## Web Programming

In-class activities
Week 6 – Fetch API

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## Exercise I

- Test this asynchronous code and explain what does
- Transform the code so it uses async/await syntax

```
const pokemonUrl = "https://pokeapi.co/api/v2/pokemon/gengar";

fetch(pokemonUrl)
   .then(response => response.json())
   .then(data => {
      console.log(data.name);
      console.log(data.height);
      console.log(data.weight);
      data.types.forEach(type => {
        console.log(type.type.name);
      });
   })
   .catch(error => {
      console.error("Error fetching Pokemon data:", error);
   });
});
```

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## Exercise II: Pokémon Pokédex

- In this exercise, you will be implementing a mini Pokémon Pokédex that can display up to four Pokémon at the same time.
- The starter code (you can download from eclass) already provides must of the functionality described below:
  - The createPokemonCard(data) function, creates an article and populates it with pokemon data.
  - The **removePokemon()** function, removes a pokemon card from the pokedex container
  - The function **checkNumDisplayed()**, enables and disables the button and input according to the maximum number of pokemons allowed.



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## Exercise II: Pokémon Pokédex

- Your task is to implement the asynchronous functions to consume the <u>PokeAPI</u>, the RESTful Pokemon API
- Follow the template provided in eclass and implement the following functions:
  - async function fetchPokemon
    - Fetch the data from the pokemon API
  - async function addPokemonToPokedex
    - Take the pokemon data as JSON object and send it to createPokemonCard, after that it adds the card to the pokemon container and validates the maximum number of pokemons allowed
  - async function statusCheck
    - Helper function to check the status of your Http response



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