



TEST PROJECT LOMBA KOMPETENSI SISWA DIKMEN 2025

SMK/SMA/MAK/MA



ACTUAL TEST PROJECT MODUL C – WINDOWS ENVIRONMENT

IT NETWORK SYSTEMS ADMINISTRATION

LOMBA KOMPETENSI SISWA DIKMEN TINGKAT NASIONAL 2025 Introduction

You have been appointed as the system administrator for itnsa.id and lab.itnsa.id. In this

organization, Microsoft technologies are primarily used to provide centralized management, file

services, and web services. At the same time, Ansible is utilized to automate system configuration,

deployment, and routine administrative tasks.

Your role is to ensure all services are properly configured, integrated, and operational within the

given time constraints. Attention to detail and time management are critical to your success in this

assignment.

On every host, there is one network adapter called **Management**. This network adapter will be used

for assessment or marking. DO NOT CHANGE OR MODIFY IT!

There is also a pre-installed Root CA Certificate on all hosts called ITNSA-CA and it is used for

services like IIS. DO NOT REMOVE IT!

For tasks related to Ansible, you can use pre-installed Visual Studio Code and Zealdocs on

ansible-srv

All configuration on Windows Server and Client **MUST BE PERSISTS AFTER REBOOT!**

Credential Information

Windows

Username: User / Administrator

Password: Skill39@2025

Linux

Username: root / user

Password: Skill39@2025

Description of project and tasks

Basic Configuration

Configure hostname, FQDN and IP address on all hosts refer to the information table and set the timezone to (UTC+07:00) Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta. Also configure appropriate DNS servers on each host.

Active Directory

CORE.itnsa.id

- 1. Configure this server as the initial domain controller for a new forest named itnsa.id.
- 2. Configure Active Directory Sites and Services:
 - a) Create a new site named ITNSA-ID.
 - b) Create and associate the following IP subnets with the ITNSA-ID site:
 - 0 192.168.1.0/24
 - o **192.168.2.0/24**
 - c) Only CORE server assigned to the ITNSA-ID site.
- 3. Create the following Organizational Units (OU) inside the itnsa.id domain:
 - a) Employee
 - b) Finance
 - c) Engineer
 - d) Manager
- 4. Inside each newly created OU, create a security group with the same name as its corresponding OU (e.g., create a group named **Finance** inside the **Finance** OU).

Create Active Directory user accounts according to the table below. Use PowerShell script to
create all user accounts. Use password Skill39@2025 and make sure users do not need to
change their password at the next logon.

Username Format	Total Accounts	Target OU
employee-001 - employee-514	514	Employee
engineer-001 - engineer-182	182	Engineer
finance-001 - finance-056	56	Finance
manager-001 - manager-015	15	Manager

- 6. Configure group membership for all created users. Each user must be a member of the security group that corresponds with their OU (e.g., all users in the **Finance** OU must be members of the **Finance** group).
- 7. For users in the **Finance** and **Manager** groups, configure their home folder to be \\\itnsa.id\CSDrive\Home\\%username\%, mapped into the H: drive letter.
- 8. Configure SRV.itnsa.id, FW.itnsa.id and WORKSTATION.itnsa.id as the domain members of itnsa.id
- 9. Configure group policy called **ITNSA GPO**. This policy must be applied only to the **WORKSTATION** with specification below:
 - Disable the first sign-in animation for users logging onto the workstation.
 - For any user logging into the workstation, automatically map the network path
 \\itnsa.id\CSDrive\Group to drive letter G:

DC.lab.itnsa.id

- 1. Promote this server as a new domain controller for a new child domain named **lab.itnsa.id** in the existing **itnsa.id** forest.
- 2. Configure Active Directory Sites and Services:
 - a) Create a new site named LAB-ITNSA-ID
 - b) Create and associate the IP subnet 10.1.1.0/24 with the LAB-ITNSA-ID site.
 - c) Only **DC** server assigned to the **LAB-ITNSA-ID** site.

- 3. Inside the **lab.itnsa.id** domain, create the following Organizational Units (OU):
 - a) Operator
 - b) **Member**
- 4. Inside each created OU, create a security group with the same name as its corresponding OU.
- Create Active Directory user accounts according to the table below. Use password
 Skill39@2025 and make sure users do not need to change their password at the next logon.

Username Format	Total Accounts	Target OU
operator01 - operator02	2	Operator
member01 - member03	3	Member

- 6. Configure group membership for all created users. Each user must be a member of the security group corresponding to their OU.
- 7. Join EDGE.lab.itnsa.id into lab.itnsa.id domain.

