release update.md 2/18/2019

RELEASE UPDATES

1002. Build 1002 Release updates

Release Date: Monday 18 February, 2019

This update changes the program entirely and there is no support for input files created using earlier versions.

Each part of the input file starts with the PART name and ends with END PART. Values that have to be changed are indicated in *italics*. The commands that tell the program what to do have been highlighted. The order of how these parts are added to the input file does not matter.

COMMAND value1 value2. Items are separated using spaces. The case of the commands and values is ignored, commands are only entered as upper case for clarity.

X means the parameter is not applicable

A line starting with an asterisk (*) is ignored. This is to all addition of **comments** to the input file

1002.1 Input File

1002.1.1. Build Number

The build number tells program what version of the program we are working with;

BUILD build number

Example

BUILD 1002

1002.1.2. Start Point

Start point is where the drawing the beam starts. The x, y, z coordinates are provided in that order as shown below

START POINT x y z

Example

START POINT 000

1002.1.2. Beam Sections

The sections commands are used in specifying the beam(s) sections as illustrated below

SECTIONS

SECTION section_1_name bw d bf_top df w_offset

SECTION section_2_name bw d bf_top df w_offset

END SECTIONS

release_update.md 2/18/2019

Example

SECTIONS

END SECTIONS

SECTION 1 200 450 500 150 150 SECTION 2 250 450 350 250 X SECTION 3 200 450 350 200 150 SECTION 4 300 800

In this example, section 4 is a square section. The inapplicable parameters could have also been passed as X's but not passing them at all works the same. Refer to read_me.pdf for explanation of the parameters used after the commands

1002.1.3. Beam Links (Shear reinforcement)

The section specifies shear reinforcement to be added to the different beams within the input

To add Links to your input, follow the format below

LINKS

LINK link_1_name diameter bar_mark shape_code spacing offset length
LINK link_2_name diameter bar_mark shape_code spacing offset length
END_LINKS

Note: Refer to shear/links section of *Build 1001 Release update* notes for explanation of the parameters. These will be better explained when the docs are combined.

Example

LINKS

LINK 1 T8 03 51 200 0.05 X LINK 2 T8 03 51 200 0.05 X LINK 3 T8 03 51 150 X 1.3 END LINKS

1002.1.4. Beam Supports

Beam supports are basically to guide program on the type of columns at each point. Below is an illustration of how to input supports data.

SUPPORTS

```
SUPPORT support_1_name TOP section_d section_b column_h_m BOTTOM section_d section_b column_h_m SUPPORT support_2_name TOP section_d section_b column_h_m BOTTOM section_d section_b column_h_m SUPPORT support_3_name TOP section_d section_b column_h_m SUPPORT support_4_name BOTTOM section_d section_b column_h_m END_SUPPORTS
```

Note: Not specifying either TOP or BOTTOM commands means support does not have columns that are not specified. In example below, support 2 has no top column and support 3 has no bottom column

Example

release_update.md 2/18/2019

SUPPORTS

SUPPORT 1 TOP 200 200 3 BOTTOM 200 200 3 SUPPORT 2 TOP 200 300 3 SUPPORT 3 BOTTOM 200 300 3 END SUPPORTS

Note: Refer to *read_me.pdf* for an explanation of the parameters. The explanation will be added directly to this section when the documentation is unified.

1002.1.5. Beams

This is section is used to specify beams using the parameters that have been explained above (or rather added to the input file). Below is how beams should be specified.

BEAMS

BEAM name beam_depth

SPAN span_name length_m section link_1_name link_2_name . . .

SUPPORT name beam_support_name grid_label

END BEAM

END BEAMS

Note: As many as possible link types can be added to the end the span. "But not so many that would otherwise abuse the program."

