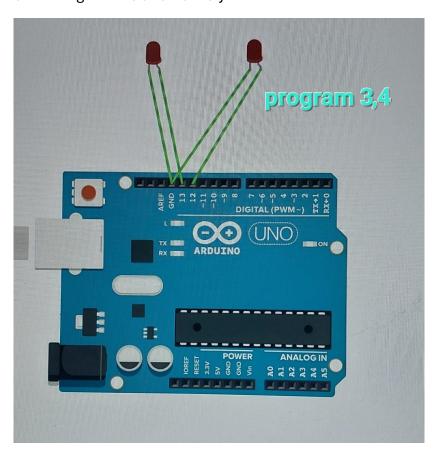


```
int ledPin = 13;
void setup() {
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop() {
    Serial.println("LED ON");
    digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
    delay(1000);

    Serial.println("LED OFF");
    digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
    delay(1000);
}
```

c. Blinking 2 LED's alternatively

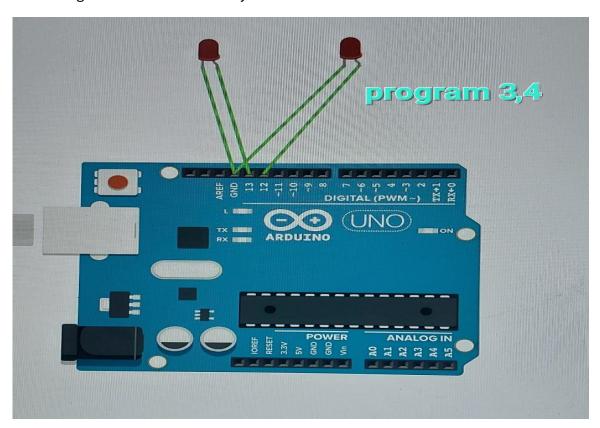


```
int ledPin1 = 13;
int ledPin2 = 12;
void setup() {
    pinMode(ledPin1, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(ledPin2, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop() {
    Serial.println("LED1 ON, LED2 OFF");
    digitalWrite(ledPin1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(ledPin2, LOW);
    delay(1000);

    Serial.println("LED1 OFF, LED2 ON");
    digitalWrite(ledPin1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(ledPin2, HIGH);
    delay(1000);
}
```

d. Blinking 2 LED's simultaneously

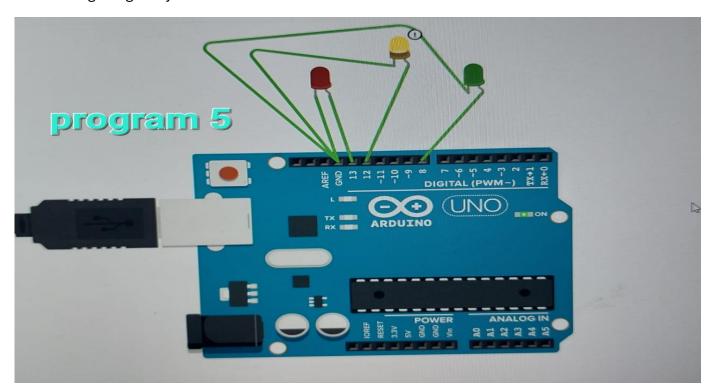


```
int ledPin1 = 13;
int ledPin2 = 12;
void setup() {
    pinMode(ledPin1, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(ledPin2, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop() {
    Serial.println("LED1 ON, LED2 ON");
    digitalWrite(ledPin1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(ledPin2, HIGH);
    delay(1000);

    Serial.println("LED1 OFF, LED2 OFF");
    digitalWrite(ledPin1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(ledPin2, LOW);
    digitalWrite(ledPin2, LOW);
    delay(1000);
}
```

e. Traffic Light Signal system



```
int ledPin1 = 13;
int ledPin2 = 12;
int ledPin3 = 8;
void setup() {
    pinMode(ledPin1, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(ledPin2, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(ledPin3, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
void loop() {
    Serial.println("Red");
    digitalWrite(ledPin1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(ledPin2, LOW);
    digitalWrite(ledPin3, LOW);
    delay(5000);
    Serial.println("Yellow");
    digitalWrite(ledPin1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(ledPin2, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(ledPin3, LOW);
    delay(5000);
```

```
Serial.println("Green");
  digitalWrite(ledPin1, LOW);
  digitalWrite(ledPin2, LOW);
  digitalWrite(ledPin3, HIGH);
  delay(5000);
}
```