DNS Service

CORE.itnsa.id

1. Create the following Forward DNS records in the **itnsa.id** zone:

Туре	Record Name	Value / Target
Α	CORE	192.168.1.1
Α	SRV	192.168.1.100
Α	FW	192.168.1.254
Α	CLIENT-GW	192.168.2.254
CNAME	CSDRIVE	SRV.itnsa.id
CNAME	FILE	SRV.itnsa.id
CNAME	www	SRV.itnsa.id
CNAME	internal	SRV.itnsa.id

CNAME	extra	SRV.itnsa.id
CNAME	DC	CORE.itnsa.id

2. Create the following Static Reverse DNS (PTR) records:

Record Name	IP Address
CORE.itnsa.id	192.168.1.1
SRV.itnsa.id	192.168.1.100
FW.itnsa.id	192.168.1.254
CLIENT-GW.itnsa.id	192.168.2.254

3. Make sure **WORKSTATION** IP address automatically created on reverse DNS zone.

DC.lab.itnsa.id

1. Create the following Forward DNS records in the lab.itnsa.id zone:

Туре	Record Name	Value / Target
A	DC	10.1.1.10
Α	EDGE	10.1.1.1

2. Configure a DNS forwarder pointing to the IP address of **CORE.itnsa.id**.

DHCP Service

FW.itnsa.id

1. Install and configure DHCP services on this server. Create a new DHCP scope with the following specifications:

Scope Name	itnsa.id_Client
Range	192.168.2.10 - 192.168.2.200
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Excluded Address Range	192.168.2.110 - 192.168.2.120
DNS Servers	192.168.1.1, 10.1.1.10
Domain Name	itnsa.id
Gateway	192.168.1.254
Lease Time	1 day, 39 minutes, 39 seconds

- 2. Configure the DHCP server to always perform dynamic DNS updates for clients.
- 3. Authorize this server in Active Directory as an authoritative DHCP server for the **itnsa.id** domain.

IIS Web Service

SRV.itnsa.id

- 1. Install and configure the Internet Information Services (IIS) web server role on this server.
- 2. All websites created on this server must be secured using a pre-installed certificate with appropriate subject name for **HTTPS** connections.
- 3. Use the provided website content files located in the "Content" directory on the desktop for the corresponding websites.
- 4. Create and configure websites according to the specifications in the table below:

Website Name (Binding)	Path	Default Index File
internal.itnsa.id	C:\www\internal	Internal.html
www.itnsa.id	C:\www\public	Index.html
extra.itnsa.id	C:\www\extra	Extra.html

5. Configure Windows Authentication for **internal.itnsa.id** and make sure domain users can access this site after authentication.

DC.lab.itnsa.id

- Install Internet Information Services (IIS) web server role on this server for future website deployment using playbook.
- 2. For easier management, install and configure IIS Management Service.

Shared Folder

SRV.itnsa.id

- 1. Create a new root directory for all shared folders at the following path: C:\Shared Folder
- 2. Create two shared folders refer to the list below:
 - Shared folder named Home pointing to the C:\Shared Folder\Home directory. This share will be used for users' personal home folders mounted as home drives.
 - Shared folder named Group pointing to the C:\Shared Folder\Group directory. This share will be used for group-specific data.
- 3. On **Group** shared folder, create folder with NTFS permission refer to the list below:
 - Employee directory with Employee & Manager group has Full permission.
 - Engineer directory with Engineer & Manager group has Full permission
 - Finance directory with Finance & Manager group has Full permission
 - Manager directory with Manager & Manager group has Full permission
- 4. Configure permissions on the **Home** shared folder so that each user can only access their own personal folder within the share.
- 5. On all created shared folders, remove the default **Everyone** account share permission.

File Server Resource Manager

SRV.itnsa.id

- 1. Configure Quota Management to enforce storage limits:
 - Apply a 50MB hard limit to each user's personal folder inside the Home shared folder.
 - Apply a 100MB hard limit quota directly to each group folder inside the Group shared folder.
- 2. Configure File Screening to control file types:
 - o On the **Home** folder, apply a file screen to **block executable** files from being saved.
 - On the Group folder, apply a file screen that only permits files with the .txt and .doc
 extensions to be saved.

Distributed File System

SRV.itnsa.id

- 1. Configure a new domain-based DFS Namespace.with name CSDrive
- 2. Create the following folders within the **CSDrive** namespace with their respective targets:
 - \\itnsa.id\CSDrive\Home targeting \\SRV.itnsa.id\Home
 - \\itnsa.id\CSDrive\Group targeting \\SRV.itnsa.id\Group
- 3. Configure this server as the primary member for DFS replication. Set up replication for the following folders:

Source Directory	Target Directory
C:\Shared Folder\Group\Manager	C:\Backup\Manager
C:\Shared Folder\Group\Finance	C:\Backup\Finance
C:\Shared Folder\Group\Engineer	C:\Replica\Engineer
C:\Shared Folder\Group\Employee	C:\Replica\Employee

FW.itnsa.id

- 1. Add this server as a second namespace server for the **\\itnsa.id\CSDrive** namespace to provide redundancy.
- 2. Configure this server as the target replication server for the DFS replication configured on SRV.itnsa.id.
- 3. Ensure that DFS Replication is configured to synchronize automatically and continuously between the primary member and this target server.

