

ITM529. Stochastic Processes

Short Quiz 5, 2025F, Weighting of 5%

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- #1. A production system has three machines working in parallel. The up times of a machine is assumed to be iid, exponentially distributed with mean 3 hours. When a machine is down, its repair times are iid, exponentially distributed with mean 1 hour. There are two repairmen, working at the same speed. Using a CTMC to find the long-run fraction of time that all machines are up and running. [5pt]

$$\text{up time} \sim \exp(\lambda_1) \quad \text{repair} \sim \exp(\lambda)$$

$X(t)$ is # machine that are up at time t. $S = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$

cutting method		$L \rightarrow R = R \rightarrow L$		
$0 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3$		$2\pi_0 = \frac{1}{3}\pi_1$	$\pi_1 = 6\pi_0$	$\pi_0 = \frac{1}{4}\pi_3$
$0, 1 \rightarrow 2, 3$		$2\pi_1 = \frac{1}{3}\pi_2$	$\pi_2 = 3\pi_1 = 6\pi_0$	$\pi_1 = \frac{1}{4}\pi_3, \frac{1}{4}\pi_2, \frac{1}{4}\pi_3, \frac{1}{4}\pi_2$
$0, 1, 2 \rightarrow 3$		$1\pi_2 = \frac{1}{3}\pi_3$	$\pi_3 = \pi_2 = 6\pi_0$	

$$\text{long-run frac. of time that all machines are up & running} = \pi_3 = \frac{1}{4}\pi_3$$