f. Buzzer with and without switch



```
int buzzerPin = 8;

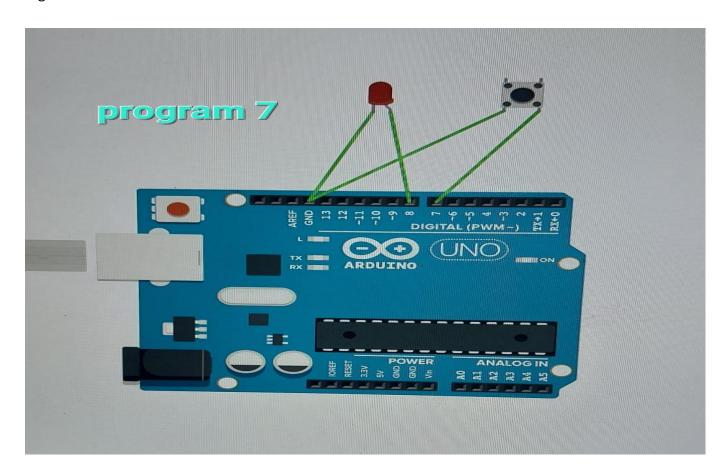
void setup() {
    pinMode(buzzerPin, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop() {
```

```
Serial.println("Buzzer ON");
digitalWrite(buzzerPin, HIGH);
delay(1000);

Serial.println("Buzzer OFF");
digitalWrite(buzzerPin, LOW);
delay(1000);
}
```

g. LED with Switch

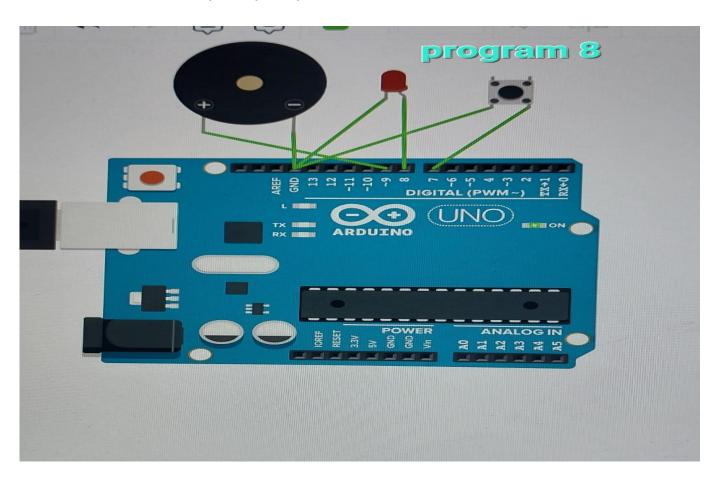


```
int ledPin = 8;
int switchPin = 7;
int switchState = 0;

void setup() {
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(switchPin, INPUT_PULLUP);
    Serial.begin(9600);
}
```

```
void loop() {
    switchState = digitalRead(switchPin);
    if (switchState == LOW) {
        Serial.println("LED ON");
        digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
    }
    else {
        Serial.println("LED OFF");
        digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
    }
    delay(100);
}
```

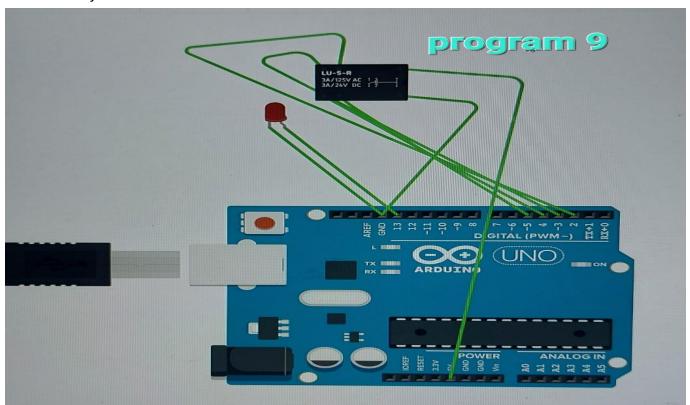
h. LED & Buzzer with Switch (Alert system)



```
int ledPin = 8;
int buzzerPin = 9;
int switchPin = 7;
int switchState = 0;
```

```
void setup() {
   pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
   pinMode(buzzerPin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(switchPin, INPUT_PULLUP);
   Serial.begin(9600);
void loop() {
    switchState = digitalRead(switchPin);
   if (switchState == LOW) {
        Serial.println("LED and Buzzer ON");
       digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
       digitalWrite(buzzerPin, HIGH);
   else {
        Serial.println("LED and Buzzer OFF");
       digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
       digitalWrite(buzzerPin, LOW);
    delay(100);
```