Routing and Remote Access

FW.itnsa.id & EDGE.lab.itnsa.id:

- 1. Install and configure the Routing and Remote Access service.
- 2. Configure **Network Address Translation (NAT)** to allow clients from their respective internal networks to communicate with the internet.

Site-to-Site VPN Configuration

Configure site-to-site VPN tunnel between **FW.itnsa.id** and **EDGE.lab.itnsa.id**. The connection must use the following parameters on both servers:

- VPN Protocol: IKEv2
- Authentication: Pre-Shared Key (PSK)
- Pre-Shared Key: Skill39@VPN
- Set it as Persistent Connection
- You may use any name for the VPN demand-dial interfaces.

Note: If you are unable to configure the Site-to-Site VPN using **IKEv2**, you may use any alternative protocol; however, you will not receive points for this task.

Ansible Automation

ansible-srv

The **ansible-srv** host is pre-configured with the necessary inventory and credentials to connect to the Windows servers in the **itnsa.id** and **lab.itnsa.id** domain. You can check it in the **/etc/ansible** directory. **DO NOT MODIFY THE INVENTORY FILE!**

Your task is to create and execute Ansible playbooks to automate the following administrative tasks. All playbooks should be created in the /etc/ansible/playbooks/ directory with .yml format.

1. Checking Playbook

As an introduction, create a playbook named **check.yml**. This playbook must perform the following actions on all Windows hosts defined in the inventory file:

- Ensure the directory C:\ITNSA exists
- Create a file at C:\ITNSA\ansible_ready.txt
- The content of the file must be the text: Ansible Connected

2. Shared Folder Deployment

Create a playbook named **deploy_project.yml** that targets **SRV.itnsa.id**. This playbook must read variables from a file located at **/etc/ansible/itnsa_project.json** to create one or more shared folders that are used for future projects. Use directory **C:\Shared Folder** as the root directory for created shared folders.

- Create the directory first on the target server with the same name as the project name.
- Configure the shared folder with the **appropriate** permissions, ensure it points to the project directory that has been created on the first step.

3. Website Deployment

Create a playbook named **deploy_website.yml** that targets **DC.lab.itnsa.id**. This playbook must be able to deploy a new website by using a variable for the site name.

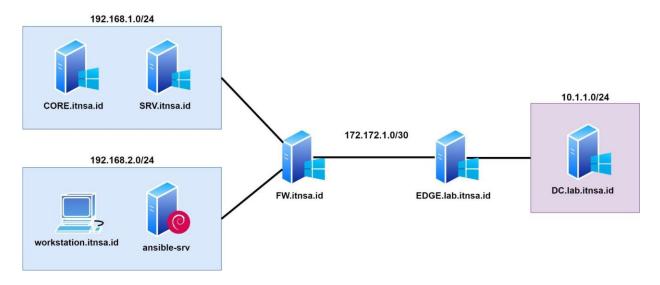
The playbook should accept the following variable site_name as the website name.
 Example execution:

```
# ansible-playbook /etc/ansible/playbooks/deploy_website.yml \
   -e site_name=test.lab.itnsa.id
```

- The created playbook must perform this step:
 - Create a DNS A record in the lab.itnsa.id zone for the site_name, pointing to the IP address of DC.lab.itnsa.id. Based on example execution, DNS A record test.lab.itnsa.id will be created pointing to 10.1.1.10
 - 2. Create a root directory for the website at **C:\project_website**site_name. Based on example execution, *C:\project_website*test.lab.itnsa.id\ will be created.
 - Configure default index content to the value of site_name. Based on example execution, content of created website will be test.lab.itnsa.id
 - 4. Create a new IIS website that listens on HTTP, using the site_name as the hostname and the corresponding directory for its content.

Appendix

Topology



Addressing Table

Hostname	FQDN	IP Address
CORE	CORE.itnsa.id	Ethernet0: 192.168.1.1/24 Management: 10.10.10.1/24
SRV	SRV.itnsa.id	Ethernet0: 192.168.1.100/24 Management: 10.10.10.2/24
FW	FW.itnsa.id	Ethernet0: 172.172.1.1/30 Ethernet1: 192.168.1.254/24 Ethernet2: 192.168.2.254/24 Management: 10.10.10.3/24
EDGE	EDGE.lab.itnsa.id	Ethernet0: 172.172.1.2/30 Ethernet1: 10.1.1.1/24 Management: 10.10.10.4/24
DC	DC.lab.itnsa.id	Ethernet0: 10.1.1.10/24 Management: 10.10.10.5/24
WORKSTATION	WORKSTATION.itnsa.id	Ethernet0: DHCP Management: 10.10.10.6/24
ansible-srv	N/A	ens160: 192.168.2.222/24 ens192: 10.10.10.7/24