Example

BEAMS

BEAM 1 450

SPAN 1 4.15 2 1

SPAN 2341

SPAN 3 3.2 1 2

SPAN 4233

SUPPORT 122

SUPPORT 213

SUPPORT 3 1 4

SUPPORT 4 3 5

SUPPORT 526

END BEAM

BEAM 2 600

SPAN 1 4.15 2 1 2 3

SPAN 2341

SPAN 3 3.2 1 2

SPAN 4 2 3 3

SUPPORT 112

SUPPORT 233

SUPPORT 3 1 4

SUPPORT 425

SUPPORT 5 1 6

release_update.md 2/18/2019

END BEAMS

Beam 2 span 1 has multiple (3) shear link types specified for it

See *sample1.trad* file for a fully working example. All the examples used in the explanations have been picked from that very sample file

Build 1001 Release updates

Release Date: Monday 11 February, 2019

1. Build Number

The build number tells the software which version of the program the input file was made for. This enables backward compatibility of new software versions with files made for older versions. **Please do not tamper with the build number unless you are sure of what you are doing**

2. Specifying a single section per span

• Two or one section(s) can be specified for a span. If the beam requires two sections for a single span, represent them as shown in the main document. If the beam only requires a single section, simply specify either of the sections, left or right or specify a section parameter as shown below.

For single section span

```
"span_x":{
         "length_m": "4.15",
         "section": "section_2",
},
```

3. Stirrups / Links Input

Links represent share reinforcement in the beam. This section in the input file is dedicated to entering shear reinforcement data. At this point, only the parameters below are required.

- 1. The bar diameter entered as diameter. Since no mathematics is done using this value, it is entered as a string literal (text). For example H8 means an 8mm high strength bar.
- 2. The shape code of the bar entered as shape_code. Refer to BS 8666: 2005 for standard shape codes used in detailing.
- 3. The bar mark; This is important for dimensioning, the bar bending schedule and when making the sections
- 4. offset: This is the offset of the shear reinforcement from the near edge (column edge before the shear reinforcement) of the column. Value is in metres. A default value of 0.05m is used if no offset is provided. When using multiple shear link types per span. Offset is considered from the end of the previous shear_link_type
- 5. spacing: Shear reinforcement centre to centre spacing specified in mm.

release update.md 2/18/2019

6. length: Length specifies how far shear reinforcement should go. This is an **optional** parameter and if specified the offset is considered from the **left support** of the span. If this value is not specified, the offset is considered from both ends of the span. Length is input in m.

Length is import if you want to specify multiple shear reinforcement in a single span.

Multiple Links Per Span Specification

- If no length is provided in the case of multiple links, the span length is shared equally among the multiple links
- If one of many links with no lengths has a length specified, its length will be maintained and rest of the span length shared among the remaining link types
- Multiple links are added to the span in the order they are specified in a a particular span inside the
 beam data. For example links: ["link_type_2", "link_type_1", "link_type_2"]"] would add
 type2 links to spans then type1 and finally type2

links specification sample, see sample1.trad file

```
"link_types": {
    "link_type_1":{
        "diameter": "R8", //bar strength and diameter
        "bar_mark": "03",
        "shape_code": 51, //BS 8666:2005
        "spacing": 200, //in mm
        "offset": 0.2, //from edge of column in m; if not provided, 0.05m
is used as default
        "length": 2.36 //optional in m, important if you to specify
multiple shear link types
    }
},
```

4. Specifying shear links for each beam

Shear links specified inside the spans. See sample snipet below. This is extracted from sample1.trad file

release update.md 2/18/2019

```
"links": ["link_type_3", "link_type_1"] //two link types specified for a single span, it would make to specify the length inside link_types to let the program where each link_type stops and where the other starts
}
}
```

5. Specifying grid number

The grid number appears on top of the centre line, if no grid numbers are provided, this value would left empty for example if you run the program with a version 1 input file. Grid numbers are specified together with the supports, each support with its grid number. This is done inside the beams sections

In this update, beam supports data is entered inside square brackets to allow for entering of the grids labels

Look at sample1.trad file to view how this is done as demonstrated below

```
"beam2": {

    // ... other beam parameters

    "supports":{

        "support_1": ["support_type_1", "2"],
        "support_2": ["support_type_2", "3"],
        "support_3": ["support_type_1", "4"],
        "support_4": ["support_type_2", "5"],
        "support_5": ["support_type_1", "6"]
}

//the numbers represent the grid labels and can be specified as a letter or number or anything else that is used to specify grids
}
```