i. Relays



```
int relayPin1 = 2;
int relayPin2 = 3;
int relayPin3 = 4;
int relayPin4 = 5;
int ledpin = 13;
void setup() {
    pinMode(relayPin1, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(relayPin2, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(relayPin3, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(relayPin4, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(ledpin,OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
void loop() {
    Serial.println("on");
    digitalWrite(ledpin, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(relayPin1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(relayPin2, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(relayPin3, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(relayPin4, HIGH);
```

```
delay(2000);

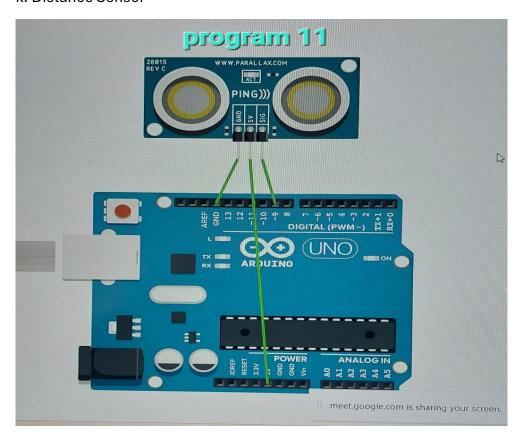
Serial.println("off");
digitalWrite(ledpin, LOW);
digitalWrite(relayPin1, LOW);
digitalWrite(relayPin2, LOW);
digitalWrite(relayPin3, LOW);
digitalWrite(relayPin4, LOW);
delay(2000);
}
```

j. DHT Sensor (python)

```
# Temperature & Humidity Detection _ DHT Sensor

import sys
import Adafruit_DHT
import time
while True:
    humidity,temperature=Adafruuit_DHT.read_retry(11,4)
print("Temperature:",temperature)
print("Humidity",humidity)
time.sleep(0)
```

k. Distance Sensor

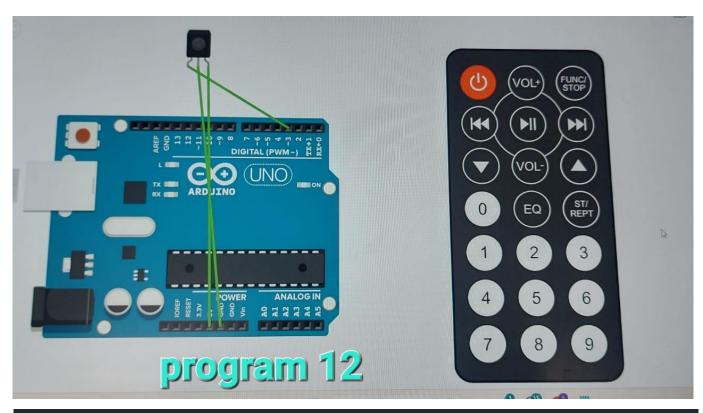


```
const int dataPin = 9;
void setup() {
   Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(dataPin, OUTPUT);
void loop() {
   long duration, distance;
   digitalWrite(dataPin, LOW);
   delayMicroseconds(2);
   digitalWrite(dataPin, HIGH);
   delayMicroseconds(10);
   digitalWrite(dataPin, LOW);
   pinMode(dataPin, INPUT);
   duration = pulseIn(dataPin, HIGH);
   if (duration > 0) {
        distance = duration * 0.034 / 2;
        Serial.print("Distance = ");
        Serial.print(distance);
```

```
Serial.println(" cm");
}
else {
    Serial.println("No echo received");
}

pinMode(dataPin, OUTPUT);
delay(1000);
}
```

