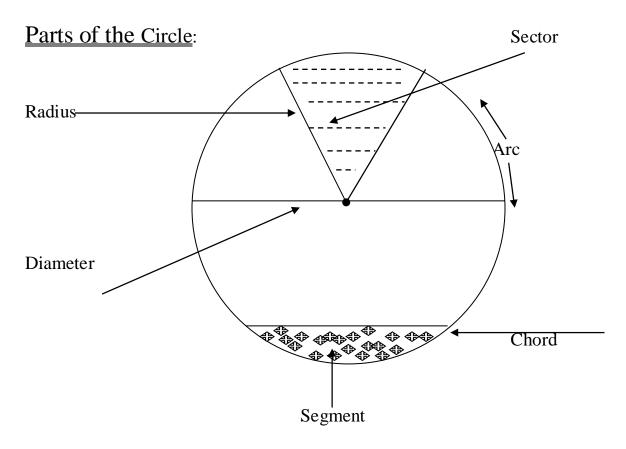
CHAPTER TEN

Circle

The Circle:



Parts of the circle:

- 1. <u>The circumference:</u> This is the distance around the circle
- 2. <u>The radius:</u> This is a line which is drawn from the centre, to a point on the circumference.
- 3. The chord: Is a line which joins two points on the circumference

- 4,The sector: Is the region between two radii
- <u>5 Segment:</u> Is the region between the chord and part of the circumference.
- <u>6. Diameter:</u> Is a line which joins two points on the circumference, and passes through the center.

7.The Arc: Is part of the circumference.

N/B: For a circle, D = 2r where D = the diameter and r = the radius. Also C = $2\pi r$, where r = the radius, $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ or $\pi = 3.14$ and C = Circumference.

Q1. The radius of a circle is 14cm. Find its circumference.

r = 14cm, C =?,
$$\pi = \frac{22}{7}$$
. From $C = 2\pi r => C = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14$, => $C = 88cm$. \therefore Circumference = 88cm.

Method (2)

r = 14cm, C =? and π = 3.14. From C = $2\pi r$ => C = $2 \times 3.14 \times 14 = 6.28 \times 14 = 88cm$.

Q2. A circle has a radius of 7cm. Find the distance around it.

Soln.

r = 7cm,
$$\pi = \frac{22}{7}$$
, $C = ?From\ C = 2\pi r => C = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 7 => C = 44cm$.
Method (2)

 $r = 7 \text{cm}, \ \pi = 3.14, \ C = ?From \ C = 2\pi r = > C = 2 \times 3.14 \times 7 = 6.28 \times 7 = 44 cm.$

Q3. The diameter of a circle is 40cm. Calculate its circumference.{Take $\pi = 3.14$ }.

Soln.

Since D =
$$40$$
cm => $r = \frac{40}{2} = 20$ cm. From $C = 2\pi r => C = 2 \times 3.14 \times 20 = 125.6$ cm.

Q4. A farm is circular in shape with a diameter of 20m. Find the distance covered by a man, who walks around the field

a) once. b) twice.

{Take
$$\pi = 3.14$$
}

N/B: The distance covered by walking round the field once is equal to the circumference. Also the distance covered by walking round the field twice is twice the circumference.

Soln.

D = 20m =>
$$r = \frac{20}{2} = 10m$$
. $C = 2\pi r = 2 \times 3.14 \times 10 = 62.8m$.

- a. The distance covered by moving round the field once = 62.8m.
- b. Distance covered moving round the field twice = $2 \times 62.8 = 125.6 \text{m}$.

Q5. The circumference of a circle is 628m. Find its radius. {Take $\pi = 3.14$ }.

Soln.

C = 628m, r = ? and
$$\pi$$
 = 3. 14. Since $C = 2\pi r = > 628 = 2 \times 3.14 \times r, = > 628 = 6.28r, = > 6.28r = 628 = > $r = \frac{628}{6.28}$. Multiply the top and down numbers by 100 to remove the decimal point. => $r = \frac{628 \times 100}{6.28 \times 100} = \frac{62800}{628} = 100, => r = 100m, \therefore radius = 100m$.$

Q6. The Circumference of a circle is 308m. Calculate its

a) radius. b) diameter. {Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ }.

Soln.

C = 308m, r =? and
$$\pi = \frac{22}{7}$$
. Since $C = 2\pi r => 308 = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r$, => 308 = $\frac{44r}{7} => 7 \times 308 = 44r$, => $44r = 2156 => r = \frac{2156}{44}$, => $r = 49m$. $D = 2r = 2 \times 49 = 98$.

- Q7. The radius of a wheel is 49cm. Find the distance it will travel when it rotates
 - a) once b) twice

N/B: The distance covered by the wheel when it turns once = the circumference of the wheel.

Soln.

r = 49cm,
$$\pi = \frac{22}{7}$$
 and $C = ?From\ C = 2\pi r => C = 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 49, => C = 2 \times 22 \times 7 = 308cm, => circumference = 308cm.$

- a) Distance covered when the wheel turns once = 308cm.
- b) The distance covered when it turns twice = $2 \times 308 = 616$ cm.