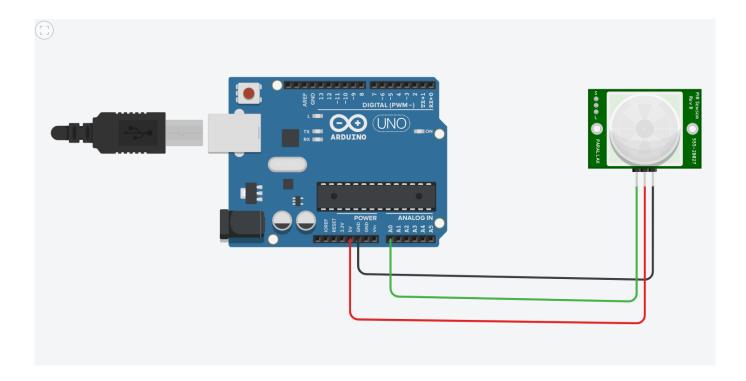
l. IR Sensor / Object Detection



```
#include <IRremote.hpp>
const int rcvPin=3;
IRrecv irrecv(rcvPin);
decode_results results;
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    irrecv.enableIRIn();
}

void loop() {
    if(IrReceiver.decode()) {
```

m. PIR Sensor / Motion Detection

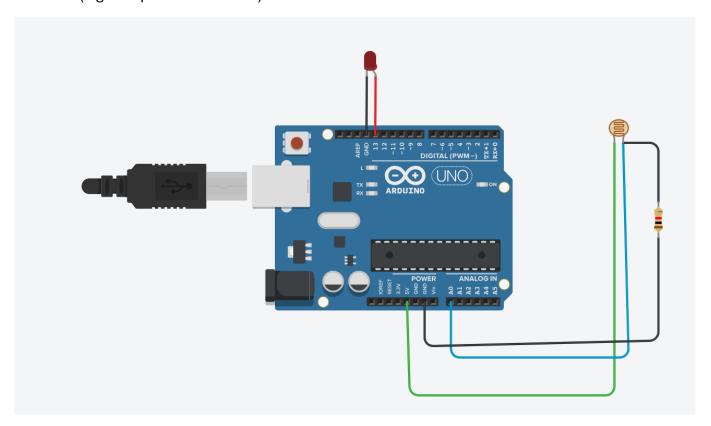


```
int a=0;
int b=0;
void setup() {
```

```
Serial.begin(9600);
   pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
}

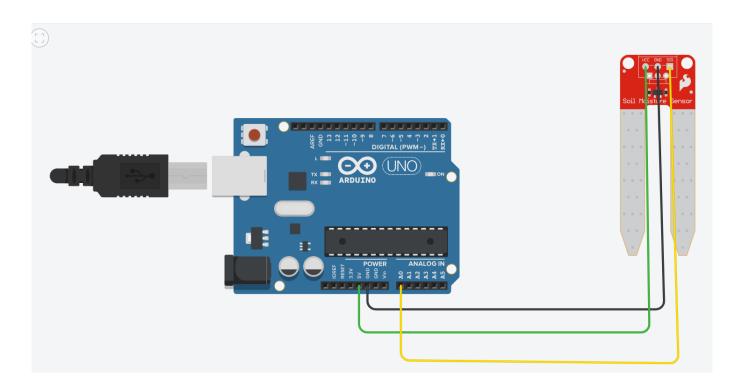
void loop(){
   a=analogRead(A0);
   b=map(a,0,1023,0,255);
   Serial.println(b);
   if(b>100){
       Serial.println("Motion Detected");
       delay(1000);
   }
   else{
       Serial.println("No Motion Detected");
       delay(1000);
   }
}
```

n. LDR (Light Dependent Resistor)



```
const int LEDPin = 13;
const int LDRPin = A0;
void setup (){
    Serial.begin (9600);
    pinMode(LEDPin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(LDRPin, INPUT);
void loop(){
    int LDRStatus = analogRead(LDRPin);
    if(LDRStatus<=500){</pre>
        digitalWrite (LEDPin, HIGH);
        Serial.print("Current Light Intensity Value is - ");
        Serial.println(LDRStatus);
    else{
        digitalWrite(LEDPin, LOW);
        Serial.print("Current Light Intensity Value is - ");
        Serial.println(LDRStatus);
```

o. Soil Moisture sensor

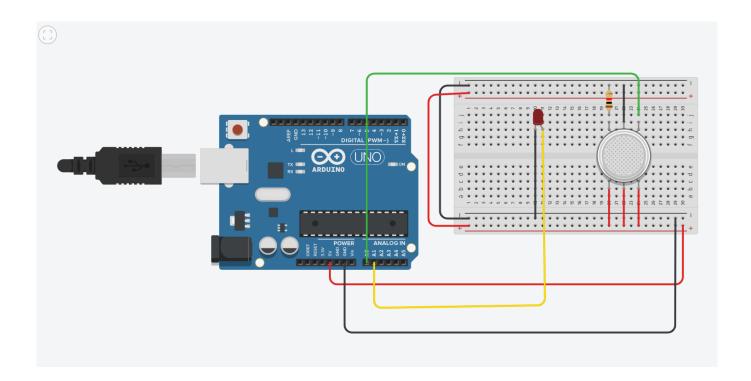


```
int moistureValue;
float moisture_percentage;
void setup(){
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop(){
    moistureValue = analogRead(A0);
    moisture_percentage = (moistureValue/539.00 *100);
    Serial.print("\nMoisture Value in percentage:");
    Serial.println(moisture_percentage);

    delay(1000);
}
```

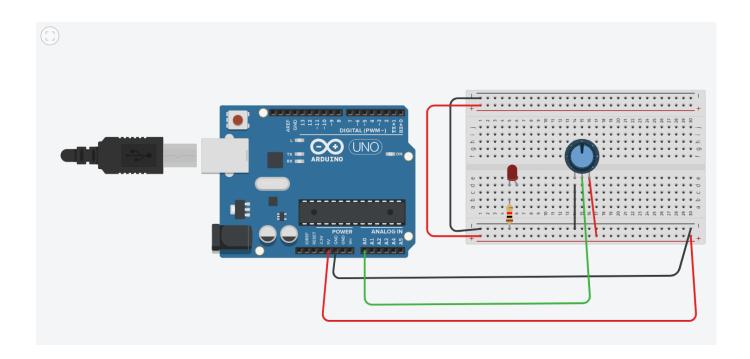
p. Gas sensor / Smoke detection



```
int LED = A1;
const int gas = 0;
int MQ2pin = A0;
void setup() {
```

```
Serial.begin(9600);
void loop() {
   float sensorValue,MQ2pin;
   sensorValue = analogRead(MQ2pin);
   if(sensorValue >= 470){
        digitalWrite(LED,HIGH);
       Serial.print(sensorValue);
        Serial.println(" |SMOKE DETECTED");
   else {
       digitalWrite(LED,LOW);
       Serial.println("Sensor Value: ");
        Serial.println(sensorValue);
   delay(1000);
float getsensorValue(int pin) {
   return (analogRead(pin));
```

q. Potentiometer

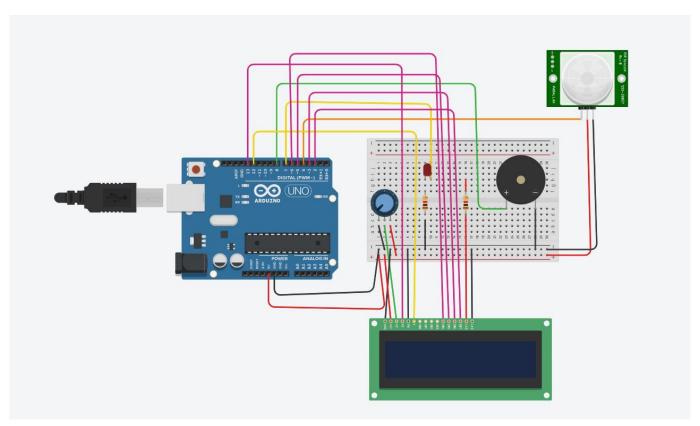


```
int sensorValue = 0;

void setup(){
    pinMode(A0, INPUT);
    pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
}

void loop(){
    // read the value of sensor
    sensorValue = analogRead(A0);
    // turn the led on
    digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH);
    // pause the program for <sensorValue> milliseconds
    delay(sensorValue); // Wait for sensorValue millisecond(s)
    // turn the led off
    digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW);
    // pause the program for <sensorValue> milliseconds
    delay(sensorValue); // Wait for sensorValue millisecond(s)
}
```

r. Smart Surveillance System



```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal lcd(13,12,6,5,3,2);
int led=7;
int PIR=4;
int buzzer=8;
int PIRstatus;
void setup(){
    lcd.begin(16,2);
    pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(PIR, INPUT);
    lcd.clear();
void loop(){
    PIRstatus=digitalRead(PIR);
    if (PIRstatus==HIGH){
        lcd.clear();
        digitalWrite(led,HIGH);
        digitalWrite(buzzer,HIGH);
        tone(buzzer, 300, 10000);
        lcd.setCursor(0,1);
        lcd.print("ALERT");
        delay(7000);
        lcd.clear();
    else {
        lcd.setCursor(0,0);
        lcd.print("SAFE");
        digitalWrite(led,LOW);
        digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
    delay(1000);
```